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STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT JANUARY 1964

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)



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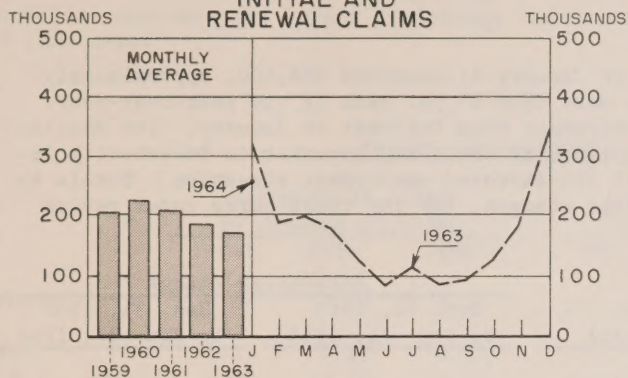
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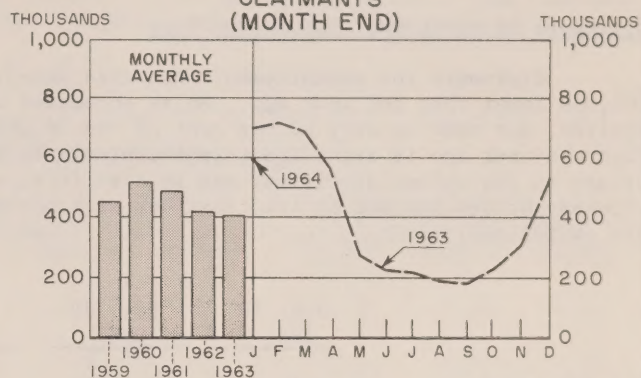
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

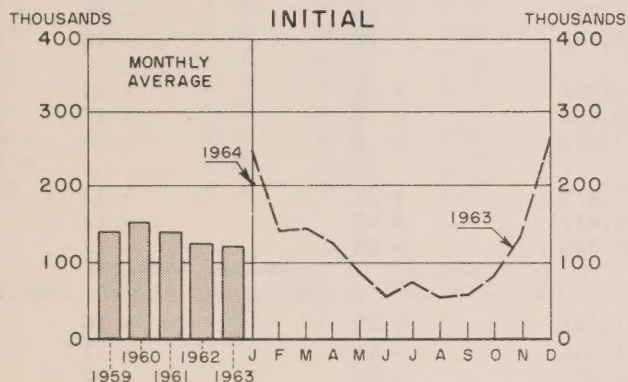
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



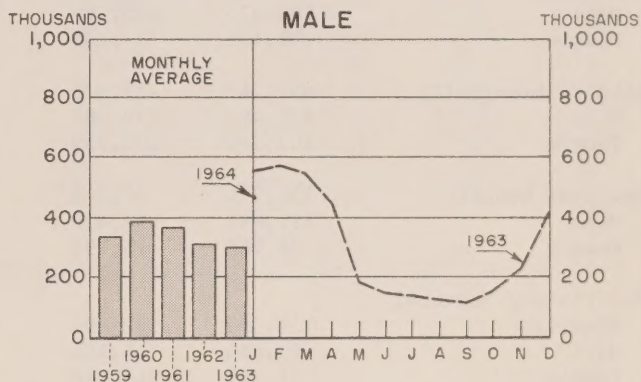
CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



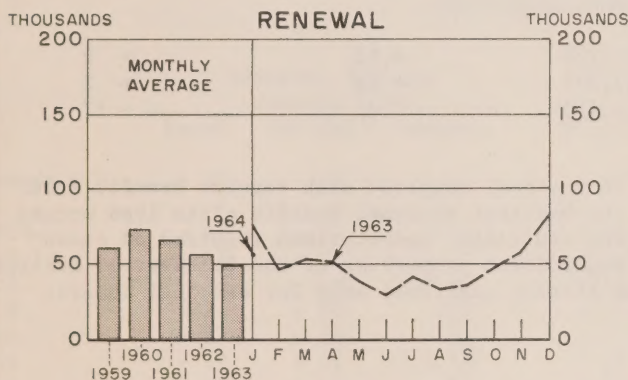
INITIAL



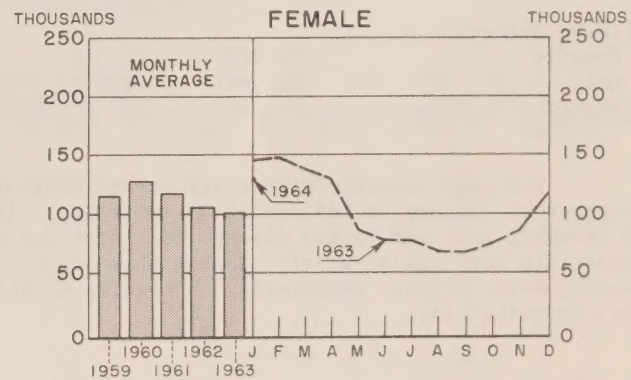
MALE



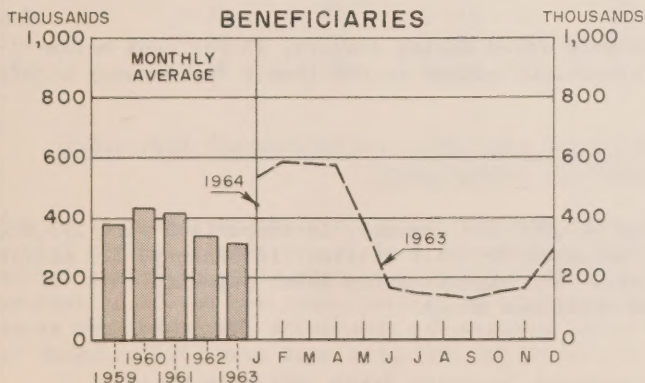
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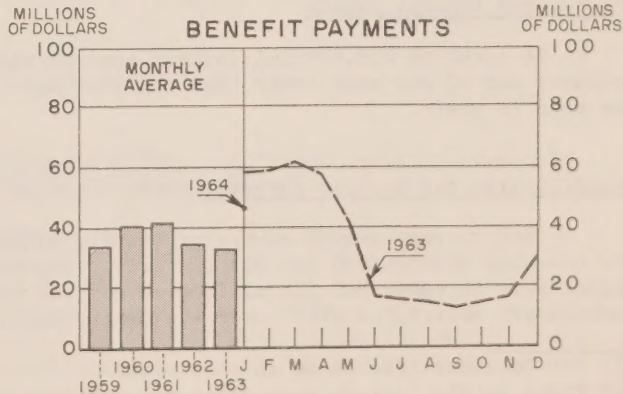
FEMALE



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

JANUARY 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit on January 31 numbered 598,600, approximately 105,000 fewer than one year ago. Males accounted for more than 85 per cent of the year-over-year decline, but made up only 80 per cent of the 66,000 increment from December to January. The decline from one year ago is significant (particularly in the light of the sharp November-to-December(1) increase in the volume of claims) and is a reflection of the improved employment situation. Totals by category of benefit and by sex, together with percentage changes, for the three dates under review are as follows:

	Jan. 31 1964	Dec. 31 1963	Jan. 31 1963	Percentage change	
				Dec. 31, 1963 to Jan. 31, 1964	Jan. 31, 1963 to Jan. 31, 1964
All claimants	598,561	532,331	703,081	+ 12	- 15
Male	468,375	415,106	557,740	+ 13	- 16
Female	130,186	117,225	145,341	+ 11	- 10
Regular benefit(2)	459,765	451,418	543,802	+ 2	- 15
Male	356,483	350,486	428,901	+ 2	- 17
Female	103,282	100,932	114,901	+ 2	- 10
Seasonal benefit	138,796	80,913	159,279	+ 72	- 13
Male	111,892	64,620	128,839	+ 73	- 13
Female	26,904	16,293	30,440	+ 65	- 12
Non-fishing Seasonal					
Benefit	110,589	62,402	131,541	+ 77	- 16
Male	83,804	46,184	101,244	+ 81	- 17
Female	26,785	16,218	30,297	+ 65	- 12
Fishing Seasonal					
Benefit	28,207	18,511	27,738	+ 52	+ 2
Male	28,088	18,436	27,595	+ 52	+ 2
Female	119	75	143	(3)	- 17

The significantly higher percentage increase in seasonal compared with regular benefit from December to January is influenced by two things: (1) the heaviest seasonal benefit claim load occurs in December and January and (2) the fact that due to the additional computations required on cases ineligible for regular benefit during this season, a significant proportion of the December 31 initial pending cases classed temporarily as regular doubtless finally qualified only for seasonal benefit (see footnote (2)).

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 258,600 initial and renewal claims were filed during January, 25 per cent below December and 20 per cent lower than one year ago. The current volume is the lowest for January within the past 10 years.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was 440,900 for January, in comparison with 293,800 for December and 536,900 for January 1963. Payments amounted to \$46.4 million, in January, \$17 million higher than December but \$12 million below last January. The significantly lower payments this January are associated with lower claimant totals, as mentioned above.

- (1) See December 1963 issue in this series.
- (2) These totals include some cases not completely processed, at these dates, which on final determination were eligible for seasonal benefit only.
- (3) Percentages are out of proportion because of the small numbers.

Claims by province

The relatively greater importance of seasonal benefit in the Atlantic provinces than elsewhere doubtless accounts for larger percentage increases over December and lesser declines from one year ago in that area.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	December 31, 1963 to January 31, 1964			January 31, 1963 to January 31, 1964			December 31, 1962 to January 31, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 12	+ 13	+ 11	- 15	- 16	- 10	+ 19	+ 20	+ 14
Nfld.	+ 27	+ 26	+ 34	- 9	- 10	+ 26	+ 19	+ 21	- 11
P.E.I.	+ 30	+ 32	+ 22	- 7	- 7	- 4	+ 30	+ 31	+ 24
N.S.	+ 29	+ 29	+ 29	- 6	- 7	- 2	+ 29	+ 30	+ 23
N.B.	+ 27	+ 28	+ 20	- 10	- 12	- 2	+ 22	+ 21	+ 24
Que.	+ 8	+ 11	- 2	- 14	- 14	- 13	+ 16	+ 20	+ 4
Ont.	+ 9	+ 8	+ 11	- 16	- 19	- 8	+ 18	+ 20	+ 14
Man.	+ 20	+ 18	+ 26	- 28	- 27	- 33	+ 25	+ 23	+ 33
Sask.	+ 19	+ 19	+ 20	- 23	- 23	- 24	+ 28	+ 27	+ 35
Alta.	+ 14	+ 11	+ 25	- 16	- 20	+ 3	+ 31	+ 35	+ 15
B.C.	+ 6	+ 1	+ 20	- 16	- 17	- 14	+ 9	+ 5	+ 21

Regional variations in the magnitude of the percentage changes observed for the claimants are evident also in the initial portion of claims filed.

Percentage changes in claims filed

	December 1963 to January 1964			January 1963 to January 1964			December 1962 to January 1963		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 25	- 23	- 32	- 19	- 18	- 23	- 1	+ 2	- 11
Nfld.	- 47	- 51	- 6	- 11	- 11	- 6	- 36	- 39	- 3
P.E.I.	- 47	- 49	- 27	- 12	- 13	- 7	- 37	- 39	- 14
N.S.	- 19	- 14	- 36	- 11	- 10	- 17	+ 8	+ 13	- 13
N.B.	- 21	- 20	- 23	- 12	- 9	- 28	- 5	- 5	- 5
Que.	- 27	- 25	- 34	- 18	- 17	- 20	- 4	+ 1	- 16
Ont.	- 22	- 17	- 34	- 22	- 21	- 25	+ 7	+ 14	- 9
Man.	- 18	- 14	- 29	- 18	- 17	- 25	- 5	- 1	- 16
Sask.	- 33	- 30	- 47	- 24	- 23	- 32	- 7	- 3	- 20
Alta.	- 10	- 6	- 22	- 25	- 21	- 36	+ 28	+ 30	+ 22
B.C.	- 26	- 26	- 27	- 20	- 20	- 18	- 6	- 3	- 15

Industrial Classification of Persons Separated from Employment and Filing Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance During December 1963

In preparing these data for December, a refinement was made in order to include only those initial claims arising out of loss of employment during the month. Previous studies excluded only initial claims taken in respect of persons seeking re-establishment of credits. However, more intensive examination of the new cases pointed up the need to still further refine the data, the goal being to assess the industrial attachment of emerging cases of recorded unemployment during the month. Data for December 1962 have been adjusted, as far as was possible, to compare to this concept.

As the following table indicates, there was virtually no departure from the industrial composition of the new cases as recorded one year ago.

Percentage distribution of claims(1) by Industry and Province
December 1963 and 1962

Industry Group		Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Total new cases ('000)	1963	178.7	10.9	2.6	10.8	10.5	59.6	49.4	6.6	6.2	6.5	15.4
	1962	162.1	10.0	2.5	8.8	9.3	53.0	45.2	6.8	5.8	6.0	14.7
		Per cent distribution										
Forestry (mainly logging)	1963	7	7	(2)	7	17	10	2	1	-	1	17
	1962	7	7	1	7	17	9	2	(2)	(2)	1	15
Fishing(3) and trapping	1963	7	28	31	30	16	(2)	1	1	-	-	10
	1962	6	38	23	21	8	1	(2)	1	-	-	10
Mining	1963	2	1	(2)	2	1	4	2	1	3	2	1
	1962	2	1	-	1	1	2	1	2	2	4	2
Manufacturing	1963	24	10	17	19	18	24	34	23	13	22	24
	1962	28	10	17	22	27	32	37	22	11	17	28
Construction	1963	27	24	20	17	17	29	33	31	30	33	18
	1962	24	19	17	19	15	25	27	27	35	39	15
Transp., commun. and other utilities	1963	9	12	11	9	10	9	8	14	18	9	8
	1962	10	9	14	11	11	11	8	14	13	9	8
Trade	1963	9	8	11	7	8	8	7	13	16	11	12
	1962	9	8	16	7	8	5	12	15	16	12	9
Service	1963	7	6	4	4	5	7	9	6	8	10	7
	1962	7	4	4	4	7	8	7	7	9	8	8
Public admin. and defence	1963	5	4	4	3	7	7	3	7	10	9	1
	1962	5	4	4	5	3	6	3	6	11	7	2
Other	1963	3	1	2	4	2	2	3	3	3	3	1
	1962	3	1	4	3	3	2	3	6	5	3	2
Total cases	1963	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1962	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

(2) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

(3) Persons whose reported occupation under covered employment was "fisherman" were coded to the fishing industry even though the nature of business of the most recent employer was other than fishing. This differs from the general coding practice of assigning a single code on the basis of the principal activity of the employer. However, fishermen report themselves usually as self-employed.

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	Jan. 1964	Dec. 1963	Jan. 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				Dec. 1963	Jan. 1963	January to January		12 months ending January	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,405	4,259	..	..	..	4,259*	..	4,087*
Initial and renewal claims filed	259	345	319	- 25	- 19	259	319	1,977	2,191
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	599	532	703	+ 12	- 15	599*	703*	393*	414*
Regular	460	451	544	+ 2	- 15				
S.B.	139	81	159	+ 72	- 13				
S.B. Fishing	28	19	28	+ 52	+ 2				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	441	294	537	+ 50	- 18	441*	537*	316*	338*
Weeks compensated	1,852	1,175	2,362	+ 58	- 22	1,852	2,362	15,612	16,938
Benefit paid	\$ 46,412	29,361	58,560	+ 58	- 21	46,412	58,560	382,015	409,968

Average weekly benefit	\$	25.07	24.99	24.79	-	+ 1	25.07	24.79	24.47	24.20
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* Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1963 - December	4,405,000	3,872,700	532,300
November	4,191,000	3,887,600	303,400
October	4,120,000	3,901,100	218,900
September	4,114,000	3,927,700	186,300
August	4,125,000	3,932,500	192,500
July	4,078,000	3,859,000	219,000
June	4,068,000	3,847,700	220,300
May	3,996,000	3,725,100	270,900
April	4,173,000	3,607,100	565,900
March	4,242,000	3,556,700	685,300
February	4,264,000	3,543,500	720,500
January	4,259,000	3,555,900	703,100
1962 - December	4,223,000	3,631,000	592,000

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1964 - January - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	258,575	201,577	56,998	319,400	245,726	73,674
Nfld.	10,874	9,197	1,677	12,171	10,384	1,787
P.E.I.	2,211	1,913	298	2,525	2,205	320
N.S.	15,217	12,841	2,376	17,157	14,287	2,870
N.B.	13,814	11,680	2,134	15,737	12,787	2,950
Que.	80,570	61,779	18,791	97,987	74,643	23,344
Ont.	78,673	59,100	19,573	100,996	74,887	26,109
Man.	11,191	9,132	2,059	13,726	10,989	2,737
Sask.	7,685	6,472	1,213	10,163	8,377	1,786
Alta.	13,462	10,531	2,931	17,974	13,414	4,560
B.C.	24,878	18,932	5,946	30,964	23,753	7,211

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 54,560.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
	<u>January 31, 1964</u>					<u>January 31, 1963</u>
CANADA -	598,561	244,770	279,266	52,568	21,957	703,081
MALE	468,375	193,197	230,243	32,360	12,575	557,740
FEMALE	130,186	51,573	49,023	20,208	9,382	145,341
Nfld.	35,942	12,016	21,310	2,108	508	39,380
Male	33,551	11,146	20,323	1,736	346	37,486
Female	2,391	870	987	372	162	1,894
P.E.I.	7,284	2,392	4,649	159	84	7,802
Male	6,102	2,041	3,888	101	72	6,577
Female	1,182	351	761	58	12	1,225
N.S.	37,386	15,943	17,626	2,645	1,172	39,971
Male	32,104	13,961	15,486	1,879	778	34,574
Female	5,282	1,982	2,140	766	394	5,397
N.B.	33,915	12,865	18,174	2,122	754	37,744
Male	27,364	10,755	14,897	1,262	450	31,068
Female	6,551	2,110	3,277	860	304	6,676
Que.	179,451	75,359	81,298	16,125	6,669	208,435
Male	144,845	62,780	67,969	10,283	3,813	168,660
Female	34,606	12,579	13,329	5,842	2,856	39,775
Ont.	166,152	71,972	71,584	15,300	7,296	197,795
Male	118,461	51,277	54,402	8,625	4,157	146,142
Female	47,691	20,695	17,182	6,675	3,139	51,653
Man.	25,870	11,458	11,029	2,365	1,018	36,169
Male	20,305	8,633	9,434	1,534	704	27,900
Female	5,565	2,825	1,595	831	314	8,269
Sask.	19,760	7,203	10,789	1,270	498	25,683
Male	16,191	5,891	9,389	682	229	20,958
Female	3,569	1,312	1,400	588	269	4,725
Alta.	32,221	11,982	15,091	3,477	1,671	38,165
Male	25,111	9,777	12,679	1,887	768	31,242
Female	7,110	2,205	2,412	1,590	903	6,923
B.C.	60,580	23,580	27,716	6,997	2,287	71,937
Male	44,341	16,936	21,776	4,371	1,258	53,133
Female	16,239	6,644	5,940	2,626	1,029	18,804

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by Province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

January - 1964

Canada -	314,609	199,926	64,711	43,532	6,440	55,998	14,054
Nfld.	14,131	9,799	1,757	2,390	185	2,266	304
P.E.I.	2,801	2,106	337	323	35	366	55
N.S.	19,293	14,004	2,919	2,115	255	2,144	392
N.B.	16,470	11,524	2,373	2,340	233	2,409	485
Que.	102,970	64,731	22,033	14,126	2,080	19,373	4,912
Ont.	93,761	56,755	22,299	12,477	2,230	16,493	4,725
Man.	11,882	7,715	2,100	1,832	235	2,365	550
Sask.	9,956	6,722	1,503	1,558	173	1,852	315
Alta.	14,143	8,672	2,933	2,222	316	3,273	894
B.C.	29,202	17,898	6,457	4,149	698	5,457	1,422

January - 1963

Canada -	373,544	235,708	81,848	48,873	7,115	61,291	15,808
Nfld.	19,120	13,424	2,242	3,231	223	2,376	336
P.E.I.	3,396	2,529	393	426	48	457	50
N.S.	20,309	14,485	3,420	2,120	284	2,924	470
N.B.	18,477	12,272	3,222	2,673	310	2,363	603
Que.	116,770	72,509	26,226	15,659	2,376	20,643	5,545
Ont.	115,576	69,922	29,019	14,066	2,569	18,046	5,399
Man.	14,714	9,918	2,803	1,825	168	2,961	684
Sask.	12,237	8,285	2,236	1,581	135	2,348	388
Alta.	18,042	10,759	4,522	2,428	333	4,054	989
B.C.	34,903	21,605	7,765	4,864	669	5,119	1,344

(1) In addition 51,060 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 5,520 were special requests not granted and 2,732 were appeals by claimants. There were 13,783 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during January 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1) 1963	24,330 27,458	1,483 1,927	176 229	1,318 1,243	1,526 1,819	8,172 8,859	6,435 7,157	982 1,057	732 848	1,168 1,360	2,338 2,959
Claimants disqualified	1964 1963	39,823 41,918	1,674 1,838	262 343	1,691 1,691	1,624 1,699	12,658 13,921	12,859 14,106	1,672 1,355	1,462 1,143	2,059 2,098	3,862 3,724
Not unemployed	1964 1963	1,668 1,954	39 102	23 75	60 91	57 98	736 666	323 405	78 95	150 199	101 108	101 115
Not capable of and not available for work	1964 1963	11,288 13,438	341 472	52 91	398 447	444 532	3,082 3,774	4,208 5,135	579 567	557 441	541 693	1,086 1,286
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964 1963	67 123	3 -	- -	2 -	- -	22 94	28 20	4 1	- -	- 6	8 2
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964 1963	1,689 1,817	82 11	7 4	101 100	98 50	561 669	559 672	50 52	41 30	71 106	119 123
Discharged for misconduct	1964 1963	1,896 2,003	35 41	9 10	77 71	52 42	653 662	699 750	71 68	28 62	113 121	159 176
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964 1963	9,472 9,790	359 366	76 55	344 387	411 403	3,300 3,409	2,655 2,938	402 337	281 240	593 571	1,051 1,084
Other reasons	1964 1963	13,743 12,793	815 846	95 108	709 595	562 574	4,304 4,647	4,387 4,186	488 235	405 171	640 493	1,338 938
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during January												
	1964	7,799	727	76	394	723	2,369	1,771	318	210	284	927

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - January - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	440.9	536.9
Newfoundland	24.4	30.3
Prince Edward Island	5.6	6.6
Nova Scotia	24.1	30.9
New Brunswick	21.6	29.2
Quebec	136.6	159.3
Ontario	126.9	151.0
Manitoba	18.6	26.3
Saskatchewan	15.0	20.8
Alberta	23.1	27.7
British Columbia	45.0	54.7

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - January - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	1,851,619	46,411,642	2,362,257	58,559,894
Nfld.	102,402	2,488,326	133,315	3,222,563
P.E.I.	23,426	521,545	28,865	638,410
N.S.	101,365	2,314,428	135,748	3,087,748
N.B.	90,833	2,036,133	128,605	2,869,298
Que.	573,572	14,552,081	700,966	17,544,548
Ont.	533,098	13,374,635	664,301	16,455,977
Man.	78,193	1,982,603	115,933	2,952,942
Sask.	62,902	1,614,398	91,725	2,200,279
Alta.	96,956	2,527,039	122,067	3,051,423
B.C.	188,872	5,000,454	240,732	6,536,706

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

January - 1964

Canada -	1,719,185	132,434	91,904
Newfoundland	97,955	4,447	3,240
Prince Edward Island	22,404	1,022	771
Nova Scotia	93,229	8,136	6,031
New Brunswick	84,986	5,847	4,126
Quebec	530,743	42,829	27,739
Ontario	493,740	39,358	27,167
Manitoba	72,627	5,566	3,686
Saskatchewan	58,904	3,998	2,609
Alberta	89,612	7,344	5,185
British Columbia	174,985	13,887	11,350

January - 1963

Canada -	2,195,682	166,575	113,348
Newfoundland	127,179	6,136	4,760
Prince Edward Island	27,671	1,194	881
Nova Scotia	124,191	11,557	9,069
New Brunswick	119,735	8,870	5,984
Quebec	652,422	48,544	30,497
Ontario	614,518	49,783	34,278
Manitoba	109,093	6,840	4,756
Saskatchewan	86,805	4,920	3,152
Alberta	112,090	9,977	5,101
British Columbia	221,978	18,754	14,870

Seasonal Benefit, 1963-64 period

Provisions regulating the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 25, 1963 to mid-May 1964, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 9(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. As a result, claimants exhausting their rights to seasonal benefit and wishing to be re-considered for benefit during this interval would be tested under the regular provisions. However, since the minimum establishment is 12 weeks,(2) exhaustion will not occur before February 22.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, i.e. a minimum of 15 contribution weeks since March 30, 1963. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions during this period, i.e. since March 30, 1963. The authorization will be 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution(2).

Cases failing under class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 18, 1963. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate(3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen)(4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F.).

- (1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing December 2.
- (2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks) claims established subsequent to the week ending February 29, 1964 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and May 16.
- (3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- (4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

Table 3a. - Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province.

Province	1964 - January - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	138,796	111,892	26,904	159,279	128,839	30,440
Nfld.	18,464	17,838	626	16,631	16,356	275
P.E.I.	3,736	3,231	505	3,844	3,298	546
N.S.	13,211	11,917	1,294	13,340	11,971	1,369
N.B.	12,720	10,467	2,253	13,584	11,337	2,247
Que.	34,599	27,841	6,758	45,255	36,946	8,309
Ont.	27,427	18,248	9,179	32,717	22,534	10,183
Man.	5,420	4,397	1,023	6,677	5,411	1,266
Sask.	4,251	3,319	932	4,306	3,532	774
Alta.	5,436	4,441	995	6,195	4,996	1,199
B.C.	13,532	10,193	3,339	16,730	12,458	4,272

Table 3b. - Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a.

Province	1964 - January - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	28,207	28,088	119	27,738	27,595	143
Nfld.	11,333	11,330	3	10,507	10,507	-
P.E.I.	1,834	1,800	34	2,003	1,941	62
N.S.	5,987	5,980	7	5,486	5,474	12
N.B.	3,887	3,853	34	3,853	3,831	22
Que.	1,069	1,059	10	1,279	1,271	8
Ont.	656	648	8	628	621	7
Man.	132	132	-	68	68	-
Sask.	1	1	-	1	1	-
Alta.	31	31	-	3	3	-
B.C.	3,277	3,254	23	3,910	3,878	32

Unemployment Insurance Activities
Calendar Years 1963 and 1962

During 1963 the estimated insured population averaged 4,170,000, 3 per cent above the estimated average of 4,056,000 for 1962. The expansion occurred in the employed segment, the claimant portion having declined from 414,000 in 1962 to 402,000 (see Table 1) in the current year. Parallel movements were observed in the labour force(1), where a 3 per cent increment occurred in the non-agricultural paid worker segment and average unemployment declined.

The improved employment conditions resulted in a lower claim volume for 1963, i.e., 2,038,000, almost 160,000 below 1962. There were 50 claims per 100 insured persons in 1963, versus 54 in 1962. Benefit payments, at \$394 million, were \$15 million less than in 1962. However, the average weekly payment moved up slightly, to \$24.45 from \$24.17. This doubtless reflects the trend to higher average weekly earnings(2) which were more than \$2.00 in excess of 1962.

The charts shown below indicate the generally lower level of the several series in 1963. The November-to-December 1963 increment in claims was relatively heavier than for the year prior, thus causing a rather sharp rise in the 1963 indicator (Chart 1). The substantial variation in year-over-year March payment data is partly due to differences in accounting methods.

(1) Source: The Labour Force, prepared in the Special Surveys Division, D.B.S., Catalogue No. 71-001.

(2) Source: Employment and Payrolls, prepared in the Labour Division, D.B.S., Catalogue No. 72-002.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

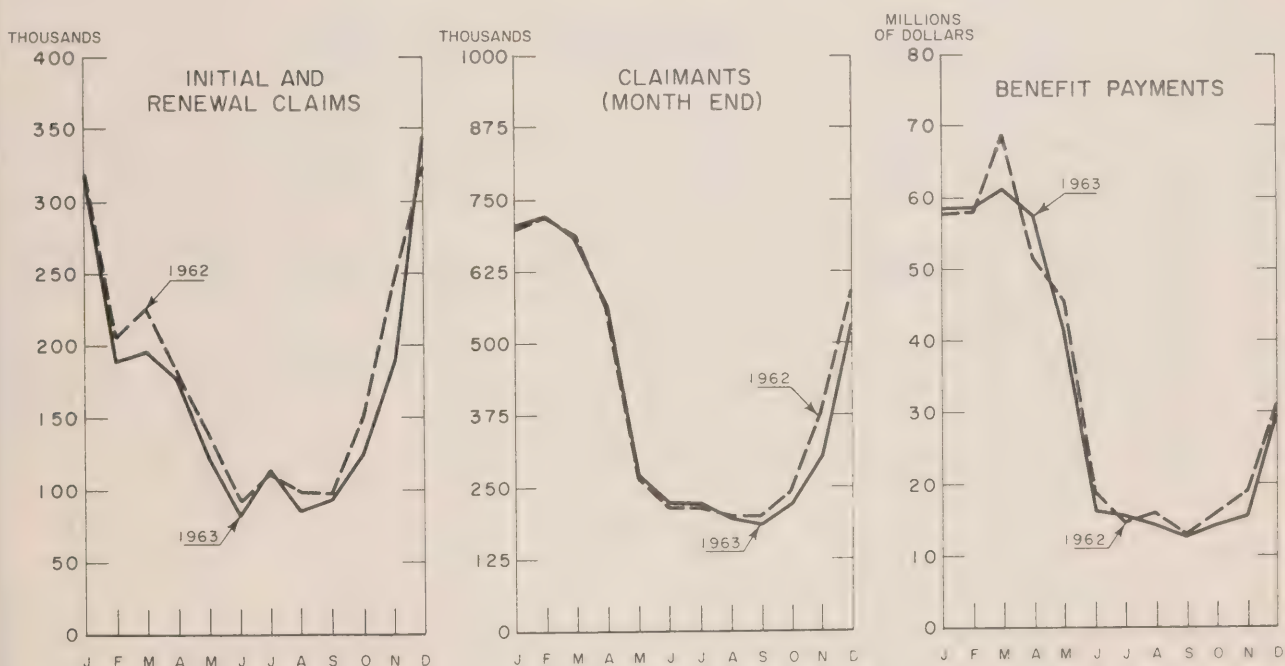


Table 1. - Estimates of Insured Population, Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed, Count of Claimants at month-end, by month, 1963 and 1962.

Month and year		Estimate of insured population at month-end	Initial and renewal claims filed			Count of claimants at month-end		
			Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Male	Female
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
thousands								
Calendar year -	1963	4,170(1)	2,038	1,453	585	402(1)	300(1)	101(1)
	1962	4,056(1)	2,192	1,517	675	414(1)	310(1)	104(1)
January	1963	4,259	319	246	74	704	558	145
	1962	4,158	320	237	83	699	553	145
February	1963	4,264	189	142	46	720	573	147
	1962	4,161	206	146	59	719	570	148
March	1963	4,242	196	144	52	685	548	137
	1962	4,144	226	158	68	687	547	140
April	1963	4,173	176	125	51	566	438	128
	1962	4,064	181	122	59	564	435	129
May	1963	3,996	123	86	37	271	186	85
	1962	3,889	138	93	45	264	181	83
June	1963	4,068	83	54	29	220	142	78
	1962	3,954	93	59	34	214	136	78
July	1963	4,078	113	72	41	219	141	78
	1962	3,976	112	69	43	212	135	77
August	1963	4,125	86	53	33	193	123	69
	1962	3,995	99	60	39	199	128	70
September	1963	4,114	93	58	35	186	117	69
	1962	3,977	98	61	38	198	127	71
October	1963	4,120	126	80	47	219	144	75
	1962	3,991	150	96	55	244	165	79
November	1963	4,191	189	133	57	303	217	86
	1962	4,094	244	176	68	374	275	99
December	1963	4,405	345	262	83	532	415	117
	1962	4,264	324	241	83	592	464	128

(1) Average of month-end data.

Table ii. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Provinces, by Month, 1963. (1)

Province	Total 1963	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
thousands													
<u>Initial and renewal claims</u>													
Canada -	2,038	319	189	196	176	123	83	113	86	93	126	189	345
Nfld.	72	12	5	6	6	4	2	1	1	2	3	8	20
P.E.I.	13	3	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	4
N.S.	93	17	8	9	9	5	4	3	3	3	5	8	19
N.B.	92	16	9	9	10	6	3	3	3	3	4	8	17
Que.	642	98	63	64	55	40	27	33	27	30	40	55	110
Ont.	661	101	60	60	52	41	30	53	34	34	42	55	100
Man.	81	14	9	9	7	5	3	3	2	3	5	9	14
Sask.	53	10	5	5	5	2	1	1	1	1	2	6	12
Alta.	113	18	11	12	12	7	4	4	4	5	8	13	15
B.C.	218	31	18	20	19	14	9	10	10	11	18	25	34
<u>Initial claims</u>													
Canada -	1,453	246	142	144	125	86	54	72	53	58	80	133	262
Nfld.	60	10	5	5	5	3	1	1	1	1	2	6	19
P.E.I.	11	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4
N.S.	71	14	6	7	7	4	3	2	2	2	3	6	15
N.B.	71	13	7	7	7	5	2	2	2	2	3	6	15
Que.	453	75	46	48	40	28	17	20	16	18	25	38	82
Ont.	451	75	44	42	36	27	19	34	21	21	26	37	71
Man.	63	11	7	7	6	4	2	2	2	2	3	7	11
Sask.	42	8	4	4	4	2	1	1	1	1	2	5	9
Alta.	80	13	9	9	8	5	3	3	3	3	5	9	11
B.C.	151	24	13	13	12	9	6	6	6	7	11	17	26
<u>Renewal claims</u>													
Canada -	585	74	46	52	51	37	29	41	33	35	47	57	83
Nfld.	11	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	1	2
P.E.I.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
N.S.	22	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	4
N.B.	22	3	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
Que.	189	23	16	16	15	13	10	13	11	11	15	18	28
Ont.	209	26	16	18	16	14	11	18	13	13	15	18	29
Man.	19	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
Sask.	11	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Alta.	33	5	2	3	4	2	1	2	2	2	3	4	4
B.C.	67	7	5	7	7	4	3	4	4	4	7	7	8

(1) Comparable data for 1962 available in the January 1963 issue in this series.

Table iii. - Number of Claimants Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Province and Sex, during 1963(1).

Province	Monthly Ave.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
thousands													
<u>Male and female</u>													
Canada -	402	704	720	685	566	271	220	219	193	186	219	303	532
Nfld.	18	39	40	36	30	9	6	5	5	4	6	12	28
P.E.I.	3	8	8	7	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	6
N.S.	22	40	41	40	34	14	11	9	9	8	10	14	29
N.B.	21	38	40	39	35	14	9	8	8	7	9	14	27
Que.	125	208	221	216	181	86	70	67	61	61	70	91	166
Ont.	119	198	202	194	150	81	71	86	69	63	70	90	153
Man.	18	36	36	32	28	13	11	7	6	7	8	12	22
Sask.	12	26	26	24	17	6	5	4	3	3	4	8	17
Alta.	22	38	39	36	32	17	12	10	9	10	13	21	28
B.C.	42	72	68	62	54	30	24	22	21	22	29	39	57

<u>Male</u>													
Canada -	300	558	573	548	438	186	142	141	123	117	144	217	415
Nfld.	17	37	38	34	28	8	5	4	4	3	5	11	27
P.E.I.	3	7	7	6	4	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	5
N.S.	18	35	35	34	29	11	9	7	6	6	7	11	25
N.B.	16	31	33	33	30	11	7	6	5	5	6	10	21
Que.	96	169	183	180	146	62	47	44	40	40	48	66	131
Ont.	82	146	149	143	104	50	41	54	43	37	42	59	110
Man.	13	28	27	25	21	9	7	4	4	3	5	9	17
Sask.	9	21	21	19	13	4	2	2	2	2	2	6	14
Alta.	17	31	32	30	25	12	8	6	6	6	9	15	23
B.C.	29	53	49	44	37	19	15	13	13	14	19	28	44

<u>Female</u>													
Canada -	101	145	147	137	128	85	78	78	69	69	75	86	117
Nfld.	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
P.E.I.	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
N.S.	4	5	6	6	5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	4
N.B.	4	7	7	6	5	3	3	2	2	2	3	4	5
Que.	28	40	38	36	34	24	22	23	21	20	22	25	35
Ont.	37	52	53	51	46	31	30	31	27	26	28	31	43
Man.	5	8	8	7	7	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	4
Sask.	3	5	5	5	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Alta.	5	7	7	6	7	5	4	4	3	4	4	6	6
B.C.	13	19	19	18	17	10	9	9	8	8	10	11	13

(1) Comparable data for 1962 available in January 1963 issue in this series.

Table iv. - Benefit Payments by Province and Month, 1963 and 1962.

Province	Total 12 months	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
thousands of dollars													
Canada - 1963	394,163	58,560	58,742	61,287	57,583	41,147	15,987	15,506	14,007	12,528	13,989	15,467	29,361
1962	409,208	57,799	57,988	68,827	51,647	45,409	18,709	14,511	15,878	12,664	15,754	18,934	31,087
Nfld.	19,493	3,223	3,758	3,657	3,100	2,268	472	333	428	290	328	426	1,210
1962	19,256	2,587	2,868	3,566	2,752	3,072	1,084	448	494	364	431	555	1,036
P.E.I.	3,349	638	664	661	565	308	55	57	51	46	48	50	203
1962	3,320	568	553	754	448	377	96	48	62	47	58	67	241
N.S.	20,069	3,088	3,082	3,286	3,158	2,289	776	716	602	557	562	619	1,334
1962	21,790	2,925	3,105	3,922	2,818	2,585	1,141	678	799	649	833	895	1,438
N.B.	19,268	2,869	2,813	3,139	3,198	2,528	700	618	495	482	513	592	1,320
1962	19,616	2,621	2,545	3,324	2,734	2,639	1,054	587	678	556	644	798	1,434
Que.	124,865	17,545	17,798	19,686	19,051	13,456	5,254	5,131	4,348	4,113	4,641	5,003	8,840
1962	121,728	16,457	16,865	20,414	16,625	13,629	5,295	4,408	4,593	3,702	4,748	5,654	9,338
Ont.	114,319	16,456	16,324	16,976	15,524	10,648	5,000	5,285	5,259	4,462	4,727	4,888	8,770
1962	122,745	16,994	17,374	20,315	14,424	12,376	5,494	4,849	5,736	4,511	5,261	6,095	9,316
Man.	18,227	2,953	2,901	2,985	2,760	2,017	718	604	495	413	483	588	1,311
1962	20,361	2,973	3,064	3,612	2,568	2,327	951	635	671	495	619	921	1,525
Sask.	12,209	2,200	2,315	2,214	1,875	1,153	358	307	245	205	255	288	795
1962	13,889	2,356	2,323	2,836	1,699	1,446	478	346	356	264	333	487	966
Alta.	22,139	3,051	3,350	3,318	3,234	2,500	940	829	681	620	774	944	1,897
1962	22,438	3,181	3,070	3,728	2,864	2,578	1,034	872	779	639	800	1,046	1,848
B.C.	40,224	6,537	5,739	5,362	5,116	3,981	1,713	1,627	1,403	1,340	1,656	2,070	3,680
1962	44,065	7,138	6,221	6,355	4,716	4,380	2,081	1,639	1,711	1,438	2,026	2,416	3,944

Table v. - Average Weekly Benefit Rate(1), by Province and Month, 1963 and 1962.

Province	12 month average	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
dollars													
Canada - 1963	24.45	24.79	24.81	24.75	24.73	24.12	23.68	23.37	23.50	23.54	23.51	23.98	24.99
1962	24.17	24.57	24.56	24.49	24.43	23.99	23.45	22.98	22.97	23.36	23.42	23.85	24.54
Nfld.	24.14	24.17	24.05	24.23	24.60	24.60	23.02	22.93	24.63	22.78	22.24	23.23	23.96
1962	23.90	23.69	23.84	24.01	24.14	24.02	24.19	23.33	23.75	22.92	22.83	23.56	24.32
P.E.I.	21.86	22.12	22.21	22.12	22.14	21.68	19.94	19.75	20.09	19.47	19.53	20.87	21.74
1962	21.37	21.64	21.75	21.46	21.50	21.07	20.26	19.76	20.15	20.22	20.90	20.74	21.57
N.S.	22.46	22.75	22.89	22.84	22.55	22.29	22.07	22.03	21.99	21.45	21.30	21.44	22.12
1962	22.71	22.75	23.43	23.03	23.08	22.38	21.91	21.56	21.93	22.28	22.58	22.26	22.39
N.B.	22.45	22.31	22.35	22.51	22.93	22.90	22.64	22.15	21.76	22.33	21.50	21.57	21.99
1962	22.29	21.99	22.20	22.30	22.70	22.61	22.24	21.89	21.64	21.89	21.95	22.33	22.43
Que.	24.80	25.03	25.20	25.29	25.10	24.58	24.21	23.66	23.47	23.81	23.77	24.17	25.39
1962	24.39	24.54	24.81	25.09	24.69	24.26	23.67	23.14	22.96	23.62	23.60	23.88	24.38
Ont.	24.32	24.77	24.71	24.66	24.48	23.76	23.41	23.27	23.76	23.69	23.61	23.94	25.08
1962	24.14	24.61	24.58	24.45	24.63	23.80	23.15	22.80	22.96	23.59	23.33	23.78	24.58
Man.	24.38	25.47	24.89	24.73	24.38	23.80	23.27	22.87	22.33	22.78	22.69	23.56	24.95
1962	24.38	25.35	24.78	24.43	24.43	24.48	23.62	22.84	22.70	22.24	23.03	23.87	25.06
Sask.	24.27	23.99	25.26	25.04	24.73	23.55	22.79	22.10	21.61	21.34	21.91	22.98	25.04
1962	24.18	25.06	24.75	24.50	24.19	24.10	23.33	21.83	22.03	21.64	21.87	23.38	24.27
Alta.	25.45	25.00	26.26	25.89	25.75	25.74	24.76	24.13	23.91	24.39	24.42	25.20	25.68
1962	25.16	25.43	25.25	25.39	25.39	25.73	25.04	24.42	24.00	23.67	23.92	24.31	25.53
B.C.	25.87	27.15	26.26	25.77	27.04	24.92	24.21	24.22	24.46	24.26	24.56	25.28	26.51
1962	25.18	26.25	25.61	25.13	24.88	24.59	24.22	23.77	23.86	24.01	24.55	25.24	26.34

(1) Including partial weeks.

Table vi. - Initial and Renewal Claims for Unemployment Insurance Benefit by Month, February 1942 - December 1963.

Year	Total 12 months	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
thousands													
1942	26.9	-	4.8	2.9	2.8	4.6	2.7	1.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.7	3.3
1943	36.7	4.6	4.8	5.0	4.0	2.0	1.8	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.5	2.9	6.6
1944	90.9	11.8	12.3	10.7	6.5	4.7	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.7	6.2	11.8	13.8
1945	296.4	20.4	15.0	13.3	8.4	8.9	10.9	10.9	20.6	40.5	36.7	53.3	57.6
1946	488.7	71.9	59.1	50.7	35.8	34.8	30.6	27.6	25.1	28.6	34.9	37.1	52.5
1947	442.9	63.7	47.1	43.7	35.9	27.6	21.4	20.0	17.3	20.9	29.4	42.4	73.6
1948	649.1	100.3	76.7	63.9	49.0	33.6	31.5	30.5	25.0	28.1	38.1	66.4	105.9
1949	933.9	126.6	93.5	88.8	58.1	52.7	44.8	43.5	50.3	51.9	69.3	114.9	139.4
1950	1,150.2	182.1	109.3	211.4	80.4	71.6	51.3	43.9	61.5	49.2	62.2	93.0	134.2
1951	1,144.1	172.6	110.5	111.1	75.2	56.4	58.2	59.0	57.9	62.5	82.9	122.6	175.0
1952	1,391.3	212.7	141.3	155.5	101.0	83.8	68.8	75.3	61.0	64.7	88.0	123.4	215.9
1953	1,679.7	223.7	172.6	181.5	117.9	71.5	72.8	75.9	74.1	85.6	123.2	188.9	292.3
1954	2,102.2	293.2	216.1	250.8	159.5	113.4	114.8	106.3	112.7	109.5	127.6	187.7	310.6
1955	1,929.8	311.0	238.7	247.1	155.9	97.6	90.4	81.6	88.6	87.6	94.7	159.8	276.7
1956	1,625.4	263.8	188.6	176.5	139.1	84.1	55.2	73.5	75.0	65.0	87.9	151.4	265.2
1957	2,373.2	361.1	192.7	195.2	163.5	104.3	86.4	114.1	115.3	124.9	167.4	249.1	499.2
1958	2,780.5	367.4	243.9	253.3	217.5	165.1	155.7	167.4	139.7	157.6	191.2	246.6	475.2
1959	2,428.3	317.5	220.9	230.1	206.9	134.4	107.1	122.3	102.4	115.1	151.2	278.6	441.6
1960	2,700.4	306.6	240.3	283.5	214.6	165.6	128.5	140.4	149.6	140.3	178.2	304.4	448.3
1961	2,460.5	344.2	234.6	259.4	209.6	162.1	112.8	126.2	121.2	122.0	158.1	252.6	357.9
1962	2,192.2	320.2	205.6	225.8	181.3	138.4	93.5	112.4	98.8	98.3	150.4	243.6	323.8
1963	2,038.0	319.4	188.5	195.9	175.6	122.9	82.8	112.9	86.2	92.9	126.2	189.4	345.3

Table vii. - Claimants Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of each Month, September 30, 1943 to December 31, 1963.

Year	12 month average	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
thousands													
1943	-	12	16	16	12	7	5	4	5	1	1	2	6
1944	10	27	30	27	19	17	17	19	29	6	8	13	19
1945	41	146	162	155	124	99	82	69	62	48	62	85	113
1946	98	106	112	107	86	63	50	43	39	58	63	67	87
1947	71	145	153	142	112	77	62	53	47	39	45	62	102
1948	95	203	216	198	150	115	95	94	94	47	60	88	151
1949	149	313	304	368	230	166	127	106	111	95	115	172	243
1950 total	188			23						89	102	139	202
% S.B.													3
1951 total	167	256	253	236	149	101	101	100	101	109	128	187	288
% S.B.		11	14	18									3
1952 total	219	358	351	352	249	182	149	144	125	109	128	182	304
% S.B.		9	11	13									4
1953 total	253	376	389	379	240	165	142	134	134	143	185	283	452
% S.B.		11	14	17									4
1954 total	357	556	559	561	379	293	245	228	223	214	236	307	479
% S.B.		10	14	18									7
1955 total	319	587	620	605	354	241	186	168	153	145	163	220	388
% S.B.		14	21	26									12
1956 total	272	477	511	511	292	189	136	138	132	128	139	215	398
% S.B.		23	28	29									7
1957 total	380	546	572	559	374	250	205	206	209	227	268	403	744
% S.B.		13	18	19									12
1958 total	552	835	869	860	722	551	445	301	295	283	324	419	715
% S.B.		20	24	27	31	33	30						18
1959 total	454	785	796	767	611	279	221	226	210	202	251	418	686
% S.B.		26	31	34	37								17
1960 total	518	783	814	823	715	364	296	294	280	280	330	485	754
% S.B.		23	27	30	32								18
1961 total	487	847	873	838	713	341	267	255	229	229	269	386	601
% S.B.		24	29	32	35								18
1962 total	414	699	719	687	564	264	214	212	199	198	244	374	592
% S.B.		25	29	32	34								16
1963 total	402	704	720	685	566	271	220	219	193	186	219	303	532
% S.B.		23	27	30	33								15

Table viii. - Amount of Benefit Paid(1), by Month, 1942 to 1963

Year	12 month total	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
millions of dollars													
1942	0.37	-	(2)	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04
1943	0.94	0.07	0.13	0.20	0.14	0.13	0.07	0.05	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.05
1944	3.29	0.13	0.30	0.76	0.36	0.47	0.25	0.14	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.18	0.34
1945	14.57	0.55	0.82	1.52	0.59	0.67	0.58	0.60	0.69	0.88	1.71	2.51	3.45
1946	51.08	4.49	5.90	7.21	7.01	5.22	4.47	3.30	2.86	3.40	2.46	2.24	2.51
1947	32.04	4.01	3.92	4.48	3.78	3.07	2.15	1.96	1.52	1.51	1.54	1.56	2.54
1948	40.27	3.92	5.02	6.63	5.18	3.67	2.60	2.08	1.84	1.69	1.76	2.28	3.59
1949	69.35	6.73	8.16	10.40	7.61	5.51	4.11	3.37	3.72	3.67	3.85	5.05	7.18
1950	98.98	11.78	13.61	16.64	13.71	10.50	6.66	4.76	4.41	3.84	3.57	4.18	5.31
1951	76.66	9.83	10.68	12.14	8.35	5.66	3.51	3.43	3.67	3.46	3.90	5.11	6.92
1952	118.83	13.98	15.57	16.89	13.95	10.39	6.73	6.29	6.24	5.71	5.71	6.44	10.93
1953	157.97	18.43	20.60	24.00	19.19	12.39	8.41	7.15	6.41	6.74	7.60	10.17	16.88
1954	241.11	25.15	29.68	37.19	29.84	21.13	15.72	12.72	12.06	12.40	11.78	14.02	19.43
1955	229.12	28.37	34.90	45.44	33.78	20.02	12.64	8.94	8.73	8.18	7.54	8.66	11.94
1956	210.33	24.63	32.19	38.17	33.20	19.16	9.93	7.93	8.17	7.09	8.07	9.28	12.53
1957	305.08	33.44	38.60	44.13	40.39	26.27	14.36	13.80	13.03	13.81	16.33	18.99	31.93
1958	492.90	60.76	63.31	72.38	66.68	51.65	36.99	26.82	19.49	19.85	20.27	21.14	33.56
1959	406.10	58.65	58.08	65.87	59.97	40.45	18.16	14.53	13.12	13.37	13.77	17.48	32.66
1960	481.84	54.35	62.59	74.85	61.77	52.21	26.84	19.70	21.36	21.19	20.65	26.58	39.77
1961	493.97	67.66	70.99	85.19	64.54	58.70	25.89	18.55	18.86	16.08	17.12	20.94	29.45
1962	409.21	57.80	57.99	68.83	51.65	45.41	18.71	14.51	15.88	12.66	15.75	18.93	31.09
1963	394.16	58.56	58.74	61.29	57.58	41.15	15.99	15.51	14.01	12.53	13.99	15.47	29.36

(1) Benefit paid under the seasonal benefit provisions is included. The dates during which these provisions were operative, maximum weeks payable each period and amount of benefit paid are as follows:

February 28 to April 15, 1950 - 6 weeks - \$4.5 million.

January 1 to March 31, 1951 - 13 weeks - \$3.9 million.

January 1 to March 31, 1952 - 13 weeks - \$4.6 million.

January 1 to April 15, 1953 - 15 weeks - \$9.2 million.

January 1 to April 15, 1954 - 15 weeks - \$14.1 million.

January 1 to April 15, 1955 - 15 weeks - \$28.9 million.

January 1 to April 21, 1956 - 16 weeks - \$38.1 million.

January 1 to April 20, 1957 - 16 weeks - \$29.6 million.

December 1, 1957 to June 28, 1958 - 30 weeks - \$109.8 million.

December 1, 1958 to May 16, 1959 - 24 weeks - \$98.4 million.

November 30, 1959 to May 21, 1960 - 25 weeks - \$99.1 million.

November 28, 1960 to May 20, 1961 - 25 weeks - \$112.1 million.

November 27, 1961 to May 19, 1962 - 25 weeks - \$88.9 million.

November 19, 1962 to May 18, 1963 - 25 weeks - \$86.0 million (preliminary)

(2) Less than \$10,000.

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established **and no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

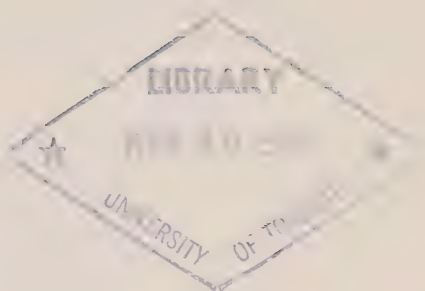
At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

MONTHLY



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

**STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
FEBRUARY 1964**

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

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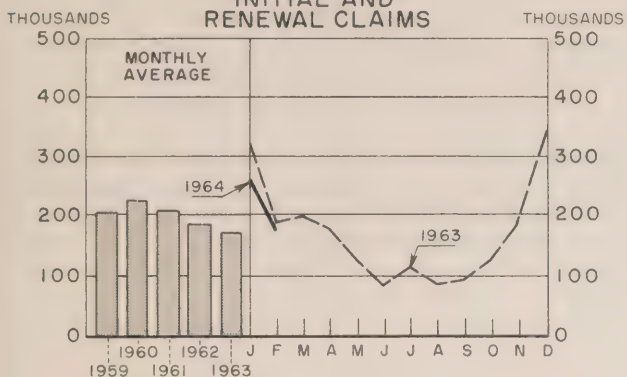
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

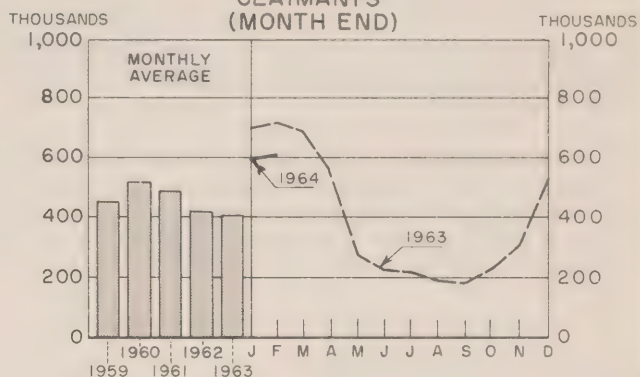
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

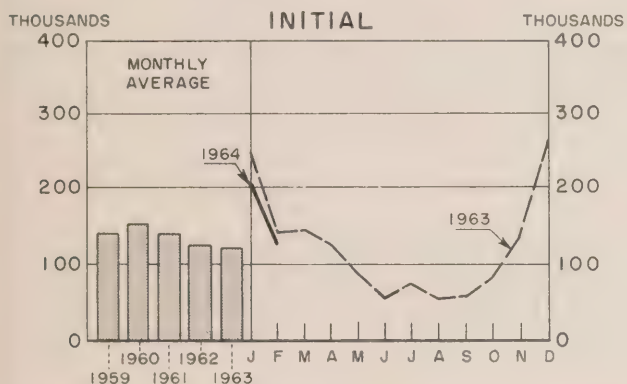
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



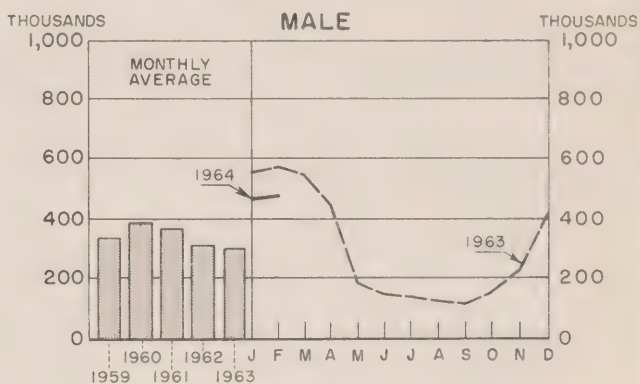
CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



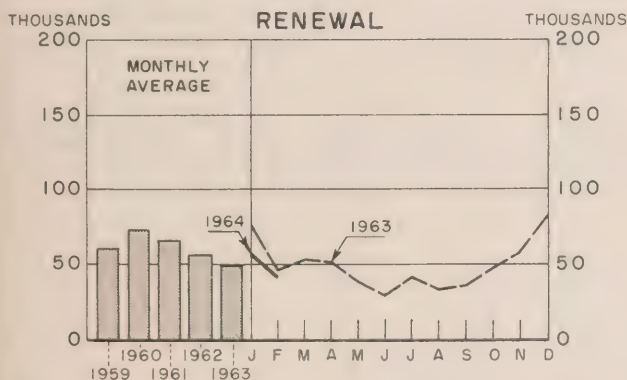
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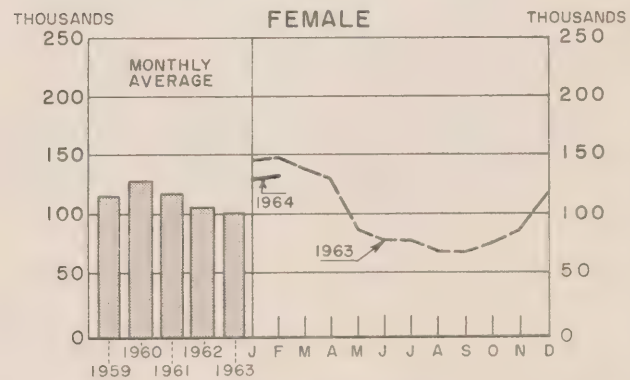
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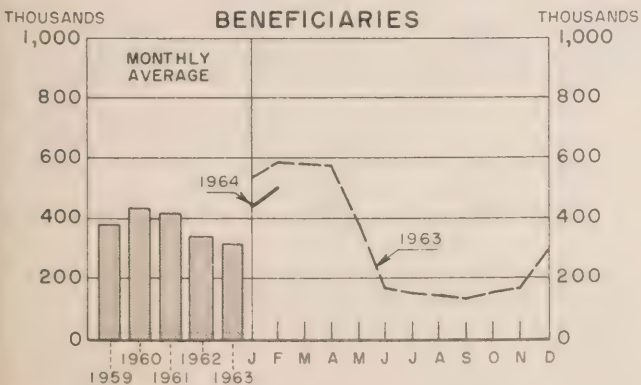
RENEWAL



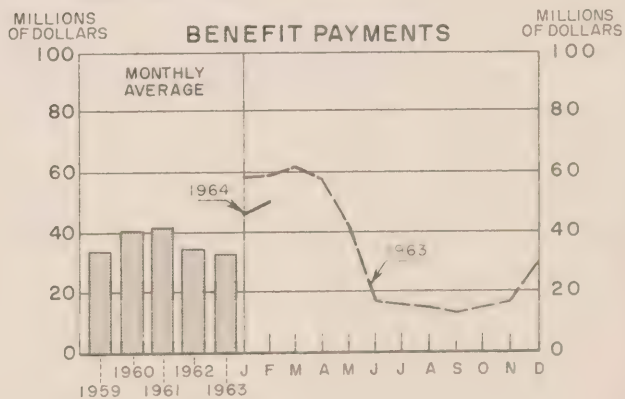
FEMALE



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

FEBRUARY 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 607,100 on February 28, about 8,000 higher than on January 31 but 113,500 below the 720,500 recorded on February 28, 1963. The generally improved employment conditions over one year ago were reflected in lower totals of regular and seasonal claimants for both men and women. Between 25 and 30 per cent of the February 28 claimant total was identified as seasonal benefit, unchanged from one year ago.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 171,600 initial and renewal claims were filed across Canada during February. This is compared with 258,600 for January and 188,500 for February one year ago.

Beneficiaries and Benefit Payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 503,500 for February, in comparison with 440,900 for January and 591,900 for February 1963. Payments amounted to \$50.1 million in February, up slightly from \$46.4 million in January but almost \$9 million below the total of \$58.7 million paid during February 1963. The average weekly payment was \$24.89 for February, versus \$25.07 for January and \$24.81 for February 1963.

Claims by province

The year-over-year percentage declines in the month-end claimant count were relatively smaller in the Atlantic provinces than elsewhere, due, in part at least, to the importance of seasonal benefit in that area. Examination of Table 3a, in comparison with Table 3, bears this out.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	January 31 to February 28, 1964			February 28, 1963 to February 28, 1964			January 31 to February 28, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 1	+ 1	+ 2	- 16	- 17	- 19	+ 2	+ 3	+ 1
Nfld.	+ 3	+ 3	+ 5	- 7	- 9	+ 27	+ 2	+ 1	+ 4
P.E.I.	- 2	- 3	- 2	- 11	- 12	- 9	+ 3	+ 2	+ 5
N.S.	+ 1	-	+ 3	- 8	- 8	- 9	+ 2	+ 1	+ 12
N.B.	+ 9	+ 11	+ 2	- 7	- 8	-	+ 5	+ 6	-
Que.	+ 4	+ 5	-	- 16	- 17	- 10	+ 6	+ 8	- 3
Ont.	-	- 1	+ 1	- 18	- 21	- 9	+ 2	+ 2	+ 2
Man.	+ 4	-	+ 16	- 25	- 26	- 21	- 2	- 2	- 1
Sask.	+ 3	+ 1	+ 12	- 21	- 22	- 19	+ 1	-	+ 5
Alta.	+ 3	+ 3	+ 2	- 15	- 18	- 3	+ 2	+ 1	+ 8
B.C.	- 8	- 12	+ 4	- 18	- 20	- 13	- 5	- 8	+ 3

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	January to February, 1964			February 1963 to February, 1964			January to February, 1963		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 34	- 36	- 26	- 9	- 9	- 8	- 41	- 42	- 37
Nfld.	- 52	- 52	- 52	- 5	- 6	+ 6	- 55	- 55	- 57
P.E.I.	- 60	- 61	- 58	- 10	- 9	- 18	- 61	- 62	- 52
N.S.	- 55	- 56	- 47	- 12	- 13	- 5	- 55	- 55	- 53
N.B.	- 40	- 42	- 28	- 4	- 2	- 12	- 45	- 46	- 41
Que.	- 26	- 28	- 20	- 5	- 4	- 7	- 36	- 38	- 30
Ont.	- 32	- 34	- 23	- 11	- 11	- 9	- 40	- 42	- 37
Man.	- 36	- 36	- 34	- 16	- 17	- 10	- 38	- 36	- 45
Sask.	- 40	- 42	- 34	- 12	- 15	+ 5	- 49	- 47	- 57
Alta.	- 27	- 29	- 21	- 11	- 13	- 4	- 39	- 36	- 47
B.C.	- 38	- 40	- 32	- 14	- 15	- 13	- 42	- 44	- 36

Summary table

Activity	Feb. 1964	Jan. 1964	Feb. 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				Jan. 1964	Feb. 1963	January to February		12 months ending February	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,317	4,264	..	..	..	4,262*	..	4,096*
Initial and renewal claims filed	172	259	189	- 34	- 9	430	508	1,960	2,174
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	607	599	720	+ 1	- 16	603*	712*	383*	414*
Regular	443	460	524	- 4	- 15				
S.B.	164	139	196	+ 18	- 16				
S.B. Fishing	29	28	30	+ 1	- 5				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	504	441	592	+ 14	- 15	472*	564*	309*	338*
Weeks compensated	2,014	1,852	2,368	+ 9	- 15	3,865	4,730	15,258	16,944
Benefit paid	\$ 50,127	46,412	58,742	+ 8	- 15	96,539	117,302	373,401	410,722
Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.89	25.07	24.81	- 1	-	24.97	24.80	24.47	24.24

* Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - January	4,317,000	3,718,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,331,000	3,798,700	532,300
November	4,191,000	3,887,600	303,400
October	4,120,000	3,901,100	218,900
September	4,114,000	3,927,700	186,300
August	4,125,000	3,932,500	192,500
July	4,078,000	3,859,000	219,000
June	4,068,000	3,847,700	220,300
May	3,996,000	3,725,100	270,900
April	4,173,000	3,607,100	565,900
March	4,242,000	3,556,700	685,300
February	4,264,000	3,543,500	720,500
January	4,259,000	3,555,900	703,100

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1964 - February - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	171,591	129,237	42,354	188,523	142,392	46,131
Nfld.	5,190	4,382	808	5,446	4,681	765
P.E.I.	879	754	125	981	828	153
N.S.	6,875	5,604	1,271	7,805	6,462	1,343
N.B.	8,267	6,736	1,531	8,615	6,877	1,738
Que.	59,623	44,514	15,109	62,810	46,489	16,321
Ont.	53,750	38,764	14,986	60,165	43,671	16,494
Man.	7,166	5,802	1,364	8,516	6,998	1,518
Sask.	4,577	3,773	804	5,193	4,429	764
Alta.	9,794	7,473	2,321	10,986	8,564	2,422
B.C.	15,470	11,435	4,035	18,006	13,393	4,613

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 47,431.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>February 28, 1964</u>				<u>February 28, 1963</u>
CANADA -	607,144	175,331	329,288	76,476	26,049	720,461
MALE	473,781	137,820	268,818	52,198	14,945	573,127
FEMALE	133,363	37,511	60,470	24,278	11,104	147,334
Nfld.	37,058	7,098	26,359	3,091	510	40,016
Male	34,545	6,477	25,119	2,585	364	38,043
Female	2,513	621	1,240	506	146	1,973
P.E.I.	7,105	877	5,659	441	128	8,014
Male	5,941	729	4,836	328	48	6,733
Female	1,164	148	823	113	80	1,281
N.S.	37,611	7,368	24,363	4,567	1,313	40,947
Male	32,148	6,112	21,589	3,592	855	34,916
Female	5,463	1,256	2,774	975	458	6,031
N.B.	36,990	8,587	23,238	4,143	1,022	39,592
Male	30,301	7,456	19,615	2,626	604	32,902
Female	6,689	1,131	3,623	1,517	418	6,690
Que.	186,445	60,532	95,272	22,307	8,334	221,247
Male	151,747	50,382	80,700	15,705	4,960	182,792
Female	34,698	10,150	14,572	6,602	3,374	38,455
Ont.	165,567	51,131	83,818	21,848	8,770	201,519
Male	117,309	36,970	61,960	13,465	4,914	148,662
Female	48,258	14,161	21,858	8,383	3,856	52,857
Man.	26,859	7,351	14,684	3,537	1,287	35,626
Male	20,398	5,324	11,920	2,495	659	27,448
Female	6,461	2,027	2,764	1,042	628	8,178
Sask.	20,361	5,126	11,944	2,723	568	25,931
Male	16,353	4,010	10,059	2,042	242	20,977
Female	4,008	1,116	1,885	681	326	4,954
Alta.	33,122	11,770	15,438	4,697	1,217	39,079
Male	25,886	9,424	12,297	3,406	759	31,591
Female	7,236	2,346	3,141	1,291	458	7,488
B.C.	56,026	15,491	28,513	9,122	2,900	68,490
Male	39,153	10,936	20,723	5,954	1,540	49,063
Female	16,873	4,555	7,790	3,168	1,360	19,427

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by Province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

February - 1964

Canada -	183,784	111,965	37,734	29,130	4,955	44,140	13,719
Nfld.	5,853	4,193	678	881	101	1,574	333
P.E.I.	945	676	118	136	15	308	47
N.S.	7,416	5,113	1,139	1,009	155	1,626	369
N.B.	8,581	5,908	1,390	1,128	155	2,109	471
Que.	62,460	37,751	13,406	9,846	1,457	16,290	5,158
Ont.	56,797	32,479	13,264	9,274	1,780	13,504	4,667
Man.	8,004	5,325	1,317	1,198	164	1,644	433
Sask.	5,227	3,477	736	899	115	1,249	268
Alta.	10,734	6,424	2,100	1,842	368	2,480	747
B.C.	17,767	10,619	3,586	2,917	645	3,356	1,226

February - 1963

Canada -	207,218	130,151	43,143	29,188	4,736	44,344	14,060
Nfld.	6,437	4,549	762	1,044	82	1,464	257
P.E.I.	1,149	849	149	137	14	299	40
N.S.	9,159	6,644	1,319	1,037	159	1,705	335
N.B.	9,041	6,196	1,555	1,109	181	1,935	605
Que.	67,307	41,398	15,118	9,287	1,504	16,447	5,244
Ont.	66,024	39,407	15,266	9,496	1,855	12,814	4,772
Man.	9,585	6,595	1,579	1,276	135	2,088	488
Sask.	6,142	4,374	798	873	97	1,530	257
Alta.	12,755	8,181	2,404	1,902	268	2,535	739
B.C.	19,619	11,958	4,193	3,027	441	3,527	1,323

(1) In addition 49,606 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 5,085 were special requests not granted and 2,978 were appeals by claimants. There were 11,608 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during February 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1)	12,454	422	72	426	532	4,708	3,680	462	316	668	1,168
	1963	13,203	517	53	466	651	4,426	3,812	590	379	770	1,539
Claimants disqualified	1964	38,017	1,116	195	1,426	1,447	12,502	12,253	1,607	1,245	2,408	3,818
	1963	35,518	959	180	1,295	1,177	11,686	12,645	1,434	927	2,100	3,115
Not unemployed	1964	1,325	46	13	40	29	641	229	74	81	99	73
	1963	1,467	44	14	84	77	538	345	62	120	94	89
Not capable of and not available for work	1964	10,340	239	30	326	370	2,848	3,861	553	485	654	974
	1963	11,317	249	58	380	362	3,002	4,438	636	382	741	1,069
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964	246	1	-	-	-	28	95	-	-	-	122
	1963	407	-	-	1	1	130	275	-	-	-	-
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964	2,112	43	13	154	190	783	556	44	77	76	176
	1963	2,138	31	10	152	44	802	710	81	41	121	146
Discharged for misconduct	1964	1,926	28	8	67	51	766	636	69	40	115	146
	1963	1,895	30	8	59	44	672	687	73	40	136	146
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964	9,528	252	41	285	311	3,131	3,097	382	232	692	1,105
	1963	8,298	213	40	279	238	2,748	2,748	378	199	573	882
Other reasons	1964	12,540	507	90	554	496	4,305	3,779	485	330	772	1,222
	1963	9,996	392	50	340	411	3,794	3,442	204	145	435	783

(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during February 1964

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - February - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	503.5	591.9
Newfoundland	38.5	39.1
Prince Edward Island	6.6	7.5
Nova Scotia	33.9	33.7
New Brunswick	28.6	31.4
Quebec	149.5	176.6
Ontario	134.1	165.1
Manitoba	23.1	29.1
Saskatchewan	16.7	22.9
Alberta	25.9	31.9
British Columbia	46.5	54.6

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - February - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	2,013,817	50,127,417	2,367,753	58,741,717
Nfld.	153,880	3,753,322	156,267	3,757,557
P.E.I.	26,449	598,668	29,907	664,155
N.S.	135,769	3,152,740	134,630	3,081,694
N.B.	114,448	2,601,779	125,814	2,812,541
Que.	598,106	15,174,880	706,385	17,798,027
Ont.	536,449	13,338,247	660,537	16,323,862
Man.	92,263	2,304,282	116,546	2,900,714
Sask.	66,825	1,690,760	91,613	2,314,540
Alta.	103,604	2,652,352	127,550	3,350,091
B.C.	186,024	4,860,387	218,504	5,738,536

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

February - 1964

Canada -	1,893,630	120,187	88,518
Newfoundland	147,087	6,793	5,653
Prince Edward Island	25,417	1,032	857
Nova Scotia	126,406	9,363	7,550
New Brunswick	108,126	6,322	4,743
Quebec	563,227	34,879	23,612
Ontario	503,918	32,531	24,180
Manitoba	86,137	6,126	4,366
Saskatchewan	62,605	4,220	2,979
Alberta	96,654	6,950	5,232
British Columbia	174,053	11,971	9,346

February - 1963

Canada -	2,225,107	142,646	102,407
Newfoundland	149,455	6,812	5,759
Prince Edward Island	28,894	1,013	781
Nova Scotia	124,904	9,726	7,787
New Brunswick	118,611	7,203	5,063
Quebec	665,613	40,772	25,783
Ontario	618,931	41,606	30,280
Manitoba	109,768	6,778	5,254
Saskatchewan	86,321	5,292	3,822
Alberta	119,506	8,044	5,565
British Columbia	203,104	15,400	12,313

Seasonal Benefit, 1963-64 period

Provisions regulating the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 25, 1963 to mid-May 1964, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 9(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. As a result, claimants exhausting their rights to seasonal benefit and wishing to be re-considered for benefit during this interval would be tested under the regular provisions. However, since the minimum establishment is 12 weeks,(2) exhaustion will not occur before February 22.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, i.e. a minimum of 15 contribution weeks since March 30, 1963. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions during this period, i.e. since March 30, 1963. The authorization will be 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution(2)

Cases failing under class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 18, 1963. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate(3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen)(4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F.).

- (1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing December 2.
- (2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks) claims established subsequent to the week ending February 29, 1964 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and May 16.
- (3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- (4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

Table 3a. - Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province.

Province	1964 - February - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	164,043	130,785	33,258	196,292	158,665	37,627
Nfld.	19,305	18,549	756	20,430	19,921	509
P.E.I.	3,653	3,129	524	4,285	3,664	621
N.S.	14,426	12,839	1,587	15,426	13,490	1,936
N.B.	15,652	12,973	2,679	16,190	13,667	2,523
Que.	43,950	35,690	8,260	56,489	47,014	9,475
Ont.	34,068	22,709	11,359	41,510	28,730	12,780
Man.	6,309	4,948	1,361	8,703	6,825	1,878
Sask.	4,452	3,449	1,003	5,975	4,812	1,163
Alta.	6,644	5,197	1,447	7,884	6,468	1,416
B.C.	15,584	11,302	4,282	19,400	14,074	5,326

Table 3b. - Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a.

Province	1964 - February - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	28,507	28,405	102	29,938	29,773	165
Nfld.	11,519	11,517	2	11,927	11,901	26
P.E.I.	1,744	1,712	32	2,080	2,020	60
N.S.	5,871	5,865	6	5,820	5,806	14
N.B.	4,069	4,043	26	3,881	3,863	18
Que.	1,115	1,104	11	1,349	1,340	9
Ont.	657	649	8	675	666	9
Man.	204	204	-	146	146	-
Sask.	2	2	-	-	-	-
Alta.	46	45	1	34	34	-
B.C.	3,280	3,264	16	4,026	3,997	29

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established **and no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

MONTHLY



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
MARCH 1964

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)



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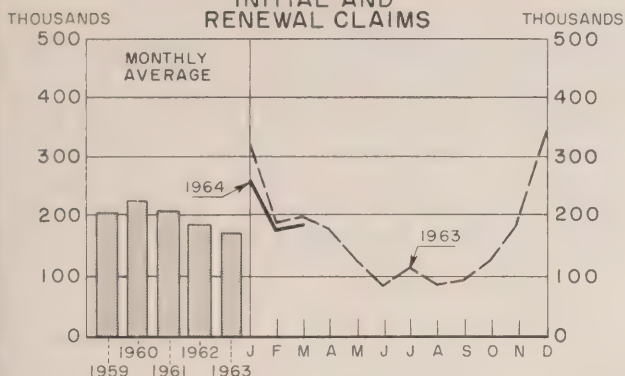
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

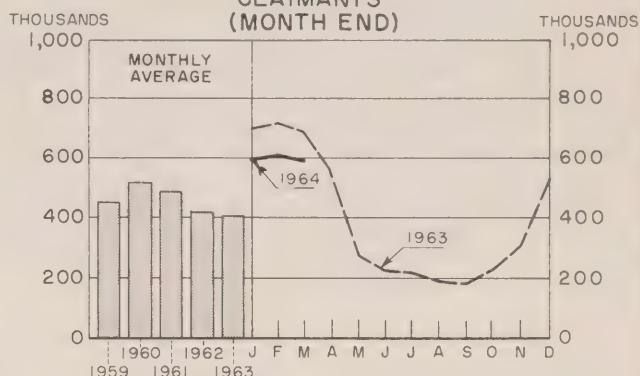
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

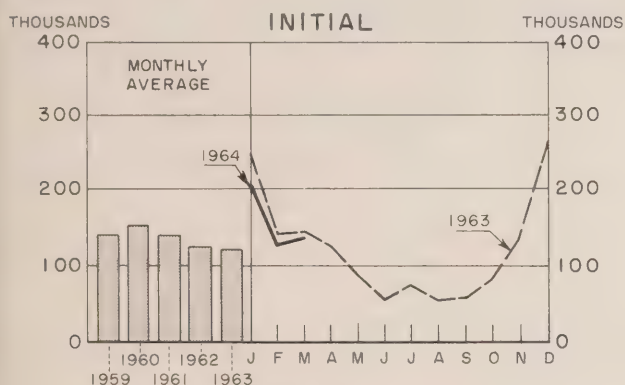
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



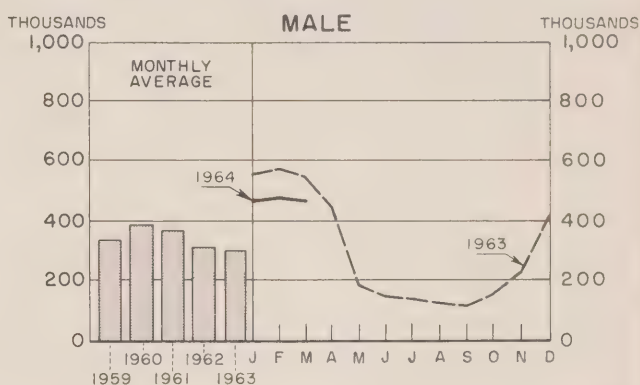
CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



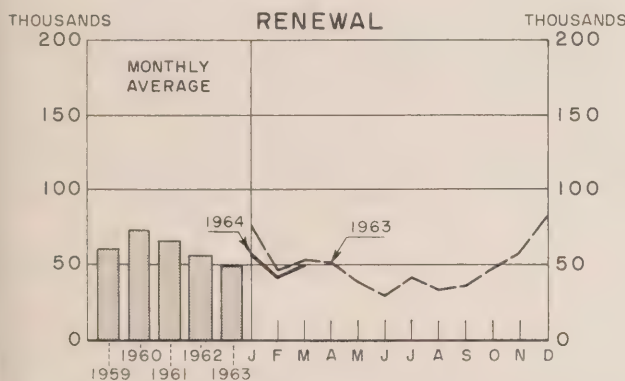
INITIAL



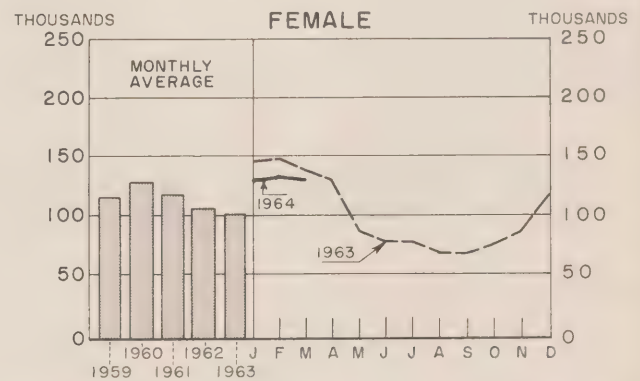
MALE



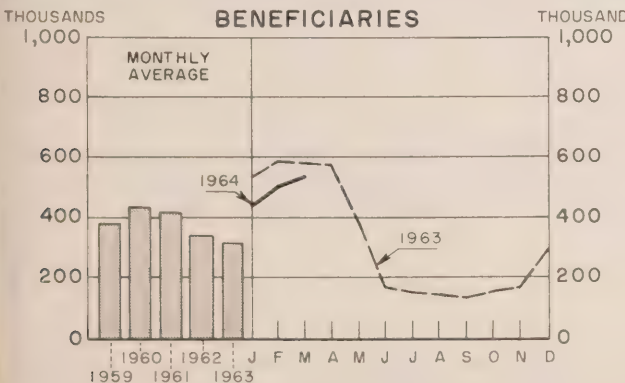
RENEWAL



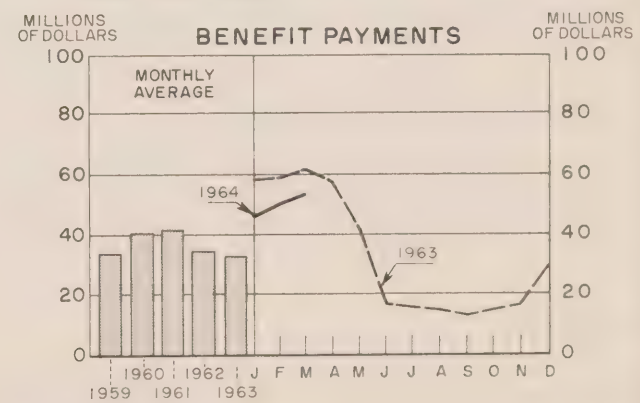
FEMALE



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

MARCH 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit on March 31 numbered 597,300, 10,000 fewer than on February 28 and 88,000 below the March 29, 1963 figure of 685,300. The February to March decline occurred among regular claimants, the number of seasonal benefit claimants having increased. This is normal at this season of the year. Exhaustion of seasonal benefit, from the end of February on, would reduce the number of such claimants but for the fact that as claimants exhaust regular benefit they are automatically eligible for seasonal. With employment opportunities opening up in March, the number going off regular benefit to return to work usually offsets the influx of new cases. It is estimated that about 100,000 regular claimants ceased to claim during March and returned to work; however, a large portion of the 30,000 seasonal benefit claimants who withdrew from claimant status did so because they had used up their benefit.

Males accounted for approximately 80 per cent of the total, at each of the dates under review. It is worth noting that this ratio is true only for those who came on claim within the last 6 months, the ratio for others being substantially lower. These ratios are associated with the highly seasonal pattern of claims from males, many of whom have come on claim in the interval since December 1. The progression through the duration pattern and the proportion of males in each group, commencing December 31, is as follows:

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Number of weeks on claim</u>			
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more
December 31, 1963					
Per cent distribution	100	65	24	7	4
Per cent male	78	83	74	57	60
January 31, 1964					
Per cent distribution	100	41	46	9	4
Per cent male	78	79	82	62	57
February 28, 1964					
Per cent distribution	100	29	54	13	4
Per cent male	78	79	82	68	57
March 31, 1964					
Per cent distribution	100	28	39	28	5
Per cent male	78	80	79	79	59

The proportion of claimants identified as seasonal benefit, at approximately 30 per cent, was up slightly over February 28, but unchanged from one year ago.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 182,300 initial and renewal claims were filed in local offices across Canada during March, as against 171,600 during February and 195,900 in March 1963. Refinement of these data to exclude claims on behalf of persons seeking re-establishment of credit reduces the total of new cases in each of these months to approximately 136,000.

Beneficiaries and Benefit Payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 537,800 for March, 503,500 for February and 589,700 for March 1963. Benefit payments amounted to \$53.6 million during March in comparison with \$50.1 million in February and \$61.3 million in March 1963. The average weekly payment was \$24.90 for March, \$24.89 for February and \$24.75 for March 1963.

Claims by province

The February-to-March changes, at the provincial level, were relatively small, March totals being somewhat lower in all provinces except Nova Scotia, Quebec and Alberta where small increases occurred. In comparison with one year ago, declines in Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia were relatively larger than elsewhere.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	February 28 to March 31, 1964			March 29, 1963 to March 31, 1964			February 28 to March 29, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 2	- 1	- 3	- 13	- 15	- 5	- 5	- 4	- 7
Nfld.	- 11	- 11	- 12	- 7	- 9	+ 34	- 11	- 10	- 16
P.E.I.	- 7	- 5	- 12	- 6	- 7	-	- 12	- 11	- 20
N.S.	+ 7	+ 9	- 1	+ 1	+ 2	- 6	- 2	- 2	- 4
N.B.	- 1	-	- 8	- 6	- 7	+ 1	- 2	- 1	- 9
Que.	+ 1	+ 1	- 4	- 13	- 14	- 7	- 2	- 2	- 7
Ont.	- 3	- 3	- 1	- 17	- 21	- 6	- 4	- 3	- 4
Man.	- 5	- 6	- 2	- 20	- 22	- 15	- 10	- 10	- 9
Sask.	- 3	- 2	- 8	- 17	- 17	- 20	- 8	- 8	- 7
Alta.	+ 1	+ 1	+ 1	- 6	- 13	+ 29	- 9	- 5	- 24
B.C.	- 5	- 6	- 2	- 14	- 15	- 11	- 9	- 11	- 5

The largest percentage change in claims filed, either from February or from March 1963, occurred in Nova Scotia and was associated with claims arising out of a labour dispute affecting miners.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	February to March 1964			March 1963 to March 1964			February to March 1963		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	+ 6	+ 3	+ 17	- 7	- 8	- 5	+ 4	+ 1	+ 13
Nfld.	+ 4	+ 6	- 4	- 17	- 14	- 29	+ 19	+ 15	+ 43
P.E.I.	+ 13	+ 12	+ 18	+ 1	- 1	+ 20	-	+ 4	- 20
N.S.	+ 54	+ 52	+ 64	+ 17	+ 26	- 10	+ 16	+ 4	+ 73
N.B.	+ 12	+ 8	+ 28	- 2	- 3	- 1	+ 10	+ 9	+ 13
Que.	+ 2	- 1	+ 11	- 5	- 9	+ 5	+ 2	+ 4	- 2
Ont.	+ 2	- 1	+ 9	- 9	- 9	- 11	-	- 4	+ 11
Man.	+ 7	+ 3	+ 20	- 14	- 17	-	+ 4	+ 4	+ 8
Sask.	+ 5	+ 4	+ 12	- 9	- 12	+ 3	+ 3	+ 1	+ 14
Alta.	+ 7	+ 4	+ 18	- 11	- 10	- 15	+ 8	-	+ 34
B.C.	+ 15	+ 1	+ 55	- 9	- 11	- 6	+ 8	- 4	+ 43

Summary table

Activity	Mar. 1964	Feb. 1964	Mar. 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				Feb. 1964	Mar. 1963	January to March		12 months ending March	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,335	4,242	..	..	..	4,255*	..	4,104*
Initial and renewal claims filed	182	172	196	+ 6	- 7	612	704	1,947	2,144
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	597	607	685	- 2	- 13	601*	703*	376*	414*
Regular	420	443	481	- 5	- 13				
S.B.	177	164	204	+ 8	- 13				
S.B. Fishing	25	29	25	- 11	+ 1				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	538	504	590	+ 7	- 9	494*	573*	304*	334*
Weeks compensated	2,151	2,014	2,477	+ 7	- 13	6,016	7,207	14,932	16,610
Benefit paid	\$ 53,551	50,127	61,287	+ 7	- 13	150,090	178,589	365,664	403,182

Average weekly benefit	\$	24.90	24.89	24.75	-	+ 1	24.95	24.78	24.49	24.27
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* Monthly average.

.. Not available.

- Nil.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - February	4,335,000	3,727,900	607,100
January	4,337,000	3,738,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,331,000	3,798,700	532,300
November	4,191,000	3,887,600	303,400
October	4,120,000	3,901,100	218,900
September	4,114,000	3,927,700	186,300
August	4,125,000	3,932,500	192,500
July	4,078,000	3,859,000	219,000
June	4,068,000	3,847,700	220,300
May	3,996,000	3,725,100	270,900
April	4,173,000	3,607,100	565,900
March	4,242,000	3,556,700	685,300
February	4,264,000	3,543,500	720,500

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1964 - March - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	182,291	132,686	49,605	195,918	143,626	52,292
Nfld.	5,402	4,629	773	6,483	5,390	1,093
P.E.I.	996	848	148	983	860	123
N.S.	10,576	8,497	2,079	9,039	6,720	2,319
N.B.	9,257	7,300	1,957	9,460	7,491	1,969
Que.	60,810	44,010	16,800	64,269	48,196	16,073
Ont.	54,561	38,240	16,321	60,150	41,796	18,354
Man.	7,646	6,003	1,643	8,887	7,244	1,643
Sask.	4,823	3,922	901	5,323	4,452	871
Alta.	10,473	7,735	2,738	11,822	8,586	3,236
B.C.	17,747	11,502	6,245	19,502	12,891	6,611

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 41,138.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>March 31, 1964</u>				<u>March 29, 1963</u>
CANADA -	597,250	165,325	231,152	168,791	31,982	685,292
MALE	467,631	132,726	182,900	133,054	18,951	548,207
FEMALE	129,619	32,599	48,252	35,737	13,031	137,085
Nfld.	33,108	5,595	12,136	14,726	651	35,771
Male	30,893	5,194	11,276	13,942	481	34,112
Female	2,215	401	860	784	170	1,659
P.E.I.	6,640	629	2,693	3,198	120	7,046
Male	5,620	535	2,313	2,692	80	6,024
Female	1,020	94	380	506	40	1,022
N.S.	40,324	9,884	17,043	11,753	1,644	40,059
Male	34,923	8,939	15,060	9,820	1,104	34,283
Female	5,401	945	1,983	1,933	540	5,776
N.B.	36,551	8,007	15,043	12,075	1,426	38,780
Male	30,384	7,048	12,934	9,543	859	32,674
Female	6,167	959	2,109	2,532	567	6,106
Que.	187,461	53,783	74,809	47,796	11,073	215,779
Male	153,994	45,730	63,275	38,189	6,800	179,905
Female	33,467	8,053	11,534	9,607	4,273	35,874
Ont.	160,973	48,144	59,817	42,733	10,279	193,995
Male	113,417	34,651	42,249	30,777	5,740	143,492
Female	47,556	13,493	17,568	11,956	4,539	50,503
Man.	25,595	7,609	10,452	6,658	876	32,130
Male	19,272	5,907	7,743	5,078	544	24,719
Female	6,323	1,702	2,709	1,580	332	7,411
Sask.	19,796	4,494	7,842	6,685	775	23,934
Male	16,092	3,310	6,443	5,850	489	19,332
Female	3,704	1,184	1,399	835	286	4,602
Alta.	33,344	10,742	12,349	8,536	1,717	35,593
Male	26,049	9,010	9,238	6,799	1,002	29,923
Female	7,295	1,732	3,111	1,737	715	5,670
B.C.	53,458	16,438	18,968	14,631	3,421	62,205
Male	36,987	12,402	12,369	10,364	1,852	43,743
Female	16,471	4,036	6,599	4,267	1,569	18,462

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by Province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

March - 1964

Canada -	174,803	105,165	42,393	22,296	4,949	49,365	15,982
Nfld.	5,270	3,896	759	539	76	1,768	271
P.E.I.	990	749	131	90	20	317	44
N.S.	6,969	4,556	1,549	717	147	4,850	752
N.B.	8,567	5,976	1,559	901	131	2,532	738
Que.	61,010	36,840	15,135	7,543	1,492	15,917	5,331
Ont.	53,226	30,052	13,984	7,374	1,816	14,318	5,188
Man.	8,133	5,470	1,519	958	186	1,219	371
Sask.	4,468	3,082	732	555	99	1,534	338
Alta.	9,793	5,958	2,096	1,409	330	2,848	1,059
B.C.	16,377	8,586	4,929	2,210	652	4,062	1,890

March - 1963

Canada -	193,232	119,038	46,390	22,974	4,830	45,958	15,132
Nfld.	5,617	4,088	836	590	103	2,176	411
P.E.I.	1,000	807	90	87	16	265	57
N.S.	8,198	5,337	1,940	747	174	2,341	540
N.B.	9,091	6,196	1,835	905	155	2,325	584
Que.	65,571	41,166	15,237	7,677	1,491	15,800	4,589
Ont.	60,025	34,706	16,205	7,278	1,836	12,626	5,085
Man.	8,680	6,094	1,413	1,039	134	2,199	584
Sask.	5,321	3,898	721	618	84	1,466	323
Alta.	10,919	6,649	2,605	1,421	244	3,051	1,126
B.C.	18,810	10,097	5,508	2,612	593	3,709	1,833

(1) In addition 42,360 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 4,085 were special requests not granted and 2,969 were appeals by claimants. There were 10,386 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during March 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1)	8,075	229	35	251	471	3,106	2,306	347	181	407	742
	1963	9,129	250	33	285	499	3,363	2,304	468	195	553	1,179
Claimants disqualified	1964	34,780	808	152	1,231	1,117	11,312	12,048	1,428	959	2,172	3,553
	1963	34,913	819	168	1,168	1,205	11,981	11,902	1,453	930	1,855	3,432
Not unemployed	1964	1,132	38	7	48	31	529	222	56	62	67	72
	1963	1,321	46	12	43	42	564	323	53	75	72	91
Not capable of and not available for work	1964	9,583	173	46	251	275	2,743	3,796	470	351	594	884
	1963	11,032	170	42	341	349	3,183	4,144	680	412	685	1,026
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964	175	-	-	7	-	70	63	5	-	1	29
	1963	377	-	-	3	132	105	131	-	1	-	5
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964	1,905	45	15	112	79	681	601	41	62	84	185
	1963	2,149	36	16	114	43	716	851	64	48	88	173
Discharged for misconduct	1964	1,892	25	6	62	39	682	654	78	42	119	185
	1963	1,868	40	5	51	48	649	668	73	48	101	185
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964	8,807	184	28	259	236	2,810	2,882	382	175	671	1,180
	1963	8,039	172	30	251	214	2,537	2,676	350	218	559	1,032
Other reasons	1964	11,286	343	50	492	457	3,797	3,830	396	267	636	1,018
	1963	10,127	355	63	365	377	4,227	3,109	233	128	350	920
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during March												
	1964	3,083	188	23	123	199	1,169	779	84	49	142	327

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - March - 1963	
Canada -	537.8	589.7
Newfoundland	38.8	35.9
Prince Edward Island	7.2	7.1
Nova Scotia	33.9	34.3
New Brunswick	31.9	33.2
Quebec	169.0	185.4
Ontario	140.2	163.9
Manitoba	22.8	28.7
Saskatchewan	18.1	21.0
Alberta	27.4	30.5
British Columbia	48.4	49.5

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - March - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	2,151,052	53,550,598	2,476,641	61,287,118
Nfld.	155,069	3,788,111	150,971	3,657,285
P.E.I.	28,936	652,675	29,891	661,337
N.S.	135,489	3,110,284	143,915	3,286,444
N.B.	127,599	2,883,334	139,450	3,139,406
Que.	676,042	17,134,482	778,526	19,686,131
Ont.	560,977	14,146,734	688,492	16,976,348
Man.	91,308	2,264,976	120,727	2,985,360
Sask.	72,549	1,818,907	88,397	2,213,837
Alta.	109,429	2,798,903	128,199	3,318,499
B.C.	193,654	4,952,192	208,073	5,362,471

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

March - 1964

Canada -	2,035,024	116,028	83,287
Newfoundland	148,487	6,582	5,235
Prince Edward Island	27,745	1,191	926
Nova Scotia	126,253	9,236	7,416
New Brunswick	120,121	7,478	5,558
Quebec	638,105	37,937	25,735
Ontario	536,858	24,119	15,753
Manitoba	85,554	5,754	4,218
Saskatchewan	68,056	4,493	3,302
Alberta	102,455	6,974	5,326
British Columbia	181,390	12,264	9,818

March - 1963

Canada -	2,324,813	151,828	110,293
Newfoundland	143,725	7,246	6,144
Prince Edward Island	28,741	1,150	861
Nova Scotia	133,947	9,968	8,073
New Brunswick	131,900	7,550	5,175
Quebec	735,195	43,331	27,560
Ontario	642,911	45,581	34,466
Manitoba	113,116	7,611	5,686
Saskatchewan	82,791	5,606	4,097
Alberta	119,637	8,562	6,167
British Columbia	192,850	15,223	12,064

Seasonal Benefit, 1963-64 period

Provisions regulating the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 25, 1963 to mid-May 1964, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 9(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. As a result, claimants exhausting their rights to seasonal benefit and wishing to be re-considered for benefit during this interval would be tested under the regular provisions. However, since the minimum establishment is 12 weeks, (2) exhaustion will not occur before February 22.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, i.e. a minimum of 15 contribution weeks since March 30, 1963. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions during this period, i.e. since March 30, 1963. The authorization will be 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution(2).

Cases failing under class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 18, 1963. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate(3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen)(4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F.).

- 1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing December 2.
- 2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks) claims established subsequent to the week ending February 29, 1964 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and May 16.
- 3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- 4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

Table 3a. - Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province.

Province	1964 - March - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	176,784	141,905	34,879	203,911	166,110	37,801
Nfld.	18,498	17,499	999	18,691	18,135	556
P.E.I.	3,634	3,168	466	3,857	3,382	475
N.S.	14,914	13,229	1,685	15,610	13,709	1,901
N.B.	16,077	13,526	2,551	17,061	14,717	2,344
Que.	51,016	42,300	8,716	60,390	51,047	9,343
Ont.	35,857	24,505	11,352	45,364	31,870	13,494
Man.	7,795	6,147	1,648	8,869	7,276	1,593
Sask.	5,303	4,300	1,003	6,925	5,656	1,269
Alta.	8,300	6,546	1,754	8,018	6,766	1,252
B.C.	15,390	10,685	4,705	19,126	13,552	5,574

Table 3b. - Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a.

Province	1964 - March - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	25,461	25,391	70	25,211	25,104	107
Nfld.	10,336	10,336	-	9,487	9,467	20
P.E.I.	1,625	1,605	20	1,589	1,562	27
N.S.	5,278	5,273	5	5,422	5,421	1
N.B.	3,522	3,505	17	3,418	3,403	15
Que.	1,003	991	12	1,189	1,182	7
Ont.	469	462	7	589	580	9
Man.	504	504	-	287	287	-
Sask.	3	3	-	1	1	-
Alta.	47	47	-	16	16	-
B.C.	2,674	2,665	9	3,213	3,185	28

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established **and no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
APRIL 1964

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)



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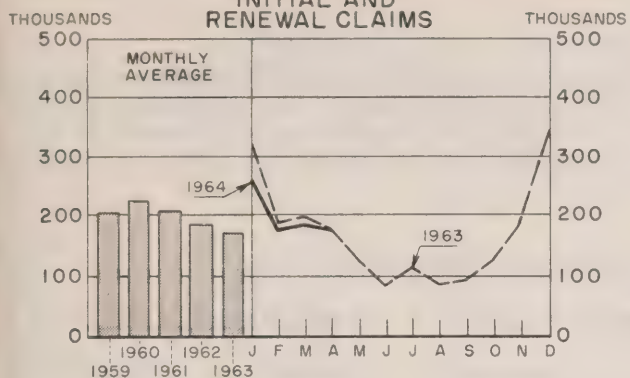
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

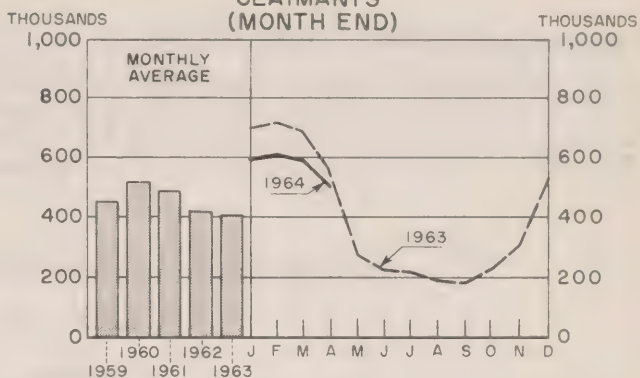
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

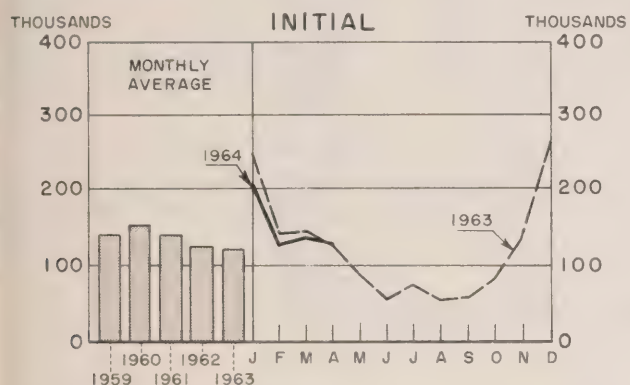
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



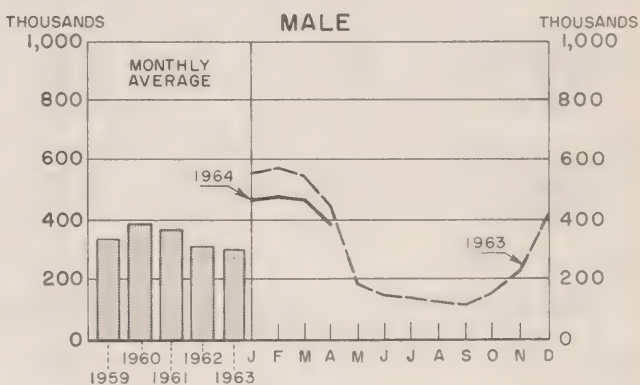
CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



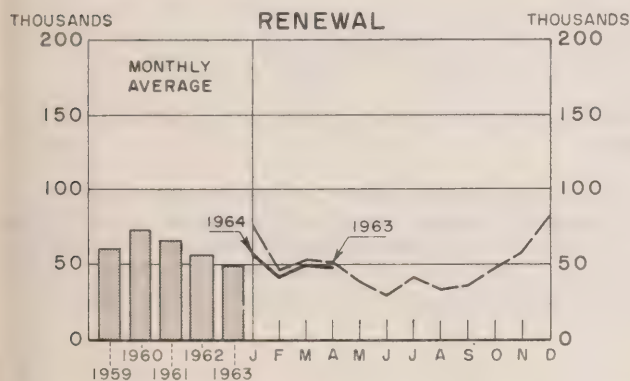
INITIAL



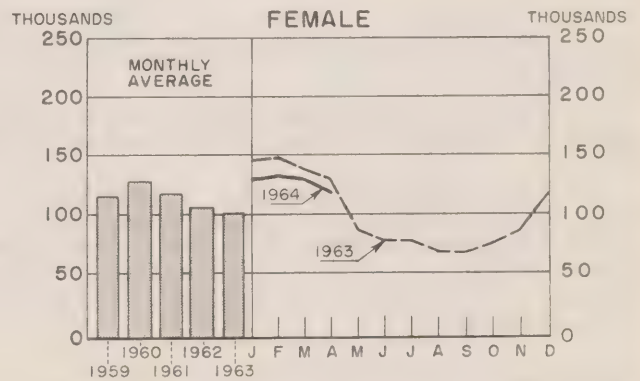
MALE



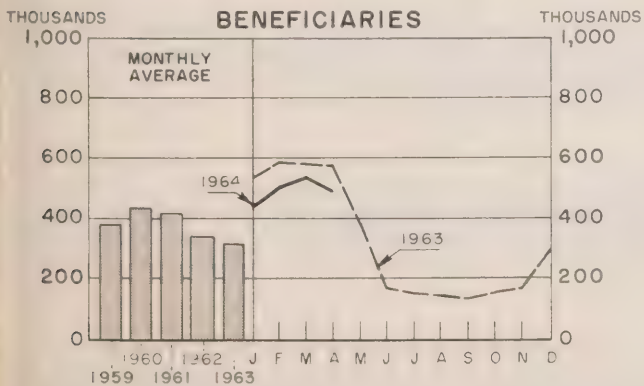
RENEWAL



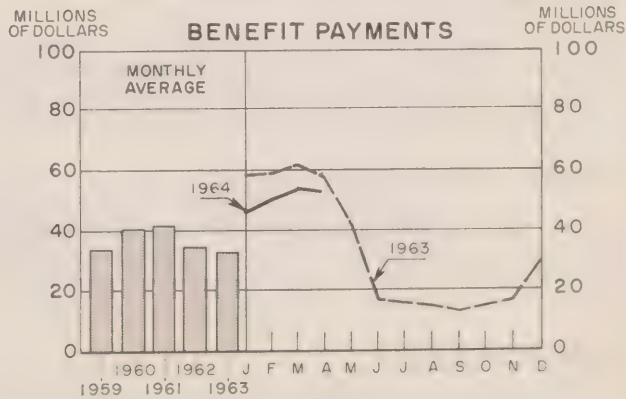
FEMALE



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

APRIL 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 497,745 on April 30, 100,000 fewer than on March 31 and about 70,000 below the 565,928 recorded for April 30, 1963. Over the month, males declined by 87,000, compared with 13,000 for females. Exhaustion of seasonal benefit accounted for some of the decrease in the April count but seasonal improvement in the demand for labour was also a factor.

Numerical and percentage changes in the month-end claimant count

	<u>Change from March 31, 1964</u>		<u>Change from April 30, 1963</u>	
	<u>Numerical</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Numerical</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
All claimants	- 99,505	- 17	- 68,183	- 12
Males	- 86,988	- 19	- 57,695	- 13
Females	- 12,517	- 10	- 10,488	- 8
Regular benefit	- 81,687	- 19	- 40,071	- 11
Males	- 71,835	- 22	- 34,115	- 12
Females	- 9,852	- 10	- 5,956	- 7
Seasonal benefit	- 17,818	- 10	- 28,112	- 15
Males	- 15,153	- 11	- 23,580	- 16
Females	- 2,665	- 8	- 4,532	- 12
Fishing S.B.	- 11,077	- 44	- 685	- 5

The marked rate of decline in fishing seasonal benefit is associated with exhaustion of benefit rights.

The average claimant reporting on April 30 had been on continuous claim for 13 weeks. For males, the average was 13 weeks, for females, 15 weeks.

It is estimated that about 150,000 persons eligible to receive benefit ceased to claim and returned to work during the month. Examination of the summary table, page 7, reveals that the volume of claimants, averaged for the period January to April, and total payments over the same interval, are running 15 per cent below that for the same period in 1963. This is contrasted with a somewhat smaller decline in claims filed (10 per cent) and reflects the generally improved employment opportunities in the current year.

Initial and renewal claims

Claims in April, at 175,430, were down slightly from March (182,291) but unchanged from one year ago. A substantial portion of the initial claims (52,000 or over 40 per cent) were taken on behalf of persons terminating regular benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits. The great majority of these persons would be eligible only for seasonal benefit.

Beneficiaries and Benefit Payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 484,600 for April, 537,800 for March and 582,000 for April 1963. Benefit payments amounted to \$52.6 million during April, in comparison with \$53.6 million in March and \$57.6 million during April 1963. The average weekly payment was \$24.66 for April, \$24.90 for March and \$24.73 for April 1963.

Claims by province

The rate of decline, from March 1964 and from April 1963, in the claimant count, varied as between the provinces, due partly to differing employment opportunities and partly to the relative importance of seasonal benefit claimants.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	<u>March 31 to April 30, 1964</u>			<u>April 30, 1963 to April 30, 1964</u>			<u>March 29 to April 30, 1963</u>		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 17	- 19	- 10	- 12	- 13	- 8	- 17	- 20	- 7
Nfld.	- 18	- 19	- 5	- 8	- 10	+ 41	- 18	- 18	- 10
P.E.I.	- 30	- 31	- 25	- 7	- 6	- 10	- 30	- 32	- 17
N.S.	- 20	- 22	- 7	- 7	- 7	- 6	- 14	- 15	- 8
N.B.	- 12	- 11	- 17	- 8	- 9	- 5	- 10	- 9	- 12
Que.	- 15	- 18	- 5	- 12	- 13	- 7	- 16	- 19	- 5
Ont.	- 19	- 23	- 10	- 14	- 16	- 8	- 23	- 27	- 8
Man.	- 8	- 5	- 16	- 14	- 13	- 19	- 14	- 15	- 12
Sask.	- 28	- 32	- 11	- 18	- 19	- 15	- 28	- 30	- 16
Alta.	- 12	- 10	- 17	- 8	- 8	- 8	- 10	- 15	+ 16
B.C.	- 15	- 17	- 10	- 16	- 17	- 13	- 13	- 15	- 7

The movement of the claim volume in April was uneven, as between the provinces, as the following table illustrates:

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	<u>March to April 1964</u>			<u>April 1963 to April 1964</u>			<u>March to April 1963</u>		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 4	- 4	- 3	-	+ 2	- 5	- 10	- 13	- 3
Nfld.	+ 17	+ 15	+ 29	+ 9	+ 9	+ 12	- 11	- 9	- 18
P.E.I.	+ 20	+ 21	+ 12	-	+ 6	- 25	+ 21	+ 16	+ 79
N.S.	- 12	- 18	+ 12	+ 6	+ 7	+ 1	- 2	- 2	-
N.B.	+ 4	-	+ 18	- 7	+ 2	- 26	+ 9	- 4	+ 59
Que.	- 6	- 9	+ 1	+ 5	+ 2	+ 13	- 15	- 18	- 7
Ont.	- 11	- 9	- 14	- 6	- 3	- 13	- 14	- 15	- 12
Man.	-	- 5	+ 16	+ 5	+ 4	+ 9	- 18	- 24	+ 7
Sask.	- 4	-	- 18	- 3	- 1	- 12	- 10	- 12	- 4
Alta.	+ 9	+ 13	+ 1	- 4	+ 3	- 21	+ 1	- 1	+ 8
B.C.	+ 8	+ 16	- 5	+ 1	+ 9	- 12	- 3	- 5	+ 2

Industrial Classification of Persons Separated from Employment and
Filing Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance during
March 1964

New cases of recorded unemployment stood at 69,600 in March, about 110,000 fewer than in December but unchanged from one year ago. Significant declines occurred in all industries except logging and mining where the volume of claims was equal to that of December. The bulk of the March new cases (almost two-thirds) were concentrated in logging, manufacturing and construction.

Table 1. Percentage distribution of claims(1) by Industry and Province
March 1964 and 1963

<u>Industry group</u>		<u>Canada</u>	<u>Nfld.</u>	<u>P.E.I.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
Total new cases (000's)	1964	69.6	1.3	(3)	5.3	3.5	24.3	20.3	2.9	1.8	4.0	6.5
	1963	69.4	1.9	(3)	3.1	2.7	24.6	21.8	3.0	1.5	4.2	6.5
Per cent distribution												
Forestry (mainly logging)	1964	20	30		7	38	29	17	8	4	5	11
	1963	15	14		15	31	22	9	9	1	4	11
Fishing(4) and trapping	1964	1	5		1	1	(2)	(2)	11	-	(2)	5
	1963	1	3		3	3	-	-	10	-	(2)	6
Mining	1964	5	-		54	(2)	1	1	1	8	9	2
	1963	3	4		17	1	1	1	1	8	10	2
Manufacturing	1964	23	6		9	17	21	32	18	9	16	28
	1963	29	25		24	14	29	38	19	10	16	30
Construction	1964	18	22		8	16	15	20	24	31	29	13
	1963	16	17		15	16	14	17	17	22	25	9
Transportation, communication and other utilities	1964	7	8		9	9	7	6	7	10	6	5
	1963	7	12		7	13	6	6	11	14	7	7
Trade	1964	11	16		7	9	10	10	14	18	17	18
	1963	14	16		9	11	11	14	16	22	25	15
Service	1964	9	8		4	3	10	10	9	11	10	13
	1963	10	5		5	4	10	11	11	14	7	16
Public administration and defence	1964	4	6		1	4	5	2	4	6	6	3
	1963	3	3		2	4	5	2	3	4	3	2
Other	1964	2	1		1	3	3	2	4	2	2	2
	1963	2	1		3	3	2	2	3	5	3	2
All cases	1964	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1963	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

(2) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

(3) Less than 500.

(4) Persons whose reported occupation under covered employment was "fisherman" were coded to the fishing industry even though the nature of business of the most recent employer was other than fishing. This differs from the general coding practice of assigning a single code on the basis of the principal activity of the employer. However, fishermen report themselves usually as self-employed.

At the provincial level, there was no marked deviation from last year except in Nova Scotia where there was a heavy concentration of claims from persons indirectly affected by a labour dispute in the mining industry.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - March	4,373,000	3,775,700	597,300
February	4,340,000	3,732,900	607,100
January	4,337,000	3,738,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,331,000	3,798,700	532,300
November	4,191,000	3,887,600	303,400
October	4,120,000	3,901,100	218,900
September	4,114,000	3,927,700	186,300
August	4,125,000	3,932,500	192,500
July	4,078,000	3,859,000	219,000
June	4,068,000	3,847,700	220,300
May	3,996,000	3,725,100	270,900
April	4,173,000	3,607,100	565,900
March	4,242,000	3,556,700	685,300

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1964 - April - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	175,430	127,282	48,148	175,594	125,017	50,577
Nfld.	6,316	5,315	1,001	5,783	4,892	891
P.E.I.	1,192	1,026	166	1,187	967	220
N.S.	9,308	6,981	2,327	8,821	6,510	2,311
N.B.	9,619	7,318	2,301	10,319	7,196	3,123
Que.	57,233	40,243	16,990	54,597	39,596	15,001
Ont.	48,783	34,730	14,053	51,868	35,663	16,205
Man.	7,636	5,727	1,909	7,258	5,503	1,755
Sask.	4,641	3,905	736	4,772	3,933	839
Alta.	11,467	8,705	2,762	11,980	8,475	3,505
B.C.	19,235	13,332	5,903	19,009	12,282	6,727

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 40,279.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>April 30, 1964</u>				<u>April 30, 1963</u>
CANADA -	497,745	140,020	158,649	161,846	37,230	565,928
MALE	380,643	109,879	123,637	124,770	22,357	438,338
FEMALE	117,102	30,141	35,012	37,076	14,873	127,590
Nfld.	27,229	5,885	8,546	11,654	1,144	29,504
Male	25,120	5,591	7,853	10,880	796	28,006
Female	2,109	294	693	774	348	1,498
P.E.I.	4,624	767	1,015	2,702	140	4,948
Male	3,863	640	814	2,318	91	4,103
Female	761	127	201	384	49	845
N.S.	32,109	7,230	8,936	13,997	1,946	34,394
Male	27,105	6,052	7,551	12,179	1,323	29,074
Female	5,004	1,178	1,385	1,818	623	5,320
N.B.	32,197	6,715	9,583	13,976	1,923	35,011
Male	27,073	6,000	8,491	11,438	1,144	29,636
Female	5,124	715	1,092	2,538	779	5,375
Que.	158,861	43,338	56,275	46,854	12,394	180,591
Male	126,956	34,703	47,442	37,358	7,453	146,398
Female	31,905	8,635	8,833	9,496	4,941	34,193
Ont.	129,831	38,703	40,503	38,939	11,686	150,333
Male	87,131	27,108	27,295	26,010	6,718	104,079
Female	42,700	11,595	13,208	12,929	4,968	46,254
Man.	23,533	6,683	7,369	8,191	1,290	27,516
Male	18,226	5,101	5,600	6,672	853	20,982
Female	5,307	1,582	1,769	1,519	437	6,534
Sask.	14,178	3,721	4,186	5,424	847	17,328
Male	10,884	2,980	3,130	4,334	440	13,460
Female	3,294	741	1,056	1,090	407	3,868
Alta.	29,502	11,148	8,681	7,956	1,717	32,009
Male	23,428	9,556	6,758	6,049	1,065	25,433
Female	6,074	1,592	1,923	1,907	652	6,576
B.C.	45,681	15,830	13,555	12,153	4,143	54,294
Male	30,857	12,148	8,703	7,532	2,474	37,167
Female	14,824	3,682	4,852	4,621	1,669	17,127

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

April - 1964

Canada -	197,150	118,568	46,323	26,308	5,951	31,771	11,856
Nfld.	6,447	4,850	820	646	131	1,587	321
P.E.I.	1,366	1,068	171	116	11	159	28
N.S.	13,175	9,282	2,490	1,188	215	1,361	374
N.B.	10,997	7,383	2,456	988	170	1,479	413
Que.	63,338	37,394	15,966	8,139	1,839	10,627	4,516
Ont.	56,117	31,926	13,698	8,441	2,052	8,681	3,491
Man.	7,854	4,924	1,766	982	182	1,040	332
Sask.	5,589	3,895	818	764	112	780	144
Alta.	12,043	7,078	2,604	1,913	448	2,562	769
B.C.	20,224	10,768	5,534	3,131	791	3,495	1,468

April - 1963

Canada -	190,717	115,275	47,837	22,423	5,182	33,277	12,690
Nfld.	6,244	4,565	882	682	115	1,821	305
P.E.I.	1,177	885	195	74	23	273	59
N.S.	9,952	6,734	2,238	776	204	1,341	409
N.B.	10,963	7,058	2,935	805	165	1,658	607
Que.	60,098	37,950	14,003	6,630	1,515	10,816	4,072
Ont.	56,285	31,806	15,268	7,354	1,857	9,129	4,165
Man.	8,165	5,384	1,717	926	138	1,392	484
Sask.	5,201	3,701	848	572	80	1,126	234
Alta.	12,474	7,196	3,412	1,593	273	2,737	946
B.C.	20,158	9,996	6,339	3,011	812	2,984	1,409

(1) In addition 42,178 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 3,908 were special requests not granted and 2,749 were appeals by claimants. There were 8,487 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during April 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1)	11,556	291	65	534	552	3,956	3,162	462	311	823	1,400
	1963	9,657	262	33	317	445	2,922	2,763	421	228	689	1,577
Claimants disqualified	1964	37,217	1,021	140	1,480	1,272	11,992	12,588	1,419	1,020	2,375	3,910
	1963	34,312	836	151	1,225	1,055	11,769	11,614	1,296	851	1,885	3,630
Not unemployed	1964	935	34	6	29	29	376	178	62	57	99	65
	1963	1,112	132	4	49	72	312	239	45	62	86	111
Not capable of and not available for work	1964	10,558	206	24	346	302	3,180	4,037	452	355	648	1,008
	1963	10,784	165	31	317	294	3,240	4,077	595	365	637	1,063
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964	335	-	1	110	17	32	159	6	-	1	9
	1963	164	-	-	6	-	126	30	-	-	-	2
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964	2,251	92	24	93	66	750	790	68	90	71	207
	1963	2,225	36	29	111	52	699	936	67	57	79	159
Discharged for misconduct	1964	1,872	33	6	38	65	748	632	53	33	100	164
	1963	1,639	39	2	58	39	557	577	56	33	120	158
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964	9,113	183	27	290	248	2,691	3,187	305	209	626	1,347
	1963	7,494	154	31	229	177	2,252	2,610	306	181	517	1,037
Other reasons	1964	12,153	473	52	574	545	4,215	3,605	473	276	830	1,110
	1963	10,894	310	54	455	421	4,583	3,145	227	153	446	1,100
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during April												
	1964	2,726	132	14	141	193	931	679	96	67	124	349

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - April - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	484.6	582.0
Newfoundland	28.1	31.5
Prince Edward Island	5.9	6.4
Nova Scotia	31.8	35.1
New Brunswick	31.3	34.9
Quebec	155.8	189.7
Ontario	127.6	158.5
Manitoba	24.0	28.3
Saskatchewan	15.4	19.0
Alberta	27.0	31.4
British Columbia	37.7	47.3

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - April - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	2,132,051	52,582,772	2,328,024	57,583,100
Nfld.	123,809	3,085,011	126,010	3,100,132
P.E.I.	25,742	578,609	25,535	565,375
N.S.	140,040	3,157,407	140,073	3,158,262
N.B.	137,514	3,196,757	139,511	3,198,481
Que.	685,639	17,204,815	758,895	19,051,271
Ont.	561,638	13,783,123	634,130	15,524,017
Man.	105,444	2,671,589	113,276	2,760,174
Sask.	67,703	1,694,262	75,827	1,875,046
Alta.	118,682	3,023,085	125,569	3,233,844
B.C.	165,840	4,188,114	189,198	5,116,498

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

<u>April - 1964</u>			
Canada -	1,987,026	145,025	106,200
Newfoundland	117,396	6,413	4,813
Prince Edward Island	24,318	1,424	921
Nova Scotia	126,220	13,820	9,286
New Brunswick	129,194	8,320	5,666
Quebec	640,858	44,781	32,086
Ontario	523,583	38,055	28,882
Manitoba	98,336	7,108	5,483
Saskatchewan	63,194	4,509	3,282
Alberta	109,887	8,795	6,635
British Columbia	154,040	11,800	9,146

<u>April - 1963</u>			
Canada -	2,165,391	162,633	117,084
Newfoundland	118,990	7,020	5,471
Prince Edward Island	24,111	1,424	947
Nova Scotia	127,820	12,253	9,672
New Brunswick	130,530	8,981	6,030
Quebec	711,708	47,187	30,304
Ontario	587,618	46,512	34,773
Manitoba	104,892	8,384	6,609
Saskatchewan	70,345	5,482	4,009
Alberta	116,093	9,476	7,079
British Columbia	173,284	15,914	12,190

Seasonal Benefit, 1963-64 period

Provisions regulating the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 25, 1963 to mid-May 1964, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 9(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. As a result, claimants exhausting their rights to seasonal benefit and wishing to be re-considered for benefit during this interval would be tested under the regular provisions. However, since the minimum establishment is 12 weeks, (2) exhaustion will not occur before February 22.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, i.e. a minimum of 15 contribution weeks since March 30, 1963. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions during this period, i.e. since March 30, 1963. The authorization will be 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution(2).

Cases failing under class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 18, 1963. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate(3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen)(4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F.).

- (1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing December 2.
- (2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks) claims established subsequent to the week ending February 29, 1964 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and May 16.
- (3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- (4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

Table 3a. - Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province.

Province	1964 - April - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	158,966	126,752	32,214	187,078	150,332	36,746
Nfld.	14,881	14,001	880	15,489	15,016	473
P.E.I.	2,682	2,290	392	2,740	2,332	408
N.S.	13,002	11,435	1,567	13,414	11,640	1,774
N.B.	14,317	12,037	2,280	15,387	13,318	2,069
Que.	49,100	40,675	8,425	57,906	48,894	9,012
Ont.	32,476	21,584	10,892	41,727	29,091	12,636
Man.	7,659	6,305	1,354	9,630	7,857	1,773
Sask.	4,847	3,878	969	6,093	4,987	1,106
Alta.	7,358	6,140	1,218	8,918	6,634	2,284
B.C.	12,644	8,407	4,237	15,774	10,563	5,211

Table 3b. - Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a.

Province	1964 - April - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	14,384	14,361	23	15,069	15,016	53
Nfld.	5,527	5,527	-	6,574	6,563	11
P.E.I.	774	768	6	665	647	18
N.S.	3,658	3,653	5	3,299	3,298	1
N.B.	1,904	1,898	6	1,692	1,689	3
Que.	627	626	1	709	704	5
Ont.	225	222	3	249	245	4
Man.	369	369	-	329	329	-
Sask.	3	3	-	1	1	-
Alta.	32	31	1	30	30	-
B.C.	1,265	1,264	1	1,521	1,510	11

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established **and no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

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THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
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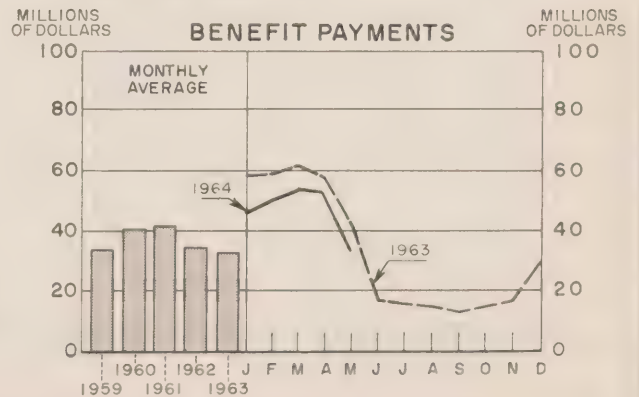
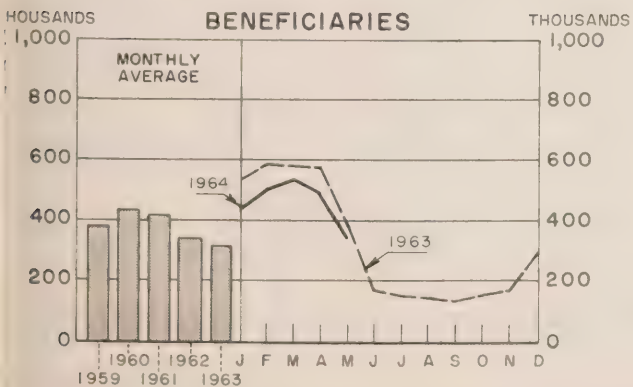
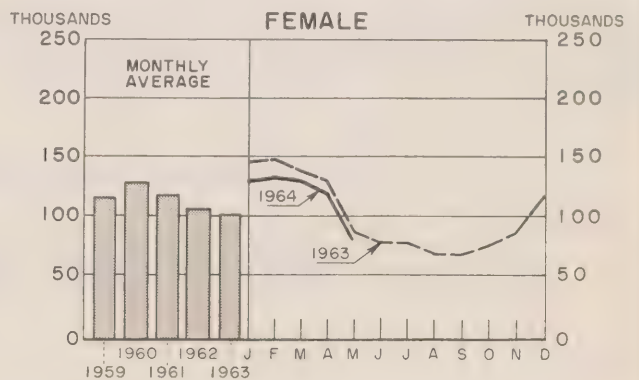
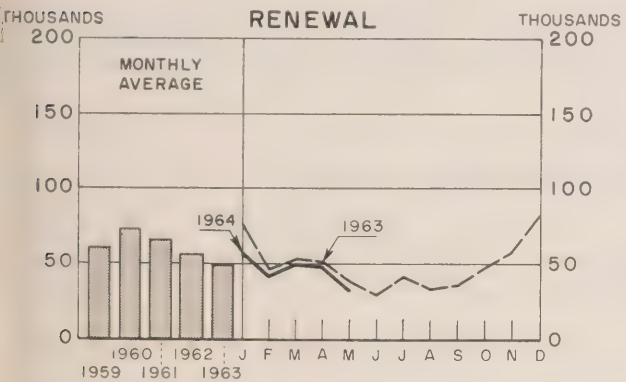
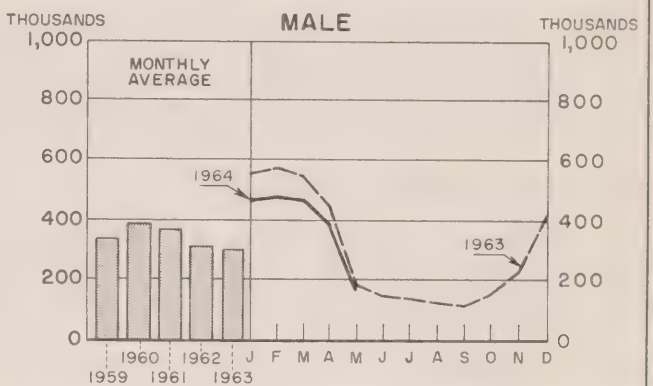
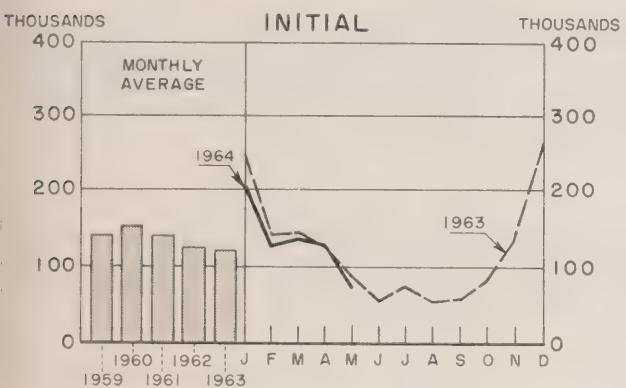
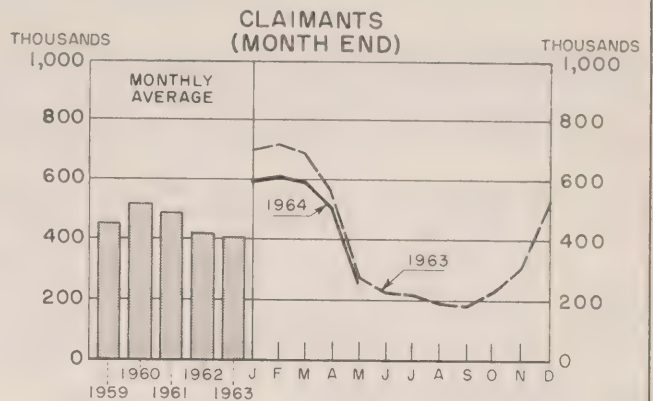
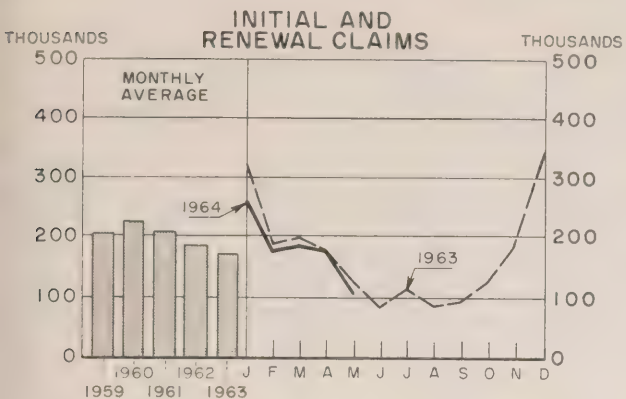
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

MAY 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Seasonal benefit was not payable for unemployment occurring after May 16. The claimant count for May, therefore, represents claimants for regular benefit only.

Claimants numbered 250,054 on May 29, in comparison with 270,892 on the same date one year ago. On April 30 this year, the total was 497,745, comprising 338,779 regular and 158,966 seasonal benefit.

Close to one-third of the end-of-May claimants, both this year and one year ago, were women; this is in sharp contrast with the end of April when women made up less than one-quarter of the total. The sharp decline in the proportion of male claimants in May is associated with the seasonal pickup in industries, such as construction, employing mainly men.

Initial and Renewal claims

A total of 105,182 initial and renewal claims were filed during May, as against 175,430 during April and 122,911 during May 1963. More than a third of the initial claims were on behalf of persons exhausting regular benefit and requesting additional credits under the seasonal benefit provisions. Persons failing to fulfil the requirements for regular benefit would not have their claim considered for seasonal benefit if the claim were filed subsequent to May 16.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 340,300 for May, 484,600 for April and 387,600 for May 1963. Benefit payments, at \$33.1 million, were almost \$20 million less than for April and \$8 million lower than May 1963. Part of the April to May decline is associated with the termination of seasonal benefit on May 16.(1)

Claims by province

Variations in the relative importance of seasonal benefit, as between provinces, have their impact on the April-to-May changes in the month-end claimant count. For this reason, month-to-month percentage changes are not provided, for claimants. Year-over-year changes apply to regular claimants, only.

Percentage changes in month-end count of regular claimants

	May 31, 1963 to May 29, 1964			May 31, 1962 to May 31, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 8	- 8	- 7	+ 3	+ 3	+ 3
Nfld.	+ 1	- 4	+ 41	- 14	- 13	- 18
P.E.I.	- 17	- 14	- 23	+ 20	+ 22	+ 16
N.S.	- 4	- 5	- 2	- 3	- 6	+ 9
N.B.	- 13	- 13	- 13	+ 9	+ 10	+ 9
Que.	- 6	- 6	- 9	+ 7	+ 8	+ 5
Ont.	- 13	- 18	- 6	+ 2	+ 2	+ 1
Man.	- 11	- 10	- 11	+ 2	-	+ 6
Sask.	- 11	- 8	- 16	- 8	- 8	- 8
Alta.	-	+ 6	- 15	+ 8	+ 7	+ 9
B.C.	- 1	+ 2	- 5	- 2	- 4	+ 1

The April-to-May decline in claims filed, while substantial in all provinces, was relatively smaller in British Columbia, Quebec and Ontario.

(1) However, in order to compensate for unemployment occurring prior to and including the week of May 10-16, seasonal benefit payments would have been made, as usual, during the week of May 17-23 and residual payments will continue to be made until all cases are cleared.

Percentage changes in claims filed

	April to May 1964			May 1963 to May 1964			April to May 1963		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 40	- 42	- 34	- 14	- 15	- 14	- 30	- 31	- 26
Nfld.	- 51	- 49	- 60	- 15	- 14	- 19	- 37	- 36	- 44
P.E.I.	- 63	- 66	- 48	- 17	- 21	-	- 55	- 54	- 61
N.S.	- 48	- 53	- 32	+ 2	- 12	+ 53	- 47	- 43	- 55
N.B.	- 56	- 53	- 64	- 25	- 25	- 25	- 45	- 37	- 64
Que.	- 35	- 39	- 25	- 7	- 11	+ 1	- 26	- 30	- 16
Ont.	- 38	- 40	- 32	- 25	- 22	- 31	- 22	- 26	- 13
Man.	- 50	- 48	- 56	- 20	- 18	- 27	- 34	- 34	- 35
Sask.	- 61	- 63	- 54	- 26	- 25	- 29	- 49	- 51	- 42
Alta.	- 52	- 52	- 51	- 15	- 9	- 29	- 45	- 45	- 46
B.C.	- 29	- 30	- 29	- 1	-	- 4	- 28	- 24	- 35

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	May 1964	April 1964	May 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				April 1964	May 1963	January to May		12 months ending May	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
		(Thousands)				(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,272	3,996	..	..	..	4,187*	..	4,106*
Initial and renewal claims filed	105	175	123	- 40	- 14	893	1,002	1,929	2,123
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	250	498	271	**	- 8	510*	589*	369*	415*
Regular	250	339	271	- 26	- 8				
S.B.	**	159	**	**	**				
S.B. Fishing	**	14	**	**	**				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	340	485	388	- 30	- 12	461*	538*	292*	332*
Weeks compensated	1,361	2,132	1,706	- 36	- 20	9,510	11,240	14,392	16,636
Benefit paid	\$ 33,117	52,583	41,147	- 37	- 20	235,790	277,318	352,635	404,855
Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.33	24.66	24.12	- 1	+ 1	24.79	24.67	24.50	24.34

* Monthly average.

** Seasonal benefit is not payable in respect of unemployment occurring after May 16, hence, totals are not comparable.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - April	4,272,000	3,774,300	497,700
March	4,349,000	3,751,700	597,300
February	4,340,000	3,732,900	607,100
January	4,337,000	3,738,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,331,000	3,798,700	532,300
November	4,191,000	3,887,600	303,400
October	4,120,000	3,901,100	218,900
September	4,114,000	3,927,700	186,300
August	4,125,000	3,932,500	192,500
July	4,078,000	3,859,000	219,000
June	4,068,000	3,847,700	220,300
May	3,996,000	3,725,100	270,900
April	4,173,000	3,607,100	565,900

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1964 - May - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	105,182	73,249	31,933	122,911	85,696	37,215
Nfld.	3,106	2,702	404	3,650	3,152	498
P.E.I.	438	352	86	530	444	86
N.S.	4,846	3,272	1,574	4,735	3,706	1,029
N.B.	4,251	3,413	838	5,643	4,522	1,121
Que.	37,421	24,709	12,712	40,288	27,725	12,563
Ont.	30,379	20,767	9,612	40,572	26,550	14,022
Man.	3,826	2,982	844	4,793	3,644	1,149
Sask.	1,802	1,460	342	2,428	1,944	484
Alta.	5,543	4,193	1,350	6,539	4,629	1,910
B.C.	13,570	9,399	4,171	13,733	9,380	4,353

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 33,086.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>May 29, 1964</u>				<u>May 31, 1963</u>
CANADA -	250,054	83,474	80,434	61,330	24,816	270,892
MALE	171,311	58,821	57,880	40,775	13,835	185,998
FEMALE	78,743	24,653	22,554	20,555	10,981	84,894
Nfld.	8,568	2,054	2,930	2,827	757	8,518
Male	7,289	1,735	2,627	2,403	524	7,611
Female	1,279	319	303	424	233	907
P.E.I.	916	201	280	301	134	1,101
Male	639	131	216	205	87	740
Female	277	70	64	96	47	361
N.S.	13,660	3,677	4,475	4,117	1,391	14,277
Male	10,600	2,958	3,503	3,212	927	11,157
Female	3,060	719	972	905	464	3,120
N.B.	11,790	2,869	4,560	3,192	1,169	13,558
Male	9,247	2,270	3,909	2,422	646	10,640
Female	2,543	599	651	770	523	2,918
Que.	80,794	28,579	26,531	18,354	7,330	86,284
Male	58,640	21,129	20,065	13,302	4,144	62,054
Female	22,154	7,450	6,466	5,052	3,186	24,230
Ont.	70,727	24,630	20,973	17,410	7,714	81,248
Male	41,287	14,632	12,661	9,838	4,156	50,045
Female	29,440	9,998	8,312	7,572	3,558	31,203
Man.	11,434	2,840	3,975	3,371	1,248	12,820
Male	7,650	1,924	2,791	2,187	748	8,546
Female	3,784	916	1,184	1,184	500	4,274
Sask.	5,468	1,311	1,589	1,605	963	6,138
Male	3,522	962	1,157	1,100	303	3,835
Female	1,946	349	432	505	660	2,303
Alta.	17,197	5,466	5,803	4,472	1,456	17,231
Male	12,797	4,210	4,708	3,038	841	12,037
Female	4,400	1,256	1,095	1,434	615	5,194
B.C.	29,500	11,847	9,318	5,681	2,654	29,717
Male	19,640	8,870	6,243	3,068	1,459	19,333
Female	9,860	2,977	3,075	2,613	1,195	10,384

1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

ote: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

May 1964

Canada -	116,078	57,979	30,479	22,855	4,765	24,186	8,545
Nfld.	4,006	2,670	501	716	119	903	105
P.E.I.	516	372	63	65	16	74	35
N.S.	5,363	2,904	1,491	850	118	879	339
N.B.	4,880	3,259	875	637	109	996	267
Que.	40,672	19,092	12,582	7,536	1,462	8,708	3,184
Ont.	32,884	15,383	8,736	7,117	1,648	6,948	2,719
Man.	4,219	2,447	787	819	166	756	223
Sask.	2,336	1,425	322	498	91	317	73
Alta.	7,318	3,988	1,416	1,592	322	1,175	381
B.C.	13,884	6,439	3,706	3,025	714	3,430	1,219

May 1963

Canada -	137,289	71,687	35,158	25,187	5,257	22,099	9,490
Nfld.	4,865	3,396	553	793	123	784	127
P.E.I.	780	539	107	116	18	62	20
N.S.	5,576	3,491	1,063	841	181	715	194
N.B.	6,873	4,395	1,332	987	159	798	237
Que.	43,794	23,282	11,508	7,330	1,674	7,929	3,453
Ont.	43,226	20,353	12,851	8,126	1,896	7,200	3,440
Man.	5,535	2,885	1,136	1,374	140	777	357
Sask.	3,248	2,101	493	558	96	411	129
Alta.	8,349	4,388	2,077	1,616	268	1,362	511
B.C.	15,043	6,857	4,038	3,446	702	2,061	1,022

(1) In addition 34,197 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 3,039 were special requests not granted and 2,018 were appeals by claimants. There were 7,376 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1)	12,189	411	31	481	381	4,475	3,418	455	189	786	1,562
	1963	12,951	437	75	381	577	3,675	3,755	903	232	894	2,022
Claimants disqualified	1964	29,620	754	146	1,067	830	9,724	9,823	1,162	795	1,910	3,409
	1963	35,860	780	156	1,241	1,260	12,490	12,121	1,315	830	1,946	3,721
Not unemployed	1964	572	14	4	39	28	190	149	25	25	48	50
	1963	791	40	9	43	55	221	198	28	42	60	95
Not capable of and not available for work	1964	8,520	126	37	258	192	2,659	3,115	419	314	580	820
	1963	11,792	153	32	324	331	3,598	4,441	618	338	761	1,196
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964	258	10	-	3	-	29	27	-	-	1	188
	1963	138	-	-	-	-	99	30	-	-	-	9
Refused offer of work and neglected opportu- nity to work	1964	2,141	25	25	139	45	723	800	63	76	79	166
	1963	2,833	41	45	86	87	964	1,116	104	92	109	189
Discharged for misconduct	1964	1,292	15	4	42	34	503	419	45	20	85	125
	1963	1,554	38	3	60	49	573	517	58	22	85	149
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964	6,843	148	16	196	166	2,018	2,273	244	162	525	1,095
	1963	7,836	153	28	292	225	2,327	2,702	300	190	507	1,112
Other reasons	1964	9,994	416	60	390	365	3,602	3,040	366	198	592	965
	1963	10,916	355	39	436	513	4,708	3,117	207	146	424	971
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during May 1964			86	7	74	103	720	611	78	45	122	308

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - May - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	340.3	387.6
Newfoundland	19.8	21.0
Prince Edward Island	2.8	3.2
Nova Scotia	19.1	23.3
New Brunswick	20.4	25.1
Quebec	110.2	124.4
Ontario	87.2	101.9
Manitoba	16.6	19.3
Saskatchewan	8.8	11.1
Alberta	19.8	22.1
British Columbia	35.6	36.3

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - May - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	1,361,151	33,117,274	1,705,628	41,146,612
Nfld.	79,240	1,994,406	92,198	2,267,884
P.E.I.	11,260	244,859	14,226	308,389
N.S.	76,205	1,672,432	102,673	2,288,579
N.B.	81,574	1,891,493	110,382	2,528,299
Que.	440,973	10,870,868	547,370	13,455,837
Ont.	348,843	8,423,407	448,214	10,647,621
Man.	66,296	1,601,977	84,729	2,016,537
Sask.	35,326	848,430	48,967	1,153,007
Alta.	79,159	2,021,084	97,117	2,499,771
B.C.	142,275	3,548,318	159,752	3,980,688

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

May 1964

Canada -	1,253,356	107,795	84,032
Newfoundland	73,894	5,346	4,198
Prince Edward Island	10,228	1,032	839
Nova Scotia	67,174	9,031	7,396
New Brunswick	74,261	7,313	5,699
Quebec	406,409	34,564	26,227
Ontario	323,285	25,558	19,944
Manitoba	60,834	5,462	4,390
Saskatchewan	32,417	2,909	2,297
Alberta	72,899	6,260	4,963
British Columbia	131,955	10,320	8,079

May 1963

Canada -	1,563,475	142,153	107,403
Newfoundland			
Prince Edward Island	85,031	7,167	5,946
Nova Scotia	13,125	1,101	839
New Brunswick	90,839	11,834	9,772
Quebec	100,391	9,991	7,459
Ontario	506,212	41,158	29,015
Manitoba	411,050	37,164	28,432
Saskatchewan	77,446	7,283	5,770
Alberta	44,657	4,310	3,272
British Columbia	88,641	8,476	6,421
	146,083	13,669	10,477

Seasonal Benefit

Claims considered under the seasonal benefit provisions accounted for more than 40 per cent of the initial claims processed during the 1963-64 seasonal benefit period. This proportion ranged from a high of 65 per cent in Newfoundland to about 37 per cent in Ontario and Alberta.

Initial claims identified as seasonal benefit totalled 318,200 this year, approximately 45,000 fewer than for one year ago. In about 10 per cent of the cases, eligibility was achieved by virtue of contributions in fishing, and for this group the number was unchanged from one year ago. The 45,000 decline from last year occurs among persons eligible for non-fishing seasonal benefit.

Since seasonal benefit becomes operative at the time of year when climatic conditions bring about a reduction in employment, it follows that the December claim load is the heaviest. Table 1 shows that 50 per cent of the December initial claims processed were identified as seasonal benefit. Of the 318,200 seasonal claims established, 87,200 were set up in December and 68,100(1) in January.

It will be observed that in March and April the number of cases of seasonal benefit is on the increase (Table 11). Their relative importance in those months also rises (see Table 1). In the main, these claims are from persons who, having exhausted regular benefit, are being re-considered(2) under the seasonal provisions. The bulk of such claims do not constitute separations from employment during March and April.

The number of claimants reporting for seasonal benefit at the end of each month reached a peak at the end of March, 176,800. However, on April 30 close to one-third of claimants reporting on that date were classified as seasonal benefit. This proportion is somewhat greater than in March and reflects a relatively larger decline in regular claimants either as they exhaust their benefit and transfer to seasonal or as they withdraw from claimant status and return to work.

Tables II, III and VI provide information separately for those qualifying by virtue of fishing contributions. It will be seen that 90 per cent of fishing claims were established before February, but only 45 per cent of others occurred in that interval.

Close to 12,000 of the 31,200 fishing claims were in Newfoundland where they accounted for 40 per cent of the seasonal benefit claims in that province.

Fishing seasonal benefit claimants reached a peak at the end of February, when the count was 28,500. The declines in March and April were due chiefly to exhaustion of benefit; there is virtually no transfer from regular to fishing seasonal benefit.

During the season just terminated the preliminary estimate indicates that approximately \$72.5 million were paid under the seasonal benefit provisions. For the same period one year ago, the total was \$86.9 million.

-
- (1) A substantial proportion of this total would have been filed in December and would be retroactive to the date filed.
 - (2) This statement is based upon the close relationship between the number of seasonal claims established and the number of continuing initials.

TABLE 1 - (S.B.) INITIAL CLAIMS CONSIDERED UNDER THE SEASONAL BENEFIT PROVISIONS AS A PERCENTAGE OF INITIAL CLAIMS PROCESSED, 1963-64 AND 1962-63 PERIODS.

Seasonal Benefit Period and Month	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
						per cent					
<u>1963-64 Period</u>											
December	42.3	65.2	64.2	48.2	56.1	40.8	36.7	41.5	40.5	37.1	41.9
January	49.5	77.7	70.5	60.5	64.0	43.3	43.6	43.5	39.6	40.2	54.1
February	38.0	55.5	54.4	52.4	54.3	36.1	31.7	35.2	31.8	35.2	37.2
March	38.9	49.4	49.4	41.3	50.1	40.6	34.8	35.6	34.1	35.4	39.8
April	41.6	59.7	63.1	45.2	54.7	41.4	35.3	47.1	48.8	39.3	40.8
May	44.8	67.5	75.0	36.1	55.7	46.0	40.9	50.8	55.5	39.8	38.2
	37.1	60.6	66.8	38.7	50.2	39.9	31.5	37.0	45.1	29.6	29.9
<u>1962-63 Period</u>											
December	43.6	64.7	66.5	51.9	58.1	42.3	36.9	42.8	44.0	38.0	45.6
January	53.1	78.1	74.7	64.9	67.3	49.1	46.5	46.5	45.4	42.9	60.6
February	37.6	59.5	57.2	51.4	54.6	35.4	30.6	33.5	32.7	33.7	39.0
March	38.4	47.6	51.0	43.2	52.7	39.5	33.0	38.1	37.1	35.0	41.2
April	44.4	58.7	68.8	46.6	59.9	43.8	37.4	53.3	54.1	42.4	45.9
May	47.8	65.6	78.3	48.3	58.1	47.8	43.0	55.4	60.9	41.9	42.1
	38.4	67.4	67.9	46.1	49.1	41.6	31.6	29.1	51.1	30.3	31.0

Table II - (S.B.) Number of Claims Established(1) under the Seasonal Benefit Provisions, by Month or by Province, 1963-64 and 1962-63 Periods.

Seasonal Benefit Period and Type of Benefit	Total for the Period(2)	Month									
		December(3)	January	February	March	April	May(3)				
		in thousands									
1963-64 Period											
Total	318.2	87.2	68.1	42.5	44.9	53.4	22.1				
Non-fishing	287.1	68.1	58.7	41.0	44.1	53.1	22.1				
Fishing	31.2	19.1	9.4	1.4	0.8	0.3	-				
1962-63 Period											
Total	362.9	95.3	79.7	48.0	53.9	56.2	29.9				
Non-fishing	331.4	78.5	68.1	46.1	53.0	55.8	29.9				
Fishing	31.5	16.8	11.6	1.8	0.9	0.4	-				
Province											
		Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
1963-64 Period											
Total	318.2	27.5	5.5	22.4	25.0	95.1	74.7	13.8	10.1	14.4	29.8
Non-fishing	287.1	15.6	3.6	16.1	21.0	93.7	74.0	13.2	10.1	14.3	25.5
Fishing	31.2	11.9	1.9	6.3	4.0	1.4	0.7	0.6	-	0.1	4.2
1962-63 Period											
Total	362.9	28.2	6.0	24.3	27.6	108.6	86.4	17.1	12.7	16.8	35.3
Non-fishing	331.4	17.0	3.9	18.0	23.3	107.2	85.6	16.5	12.7	16.8	30.4
Fishing	31.5	11.2	2.1	6.3	4.2	1.3	0.8	0.6	-	-	4.9

(1) The contribution requirement of 15 weeks since the preceding March 31 was proven or a regular benefit period had terminated since the Saturday following the week in which May 15 occurred.

(2) In each of those intervals, approximately 10,000 additional seasonal benefit periods were established on a re-computation. However, in an undetermined number of cases, re-computation would result in con-version of seasonal benefit to regular. Thus net additions to seasonal benefit would be somewhat under 10,000.

(3) Includes cases processed during November but excludes residual cases processed after May 31.

TABLE III - (S.B.) Seasonal Benefit Claimants Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, 1963-64 and 1962-63 Periods.

Type of Benefit and Sex	Average for the period	December	January	February	March	April
in thousands						
1963-64 Period						
Total - Claimants	143.9	80.9	138.8	164.0	176.8	159.0
Male	115.2	64.6	111.9	130.8	141.9	126.8
Female	28.7	16.3	26.9	33.3	34.9	32.2
Non-fishing	120.9	62.4	110.6	135.5	151.3	144.6
Male	92.3	46.2	83.8	102.4	116.5	112.4
Female	28.6	16.2	26.8	33.2	34.8	32.2
Fishing	23.0	18.5	28.2	28.5	25.5	14.4
Male	22.9	18.4	28.1	28.4	25.4	14.4
Female	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-
1962-63 Period						
Total - Claimants	168.4	95.3	159.3	196.3	203.9	187.1
Male	136.1	76.4	128.8	158.7	166.1	150.3
Female	32.3	19.0	30.4	37.6	37.8	36.7
Non-fishing	144.9	75.9	131.5	166.4	178.7	172.0
Male	112.7	57.0	101.2	128.9	141.0	135.3
Female	32.2	18.9	30.3	37.5	37.7	36.7
Fishing	23.5	19.4	27.7	29.9	25.2	15.1
Male	23.4	19.3	27.6	29.8	25.1	15.0
Female	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1

Table IV - (S.B.) Seasonal Benefit Claimants Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Province, 1963-64 and 1962-63 Periods.

Seasonal Benefit Period	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
in thousands											
<u>1963-64 Period</u>											
Average for the Period	143.9	16.6	3.2	12.5	13.1	39.4	29.3	6.0	4.2	6.2	13.3
December 31, 1963	80.9	11.8	2.4	6.7	7.0	18.5	16.7	3.0	2.2	3.1	9.5
January 31, 1964	138.8	18.5	3.7	13.2	12.7	34.6	27.4	5.4	4.3	5.4	13.5
February 28, 1964	164.0	19.3	3.7	14.4	15.7	44.0	34.1	6.3	4.5	6.6	15.6
March 31, 1964	176.8	18.5	3.6	14.9	16.1	51.0	35.9	7.8	5.3	8.3	15.4
April 30, 1964	159.0	14.9	2.7	13.0	14.3	49.1	32.5	7.7	4.8	7.4	12.6
<u>1962-63 Period</u>											
Average for the Period	168.4	16.7	3.4	12.9	14.1	49.0	36.2	7.7	5.2	6.8	16.5
December 31, 1962	95.3	12.0	2.2	6.7	8.0	25.1	19.9	4.5	2.5	3.0	11.4
January 31, 1963	159.3	16.6	3.8	13.3	13.6	45.3	32.7	6.7	4.3	6.2	16.7
February 28, 1963	196.3	20.4	4.3	15.4	16.2	56.5	41.5	8.7	6.0	7.9	19.4
March 29, 1963	203.9	18.7	3.9	15.6	17.1	60.4	45.4	8.9	6.9	8.0	19.1
April 30, 1963	187.1	15.5	2.7	13.4	15.4	57.9	41.7	9.6	6.1	8.9	15.8

Seasonal Benefit Period	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
	per cent										
<u>1963-64 Period</u>											
December 31, 1963	25.4	51.3	51.6	35.3	39.5	22.4	18.9	24.5	23.3	19.7	24.4
January 31, 1964	15.2	41.5	43.0	23.3	26.0	11.1	10.9	14.0	13.5	11.1	16.6
February 28, 1964	23.2	51.4	51.3	35.3	37.5	19.2	16.5	21.0	21.5	16.9	22.3
March 31, 1964	27.0	52.1	51.4	38.4	42.3	23.6	20.6	23.5	21.9	20.1	27.8
April 30, 1964	29.6	55.9	54.7	37.0	44.0	27.2	22.3	30.5	26.8	24.9	28.8
	31.9	54.7	58.0	40.5	44.5	30.9	25.0	32.5	34.2	24.9	27.7
<u>1962-63 Period</u>											
December 31, 1962	25.8	46.9	49.9	34.6	38.6	24.4	19.9	23.9	22.9	19.5	25.5
January 31, 1963	16.1	36.5	36.0	21.7	25.9	14.0	11.9	15.5	12.6	10.2	17.1
February 28, 1963	22.7	42.2	49.3	33.4	36.0	21.7	16.5	18.5	16.8	16.2	23.3
March 29, 1963	27.2	51.1	53.5	37.7	40.9	25.5	20.6	24.4	23.0	20.2	28.3
April 30, 1963	29.8	52.3	54.7	39.0	44.0	28.0	23.4	27.6	28.9	22.5	30.7
	33.1	52.5	55.4	39.0	43.9	32.1	27.8	35.0	35.2	27.9	29.1

Table VI - (S.B.) Seasonal Benefit Claimants, Non-fishing and Fishing, Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Province, 1963-64 Period.

Type of Seasonal Benefit Claimant and Month	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
	in thousands										
1963-64 period (average):											
Non-fishing	120.9	7.2	1.8	7.8	10.0	38.5	28.8	5.8	4.2	6.1	10.6
Fishing	23.0	9.4	1.5	4.7	3.1	0.9	0.5	0.3	-	-	2.7
December:											
Non-fishing	62.4	3.7	1.1	4.2	4.7	17.7	16.2	2.9	2.2	3.1	6.5
Fishing	18.5	8.1	1.3	2.5	2.2	0.8	0.4	0.1	-	-	3.1
January:											
Non-fishing	110.6	7.1	1.9	7.2	8.8	33.5	26.8	5.3	4.3	5.4	10.3
Fishing	28.2	11.3	1.8	6.0	3.9	1.1	0.7	0.1	-	-	3.3
February:											
Non-fishing	135.5	7.8	1.9	8.6	11.6	42.8	33.4	6.1	4.4	6.6	12.3
Fishing	28.5	11.5	1.7	5.9	4.1	1.1	0.7	0.2	-	-	3.3
March:											
Non-fishing	151.3	8.2	2.0	9.6	12.6	50.0	35.4	7.3	5.3	8.3	12.7
Fishing	25.5	10.3	1.6	5.3	3.5	1.0	0.5	0.5	-	-	2.7
April:											
Non-fishing	144.6	9.4	1.9	9.3	12.4	48.5	32.3	7.3	4.8	7.3	11.4
Fishing	14.4	5.5	0.8	3.7	1.9	0.6	0.2	0.4	-	-	1.3

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and no disqualification imposed and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

MONTHLY



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
JUNE 1964

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

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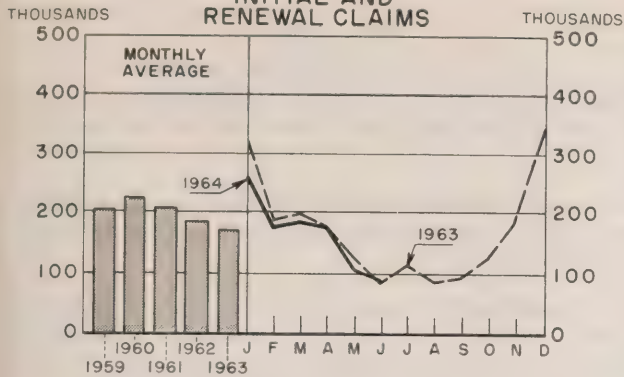
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

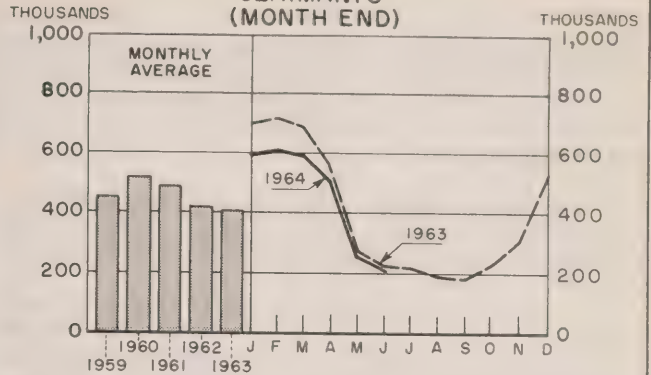
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

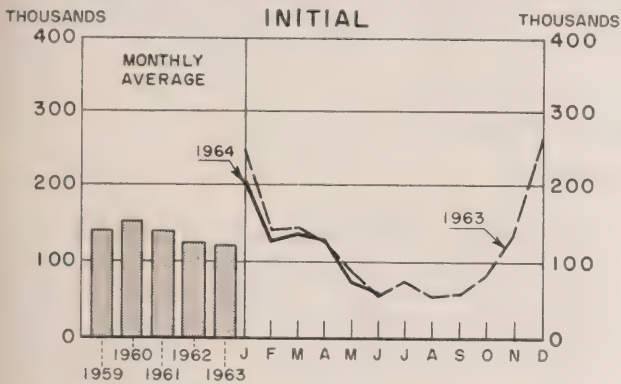
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



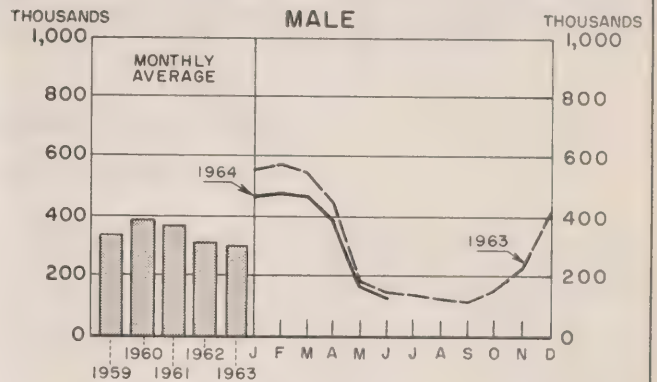
CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



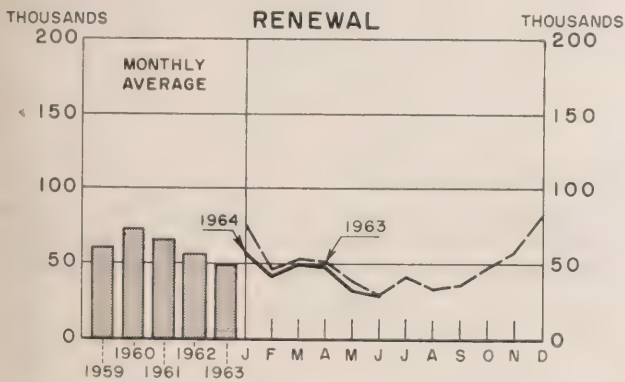
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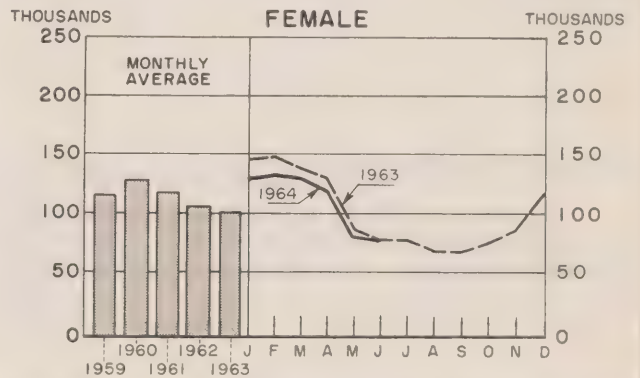
MALE



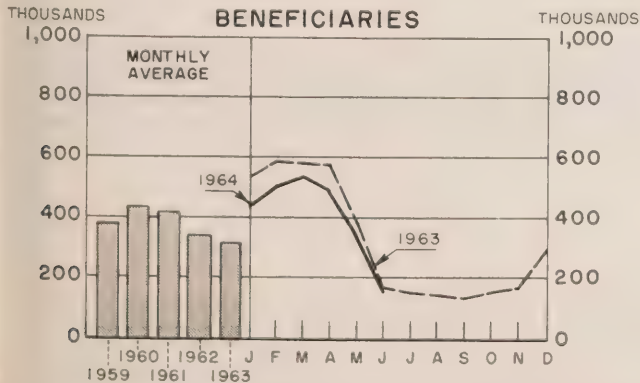
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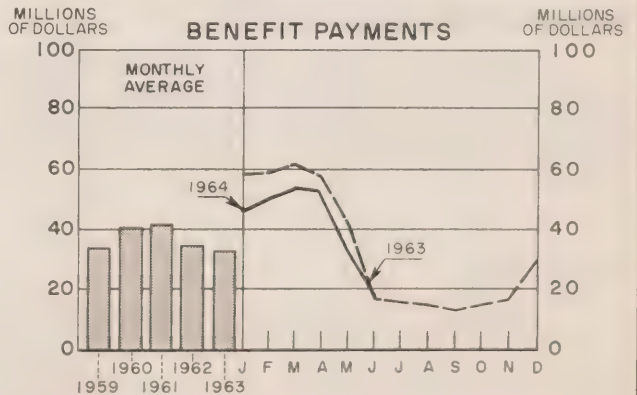
FEMALE



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

JUNE 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 201,919 on June 30, approximately 50,000 fewer than on May 29 and 18,000 below the total of 220,260 on June 28, 1963. The bulk of the decline occurred among men.

Males accounted for less than two-thirds of the June 30 total, substantially less than during the winter months when, from December to March, they made up 78 per cent of the total. This reflects the increased seasonal activity in industries employing mostly males.

In the table which follows, it will be seen that, despite the sharp variation in the proportion of new claimants (1 - 4 weeks on claim) who are male, as of December 31 and June 30, the sex composition of the long-term claimant group (27 weeks or more) shows little change. The heavy impact of winter unemployment is not reflected in this category, as the men affected by climatic conditions have resumed work prior to May and hence are unemployed less than 26 weeks. The fact that seasonal benefit is not paid after mid-May could also be a contributing factor.

Males as a per cent of Month-end Claimants

Number of weeks on Claim

	<u>Total</u>	<u>1-4</u>	<u>5-13</u>	<u>14-26</u>	<u>27 or more</u>
Dec. 31, 1963	78	83	74	57	60
Jan. 31, 1964	78	79	82	62	57
Feb. 28, 1964	78	79	82	68	57
Mar. 31, 1964	78	80	79	79	59
April 30, 1964	77	79	78	77	60
May 29, 1964	69	71	72	67	56
June 30, 1964	63	66	66	58	56

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 86,827 initial and renewal claims were filed during June, in comparison with 105,182 during May and 82,802 during June 1963. About 90 per cent of the June claims were from persons separated from employment during the month, whereas only three-quarters of the May claims are thus classified.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 155,500 for June, in comparison with 340,300 for May and 168,800 for June one year ago. Benefit payments amounted to \$16.5 million during June, \$33.1 million during May, and \$16.0 million during June 1963. The sharp May-to-June decline in beneficiaries and payments is associated with the termination of benefit to claimants under the seasonal benefit provisions.

Provincial data

All provinces shared in the May-to-June decline in the number of claimants reporting at the month-end, the percentage decreases in the Atlantic and Prairie Provinces being considerably greater than those in Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia. The declines were also substantially greater for males. In comparison with one year ago, Newfoundland and British Columbia reported higher claimant totals this year, in contrast with lower totals elsewhere; females in Newfoundland and males in British Columbia accounted for the increases.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	May 29 to June 30, 1964			June 28, 1963 to June 30, 1964			May 31 to June 28, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 19	- 26	- 5	- 8	- 10	- 4	- 19	- 24	- 8
Nfld.	- 24	- 27	- 7	+ 5	-	+ 29	- 27	- 30	+ 1
P.E.I.	- 24	- 27	- 18	- 14	- 5	- 27	- 27	- 34	- 13
N.S.	- 31	- 36	- 14	- 16	- 20	- 4	- 21	- 23	- 13
N.B.	- 30	- 37	- 3	- 11	- 14	- 2	- 31	- 36	- 14
Que.	- 19	- 26	- 1	- 6	- 8	- 3	- 19	- 24	- 7
Ont.	- 10	- 15	- 3	- 10	- 15	- 5	- 13	- 18	- 4
Man.	- 32	- 41	- 16	- 28	- 35	- 16	- 16	- 18	- 11
Sask.	- 34	- 47	- 11	- 21	- 25	- 16	- 26	- 36	- 10
Alta.	- 38	- 47	- 12	- 12	- 17	- 1	- 30	- 32	- 24
B.C.	- 12	- 14	- 9	+ 6	+ 13	- 5	- 18	- 22	- 9

The volume of claims filed was substantially lower in June, except in Ontario where an increase occurred. The relatively heavier decline in the initial claims is associated with the termination of seasonal benefit in May. Renewal claims in June were either lower or virtually unchanged from May in all provinces except Ontario where they were 10 per cent higher. In the main, this increase is associated with lay-offs in the parts and accessories segment of the automotive industry in preparation for model changes. Claims were higher than last year in New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia, but lower elsewhere.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	May to June 1964			June 1963 to June 1964			May to June 1963		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 17	- 20	- 10	+ 5	+ 9	- 2	- 33	- 37	- 22
Nfld.	- 48	- 51	- 24	- 19	- 11	- 42	- 45	- 53	+ 6
P.E.I.	- 34	- 42	+ 2	- 4	+ 3	- 17	- 43	- 55	+ 23
N.S.	- 33	- 30	- 40	- 8	- 14	+ 7	- 25	- 28	- 15
N.B.	- 35	- 44	+ 2	+ 6	+ 8	+ 1	- 54	- 61	- 25
Que.	- 22	- 22	- 21	+ 8	+ 11	+ 1	- 33	- 38	- 22
Ont.	+ 2	- 2	+ 10	+ 4	+ 9	- 4	- 27	- 29	- 21
Man.	- 34	- 39	- 15	- 9	- 8	- 12	- 41	- 45	- 29
Sask.	- 39	- 41	- 27	- 14	- 7	- 32	- 47	- 53	- 24
Alta.	- 35	- 40	- 22	- 9	- 4	- 19	- 40	- 43	- 32
B.C.	- 15	- 18	- 9	+ 22	+ 29	+ 9	- 31	- 36	- 20

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	June 1964	May 1964	June 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				May 1964	June 1963	January to June		12 months ending June	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,152	4,077	..	..	..	4,167*	..	4,113*
Initial and renewal claims filed	87	105	83	- 17	+ 5	980	1,085	1,933	2,112
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	202	250	220	- 19	- 8	459*	528*	367*	415*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	156	340	169	- 54	- 8	410*	476*	291*	331*
Weeks compensated	684	1,361	675	- 50	+ 1	10,194	11,916	14,401	16,514
Benefit paid	\$ 16,538	33,117	15,987	- 50	+ 3	252,327	293,305	353,186	402,133

Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.17	24.33	23.68	- 1	+ 2	24.75	24.61	24.53	24.35
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* Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.
(Revised)(1)

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - May	4,152,000	3,901,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100
January	4,334,000	3,735,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,326,000	3,793,700	532,300
November	4,192,000	3,888,600	303,400
October	4,125,000	3,906,100	218,900
September	4,122,000	3,935,700	186,300
August	4,132,000	3,939,500	192,500
July	4,086,000	3,867,000	219,000
June	4,077,000	3,856,700	220,300
May	4,113,370	3,728,780	384,590(2)

- 1) May 1963 to April 1964 revised on the basis of book renewal at June 1, 1963.
2) The number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal. For other months, the claimants are as shown in Table 3.

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1964 - June - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	86,827	58,236	28,591	82,802	53,618	29,184
fld.	1,625	1,319	306	2,008	1,480	528
.E.I.	291	203	88	304	198	106
.S.	3,248	2,306	942	3,544	2,666	878
.B.	2,767	1,912	855	2,607	1,764	843
ue.	29,205	19,214	9,991	27,136	17,283	9,853
nt.	30,966	20,383	10,583	29,729	18,721	11,008
an.	2,539	1,824	715	2,804	1,993	811
ask.	1,107	857	250	1,290	923	367
lta.	3,578	2,529	1,049	3,925	2,631	1,294
.C.	11,501	7,689	3,812	9,455	5,959	3,496

- 1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 29,367.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>June 30, 1964</u>				<u>June 28, 1963</u>
CANADA -	201,919	77,499	58,602	42,361	23,457	220,260
MALE	127,241	51,096	38,363	24,732	13,050	142,117
FEMALE	74,678	26,403	20,239	17,629	10,407	78,143
Nfld.	6,528	1,859	1,910	1,938	821	6,235
Male	5,342	1,576	1,607	1,580	579	5,319
Female	1,186	283	303	358	242	916
P.E.I.	694	288	183	134	89	805
Male	466	199	116	90	61	491
Female	228	89	67	44	28	314
N.S.	9,467	3,128	3,108	1,978	1,253	11,307
Male	6,837	2,238	2,421	1,305	873	8,578
Female	2,630	890	687	673	380	2,729
N.B.	8,303	2,769	3,088	1,683	763	9,295
Male	5,834	1,900	2,356	1,129	449	6,786
Female	2,469	869	732	554	314	2,509
Que.	65,459	24,554	20,752	12,915	7,238	69,712
Male	43,605	16,920	14,320	8,425	3,940	47,239
Female	21,854	7,634	6,432	4,490	3,298	22,473
Ont.	63,598	26,600	16,126	12,832	8,040	71,046
Male	35,038	15,384	8,842	6,491	4,321	41,055
Female	28,560	11,216	7,284	6,341	3,719	29,991
Man.	7,726	2,626	2,157	2,072	871	10,803
Male	4,547	1,538	1,411	1,116	482	7,002
Female	3,179	1,088	746	956	389	3,801
Sask.	3,586	925	962	1,024	675	4,535
Male	1,850	510	542	495	303	2,457
Female	1,736	415	420	529	372	2,078
Alta.	10,691	3,238	3,497	2,773	1,183	12,089
Male	6,807	2,069	2,348	1,707	683	8,162
Female	3,884	1,169	1,149	1,066	500	3,927
B.C.	25,867	11,512	6,819	5,012	2,524	24,433
Male	16,915	8,762	4,400	2,394	1,359	15,028
Female	8,952	2,750	2,419	2,618	1,165	9,405

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
<u>June 1964</u>							
Canada -	84,723	32,856	22,584	25,073	4,210	24,493	10,342
Nfld.	2,123	936	262	869	56	417	93
P.E.I.	274	105	77	79	13	93	33
N.S.	3,270	1,458	784	874	154	853	343
N.B.	2,811	1,274	585	822	130	812	407
Que.	28,496	10,912	8,119	8,190	1,275	8,820	3,781
Ont.	27,475	10,380	8,197	7,558	1,340	9,393	3,765
Man.	2,708	1,247	576	768	117	565	245
Sask.	1,169	514	191	417	47	243	85
Alta.	3,815	1,628	814	1,174	199	902	417
B.C.	12,582	4,402	2,979	4,322	879	2,395	1,173
<u>June 1963</u>							
Canada -	84,302	31,800	24,801	23,409	4,292	20,508	9,581
Nfld.	1,959	670	250	822	217	772	188
P.E.I.	273	109	83	72	9	79	34
N.S.	3,028	1,371	686	852	119	1,158	267
N.B.	2,875	1,225	756	791	103	546	221
Que.	28,015	10,664	8,650	7,370	1,331	7,178	3,325
Ont.	29,850	10,976	9,182	8,066	1,626	6,879	3,640
Man.	2,948	1,193	773	856	126	721	269
Sask.	1,353	553	304	434	62	347	130
Alta.	4,016	1,623	1,071	1,185	137	1,185	597
B.C.	9,985	3,416	3,046	2,961	562	1,643	910

(1) In addition 29,780 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,814 were special requests not granted and 1,756 were appeals by claimants. There were 6,963 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during June 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1) 1963	14,020 13,699	616 513	39 31	494 499	535 516	5,157 4,600	4,230 4,380	426 483	216 225	610 664	1,697 1,788
Claimants disqualified	1964 1963	27,054 27,841	1,073 765	109 99	1,042 996	827 842	8,456 9,036	7,998 9,924	1,006 1,125	551 576	1,416 1,349	4,576 3,129
Not unemployed	1964 1963	626 720	66 204	6 8	91 68	48 48	170 132	127 145	20 19	11 22	35 19	52 55
Not capable of and not available for work	1964 1963	7,446 9,231	117 115	26 21	241 298	196 217	2,370 2,625	2,629 3,496	419 586	256 262	492 565	700 1,046
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964 1963	2,314 164	480 2	- -	1 -	18 -	40 97	85 48	2 1	- 3	2 -	1,686 13
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964 1963	1,970 1,775	17 4	10 13	81 69	59 65	797 625	639 693	64 64	70 52	79 69	154 121
Discharged for misconduct	1964 1963	1,194 1,248	26 32	11 2	42 38	34 53	471 421	362 457	40 47	18 20	43 61	147 117
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964 1963	6,384 6,362	104 145	19 24	228 186	188 136	1,975 1,830	2,138 2,388	199 248	94 108	401 371	1,038 926
Other reasons	1964 1963	7,120 8,341	263 263	37 31	358 337	284 323	2,633 3,306	2,018 2,697	262 160	102 109	364 264	799 851
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during June												
	1964	2,394	121	9	93	104	873	659	51	23	95	366

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - June - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	155.5	168.8
Newfoundland	5.3	5.1
Prince Edward Island	0.6	0.7
Nova Scotia	7.6	8.8
New Brunswick	6.5	7.7
Quebec	51.8	54.3
Ontario	47.6	53.4
Manitoba	6.3	7.7
Saskatchewan	3.3	3.9
Alberta	8.7	9.5
British Columbia	17.7	17.7

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - June - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	684,182	16,537,735	675,263	15,986,894
Nfld.	23,400	610,952	20,527	472,494
P.E.I.	2,699	56,176	2,772	55,286
N.S.	33,606	741,896	35,135	775,591
N.B.	28,720	659,116	30,902	699,580
Que.	227,993	5,569,379	217,013	5,254,471
Ont.	209,393	4,974,001	213,626	5,000,344
Man.	27,703	636,928	30,855	718,058
Sask.	14,342	331,064	15,702	357,779
Alta.	38,230	962,747	37,968	939,939
B.C.	78,096	1,995,476	70,763	1,713,352

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

June 1964

Canada -	625,620	58,562	42,566
Newfoundland	22,575	825	249
Prince Edward Island	2,411	288	233
Nova Scotia	28,996	4,610	3,786
New Brunswick	25,390	3,330	2,686
Quebec	209,338	18,655	13,588
Ontario	193,173	16,220	12,559
Manitoba	24,860	2,843	2,390
Saskatchewan	13,009	1,333	1,044
Alberta	35,046	3,184	2,558
British Columbia	70,822	7,274	3,473

June 1963

Canada -	608,971	66,292	49,798
Newfoundland	18,133	2,394	2,086
Prince Edward Island	2,499	273	217
Nova Scotia	30,010	5,125	4,280
New Brunswick	26,957	3,945	3,064
Quebec	197,582	19,431	13,369
Ontario	194,334	19,292	14,274
Manitoba	27,717	3,138	2,509
Saskatchewan	14,145	1,557	1,185
Alberta	34,112	3,856	2,917
British Columbia	63,482	7,281	5,897

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established **and no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
JULY 1964

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

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Labour Division

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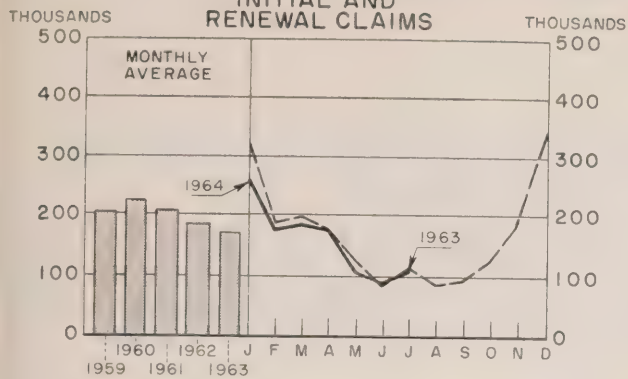
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

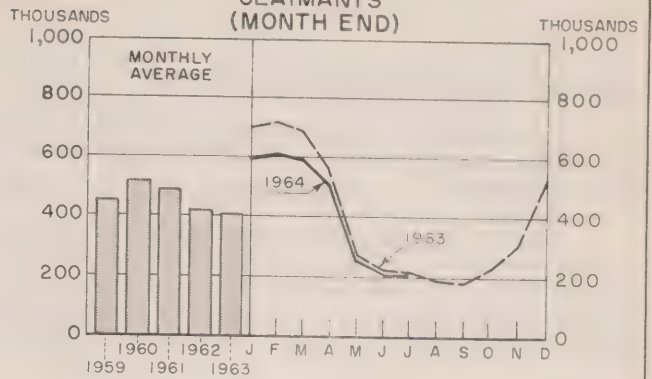
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

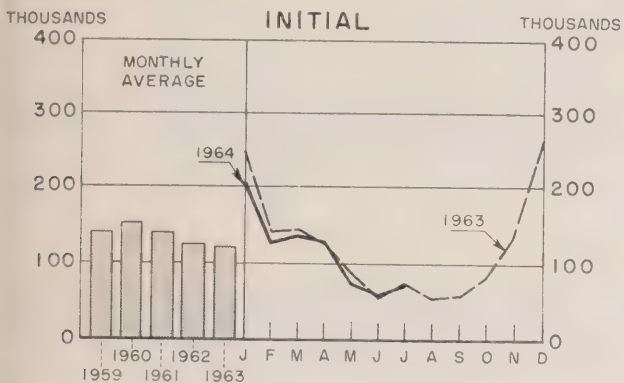
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



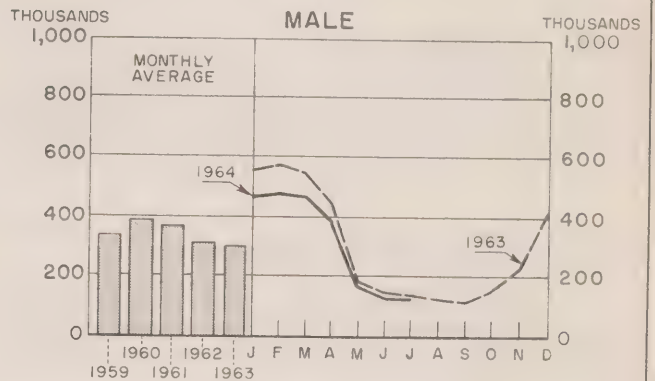
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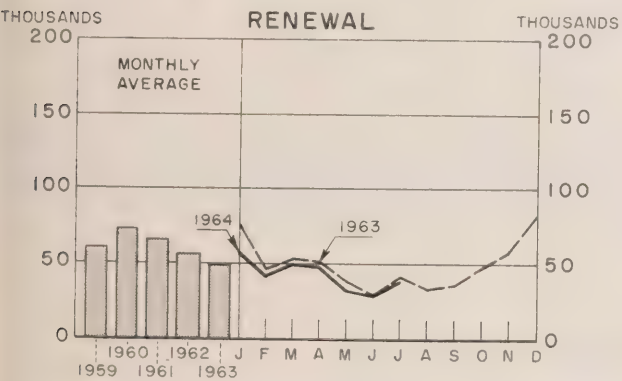
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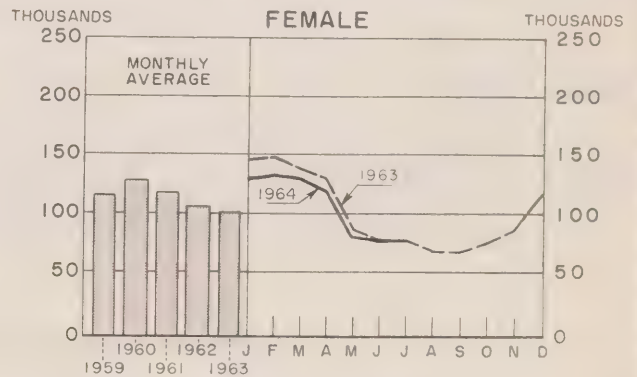
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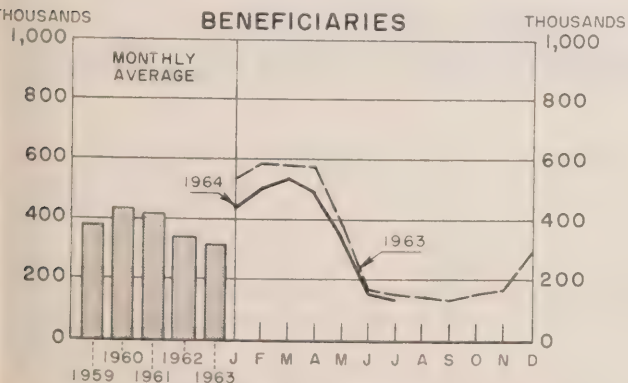
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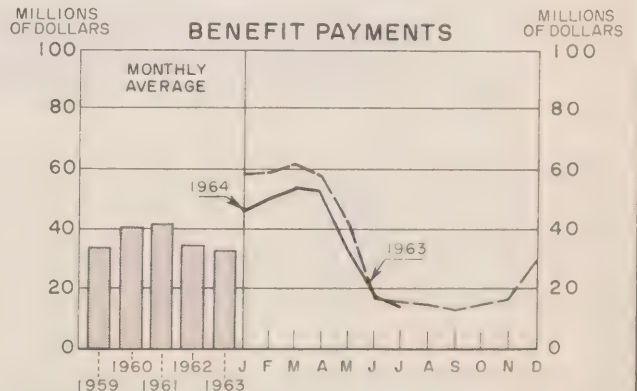
FEMALE



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

JULY 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 205,300 on July 31, in comparison with 201,900 on June 30, and 219,000 on July 31, 1963. The decline from one year ago was concentrated among the males.

Males accounted for more than two-thirds of those coming on claim during July and still re-reporting as at the month-end; however, they accounted for a somewhat smaller proportion (57 per cent) of those on continuous claim 5 weeks or longer. The prevalence of males among the July claims is due, in part, to the incidence of temporary lay-offs, particularly among production employees in the automotive industry and to annual holiday shut-downs.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 108,900 initial and renewal claims were filed during July. This is an increase of approximately 22,000 over the 86,800 for June but slightly below the 112,900 for July 1963. Approximately 90 per cent of these cases represented new cases of recorded unemployment.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 135,200 for July, in comparison with 155,500 for June and 150,800 for July 1963. Benefit payments amounted to \$14.1 million in July, \$16.5 million in June and \$15.5 million one year ago. The average weekly payment was \$23.67 for July, \$24.17 for June and \$23.37 for July 1963.

Provincial data

The number of persons claiming benefit was lower on July 31 than on June 30 in all provinces except Prince Edward Island (where there was a slight increase) and Ontario which was higher by almost 17,000. The Ontario increase reflects the temporary lay-offs and annual holiday shut-downs referred to above. In comparison with one year ago, percentage declines in the Prairie Provinces and in British Columbia were somewhat larger than elsewhere.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	June 30 to July 31, 1964			July 31, 1963 to July 31, 1964			June 28 to July 31, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 2	-	+ 5	- 6	- 10	-	- 1	- 1	-
Nfld.	- 28	- 30	- 22	- 7	- 6	- 9	- 19	- 25	+ 10
P.E.I.	+ 10	+ 14	+ 3	- 5	+ 5	- 22	-	+ 3	- 4
N.S.	- 3	- 3	- 1	+ 1	-	+ 4	- 19	- 23	- 8
N.B.	- 3	- 7	+ 7	- 1	- 7	+ 13	- 12	- 15	- 7
Que.	- 2	- 5	+ 5	- 4	- 6	-	- 4	- 7	+ 1
Ont.	+ 26	+ 36	+ 13	- 7	- 12	+ 3	+ 21	+ 32	+ 5
Man.	- 14	- 20	- 6	- 11	- 11	- 10	- 31	- 42	- 12
Sask.	- 5	- 11	+ 1	- 12	- 14	- 9	- 15	- 22	- 7
Alta.	- 13	- 18	- 3	- 9	- 13	- 4	- 15	- 22	-
B.C.	- 27	- 35	- 12	- 14	- 17	- 9	- 10	- 12	- 8

The July claim load was higher than June in all provinces except Newfoundland, Manitoba, Alberta and British Columbia, where declines were reported. In relation to one year ago, only Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia showed increases.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	<u>June to July 1964</u>			<u>July 1963 to July 1964</u>			<u>June to July 1963</u>		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	+ 25	+ 22	+ 33	- 3	- 2	- 6	+ 36	+ 35	+ 39
Nfld.	- 14	- 23	+ 26	- 6	+ 2	- 23	- 26	- 33	- 5
P.E.I.	+ 34	+ 29	+ 45	+ 10	+ 10	+ 8	+ 17	+ 20	+ 11
N.S.	+ 14	- 4	+ 57	+ 14	+ 5	+ 32	- 9	- 21	+ 28
N.B.	+ 24	+ 28	+ 15	-	+ 5	- 9	+ 31	+ 33	+ 28
Que.	+ 12	+ 7	+ 22	- 1	+ 3	- 5	+ 21	+ 16	+ 31
Ont.	+ 67	+ 66	+ 68	- 2	- 2	- 2	+ 77	+ 83	+ 65
Man.	- 6	- 6	- 5	- 17	- 15	- 21	+ 3	+ 2	+ 6
Sask.	+ 11	+ 5	+ 32	- 14	- 12	- 19	+ 11	+ 11	+ 10
Alta.	- 1	-	- 3	- 19	- 10	- 35	+ 11	+ 7	+ 21
B.C.	- 26	- 29	- 21	- 17	- 14	- 21	+ 8	+ 7	+ 8

Industrial Classification of Persons Separated from Employment and
Filing Initial(1) Claims for Unemployment Insurance Benefit
during June 1964

New cases of recorded unemployment numbered 37,800 during June, virtually unchanged from one year ago. A seasonal decline was shown from March when 69,600 cases were recorded.

Four out of ten of the June 1964 claims were in respect of persons previously employed in manufacturing; last year this proportion was slightly more than one-third. Most of this increase was in durable goods industries, in Ontario. Relatively large year-over-year increases in manufacturing were also recorded in Newfoundland and British Columbia.

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

Table 1. Percentage distribution of claims(1) by Industry and Province
June 1964 and 1963

<u>Industry group</u>		<u>Canada</u>	<u>Nfld.</u>	<u>P.E.I.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
Total new cases (000's)	1964	37.8	0.6	(3)	1.3	1.2	12.8	13.7	1.0	0.5	1.4	5.2
	1963	35.6	0.9	(3)	1.7	1.0	11.9	13.1	1.2	0.5	1.6	3.7
Per cent distribution												
Forestry (mainly logging)	1964	3	5		1	2	2	1	-	(2)	(2)	14
	1963	2	3		1	3	1	1	2	(2)	1	6
Fishing(4) and trapping	1964	(2)	1		2	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	(2)
	1963	(2)	1		2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Mining	1964	2	1		1	3	1	2	1	1	7	2
	1963	4	44		33	3	1	1	2	3	5	2
Manufacturing	1964	41	18		21	31	40	54	30	17	19	31
	1963	35	7		19	30	37	46	31	13	17	19
Construction	1964	12	23		14	14	15	9	13	9	12	11
	1963	13	13		7	11	14	13	11	11	17	15
Transportation, communication and other utilities	1964	5	6		11	10	5	3	6	6	6	7
	1963	5	4		7	10	5	3	6	6	7	9
Trade	1964	15	20		17	16	15	12	23	31	22	14
	1963	16	14		13	23	14	15	22	36	25	14
Service	1964	15	12		18	14	15	15	16	20	20	15
	1963	13	8		12	12	12	12	16	21	17	18
Public administration and defence	1964	4	10		12	7	2	3	6	9	6	3
	1963	7	5		4	4	10	4	4	5	6	11
Other	1964	4	4		3	3	5	3	5	8	7	3
	1963	4	2		1	4	5	4	6	5	5	6
All cases	1964	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1963	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

(2) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

(3) Less than 500.

(4) Persons whose reported occupation under covered employment was "fisherman" were coded to the fishing industry even though the nature of business of the most recent employer was other than fishing. This differs from the general coding practice of assigning a single code on the basis of the principal activity of the employer. However, fishermen report themselves usually as self-employed.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of claims, by Industry, quarterly intervals

	1964		1963	
	June	March	December	September
Total new cases (000's)	37.8	69.6	178.7	39.5
	per cent distribution			
Forestry (mainly logging)	3	20	7	2
Fishing and trapping	(1)	1	7	1
Mining	2	5	2	1
Manufacturing	41	23	24	36
Construction	12	18	27	14
Transportation, communication and other utilities	5	7	9	6
Trade	15	11	9	15
Service	15	9	7	17
Public administration and defence	4	4	5	4
Other	4	2	3	6
All cases	100	100	100	100

(1) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	July 1964	June 1964	July 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				June 1964	July 1963	January to July		12 months ending July	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,237	4,086	..	..	..	4,173*	..	4,131*
Initial and renewal claims filed	109	87	113	+ 25	- 3	1,089	1,198	1,929	2,113
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	205	202	219	+ 2	- 6	423*	484*	366*	416*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	135	156	151	- 13	- 10	371*	440*	290*	331*
Weeks compensated	595	684	664	- 13	- 10	10,789	12,579	14,332	16,546
Benefit paid	\$ 14,086	16,538	15,506	- 15	- 9	266,413	308,812	351,765	403,128
Average weekly benefit	\$ 23.67	24.17	23.37	- 2	+ 1	24.69	24.55	24.54	24.36

* Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - June	4,237,000	4,035,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100
January	4,334,000	3,735,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,326,000	3,793,700	532,300
November	4,192,000	3,888,600	303,400
October	4,125,000	3,906,100	218,900
September	4,122,000	3,935,700	186,300
August	4,132,000	3,939,500	192,500
July	4,086,000	3,867,000	219,000
June	4,077,000	3,856,700	220,300

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1964 - July - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	108,939	70,922	38,017	112,856	72,302	40,554
Nfld.	1,397	1,011	386	1,492	988	504
P.E.I.	389	261	128	355	237	118
N.S.	3,695	2,215	1,480	3,239	2,115	1,124
N.B.	3,434	2,452	982	3,425	2,342	1,083
Que.	32,779	20,562	12,217	32,966	20,059	12,907
Ont.	51,601	33,792	17,809	52,512	34,306	18,206
Man.	2,399	1,722	677	2,895	2,037	858
Sask.	1,233	903	330	1,432	1,027	405
Alta.	3,545	2,531	1,014	4,375	2,811	1,564
B.C.	8,467	5,473	2,994	10,165	6,380	3,785

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 25,562.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>July 31, 1964</u>				<u>July 31, 1963</u>
ANADA -	205,326	96,674	53,419	33,498	21,735	218,974
MALE	127,243	65,523	30,994	18,822	11,904	140,675
FEMALE	78,083	31,151	22,425	14,676	9,831	78,299
fld.	4,687	1,522	1,399	1,156	610	5,021
Male	3,764	1,270	1,148	906	440	4,010
Female	923	252	251	250	170	1,011
E.I.	766	404	192	110	60	806
Male	531	312	122	57	40	504
Female	235	92	70	53	20	302
S.	9,227	3,328	2,604	1,933	1,362	9,129
Male	6,619	2,546	1,832	1,331	910	6,616
Female	2,608	782	772	602	452	2,513
B.	8,054	3,426	2,239	1,757	632	8,141
Male	5,401	2,229	1,535	1,289	348	5,798
Female	2,653	1,197	704	468	284	2,343
Ge.	64,252	29,356	18,777	9,828	6,291	66,712
Male	41,346	19,812	11,965	5,935	3,634	43,914
Female	22,906	9,544	6,812	3,893	2,657	22,798
Qt.	80,062	44,194	17,894	10,451	7,523	85,663
Male	47,751	30,384	8,622	4,933	3,812	54,233
Female	32,311	13,810	9,272	5,518	3,711	31,430
En.	6,628	2,091	1,738	1,707	1,092	7,406
Male	3,628	1,221	960	857	590	4,063
Female	3,000	870	778	850	502	3,343
Sk.	3,401	1,124	854	861	562	3,844
Male	1,643	582	407	366	288	1,914
Female	1,758	542	447	495	274	1,930
Ata.	9,334	3,898	2,392	1,976	1,068	10,310
Male	5,561	2,452	1,348	1,181	580	6,370
Female	3,773	1,446	1,044	795	488	3,940
IC.	18,915	7,331	5,330	3,719	2,535	21,942
Male	10,999	4,715	3,055	1,967	1,262	13,253
Female	7,916	2,616	2,275	1,752	1,273	8,689

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

July 1964

Canada -	102,495	40,990	32,864	24,052	4,589	30,373	10,906
Nfld.	1,195	459	213	461	62	508	204
P.E.I.	407	172	115	111	9	71	37
N.S.	3,783	1,421	1,357	849	156	798	310
N.B.	3,411	1,427	929	903	152	934	308
Que.	32,216	11,775	10,294	8,561	1,586	9,046	4,118
Ont.	45,033	19,372	15,672	8,372	1,617	15,441	4,285
Man.	2,480	1,060	612	696	112	531	198
Sask.	1,149	477	254	362	56	307	105
Alta.	3,575	1,409	852	1,106	208	918	371
B.C.	9,246	3,418	2,566	2,631	631	1,819	970

July 1963

Canada -	101,592	40,162	32,928	23,724	4,778	28,924	12,429
Nfld.	1,840	512	354	806	168	442	170
P.E.I.	356	152	101	85	18	79	33
N.S.	3,705	1,828	898	823	156	622	337
N.B.	3,226	1,357	873	875	121	656	310
Que.	31,003	11,474	10,365	7,647	1,517	8,116	4,350
Ont.	43,040	17,945	14,996	8,330	1,769	14,910	5,081
Man.	2,986	1,247	751	835	153	676	223
Sask.	1,353	568	312	413	60	393	163
Alta.	4,349	1,628	1,312	1,206	203	1,162	646
B.C.	9,734	3,451	2,966	2,704	613	1,868	1,116

(1) In addition 25,702 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,636 were special requests not granted and 1,354 were appeals by claimants. There were 6,823 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1)	13,005	282	63	439	561	4,777	4,502	344	151	513	1,373
	1963	12,412	257	39	388	547	4,253	4,225	446	178	627	1,452
Claimants disqualified	1964	25,707	446	108	1,027	863	8,959	8,462	994	558	1,468	2,822
	1963	30,622	906	108	1,166	910	9,252	11,161	1,195	714	1,458	3,752
Not unemployed	1964	591	58	7	37	16	127	260	25	14	18	29
	1963	1,053	468	10	51	47	133	213	30	26	26	49
Not capable of and not available for work	1964	7,560	108	27	252	261	2,373	2,652	385	236	518	748
	1963	9,776	113	29	331	282	2,853	3,702	603	321	423	1,119
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964	1,032	5	-	1	12	748	199	-	1	25	41
	1963	493	20	-	-	2	183	219	-	-	1	68
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964	1,480	6	14	61	46	598	489	35	30	67	134
	1963	1,604	3	16	76	28	533	606	60	48	114	120
Discharged for misconduct	1964	1,253	23	4	48	40	528	423	25	8	44	110
	1963	1,417	37	5	49	37	566	449	33	15	81	145
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964	6,678	87	26	266	207	2,145	2,239	206	106	384	1,012
	1963	6,920	107	28	243	175	2,015	2,515	261	113	421	1,042
Other reasons	1964	7,113	159	30	362	281	2,440	2,200	318	163	412	748
	1963	9,359	158	20	416	339	2,969	3,457	208	191	392	1,209

(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during July

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - July - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	135.2	150.8
Newfoundland	3.6	3.3
Prince Edward Island	0.5	0.7
Nova Scotia	6.8	7.4
New Brunswick	5.6	6.3
Quebec	43.0	49.3
Ontario	45.8	51.6
Manitoba	4.2	6.0
Saskatchewan	2.5	3.2
Alberta	7.3	7.8
British Columbia	15.9	15.3

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - July - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	595,007	14,085,931	663,594	15,506,192
Nfld.	15,771	353,951	14,502	332,544
P.E.I.	2,376	49,590	2,905	57,386
N.S.	29,946	665,228	32,502	715,864
N.B.	24,627	557,781	27,907	618,135
Que.	189,065	4,512,695	216,808	5,130,618
Ont.	201,501	4,740,166	227,170	5,285,360
Man.	18,564	410,834	26,404	603,909
Sask.	11,114	250,140	13,875	306,581
Alta.	32,228	805,043	34,367	829,286
B.C.	69,815	1,740,503	67,154	1,626,509

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

July 1964

Canada -	540,231	54,776	39,267
Newfoundland	13,717	2,054	1,713
Prince Edward Island	2,153	223	178
Nova Scotia	25,676	4,270	3,520
New Brunswick	21,959	2,668	2,056
Quebec	173,569	15,496	10,321
Ontario	184,420	17,081	11,792
Manitoba	16,623	1,941	1,571
Saskatchewan	10,225	889	656
Alberta	29,475	2,753	2,120
British Columbia	62,414	7,401	5,340

July 1963

Canada -	603,057	60,537	42,318
Newfoundland	12,906	1,596	1,428
Prince Edward Island	2,643	262	199
Nova Scotia	27,979	4,523	3,675
New Brunswick	24,356	3,551	2,725
Quebec	198,750	18,058	11,418
Ontario	207,405	19,765	13,270
Manitoba	23,863	2,541	1,932
Saskatchewan	12,619	1,256	891
Alberta	31,199	3,168	2,280
British Columbia	61,337	5,817	4,500

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established **and no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

MONTHLY



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
AUGUST 1964

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

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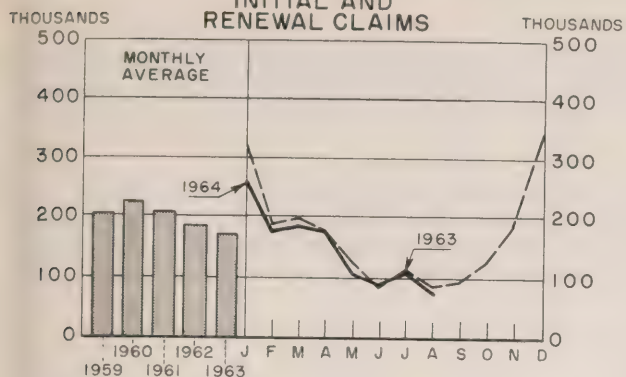
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

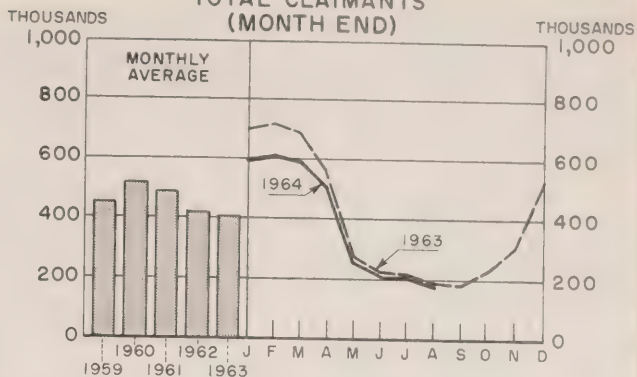
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

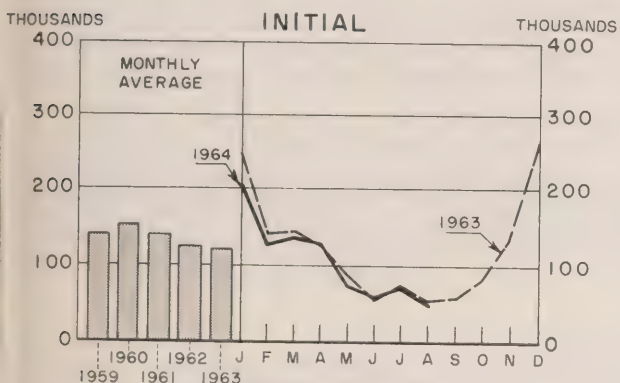
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



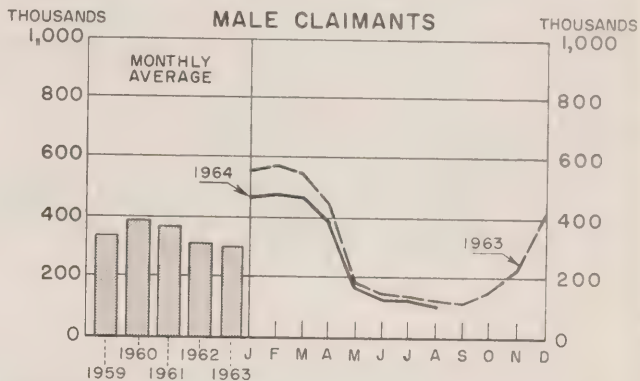
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



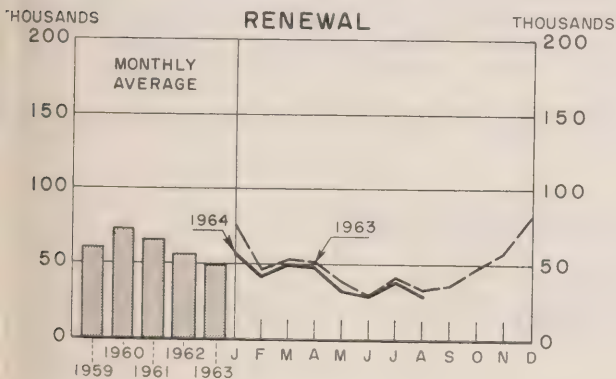
INITIAL



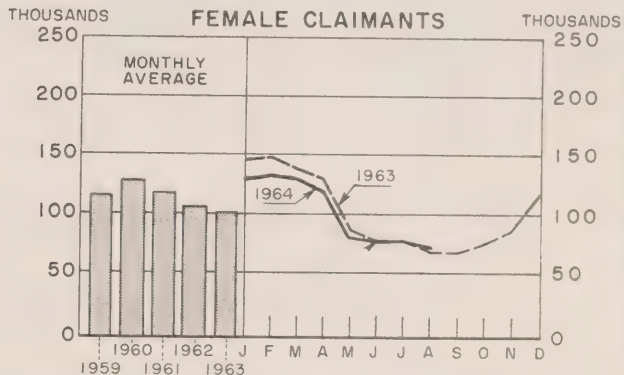
MALE CLAIMANTS



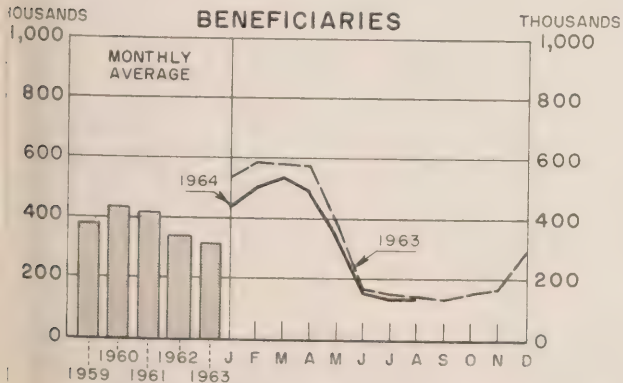
RENEWAL



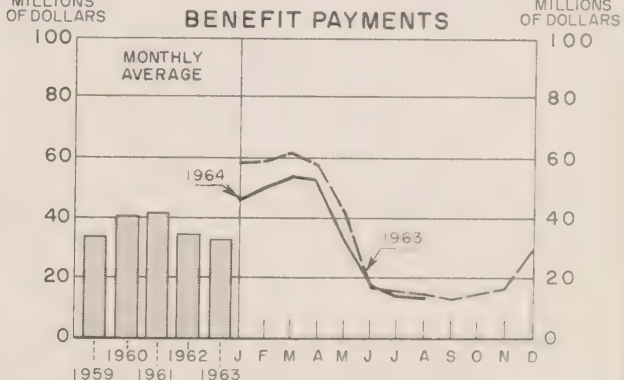
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

AUGUST 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit totalled 182,000 on August 31, some 23,000 fewer than on July 31 and 10,000 below the total for one year ago. About 70 per cent of the July-to-August decline was accounted for by males. The year-over-year decline occurred entirely in the male portion of the claimant group.

The employed segment of the insured population, estimated at 4,152,700 the end of July, is almost 300,000 above that for one year ago, a somewhat larger increase than that which occurred in the non-agricultural paid worker segment of the labour force over the same period (260,000)*. The current expansion is thus reflected in those sectors of the economy where the Unemployment Insurance Act has extensive application.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 79,000 initial and renewal claims were received at local offices across Canada during August, down substantially from 108,900 in July. One year ago, the total was 86,200. More than 90 per cent of the cases were on behalf of persons separated from employment during the month; the balance of the claims were from persons terminating benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 139,400 for August, in comparison with 135,200 for July and 141,900 for August 1963. Benefit payments amounted to \$13.2 million in August, \$14.1 million in July and \$14.0 in August 1963. The average weekly benefit payment was \$23.66 for August, \$23.67 for July and \$23.50 for August 1963.

Provincial data

The provinces of Quebec and Ontario accounted for the July to August decrease in the month-end claimant count: numerically, the changes elsewhere were insignificant. The concentration of the decline in the two central provinces naturally follows from the nature and composition of the July increase in claims, which reflected in large part temporary lay-offs among production employees in the automotive industry and holiday shut-downs.

All provinces except Nova Scotia, Manitoba and Saskatchewan shared in the year-over-year decline.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	July 31 to August 31, 1964			August 30, 1963 to August 31, 1964			July 31 to August 30, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 11	- 12	- 10	- 5	- 9	+ 2	- 12	- 13	- 11
Nfld.	- 8	- 10	- 1	- 8	- 8	- 7	- 7	- 8	- 4
P.E.I.	- 12	- 12	- 11	- 11	- 3	- 24	- 6	- 5	- 9
N.S.	-	+ 2	- 5	+ 3	+ 4	+ 1	- 2	- 2	- 3
N.B.	- 15	- 17	- 10	- 9	- 16	+ 8	- 7	- 8	- 6
Que.	- 10	- 9	- 12	- 5	- 6	- 3	- 9	- 9	- 10
Ont.	- 18	- 22	- 13	- 6	- 12	+ 5	- 19	- 21	- 15
Man.	+ 5	+ 8	+ 1	+ 7	+ 10	+ 3	- 12	- 12	- 13
Sask.	+ 2	- 5	+ 9	+ 1	- 11	+ 12	- 10	- 8	- 12
Alta.	- 4	- 6	- 2	- 3	- 9	+ 7	- 11	- 10	- 12
B.C.	- 4	- 4	- 3	- 14	- 20	- 6	- 3	- 1	- 7

All provinces except Saskatchewan contributed to the July-to-August decrease in claims: Saskatchewan showed no change. In comparison with one year ago, small increases occurred in Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan, Quebec was unchanged and elsewhere this year's claim take was lower.

* The Labour Force, Catalogue No. 71-001 DBS.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	<u>July to</u> <u>August 1964</u>			<u>August 1963 to</u> <u>August 1964</u>			<u>July to</u> <u>August 1963</u>		
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Renewal</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Renewal</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Renewal</u>
Canada	- 27	- 29	- 25	- 8	- 5	- 14	- 24	- 27	- 18
Nfld.	- 11	- 14	- 1	- 14	- 9	- 23	- 3	- 4	- 2
P.E.I.	- 42	- 49	- 30	+ 4	+ 3	+ 6	- 39	- 45	- 28
N.S.	- 14	- 14	- 15	- 8	- 6	- 10	+ 6	- 3	+ 24
N.B.	- 27	- 34	- 11	- 12	- 12	- 12	- 17	- 21	- 9
Que.	- 19	- 23	- 13	-	+ 1	- 2	- 19	- 21	- 15
Ont.	- 41	- 40	- 43	- 11	- 4	- 22	- 35	- 38	- 28
Man.	- 8	- 6	- 14	- 1	+ 4	- 11	- 23	- 23	- 24
Sask.	-	- 1	+ 3	+ 4	+ 3	+ 5	- 17	- 16	- 20
Alta.	- 4	- 11	+ 11	- 18	- 13	- 28	- 5	- 8	-
B.C.	- 5	- 9	+ 2	- 18	- 18	- 18	- 4	- 6	- 2

Tables 7 and 8 provide information respecting weeks, amount of benefit paid and partial weeks. Relating the third column of Table 8 with the 1st of Table 7 gives an indication of the extent to which claimants' weekly benefit is reduced because of excess earnings during a week. The following percentages illustrate the proportion of benefit weeks affected by earnings. In general this proportion is higher in the Atlantic provinces than elsewhere. This might mean increased opportunities for part-time work in that area, or a higher incidence of underemployment. Employer policies with respect to annual vacations may be a factor.

Proportion of compensated weeks where benefit reduced due to excess earnings

	<u>Canada</u>	<u>Nfld.</u>	<u>P.E.I.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
Percent	6	11	6	10	8	5	5	6	5	5	7

While the average weekly payment is higher this year at the National level, the rate for Newfoundland is substantially lower, partly because of the higher incidence of partial benefit.

Average weekly payment

	<u>August 1964</u>	<u>August 1963</u>
Canada	23.66	23.50
Newfoundland	21.78	24.63
Prince Edward Island	20.86	20.09
Nova Scotia	22.17	21.99
New Brunswick	21.89	21.76
Quebec	23.64	23.47
Ontario	24.06	23.76
Manitoba	22.98	22.33
Saskatchewan	22.66	21.61
Alberta	24.87	23.91
British Columbia	24.16	24.46

Figures not available.
Nil.

Summary table

Activity	August 1964	July 1964	August 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				July 1964	Aug. 1963	January to August		12 months ending August	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,358	4,132	..	..	..	4,168*	..	4,141*
Initial and renewal claims filed	79	109	86	- 27	- 8	1,168	1,284	1,922	2,100
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	182	205	193	- 11	- 5	393*	447*	365*	415*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	139	135	142	+ 3	- 2	342*	394*	290*	329*
Weeks compensated	558	595	596	- 6	- 6	11,347	13,175	14,294	16,451
Benefit paid	\$ 13,199	14,086	14,007	- 6	- 6	279,612	322,819	350,957	401,257

Average weekly
benefit \$ 23.66 23.67 23.50 - + 1 24.64 24.50 24.55 24.39

* Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - July	4,358,000	4,152,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100
January	4,334,000	3,735,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,326,000	3,793,700	532,300
November	4,192,000	3,888,600	303,400
October	4,125,000	3,906,100	218,900
September	4,122,000	3,935,700	186,300
August	4,132,000	3,939,500	192,500
July	4,086,000	3,867,000	219,000

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1964 - August - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	79,016	50,458	28,558	86,162	52,942	33,220
fld.	1,246	865	381	1,444	949	495
.E.I.	224	134	90	215	130	85
.S.	3,164	1,910	1,254	3,439	2,042	1,397
.B.	2,505	1,630	875	2,849	1,859	990
ue.	26,587	15,917	10,670	26,694	15,828	10,866
nt.	30,463	20,273	10,190	34,227	21,099	13,128
an.	2,202	1,623	579	2,218	1,565	653
ask.	1,232	892	340	1,188	865	323
lta.	3,386	2,256	1,130	4,146	2,584	1,562
.C.	8,007	4,958	3,049	9,742	6,021	3,721

1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 25,753.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>August 31, 1964</u>				<u>August 30, 1963</u>
CANADA -	182,029	72,850	56,142	31,243	21,794	192,511
MALE	111,497	49,357	32,487	17,635	12,018	123,058
FEMALE	70,532	23,493	23,655	13,608	9,776	69,453
Nfld.	4,298	1,600	1,207	902	589	4,676
Male	3,388	1,302	929	696	461	3,701
Female	910	298	278	206	128	975
P.E.I.	676	220	302	99	55	757
Male	467	182	227	25	33	481
Female	209	38	75	74	22	276
N.S.	9,192	3,228	2,931	1,893	1,140	8,918
Male	6,726	2,514	2,116	1,363	733	6,475
Female	2,466	714	815	530	407	2,443
N.B.	6,874	2,242	2,325	1,707	600	7,566
Male	4,488	1,557	1,367	1,247	317	5,359
Female	2,386	685	958	460	283	2,207
Que.	57,826	23,863	17,836	9,646	6,481	60,778
Male	37,710	17,225	10,987	5,683	3,815	40,146
Female	20,116	6,638	6,849	3,963	2,666	20,632
Ont.	65,573	27,733	21,159	9,416	7,265	69,404
Male	37,424	17,572	11,474	4,553	3,825	42,688
Female	28,149	10,161	9,685	4,863	3,440	26,716
Man.	6,942	2,097	1,969	1,545	1,331	6,486
Male	3,923	1,396	1,029	803	695	3,565
Female	3,019	701	940	742	636	2,921
Sask.	3,486	1,157	971	686	672	3,465
Male	1,568	567	444	257	300	1,759
Female	1,918	590	527	429	372	1,706
Alta.	8,915	3,349	2,419	1,913	1,234	9,177
Male	5,213	2,150	1,285	1,099	679	5,722
Female	3,702	1,199	1,134	814	555	3,455
B.C.	18,247	7,361	5,023	3,436	2,427	21,284
Male	10,590	4,892	2,629	1,909	1,160	13,162
Female	7,657	2,469	2,394	1,527	1,267	8,122

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

August 1964

Canada -	89,451	37,817	25,347	22,162	4,125	20,852	9,992
Nfld.	1,248	444	306	424	74	505	205
P.E.I.	252	94	81	62	15	49	31
N.S.	3,085	1,223	971	728	163	757	430
N.B.	2,776	1,079	771	817	109	668	303
Que.	28,659	10,603	9,762	6,954	1,340	7,406	3,686
Ont.	38,986	19,240	9,399	8,807	1,540	7,667	3,536
Man.	2,115	872	480	667	96	615	201
Sask.	1,182	470	245	404	63	325	137
Alta.	3,231	1,200	847	1,014	170	960	484
B.C.	7,917	2,592	2,485	2,285	555	1,900	979

August 1963

Canada -	99,105	40,470	31,125	22,629	4,881	18,767	9,643
Nfld.	1,502	527	403	486	86	378	176
P.E.I.	254	92	66	70	26	47	26
N.S.	3,479	1,201	1,236	873	169	590	329
N.B.	2,887	1,023	859	869	136	623	305
Que.	29,748	10,626	10,256	7,287	1,579	6,031	3,381
Ont.	43,312	20,419	12,807	8,205	1,881	7,385	3,521
Man.	2,389	984	575	718	112	539	189
Sask.	1,319	558	326	375	60	325	100
Alta.	4,203	1,515	1,384	1,089	215	1,142	609
B.C.	10,012	3,525	3,213	2,657	617	1,707	1,007

1) In addition 25,176 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,351 were special requests not granted and 1,409 were appeals by claimants. There were 7,400 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during August 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period 1964(1) 1963		11,600 11,374	224 243	31 33	365 466	525 571	4,096 3,832	4,208 3,924	323 326	176 138	459 511	1,193 1,330
Claimants disqualified	1964 1963	24,548 33,901	576 615	85 180	1,108 1,491	714 1,209	7,315 10,910	9,224 12,092	863 1,117	552 724	1,400 1,448	2,711 4,115
Not unemployed	1964 1963	596 562	28 38	3 10	25 37	14 27	104 154	328 176	13 26	23 21	15 21	43 52
Not capable of and not available for work	1964 1963	7,742 9,423	107 120	28 40	267 273	238 261	2,214 2,811	3,023 3,637	359 487	230 278	503 439	773 1,077
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964 1963	754 340	1 12	- -	14 -	5 -	95 164	633 100	- -	- -	- 1	6 63
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964 1963	1,259 1,616	11 9	10 10	46 97	36 33	486 550	385 638	54 40	47 46	70 76	114 117
Discharged for misconduct	1964 1963	1,118 1,411	14 26	4 1	33 48	35 54	429 561	415 491	30 43	5 10	45 57	108 120
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964 1963	6,317 7,140	118 167	21 28	246 259	200 168	1,924 2,076	2,243 2,550	188 225	136 135	351 436	890 1,096
Other reasons	1964 1963	6,762 13,409	297 243	19 91	477 777	186 666	2,063 4,594	2,197 4,500	219 296	111 234	416 418	777 1,590
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during August	1964	2,274	61	7	45	94	949	808	46	23	67	174

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - August - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	139.4	141.9
Newfoundland	3.3	4.1
Prince Edward Island	0.6	0.6
Nova Scotia	6.4	6.5
New Brunswick	5.7	5.4
Quebec	44.2	44.1
Ontario	51.6	52.7
Manitoba	5.5	5.3
Saskatchewan	2.6	2.7
Alberta	6.2	6.8
British Columbia	13.5	13.7

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - August - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	557,793	13,198,559	596,026	14,007,035
Nfld.	13,020	283,520	17,380	428,097
P.E.I.	2,251	46,952	2,527	50,774
N.S.	25,694	569,608	27,385	602,281
N.B.	22,732	497,601	22,757	495,150
Que.	176,645	4,175,753	185,279	4,347,862
Ont.	206,569	4,970,220	221,350	5,258,742
Man.	22,076	507,366	22,177	495,301
Sask.	10,239	231,987	11,352	245,312
Alta.	24,602	611,774	28,481	680,982
B.C.	53,965	1,303,778	57,338	1,402,534

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

August 1964

Canada -	510,865	46,928	32,024
Newfoundland	11,267	1,753	1,463
Prince Edward Island	2,077	174	135
Nova Scotia	22,618	3,076	2,494
New Brunswick	20,375	2,357	1,801
Quebec	162,980	13,665	8,648
Ontario	190,362	16,207	10,638
Manitoba	20,252	1,824	1,378
Saskatchewan	9,487	752	515
Alberta	22,690	1,912	1,327
British Columbia	48,757	5,208	3,625

August 1963

Canada -	540,196	55,830	37,248
Newfoundland	15,840	1,540	1,327
Prince Edward Island	2,359	168	115
Nova Scotia	23,578	3,807	3,013
New Brunswick	19,975	2,782	2,058
Quebec	170,312	14,967	9,128
Ontario	199,395	21,955	14,074
Manitoba	20,241	1,936	1,343
Saskatchewan	10,313	1,039	667
Alberta	25,524	2,957	2,068
British Columbia	52,659	4,679	3,455

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and no disqualification imposed and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

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MONTHLY



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
SEPTEMBER 1964

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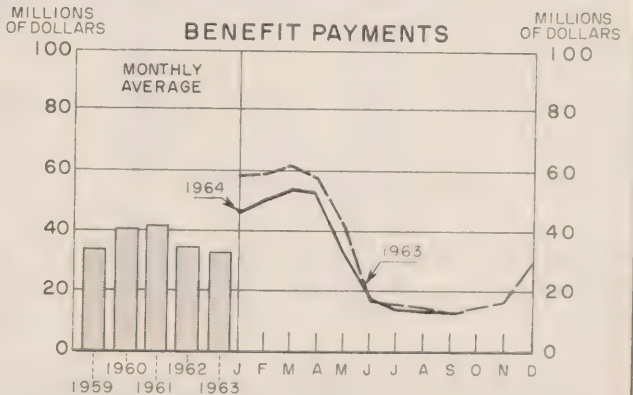
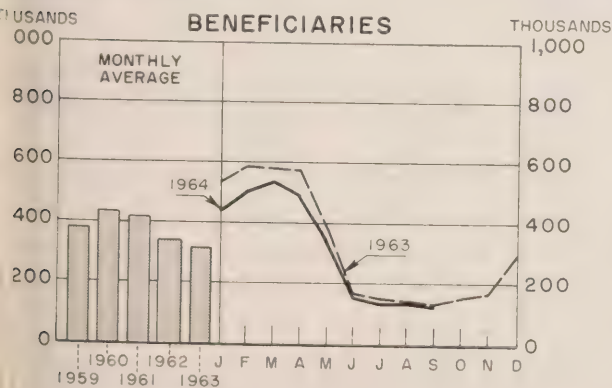
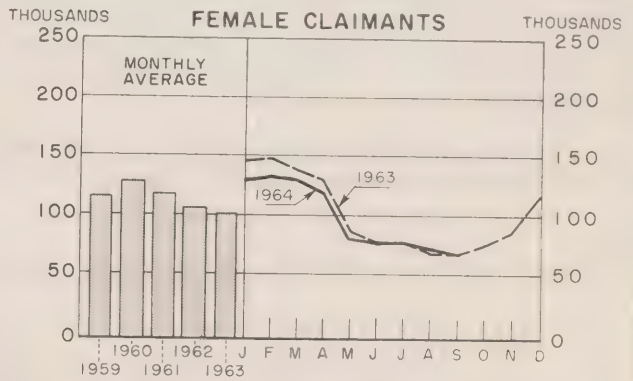
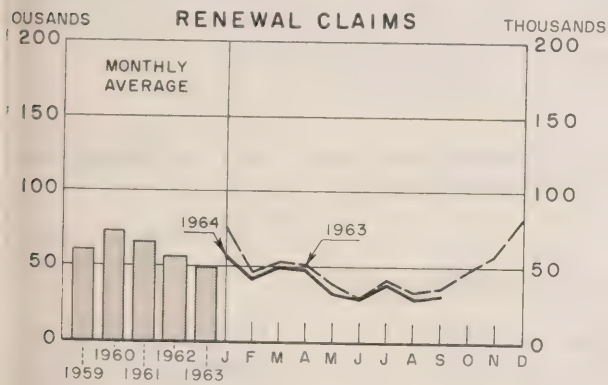
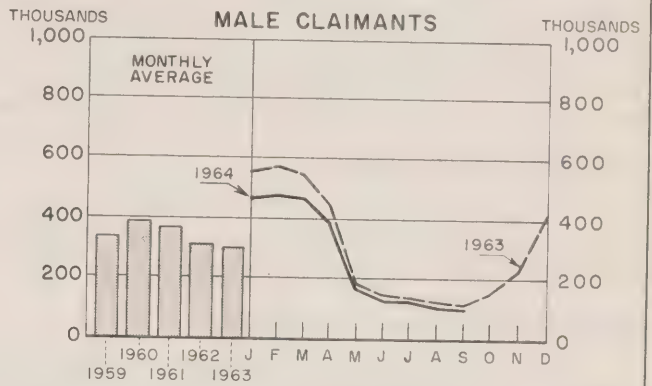
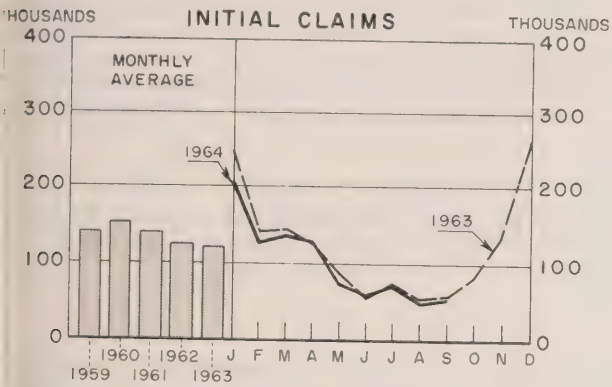
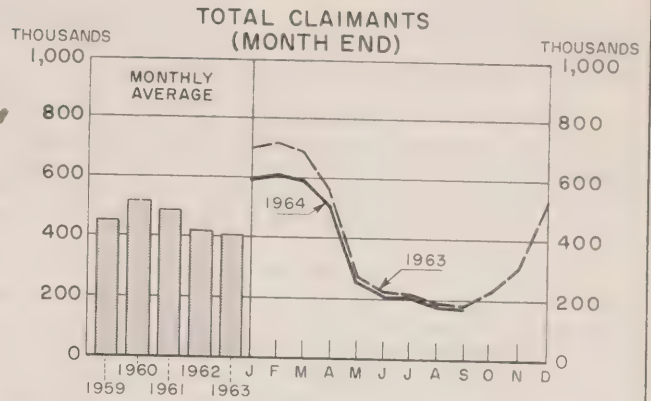
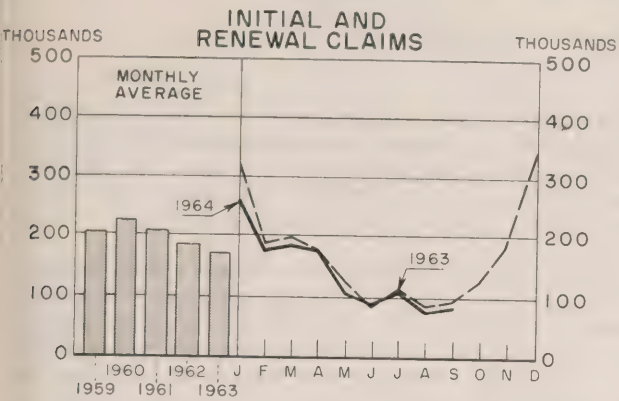
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

SEPTEMBER 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit totalled 173,600 on September 30, in comparison with 182,000 on August 31 and 186,300 one year ago. The number of female claimants remained constant at approximately 70,000 for each of the dates under review. The count of male claimants, at 104,900 on September 30, showed an over-the-month decline of almost 7,000 and was 12,000 fewer than on September 30, 1963. Lower totals this year reflect the generally higher levels of employment.

The proportion of males, at 60 per cent on September 30, was virtually unchanged from August 31 and only slightly lower than the 63 per cent shown for one year ago. Almost 50 per cent of the 104,900 male claimants recorded at September 30 had come on claim during the month. Less than 40 per cent of the females were in this category. About one-quarter of the males as against one-third of the females had been on continuous claim more than 13 weeks. This is usual at this season of the year, as a significant proportion of the males who filed claims during the summer months did so as the result of temporary displacement and hence did not continue on claim. For example, close to 50,000 of the August 31 male claimants came on claim during August. On September 30, however, the category of 5-13 weeks showed less than 27,000, indicating that almost half the male claimants filing a claim during August withdrew from claimant status in September. For the female segment, however, these figures were 23,500 and 19,500, respectively, thus indicating a higher proportion remaining in claimant status.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 85,800 initial and renewal claims were filed during September, up slightly from August (79,000) but lower than one year ago (92,900). Close to 95 per cent of these claims represented separations from employment during the month concerned.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 128,200 for September, in comparison with 139,400 in August and 133,000 in September 1963. Benefit payments amounted to \$12.8 million in September, \$13.2 million in August and \$12.5 million in September 1963. The average weekly benefit payment was \$23.75 for September, \$23.66 for August and \$23.54 for September 1963.

Provincial data

At the provincial level, changes in the month-end claimant count were slight, in comparison with totals for the previous month or for the same month last year.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	August 31 to September 30, 1964			September 30, 1963 to September 30, 1964			August 30 to September 30, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 5	- 6	- 2	- 7	- 10	- 1	- 3	- 5	-
Nfld.	+ 4	- 1	+ 21	+ 10	+ 9	+ 14	- 13	- 17	- 1
P.E.I.	- 14	- 21	-	- 18	- 10	- 28	- 7	- 14	+ 5
N.S.	- 4	- 4	- 4	+ 4	+ 8	- 4	- 5	- 7	+ 1
N.B.	+ 6	+ 4	+ 8	- 3	- 11	+ 15	- 1	- 2	+ 2
Que.	- 1	- 2	- 1	- 6	- 8	- 1	-	+ 1	- 2
Ont.	- 13	- 17	- 8	- 9	- 16	-	- 9	- 13	- 3
Man.	- 8	- 10	- 5	- 3	+ 1	- 7	+ 2	- 2	+ 6
Sask.	+ 2	+ 3	+ 2	+ 3	+ 4	+ 3	-	- 12	+ 11
Alta.	+ 8	+ 6	+ 11	- 4	- 8	+ 2	+ 9	+ 6	+ 16
B.C.	+ 3	+ 5	-	- 14	- 18	- 6	+ 2	+ 3	-

While, at the national level, the September claim volume was only about 10 per cent higher than August, percentage increases were substantially greater than this in all provinces except Quebec (8 per cent) and Ontario where there was a decline.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	August to September 1964			September 1963 to September 1964			August to September 1963		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	+ 9	+ 10	+ 6	- 8	- 4	- 13	+ 8	+ 9	+ 5
Altd.	+ 50	+ 45	+ 60	+ 3	+ 6	- 3	+ 26	+ 25	+ 27
P.E.I.	+ 18	+ 38	- 11	- 8	+ 2	- 25	+ 34	+ 40	+ 26
N.S.	+ 16	+ 27	-	+ 9	+ 14	- 1	- 2	+ 4	- 10
N.B.	+ 29	+ 27	+ 33	- 7	- 2	- 14	+ 22	+ 13	+ 38
Que.	+ 8	+ 12	+ 2	- 3	- 2	- 4	+ 11	+ 15	+ 5
Ont.	- 6	- 8	- 1	- 15	- 10	- 22	- 2	- 2	- 1
Man.	+ 15	+ 14	+ 17	- 9	- 4	- 19	+ 25	+ 23	+ 28
Sask.	+ 24	+ 32	+ 5	+ 11	+ 17	- 6	+ 16	+ 16	+ 17
Alta.	+ 45	+ 47	+ 39	- 6	-	- 17	+ 26	+ 28	+ 21
B.C.	+ 28	+ 33	+ 20	- 9	- 7	- 13	+ 16	+ 18	+ 14

. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	Sept. 1964	Aug. 1964	Sept. 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				Aug. 1964	Sept. 1963	January to September		12 months ending September	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
		(Thousands)				(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,248	4,122	..	..	..	4,163*	..	4,151*
Initial and renewal claims filed	86	79	93	+ 9	- 8	1,254	1,377	1,915	2,095
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	174	182	186	- 5	- 7	368*	418*	364*	414*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	128	139	133	- 8	- 4	318*	365*	289*	328*
Weeks compensated	539	558	532	- 3	+ 1	11,885	13,707	14,300	16,441
Benefit paid	\$ 12,792	13,199	12,528	- 3	+ 2	292,404	335,346	351,221	401,120
Average weekly benefit	\$ 23.75	23.66	23.54	-	+ 1	24.60	24.46	24.56	24.40

*Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - August	4,248,000	4,066,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100
January	4,334,000	3,735,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,326,000	3,793,700	532,300
November	4,192,000	3,888,600	303,400
October	4,125,000	3,906,100	218,900
September	4,122,000	3,935,700	186,300
August	4,132,000	3,939,500	192,500

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province. (1)

Province	1964 - September - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	85,842	55,467	30,375	92,892	57,884	35,008
Nfld.	1,867	1,257	610	1,813	1,184	629
P.E.I.	265	185	80	289	182	107
N.S.	3,665	2,417	1,248	3,375	2,114	1,261
N.B.	3,238	2,070	1,168	3,470	2,105	1,365
Que.	28,817	17,896	10,921	29,566	18,209	11,357
Ont.	28,773	18,707	10,066	33,695	20,739	12,956
Man.	2,528	1,848	680	2,766	1,931	835
Sask.	1,531	1,174	357	1,382	1,003	379
Alta.	4,893	3,322	1,571	5,207	3,320	1,887
B.C.	10,265	6,591	3,674	11,329	7,097	4,232

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 26,475

8004-114.1

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>September 30, 1964</u>				<u>September 30, 1963</u>
CANADA -	173,645	77,209	46,308	30,961	19,167	186,261
MALE	104,858	51,125	26,766	16,524	10,443	117,024
FEMALE	68,787	26,084	19,542	14,437	8,724	69,237
Atl.	4,458	1,724	1,183	970	581	4,053
Male	3,356	1,321	887	707	441	3,085
Female	1,102	403	296	263	140	968
E.I.	579	235	224	92	28	703
Male	371	135	184	42	10	413
Female	208	100	40	50	18	290
S.	8,835	3,480	2,435	2,004	916	8,466
Male	6,468	2,739	1,791	1,375	563	5,997
Female	2,367	741	644	629	353	2,469
NB.	7,260	3,052	2,026	1,523	659	7,495
Male	4,674	1,943	1,303	1,059	369	5,245
Female	2,586	1,109	723	464	290	2,250
Que.	56,980	25,809	16,054	9,611	5,506	60,592
Male	36,985	18,500	10,060	5,224	3,201	40,366
Female	19,995	7,309	5,994	4,387	2,305	20,226
Ont.	57,185	25,299	15,221	10,204	6,461	63,161
Male	31,238	15,240	7,847	4,804	3,347	37,260
Female	25,947	10,059	7,374	5,400	3,114	25,901
Man.	6,394	2,796	1,385	1,201	1,012	6,592
Male	3,519	1,657	726	624	512	3,498
Female	2,875	1,139	659	577	500	3,094
Sask.	3,567	1,395	1,010	639	523	3,450
Male	1,620	751	387	235	247	1,551
Female	1,947	644	623	404	276	1,899
Ala.	9,647	4,595	2,343	1,646	1,063	10,041
Male	5,546	2,900	1,238	844	564	6,037
Female	4,101	1,695	1,105	802	499	4,004
B.C.	18,740	8,824	4,427	3,071	2,418	21,708
Male	11,081	5,939	2,343	1,610	1,189	13,572
Female	7,659	2,885	2,084	1,461	1,229	8,136

1 The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

(1) Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
<u>September - 1964</u>							
Canada -	83,763	30,249	25,510	23,500	4,504	22,570	10,353
Nfld.	1,740	574	472	594	100	594	243
P.E.I.	246	93	71	68	14	73	26
N.S.	3,618	1,404	1,050	957	207	813	421
N.B.	2,924	1,060	921	780	163	898	387
Que.	28,226	9,992	9,422	7,424	1,388	7,886	3,797
Ont.	28,896	10,692	8,623	8,038	1,543	7,644	3,436
Man.	2,679	1,084	569	879	147	500	165
Sask.	1,497	560	332	547	58	392	104
Alta.	4,509	1,676	1,266	1,301	266	1,305	523
B.C.	9,428	3,114	2,784	2,912	618	2,465	1,251

<u>September - 1963</u>							
Canada -	88,625	32,493	28,690	22,853	4,589	21,305	11,372
Nfld.	1,546	488	459	488	111	586	235
P.E.I.	280	93	96	77	14	59	23
N.S.	3,141	1,092	1,034	861	154	751	402
N.B.	3,367	1,181	1,117	909	160	638	393
Que.	28,182	10,031	9,651	7,053	1,447	7,156	3,640
Ont.	32,864	12,615	10,634	7,924	1,691	7,585	4,152
Man.	2,597	997	650	830	120	643	254
Sask.	1,304	524	275	448	57	356	147
Alta.	4,748	1,797	1,481	1,257	213	1,408	802
B.C.	10,596	3,675	3,293	3,006	622	2,123	1,324

(1) In addition 27,726 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,594 were special requests not granted and 1,567 were appeals by claimants. There were 6,149 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during September 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	
Benefit period not established	1964(1)	12,375	350	38	496	455	4,344	3,954	359	255	579	1,545	
	1963	12,306	261	35	433	589	3,986	3,958	419	203	692	1,730	
Claimants disqualified	1964	26,530	598	109	1,115	899	8,176	9,303	1,164	613	1,593	2,960	
	1963	33,820	792	160	1,143	1,003	11,161	12,393	1,305	766	1,797	3,300	
Not unemployed	1964	540	17	5	102	13	132	169	20	15	28	39	
	1963	566	26	7	30	33	169	156	33	16	40	56	
Not capable of and not available for work	1964	8,881	182	28	312	318	2,559	3,196	506	284	551	945	
	1963	9,642	159	46	312	302	2,787	3,665	491	362	506	1,012	
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964	244	1	-	2	-	105	90	26	2	5	13	
	1963	217	-	-	7	2	159	47	-	-	1	1	
Refused offer of work and neglected opportu- nity to work	1964	1,585	9	25	63	81	559	548	51	39	62	148	
	1963	1,711	6	27	66	23	546	761	53	59	67	103	
Discharged for misconduct	1964	1,296	33	3	47	37	564	418	30	14	47	103	
	1963	1,257	31	1	34	31	514	431	27	14	60	114	
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964	6,924	130	17	283	205	2,047	2,392	232	131	451	1,036	
	1963	6,668	123	22	254	170	1,929	2,417	229	112	380	1,032	
Other reasons	1964	7,060	226	31	306	245	2,210	2,490	299	128	449	676	
	1963	13,759	447	57	440	442	5,057	4,916	472	203	743	982	
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during September		1964	1,949	52	6	85	91	759	633	61	27	74	161

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - September - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	128.2	133.0
Newfoundland	3.0	3.2
Prince Edward Island	0.5	0.6
Nova Scotia	6.6	6.5
New Brunswick	5.4	5.4
Quebec	42.4	43.2
Ontario	44.8	47.1
Manitoba	4.5	4.5
Saskatchewan	2.4	2.4
Alberta	5.9	6.4
British Columbia	12.6	13.8

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - September - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	538,557	12,791,963	532,124	12,527,626
Nfld.	12,626	281,507	12,748	290,372
P.E.I.	2,122	44,197	2,368	46,109
N.S.	27,839	634,439	25,969	556,996
N.B.	22,632	492,868	21,595	482,208
Que.	178,108	4,280,292	172,740	4,112,674
Ont.	188,300	4,497,126	188,338	4,461,602
Man.	19,041	440,954	18,110	412,621
Sask.	10,129	228,319	9,626	205,430
Alta.	24,684	603,206	25,405	619,716
B.C.	53,076	1,289,055	55,225	1,339,898

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

September - 1964

Canada -	490,785	47,772	34,520
Newfoundland	10,953	1,673	1,401
Prince Edward Island	1,897	225	179
Nova Scotia	24,333	3,506	2,784
New Brunswick	19,873	2,759	2,179
Quebec	163,593	14,515	10,044
Ontario	172,175	16,125	11,249
Manitoba	17,425	1,616	1,215
Saskatchewan	9,504	625	460
Alberta	22,768	1,916	1,445
British Columbia	48,264	4,812	3,564

September - 1963

Canada -	482,373	49,751	35,300
Newfoundland	11,240	1,508	1,339
Prince Edward Island	2,170	198	132
Nova Scotia	22,036	3,933	3,229
New Brunswick	18,655	2,940	2,218
Quebec	158,201	14,539	9,404
Ontario	171,563	16,775	11,739
Manitoba	16,581	1,529	1,093
Saskatchewan	8,778	848	563
Alberta	22,902	2,503	1,806
British Columbia	50,247	4,978	3,777

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established **and no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

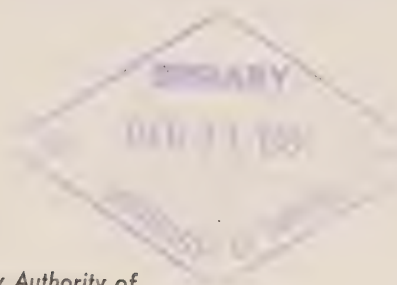
MONTHLY



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

**STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
OCTOBER 1964**

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)



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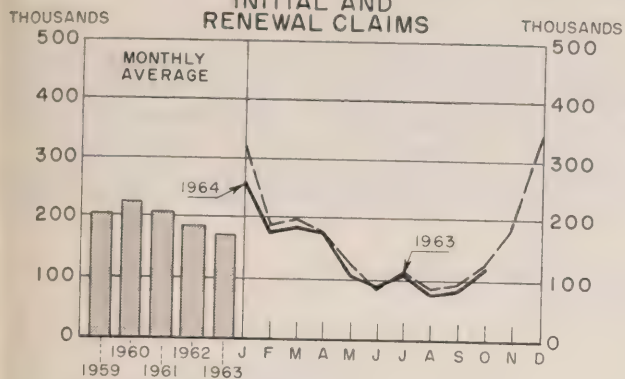
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

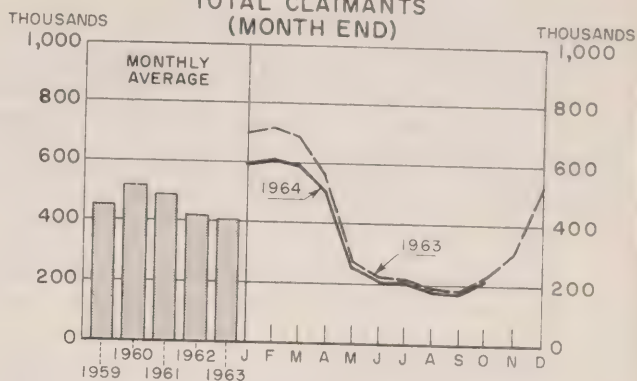
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

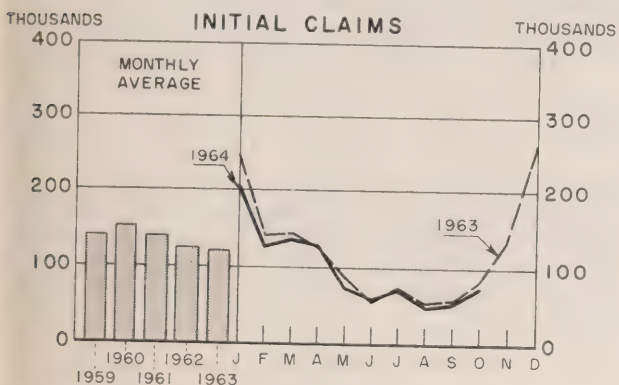
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



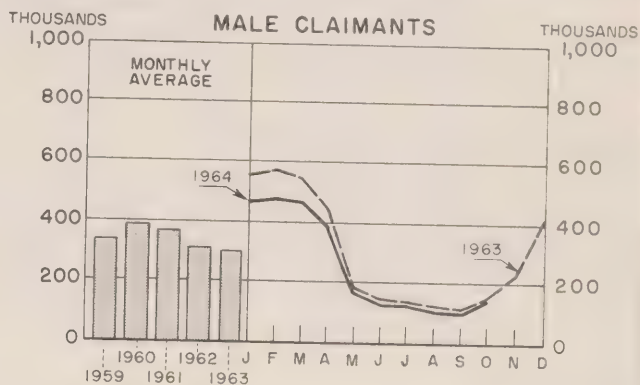
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



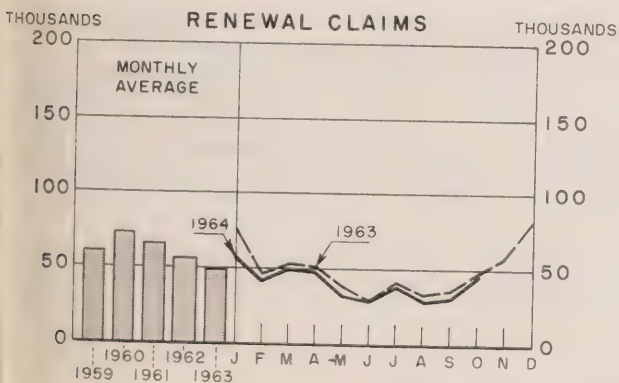
INITIAL CLAIMS



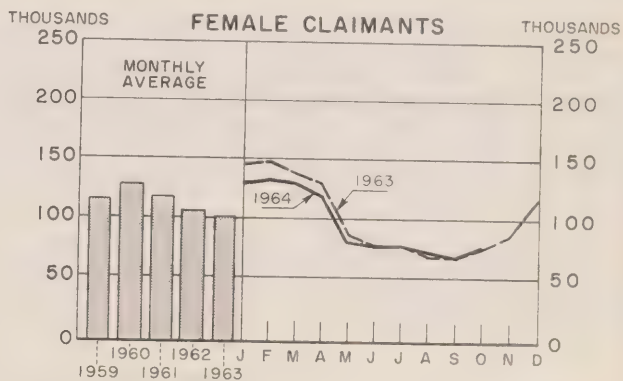
MALE CLAIMANTS



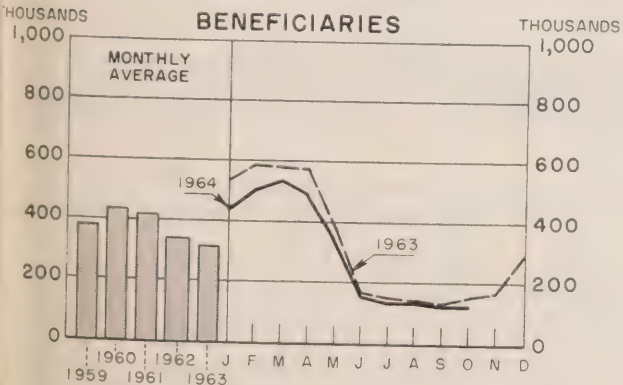
RENEWAL CLAIMS



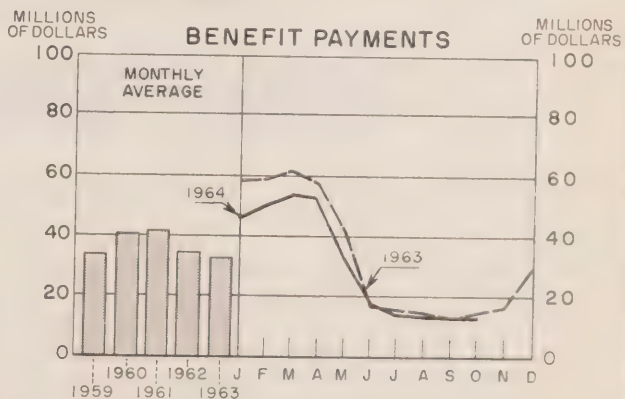
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

OCTOBER 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for Unemployment Insurance benefit totalled 214,500 on October 30, 40,000 more than on September 30 but approximately 4,000 fewer than recorded on October 31, 1963. The bulk of the increase over September 30 occurred among the male segment of the claimant group. This reflected layoffs in the durable goods sector of manufacturing, particularly in the automotive industry. Despite the 34,000 increase in male claimants during the month, the end of October count for males, at 138,800, was approximately 5,000 below that for one year ago. The female count, at 75,700 on October 30, was 7,000 greater than on September 30, but unchanged from one year ago.

Among persons on claim 1-4 weeks, as of October 30, males comprised 72 per cent, in contrast with 56 per cent for those on continuous claim 5 weeks or more.

Initial and Renewal Claims

A total of 120,900 initial and renewal claims were filed in local offices of the Unemployment Insurance Commission during October, in comparison with 85,800 in September and 126,200 in October 1963. Some 95 per cent of these claims were in respect of persons separated from employment during each of these months.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 127,300 for October, 128,200 for September and 148,800 for October 1963. Benefit payments amounted to \$12.8 million in October, virtually unchanged from September and \$1.2 million below October 1963 (\$14.0 million). The average weekly payment was \$24.03 for October, \$23.75 for September and \$23.51 for October 1963. Increased average payments for October reflect the higher earnings of a significant segment of the persons coming on claim during the month.

Provincial data

While all provinces contributed to the higher claimant level on October 30, the largest percentage increases occurred in Newfoundland and Ontario where totals were one-third higher than on September 30. Alberta was unique in maintaining the level of claimants virtually unchanged from September 30 in sharp contrast with all other provinces where totals were at least 10 per cent higher. Examination of the table, following, indicates that one year ago the October 31 count in Alberta was one-third above that for September 30. The increased volume in Ontario comprised persons laid off as a result of the automotive workers' strike in the United States which affected plants manufacturing automobiles and parts.

In comparison with one year ago, current totals are lower in all provinces except in Newfoundland, Nova Scotia and Ontario where relatively small increases were recorded, and in Saskatchewan where there was no change.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	September 30 to October 30, 1964			October 31, 1963 to October 30, 1964			September 30 to October 31, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 24	+ 32	+ 10	- 2	- 3	+ 1	+ 18	+ 23	+ 9
Nfld.	+ 36	+ 43	+ 15	+ 5	-	+ 25	+ 43	+ 56	+ 4
P.E.I.	+ 10	+ 7	+ 15	- 18	- 18	- 16	+ 10	+ 18	- 1
N.S.	+ 12	+ 12	+ 11	+ 2	+ 3	+ 1	+ 14	+ 17	+ 6
N.B.	+ 17	+ 19	+ 13	- 3	- 11	+ 16	+ 17	+ 19	+ 12
Que.	+ 18	+ 23	+ 9	- 4	- 5	- 1	+ 15	+ 18	+ 9
Ont.	+ 35	+ 55	+ 10	+ 10	+ 15	+ 4	+ 11	+ 14	+ 6
Man.	+ 16	+ 25	+ 5	- 6	- 3	- 10	+ 20	+ 30	+ 9
Sask.	+ 20	+ 40	+ 4	-	- 4	+ 5	+ 24	+ 51	+ 2
Alta.	+ 1	-	+ 3	- 27	- 38	- 4	+ 32	+ 47	+ 10
B.C.	+ 26	+ 33	+ 16	- 18	- 23	- 7	+ 32	+ 41	+ 17

The October claim volume was substantially above that for September in all provinces, the largest percentage increases occurring in Ontario (68 per cent) and the lowest in Alberta (4 per cent). Ontario is the only province for which the September-to-October increase this year (68 per cent) was in excess of that for one year ago (23 per cent). In Ontario, also, the volume of renewal claims in October was more than double that for September, whereas initial claims were about 50 per cent higher. This indicates that a significant proportion of workers temporarily dislocated had benefit rights already in existence - i.e., they had established the right to benefit within the prior 12 months and had not exhausted their benefit entitlement.

In comparison with one year ago, the October claim volume was lower in all provinces except Ontario where a significant increase was recorded.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	September to October 1964			October 1963 to October 1964			September to October 1963		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	+ 41	+ 35	+ 51	- 4	- 6	- 2	+ 36	+ 38	+ 33
Nfld.	+ 37	+ 47	+ 16	- 19	- 13	- 31	+ 74	+ 80	+ 64
P.E.I.	+ 20	+ 15	+ 33	- 18	- 21	- 11	+ 34	+ 47	+ 11
N.S.	+ 19	+ 14	+ 28	- 5	- 5	- 6	+ 37	+ 38	+ 35
N.B.	+ 25	+ 30	+ 16	- 9	- 6	- 13	+ 28	+ 37	+ 14
Que.	+ 28	+ 29	+ 28	- 7	- 6	- 7	+ 34	+ 35	+ 33
Ont.	+ 68	+ 49	+ 103	+ 16	+ 7	+ 32	+ 23	+ 26	+ 19
Man.	+ 45	+ 37	+ 68	- 19	- 17	- 23	+ 64	+ 58	+ 77
Sask.	+ 44	+ 42	+ 52	- 2	- 1	- 7	+ 64	+ 67	+ 55
Alta.	+ 4	+ 9	- 6	- 35	- 29	- 47	+ 52	+ 54	+ 48
B.C.	+ 29	+ 35	+ 20	- 25	- 19	- 35	+ 57	+ 55	+ 59

The October increase in the average weekly payment was concentrated almost wholly in Ontario, where average rates rose from \$23.88 in September to \$24.62 in October. This represents somewhat of a paradox, as a significant increase also occurred in the number of payments reduced due to excess earnings. In Ontario, there was a decline in the number of compensated weeks where no reduction occurred, from September to October. The number of partial weeks for reasons other than earnings also was less. However, the number of compensated weeks for which the benefit rate was reduced because of excess earnings increased from 11,249 in September to 16,804 in October. This sharp rise may be the result of a combination of circumstances. For some employees the lay-off would have commenced during the week, and benefit would have been claimed for that week. Those filing renewal claims may have served their waiting period prior to this. Where this occurred, claimants would have been eligible for compensation for that week (provided all the provisions of the Act were complied with) but the amount of benefit payable would be subject to the allowable earnings regulation. Information on the incidence of complete and partial weeks is provided in Table 8.

Industrial Classification of Persons separated from Employment and
Filing Initial(1) Claims for Unemployment Insurance Benefit
during September 1964

Some 36,000 persons separated from employment and filed initial claims during September. One year ago this total was approximately 40,000.

At the national level, more than a third of the cases were from manufacturing, equally distributed between durable and non-durable goods. Trade and Service industries together accounted for another third of the cases. The bulk of the remainder was from construction.

1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

Table 1. Percentage distribution of claims(1) by Industry and Province
September 1964 and 1963

<u>Industry group</u>		<u>Canada</u>	<u>Nfld.</u>	<u>P.E.I.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
Total new cases (000's)	1964	36.0	0.7	(2)	1.7	1.2	12.6	11.7	1.1	0.7	1.9	4.3
	1963	39.5	0.7	(2)	1.4	1.3	12.9	14.2	1.1	0.7	2.2	4.9
Per cent distribution												
Forestry (mainly logging)	1964	2	9		2	11	2	1	1	(3)	1	4
	1963	2	2		3	6	2	1	-	1	(3)	4
Fishing(4) and trapping	1964	(3)	1		3	(3)	-	-	(3)	-	(3)	2
	1963	1	3		3	5	-	-	-	-	(3)	1
Mining	1964	2	4		2	2	2	2	1	2	7	1
	1963	1	6		5	1	1	1	2	2	6	1
Manufacturing	1964	35	20		41	38	34	44	28	12	21	28
	1963	36	24		25	25	37	46	21	13	23	29
Construction	1964	13	16		12	8	16	11	11	14	9	18
	1963	14	18		13	12	16	11	10	8	16	19
Transportation, communication and other utilities	1964	6	11		12	8	5	4	5	6	9	1
	1963	6	11		7	12	5	4	11	7	5	1
Trade	1964	17	21		12	15	18	15	22	26	20	1
	1963	15	21		21	19	14	13	22	29	19	1
Service	1964	16	9		8	10	15	15	19	24	23	2
	1963	17	7		12	13	16	17	21	29	18	1
Public administration and defence	1964	4	7		4	4	4	3	8	9	6	
	1963	4	7		6	5	4	2	11	6	8	
Other	1964	4	2		5	3	4	4	6	7	5	
	1963	6	(3)		5	2	6	6	3	7	5	
All cases	1964	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1963	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

(2) Less than 500.

(3) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

(4) Persons whose reported occupation under covered employment was "fisherman" were coded to the fishing industry even though the nature of business of the most recent employer was other than fishing. This differs from the general coding practice of assigning a single code on the basis of the principal activity of the employer. However, fishermen report themselves usually as self-employed.

The two central provinces of Quebec and Ontario accounted for about three-quarters of the recorded separations from manufacturing. However, a significant proportion of the New Brunswick claims were identified to this industry, as certain segments of food processing terminated operation. In the Prairie Provinces the industries of trade and service accounted for a relatively larger proportion of claims than elsewhere.

Seasonal variations in the industrial composition of claims are indicated by the quarterly data presented in Table 2.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of claims, by Industry, quarterly intervals

	1964			1963	
	September	June	March	December	September
Total new cases (000's)	36.0	37.8	69.6	178.7	39.5
	per cent distribution				
Forestry (mainly logging)	2	3	20	7	2
Fishing and trapping	(1)	(1)	1	7	1
Mining	2	2	5	2	1
Manufacturing	35	41	23	24	36
Construction	13	12	18	27	14
Transportation, communication and other utilities	6	5	7	9	6
Trade	17	15	11	9	15
Service	16	15	9	7	17
Public administration and defence	4	4	4	5	4
Other	4	4	2	3	6
All cases	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	Oct. 1964	Sept. 1964	Oct. 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				Sept. 1964	Oct. 1963	January to October		12 months ending October	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
		(Thousands)				(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,205	4,125	..	..	..	4,159*	..	4,161*
Initial and renewal claims filed	121	86	126	+ 41	- 4	1,375	1,503	1,909	2,071
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	215	174	219	+ 24	- 2	353*	398*	364*	412*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	127	128	149	- 1	- 14	299*	343*	287*	328*
Weeks compensated	534	539	595	- 1	- 10	12,420	14,302	14,240	16,363
Benefit paid	\$ 12,841	12,792	13,989	-	- 8	305,245	349,336	350,073	399,356
Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.03	23.75	23.51	+ 1	+ 2	24.58	24.43	24.58	24.41

* Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - September	4,205,000	4,031,400	173,600
August	4,330,000	4,148,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100
January	4,334,000	3,735,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,326,000	3,793,700	532,300
November	4,192,000	3,888,600	303,400
October	4,125,000	3,906,100	218,900
September	4,122,000	3,935,700	186,300

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province. (1)

Province	1964 - October - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	120,886	75,121	45,765	126,219	79,690	46,529
Nfld.	2,560	1,851	709	3,159	2,130	1,029
P.E.I.	318	212	106	387	268	119
N.S.	4,363	2,767	1,596	4,608	2,909	1,699
N.B.	4,057	2,698	1,359	4,435	2,880	1,555
Que.	37,008	23,028	13,980	39,663	24,584	15,079
Ont.	48,316	27,880	20,436	41,544	26,096	15,448
Man.	3,667	2,528	1,139	4,531	3,053	1,478
Sask.	2,208	1,664	544	2,261	1,673	588
Alta.	5,112	3,628	1,484	7,895	5,102	2,793
B.C.	13,277	8,865	4,412	17,736	10,995	6,741

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 27,163.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>October 30, 1964</u>				<u>October 31, 1963</u>
CANADA -	214,544	115,183	50,462	29,883	19,016	218,866
MALE	138,803	83,071	29,637	15,444	10,651	143,553
FEMALE	75,741	32,112	20,825	14,439	8,365	75,313
Nfld.	6,074	2,819	1,702	1,032	521	5,809
Male	4,812	2,430	1,308	748	326	4,803
Female	1,262	389	394	284	195	1,006
P.E.I.	637	294	228	78	37	774
Male	397	216	127	49	5	487
Female	240	78	101	29	32	287
N.S.	9,858	4,462	2,640	1,745	1,011	9,662
Male	7,224	3,434	1,901	1,215	674	7,045
Female	2,634	1,028	739	530	337	2,617
N.B.	8,465	4,085	2,131	1,444	805	8,768
Male	5,549	2,827	1,328	866	528	6,244
Female	2,916	1,258	803	578	277	2,524
Que.	67,335	35,389	17,172	9,496	5,278	69,817
Male	45,463	26,497	11,057	4,882	3,027	47,685
Female	21,872	8,892	6,115	4,614	2,251	22,132
Ont.	77,136	44,972	15,784	9,988	6,392	69,843
Male	48,475	32,235	8,033	4,772	3,435	42,324
Female	28,661	12,737	7,751	5,216	2,957	27,519
Man.	7,445	3,046	2,054	1,122	1,223	7,928
Male	4,414	2,008	1,130	567	709	4,554
Female	3,031	1,038	924	555	514	3,374
Sask.	4,280	2,066	1,092	609	513	4,276
Male	2,260	1,282	461	243	274	2,345
Female	2,020	784	631	366	239	1,931
Alta.	9,746	5,083	2,446	1,311	906	13,290
Male	5,526	3,104	1,303	611	508	8,891
Female	4,220	1,979	1,143	700	398	4,399
B.C.	23,568	12,967	5,213	3,058	2,330	28,699
Male	14,683	9,038	2,989	1,491	1,165	19,175
Female	8,885	3,929	2,224	1,567	1,165	9,524

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

October 1964

Canada -	112,226	38,549	37,894	29,831	5,952	29,311	12,272
Nfld.	2,176	808	562	707	99	930	291
P.E.I.	291	113	82	79	17	93	33
N.S.	4,262	1,577	1,375	1,095	215	908	427
N.B.	3,773	1,446	1,075	1,072	180	1,078	491
Que.	34,513	12,191	11,640	9,000	1,682	9,723	4,455
Ont.	45,569	14,389	17,464	11,119	2,597	10,016	3,811
Man.	2,918	1,196	687	908	127	924	490
Sask.	1,933	779	381	703	70	574	197
Alta.	4,823	1,813	1,132	1,617	261	1,503	614
B.C.	11,968	4,237	3,496	3,531	704	3,562	1,463

October 1963

Canada -	117,375	42,835	37,720	30,950	5,870	27,210	14,311
Nfld.	2,836	1,001	852	868	115	847	297
P.E.I.	308	126	89	80	13	121	40
N.S.	4,290	1,513	1,384	1,173	220	974	497
N.B.	3,947	1,453	1,242	1,076	176	989	530
Que.	36,923	13,536	12,436	9,248	1,703	8,956	4,580
Ont.	39,792	14,761	12,705	10,203	2,123	8,717	4,772
Man.	4,052	1,434	1,094	1,321	203	941	435
Sask.	1,999	755	428	694	122	580	185
Alta.	7,364	2,773	2,229	1,968	394	1,769	972
B.C.	15,864	5,483	5,261	4,319	801	3,316	2,003

(1) In addition 26,831 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,688 were special requests not granted and 1,672 were appeals by claimants. There were 6,481 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during October 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1)	16,735	451	36	670	735	5,773	5,214	493	371	833	2,159
	1963	18,727	564	50	678	751	5,907	5,803	765	357	1,063	2,789
Claimants disqualified	1964	28,892	555	121	1,014	828	8,347	11,776	905	677	1,635	3,034
	1963	33,042	798	89	1,160	853	10,382	11,911	1,286	852	2,205	3,506
Not unemployed	1964	516	12	2	25	23	139	175	36	36	30	38
	1963	619	80	2	47	21	175	124	47	30	49	44
Not capable of and not available for work	1964	8,206	195	33	257	262	2,350	3,014	381	295	562	857
	1963	10,089	187	32	324	239	2,798	3,866	499	378	705	1,061
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964	108	-	-	1	-	32	69	-	-	-	6
	1963	238	-	-	5	13	133	49	4	-	15	19
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964	1,397	14	27	51	50	443	538	41	43	89	101
	1963	1,580	13	10	73	19	515	676	49	42	62	121
Discharged for misconduct	1964	1,280	21	3	46	54	545	395	28	13	54	121
	1963	1,558	34	4	45	45	619	500	40	19	84	168
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964	7,080	135	23	285	211	2,139	2,397	196	141	478	1,075
	1963	8,059	187	15	340	250	2,224	2,762	309	170	595	1,207
Other reasons	1964	10,305	178	33	349	228	2,699	5,188	223	149	422	836
	1963	10,899	297	26	326	266	3,918	3,934	338	213	695	886
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during October 1964		2,177	54	12	85	90	783	717	63	39	103	231

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - October - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	127.3	148.8
Newfoundland	3.3	3.7
Prince Edward Island	0.4	0.6
Nova Scotia	6.3	6.6
New Brunswick	4.9	6.0
Quebec	41.0	48.8
Ontario	44.8	50.0
Manitoba	4.4	5.3
Saskatchewan	2.5	2.9
Alberta	6.2	7.9
British Columbia	13.5	16.9

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - October - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	534,485	12,841,420	595,019	13,989,450
Nfld.	13,752	302,347	14,749	328,072
P.E.I.	1,676	34,743	2,483	48,499
N.S.	26,417	601,656	26,405	562,310
N.B.	20,608	443,513	23,881	513,468
Que.	172,098	4,136,281	195,242	4,641,072
Ont.	188,091	4,631,096	200,192	4,727,434
Man.	18,481	434,562	21,298	483,255
Sask.	10,637	239,766	11,628	254,793
Alta.	26,169	637,037	31,711	774,241
B.C.	56,556	1,380,419	67,430	1,656,306

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

October 1964

Canada -	479,732	54,753	41,699
Newfoundland	11,758	1,994	1,638
Prince Edward Island	1,521	155	122
Nova Scotia	22,653	3,764	3,060
New Brunswick	17,815	2,793	2,182
Quebec	156,921	15,177	10,705
Ontario	166,849	21,242	16,804
Manitoba	16,938	1,543	1,179
Saskatchewan	9,774	863	633
Alberta	24,008	2,161	1,629
British Columbia	51,495	5,061	3,747

October 1963

Canada -	539,179	55,840	39,929
Newfoundland	12,641	2,108	1,754
Prince Edward Island	2,276	207	159
Nova Scotia	22,164	4,241	3,618
New Brunswick	20,338	3,543	2,844
Quebec	177,939	17,303	11,273
Ontario	182,628	17,564	12,423
Manitoba	19,589	1,709	1,259
Saskatchewan	10,738	890	623
Alberta	28,802	2,909	2,071
British Columbia	62,064	5,366	3,905

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and **no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

MONTHLY



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
NOVEMBER 1964

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

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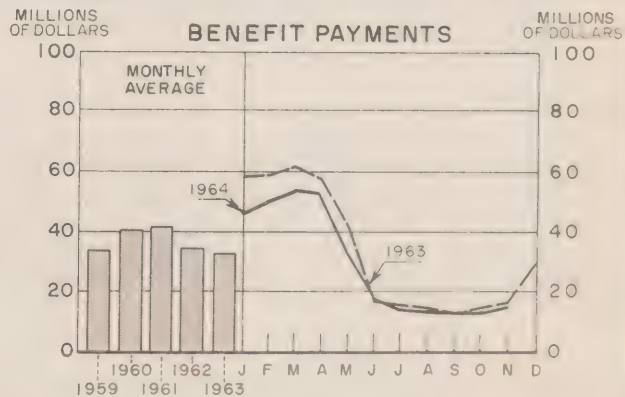
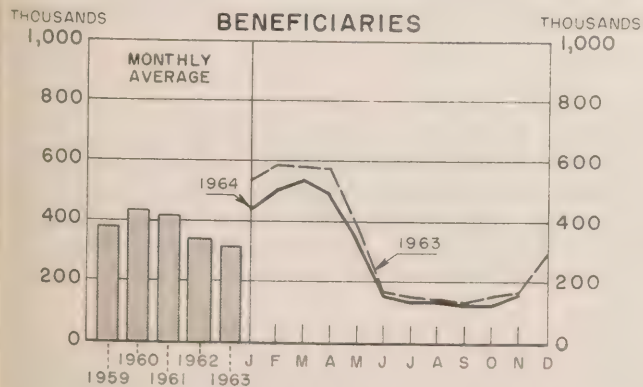
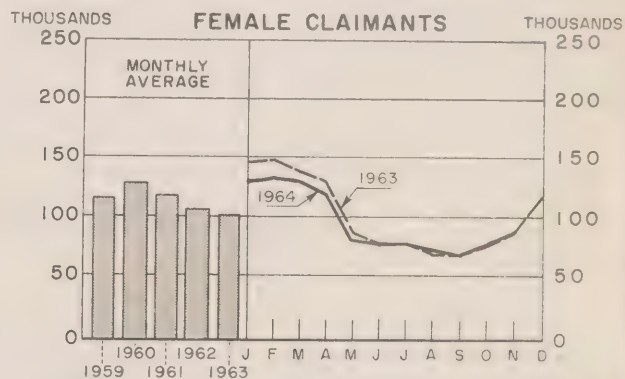
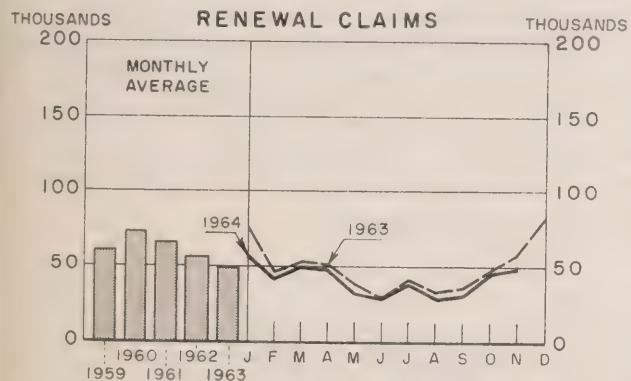
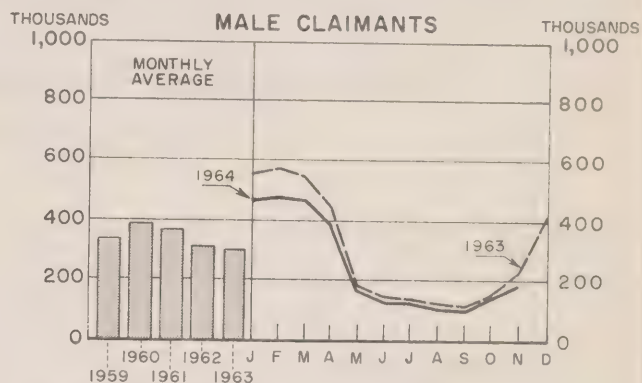
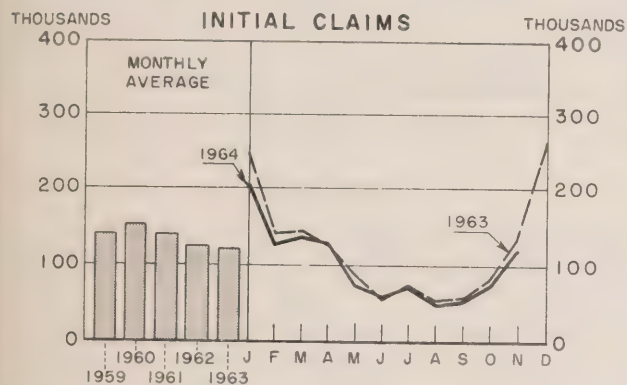
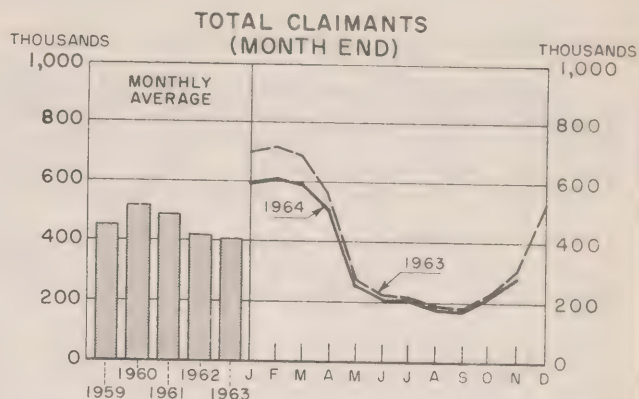
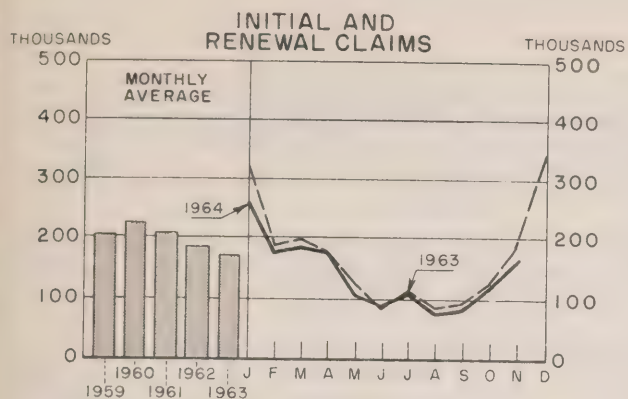
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

NOVEMBER 1964

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for Unemployment Insurance benefit totalled 274,500 on November 30, an increase of 60,000 over October 30, but 30,000 below the approximately 300,000 recorded on November 29, 1963. Most of the October-to-November increase occurred among males, who numbered 186,900 on November 30, in comparison with 138,800 on October 30. However, the decline from one year ago occurred entirely among male claimants, the number of female claimants having increased slightly.

The end of November count of claimants includes 3,157 identified as having qualified under the seasonal benefit provisions; of this number, 2,546 were males and 611 were females. One year ago these totals were 3,045, of which 2,457 were males and 588 females.

An increase among the male segment of the claimants is usual at this season of the year. However, the proportion of males, at 68 per cent on November 30, is somewhat lower than for last year when it was about 72 per cent. This reflects a slower rate of increase this year, in comparison with one year ago, as will be indicated by the following data:

October to November percentage increase in month-end claimant count

	This year	Last year
Total	28	39
Male	35	51
Female	16	15

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 169,000 initial and renewal claims were filed during November, as against 120,900 in October and 189,400 in November 1963. Approximately 90 per cent of the October-to-November increase occurred among initial claims, which rose from 75,100 in October to 119,500 in November. This was substantially greater than for one year ago, when initial claims accounted for 84 per cent of the October to November increase in total claims. Renewal claims numbered 49,400 in November, up slightly from the 45,800 received in October. Thus, the November claim intake of initial claims was almost 60 per cent above October, whereas for the renewals it was less than 10 per cent. Last year these percentages were 66 per cent and 22 per cent, respectively.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 150,500 for November, 127,300 for October and 161,200 for November 1963. Benefit payments at \$14.6 million were five per cent lower than one year ago (\$15.5 million) but were up 14 per cent from \$12.8 million paid out in October. The average weekly payment was \$24.33 for November, \$24.03 for October and \$23.98 for November 1963. The October-to-November increase in the size of the average payment reflects the higher proportion of male claimants.

Provincial data

All provinces contributed to the rise in the November 30 level of claimants. The smallest percentage change occurred in Ontario where an increase was recorded in the count of female claimants, the number of males being virtually unchanged. This differs substantially from that which obtained on November 29, 1963, when the Ontario count showed an increase of 28 per cent over the previous month. The lesser increase this year is associated with higher levels in October, over the preceding year, when automotive workers in Ontario suffered temporary dislocation associated with a major industrial dispute in United States.

Totals were lower than last year in all provinces except Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan where there were small increases. The male count was generally lower this year, only Prince Edward Island showing higher totals. Female claimants, however, were more numerous this year in Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	October 30 to November 30, 1964			November 29, 1963 to November 30, 1964			October 31 to November 29, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 28	+ 35	+ 16	- 10	- 14	+ 1	+ 39	+ 51	+ 15
Nfld.	+ 69	+ 84	+ 12	- 16	- 17	- 3	+ 109	+ 123	+ 45
P.E.I.	+ 208(1)	+ 259(1)	+ 125(1)	+ 6	+ 3	+ 13	+ 140	+ 183	+ 67
N.S.	+ 37	+ 46	+ 10	- 6	- 6	- 7	+ 48	+ 59	+ 19
N.B.	+ 58	+ 70	+ 34	- 1	- 6	+ 10	+ 54	+ 60	+ 40
Que.	+ 30	+ 38	+ 15	- 4	- 5	-	+ 31	+ 38	+ 14
Ont.	+ 6	+ 1	+ 13	- 9	- 17	+ 5	+ 28	+ 39	+ 12
Man.	+ 52	+ 67	+ 29	- 8	- 19	+ 22	+ 55	+ 99	- 5
Sask.	+ 96	+ 159	+ 25	+ 3	- 3	+ 21	+ 90	+ 157	+ 8
Alta.	+ 53	+ 89	+ 6	- 30	- 32	- 22	+ 59	+ 73	+ 31
B.C.	+ 34	+ 44	+ 16	- 19	- 25	- 3	+ 36	+ 47	+ 12

Movements in the claims filed series follow a pattern similar to that indicated for claimants. The chief difference is in degree, the percentage changes in the former series usually being greater than those for the latter. This is to be expected, in view of the basic conceptual difference between the two series. The number of claims filed is an indication only, of an intent, on the part of these persons, to draw on their benefit. But many claimants never report subsequently to prove unemployment, and hence their unemployment register might not be included in the active file at the month-end. In addition, the month-end claimant count is affected by withdrawals from benefit, either by return to work, exhaustion of benefit, or withdrawal from the labour market. An additional factor stems from a difference in the size of the base, the month-end claimant figure being usually greater than the total of claims filed.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	October to November 1964			November 1963 to November 1964			October to November 1963		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	+ 40	+ 59	+ 8	- 11	- 10	- 13	+ 50	+ 66	+ 22
Nfld.	+ 168	+ 205	+ 71	- 12	- 13	- 6	+ 146	+ 204	+ 25
P.E.I.	+ 387(1)	+ 510(1)	+ 142	+ 14	+ 11	+ 32	+ 253(1)	+ 337(1)	+ 64
N.S.	+ 75	+ 105	+ 23	- 10	- 9	- 11	+ 84	+ 115	+ 30
N.B.	+ 94	+ 128	+ 27	- 4	- 1	- 14	+ 85	+ 115	+ 30
Que.	+ 45	+ 60	+ 21	- 3	- 2	- 5	+ 40	+ 54	+ 17
Ont.	+ 1	+ 19	- 23	- 11	- 10	- 12	+ 32	+ 42	+ 16
Man.	+ 110	+ 126	+ 76	- 18	- 19	- 13	+ 107	+ 132	+ 56
Sask.	+ 156	+ 158	+ 151	- 7	- 7	- 8	+ 170	+ 176	+ 152
Alta.	+ 96	+ 98	+ 92	- 23	- 19	- 32	+ 66	+ 75	+ 50
B.C.	+ 44	+ 53	+ 24	- 23	- 21	- 27	+ 39	+ 56	+ 11

(1) Numbers involved are relatively small.

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	Nov. 1964	Oct. 1964	Nov. 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				Oct. 1964	Nov. 1963	January to November		12 months ending November	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,343	4,192	..	..	..	4,162*	..	4,167*
Initial and renewal claims filed	169	121	189	+ 40	- 11	1,544	1,693	1,889	2,016
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	275	215	303	+ 28	- 10	346*	390*	361*	406*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	151	127	161	+ 18	- 7	286*	327*	286*	326*
Weeks compensated	602	534	645	+ 13	- 7	13,022	14,947	14,197	16,214
Benefit paid	\$ 14,647	12,841	15,467	+ 14	- 5	319,892	364,803	349,253	395,890

Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.33	24.03	23.98	+ 1	+ 1	24.57	24.41	24.60	24.42
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* Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - October	4,343,000	4,128,500	214,500
September	4,304,000	4,130,400	173,600
August	4,330,000	4,148,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100
January	4,334,000	3,735,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,326,000	3,793,700	532,300
November	4,192,000	3,888,600	303,400
October	4,125,000	3,906,100	218,900

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province. (1)

Province	1964 - November - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	168,958	119,545	49,413	189,375	132,612	56,763
Nfld.	6,854	5,640	1,214	7,773	6,484	1,289
P.E.I.	1,550	1,293	257	1,365	1,170	195
N.S.	7,635	5,670	1,965	8,472	6,265	2,207
N.B.	7,888	6,160	1,728	8,219	6,202	2,017
Que.	53,734	36,876	16,858	55,477	37,761	17,716
Ont.	48,823	33,123	15,700	54,802	36,939	17,863
Man.	7,704	5,701	2,003	9,379	7,072	2,307
Sask.	5,659	4,294	1,365	6,104	4,622	1,482
Alta.	10,043	7,191	2,852	13,110	8,909	4,201
B.C.	19,068	13,597	5,471	24,674	17,188	7,486

1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 29,163.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>November 30, 1964</u>				<u>November 29, 1963</u>
CANADA -	274,532	159,421	66,581	30,179	18,351	303,353
MALE	186,853	120,443	40,536	15,668	10,206	216,940
FEMALE	87,679	38,978	26,045	14,511	8,145	86,413
Nfld.	10,253	6,930	1,910	805	608	12,169
Male	8,835	6,374	1,515	532	414	10,707
Female	1,418	556	395	273	194	1,462
P.E.I.	1,965	1,586	260	94	25	1,858
Male	1,425	1,205	161	54	5	1,378
Female	540	381	99	40	20	480
N.S.	13,465	7,365	3,336	1,732	1,032	14,340
Male	10,570	6,086	2,526	1,207	751	11,219
Female	2,895	1,279	810	525	281	3,121
N.B.	13,342	8,227	3,007	1,457	651	13,540
Male	9,425	6,304	1,964	817	340	9,995
Female	3,917	1,923	1,043	640	311	3,545
Que.	87,782	49,368	23,118	9,658	5,638	91,277
Male	62,590	38,669	15,413	5,263	3,245	65,987
Female	25,192	10,699	7,705	4,395	2,393	25,290
Ont.	81,586	46,615	18,651	10,444	5,876	89,677
Male	49,123	31,535	9,609	4,882	3,097	58,904
Female	32,463	15,080	9,042	5,562	2,779	30,773
Man.	11,301	6,340	2,798	1,084	1,079	12,266
Male	7,388	4,831	1,485	542	530	9,065
Female	3,913	1,509	1,313	542	549	3,201
Sask.	8,383	5,755	1,584	593	451	8,116
Male	5,852	4,556	831	224	241	6,032
Female	2,531	1,199	753	369	210	2,084
Alta.	14,921	9,412	3,549	1,213	747	21,182
Male	10,436	7,442	1,948	584	462	15,420
Female	4,485	1,970	1,601	629	285	5,762
B.C.	31,534	17,823	8,368	3,099	2,244	38,928
Male	21,209	13,441	5,084	1,563	1,121	28,233
Female	10,325	4,382	3,284	1,536	1,123	10,695

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

November 1964

Canada -	133,306	57,445	39,108	31,694	5,059	59,717	17,518
Nfld.	4,413	2,394	907	984	128	3,192	470
P.E.I.	767	424	188	138	17	824	85
N.S.	5,656	2,563	1,579	1,324	190	2,691	623
N.B.	5,733	2,822	1,420	1,320	171	3,096	628
Que.	42,671	17,866	13,808	9,471	1,526	19,262	5,979
Ont.	41,640	17,680	12,663	9,588	1,709	15,871	5,139
Man.	5,893	2,755	1,465	1,479	194	2,391	834
Sask.	3,367	1,579	787	896	105	2,393	670
Alta.	7,662	3,341	2,075	1,988	258	3,365	1,133
B.C.	15,504	6,021	4,216	4,506	761	6,632	1,957

November 1963

Canada -	153,289	64,419	46,693	36,124	6,053	59,279	18,328
Nfld.	5,146	2,941	1,004	1,063	138	3,327	444
P.E.I.	650	330	130	170	20	791	85
N.S.	6,393	2,866	1,766	1,541	220	2,832	718
N.B.	6,639	3,166	1,869	1,446	158	2,579	520
Que.	44,636	18,587	14,541	9,890	1,618	18,240	6,137
Ont.	47,368	18,975	15,132	11,030	2,231	15,651	5,272
Man.	7,691	3,565	1,782	2,039	305	2,409	655
Sask.	3,674	1,684	818	1,039	133	2,479	716
Alta.	11,015	4,458	3,393	2,766	398	3,454	1,382
B.C.	20,077	7,847	6,258	5,140	832	7,517	2,399

(1) In addition 28,063 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 3,014 were special requests not granted and 1,628 were appeals by claimants. There were 7,581 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during November 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1) 1963	20,354 24,522	695 738	92 121	907 1,086	970 1,104	6,346 6,840	5,636 6,862	944 1,389	570 707	1,188 1,907	3,006 3,768
Claimants disqualified	1964 1963	26,041 29,146	939 714	100 129	980 1,061	810 846	7,693 8,536	8,924 10,660	1,124 1,392	647 699	1,613 1,840	3,211 3,269
Not unemployed	1964 1963	666 626	22 22	6 5	43 54	32 27	162 151	187 162	55 37	38 42	55 51	66 75
Not capable of and not available for work	1964 1963	7,655 9,313	155 192	31 33	247 275	247 259	1,949 2,485	2,950 3,682	438 573	258 306	535 552	845 956
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964 1963	470 107	342 2	- -	- 17	- 5	76 36	43 41	- -	- -	- -	9 6
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964 1963	1,234 1,231	11 3	7 12	53 52	36 25	413 368	477 542	46 38	35 26	67 59	89 106
Discharged for misconduct	1964 1963	1,309 1,508	11 19	7 5	43 51	36 39	552 527	397 532	31 65	23 26	49 100	160 144
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964 1963	7,160 7,325	179 212	27 30	259 274	247 212	2,102 1,952	2,231 2,539	276 352	168 172	506 531	1,165 1,051
Other reasons	1964 1963	7,547 9,036	219 264	22 44	335 338	212 279	2,439 3,017	2,639 3,162	278 327	125 127	401 547	877 931
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during November 1964		3,047	115	8	119	157	1,145	832	133	59	137	342

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - November - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	150.5	161.2
Newfoundland	3.8	4.6
Prince Edward Island	0.6	0.6
Nova Scotia	7.3	7.2
New Brunswick	6.4	6.9
Quebec	49.7	51.7
Ontario	51.2	51.0
Manitoba	5.3	6.2
Saskatchewan	3.2	3.1
Alberta	6.9	9.4
British Columbia	16.2	20.5

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - November - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	602,005	14,646,798	644,981	15,467,326
Nfld.	15,352	354,724	18,351	426,280
P.E.I.	2,202	46,826	2,404	50,163
N.S.	29,233	658,116	28,864	618,755
N.B.	25,470	560,184	27,445	591,878
Que.	198,611	4,824,076	206,961	5,002,907
Ont.	204,774	5,092,602	204,171	4,887,937
Man.	21,034	506,203	24,937	587,591
Sask.	12,972	299,308	12,516	287,578
Alta.	27,583	685,185	37,457	944,083
B.C.	64,774	1,619,574	81,875	2,070,154

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

November 1964

Canada -	547,857	54,148	39,629
Newfoundland	13,511	1,841	1,477
Prince Edward Island	1,981	221	177
Nova Scotia	25,091	4,142	3,424
New Brunswick	22,201	3,269	2,610
Quebec	180,821	17,790	12,552
Ontario	188,092	16,682	11,581
Manitoba	19,279	1,755	1,363
Saskatchewan	11,997	975	711
Alberta	25,526	2,057	1,570
British Columbia	59,358	5,416	4,164

November 1963

Canada -	584,007	60,974	44,254
Newfoundland	15,753	2,598	2,232
Prince Edward Island	2,209	195	135
Nova Scotia	24,610	4,254	3,474
New Brunswick	23,727	3,718	2,849
Quebec	187,458	19,503	13,490
Ontario	186,626	17,545	12,145
Manitoba	22,694	2,243	1,508
Saskatchewan	11,511	1,005	663
Alberta	34,036	3,421	2,318
British Columbia	75,383	6,492	5,440

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and no disqualification imposed and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

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MONTHLY



Canada. Statistics, Bureau of

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
DECEMBER 1964

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

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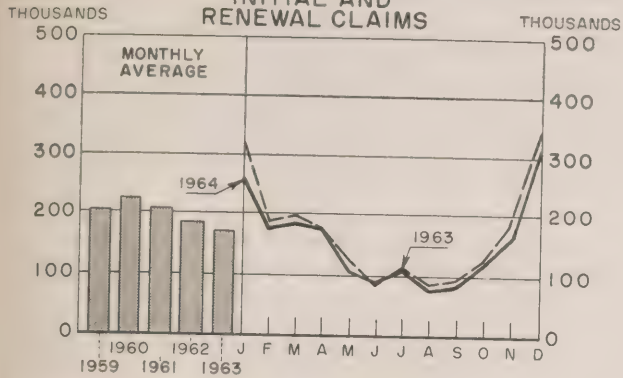
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1963 and 1962 are included in the January 1964 issue in this series.

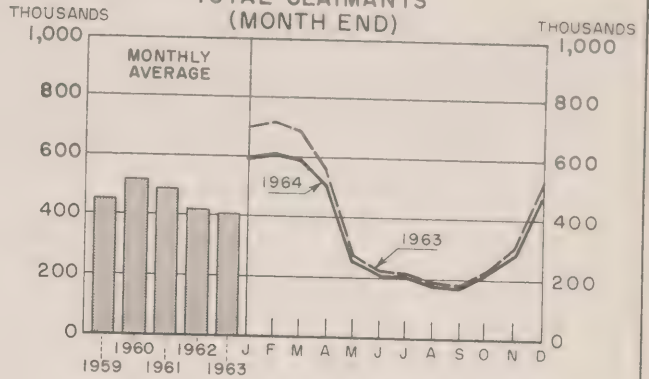
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

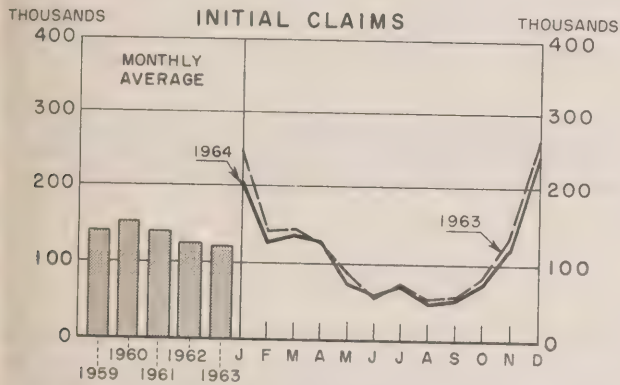
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



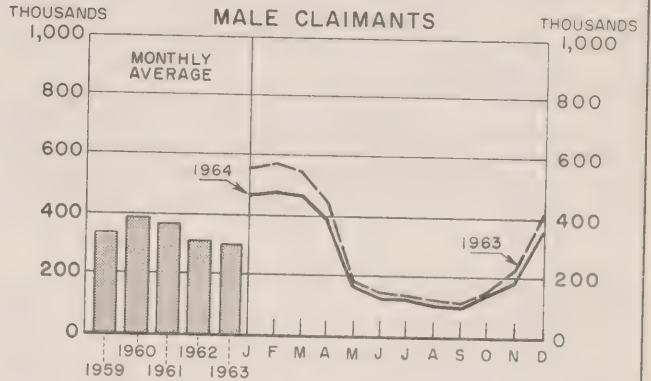
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



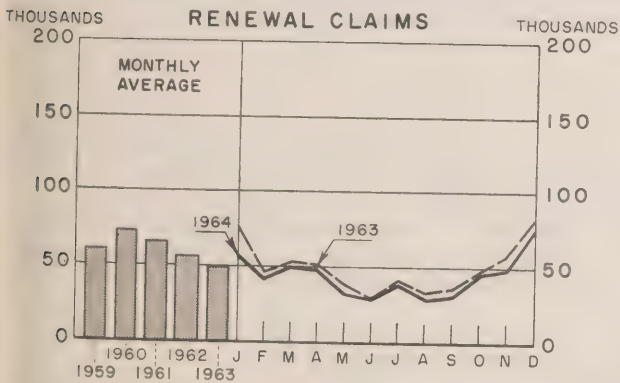
INITIAL CLAIMS



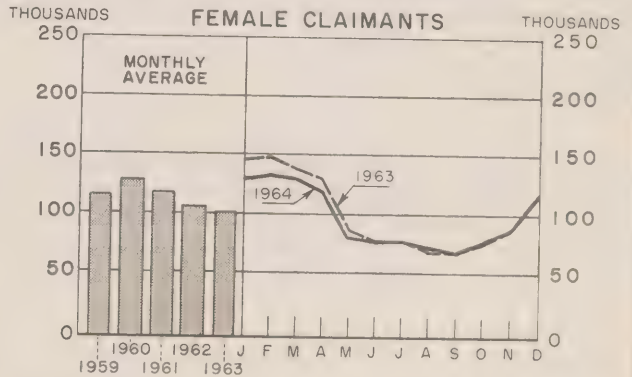
MALE CLAIMANTS



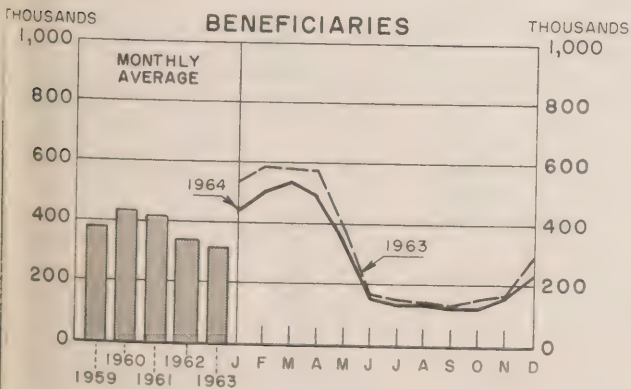
RENEWAL CLAIMS



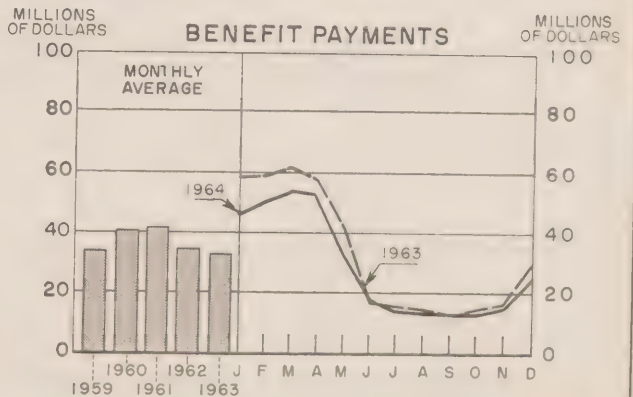
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

DECEMBER 1964

Claimants at month end: volume and type

Claimants for Unemployment Insurance benefit on December 31, 1964 numbered 478,200, approximately 54,000 below the total of 532,300 recorded on the same date last year. These totals comprise regular and seasonal(1) benefit claimants numbering 407,100 and 71,100 respectively, at December 31, 1964, and 451,400 and 80,900 one year ago. On November 30, 1964 the claimant count was 274,500 of whom 3,000 were indentified as seasonal benefit.

The preponderance of males among the December claims is indicated by the sharp rise in the male composition of those 1-4 weeks on claim. As of the end of December, this proportion was somewhat more than 80 per cent whereas less than two-thirds of the persons on continuous claim 5 weeks or longer were men. This reflects the relatively heavier impact of seasonal influences on the employment of men. However, men account for a somewhat smaller per cent of the total claimants this year; for example, 75 per cent of the December 31, 1964 claimant total were males, in comparison with 78 per cent one year ago. This trend has been in evidence over most of this year.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 316,400 initial and renewal claims were filed during December, some 29,000 below December 1963. The November-to-December increase of 147,400 was slightly lower than last year, when the increase was 155,900. About 90 per cent of the claims filed in December were in respect of persons separated from employment during the month.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 236,900 for December, in comparison with 150,500 for November and 293,800 for December 1963. The sum of \$24.5 million was paid out during December, versus \$14.6 million for November and \$29.4 million for December 1963. The average weekly payment was \$24.62 for December, \$24.33 for November and \$24.99 for December 1963.

Provincial data

The month-end claimant count was lower than last year in all provinces except New Brunswick where there was a small increase. The November-to-December percentage increases were higher in the Atlantic provinces, especially in Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, than elsewhere. This is partly due to the fact that seasonal benefit claimants are relatively more numerous in that area, accounting for more than a quarter of the December 31st claimants, in contrast with 15 per cent at the national level. Fishing seasonal benefit claimants are very heavily concentrated in this area.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	November 30 to December 31, 1964			December 31, 1963 to December 31, 1964			November 29 to December 31, 1963		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 74	+ 93	+ 35	- 10	- 13	+ 1	+ 75	+ 91	+ 36
Nfld.	+ 168	+ 190	+ 29	- 3	- 4	+ 2	+ 133	+ 149	+ 22
P.E.I.	+ 172	+ 203	+ 90	- 4	- 7	+ 6	+ 201	+ 235	+ 103
N.S.	+ 106	+ 122	+ 49	- 4	- 6	+ 6	+ 101	+ 121	+ 31
N.B.	+ 111	+ 143	+ 36	+ 5	+ 7	- 2	+ 98	+ 114	+ 53
Que.	+ 64	+ 75	+ 38	- 13	- 16	- 2	+ 82	+ 98	+ 40
Ont.	+ 56	+ 70	+ 35	- 17	- 24	+ 2	+ 70	+ 86	+ 40
Man.	+ 86	+ 113	+ 35	- 3	- 8	+ 20	+ 76	+ 90	+ 38
Sask.	+ 86	+ 115	+ 21	- 6	- 8	+ 3	+ 104	+ 125	+ 42
Alta.	+ 59	+ 78	+ 17	- 16	- 18	- 8	+ 33	+ 46	- 1
B.C.	+ 82	+ 107	+ 31	-	-	-	+ 47	+ 55	+ 26

(1) A brief explanation of seasonal benefit is presented on page 12.

All provinces reported a substantial percentage increase in the claim load, the smallest being in Alberta.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	November to December 1964			December 1963 to December 1964			November to December 1963		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	+ 87	+ 102	+ 51	- 8	- 8	- 11	+ 82	+ 97	+ 47
Nfld.	+ 196	+ 226	+ 56	- 1	- 2	+ 6	+ 164	+ 188	+ 39
P.E.I.	+ 153	+ 174	+ 49	- 5	- 5	- 6	+ 203	+ 219	+ 108
N.S.	+ 133	+ 146	+ 95	- 5	- 7	+ 3	+ 121	+ 140	+ 68
N.B.	+ 136	+ 154	+ 69	+ 7	+ 7	+ 6	+ 112	+ 136	+ 37
Que.	+ 77	+ 91	+ 48	- 14	- 14	- 12	+ 99	+ 118	+ 60
Ont.	+ 74	+ 87	+ 47	- 15	- 13	- 22	+ 83	+ 92	+ 65
Man.	+ 62	+ 69	+ 42	- 8	- 10	- 2	+ 45	+ 51	+ 26
Sask.	+ 89	+ 97	+ 62	- 7	- 8	- 3	+ 89	+ 100	+ 54
Alta.	+ 42	+ 48	+ 27	- 5	- 5	- 4	+ 14	+ 26	- 11
B.C.	+ 99	+ 114	+ 61	+ 12	+ 14	+ 9	+ 37	+ 49	+ 8

Summary table

Activity	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1963	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				Nov. 1964	Dec. 1963	January to December		12 months ending December	
						1964	1963	1964	1963
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,385	4,326	..	..	..	4,176*	..	4,176*
Initial and renewal claims filed	316	169	345	+ 87**	- 8	1,860	2,038	1,860	2,038
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	478	275	532	+ 74**	- 10	357*	402*	357*	402*
Regular	407	272	451	+ 50**	- 10				
S.B.	71	3	81	**	- 12				
S.B. Fishing	16	-	19	**	- 13				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	237	151	294	+ 57	- 19	282*	324*	282*	324*
Weeks compensated	995	602	1,175	+ 65	- 15	14,017	16,122	14,017	16,122
Benefit paid	\$ 24,498	14,647	29,361	+ 67	- 17	344,390	394,163	344,390	394,163
Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.62	24.33	24.99	+ 1	- 1	24.57	24.45	24.57	24.45

* Monthly average.

** November to December comparisons affected by commencement of seasonal benefit on November 30.

. Not available.

- Nil.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - November	4,385,000	4,110,500	274,500
October	4,298,000	4,083,500	214,500
September	4,304,000	4,130,400	173,600
August	4,330,000	4,148,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100
January	4,334,000	3,735,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,326,000	3,793,700	532,300
November	4,192,000	3,888,600	303,400

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province. (1)

Province	1964 - December - 1963					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	316,380	241,898	74,482	345,306	261,881	83,425
Nfld.	20,268	18,374	1,894	20,485	18,694	1,791
P.E.I.	3,928	3,545	383	4,134	3,728	406
N.S.	17,806	13,976	3,830	18,715	15,014	3,701
N.B.	18,584	15,659	2,925	17,427	14,656	2,771
Que.	95,322	70,451	24,871	110,409	82,141	28,268
Ont.	85,087	61,968	23,119	100,348	70,882	29,466
Man.	12,479	9,642	2,837	13,575	10,679	2,896
Sask.	10,678	8,470	2,208	11,507	9,228	2,279
Alta.	14,268	10,656	3,612	14,949	11,192	3,757
B.C.	37,960	29,157	8,803	33,757	25,667	8,090

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 35,845.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		December 31, 1964				December 31, 1963
CANADA -	478,244	316,701	107,435	33,718	20,390	532,331
MALE	360,162	256,644	74,735	17,774	11,009	415,106
FEMALE	118,082	60,057	32,700	15,944	9,381	117,225
Nfld.	27,465	21,748	4,370	932	415	28,396
Male	25,641	20,857	3,875	664	245	26,614
Female	1,824	891	495	268	170	1,782
P.E.I.	5,342	4,374	781	157	30	5,589
Male	4,315	3,654	554	97	10	4,617
Female	1,027	720	227	60	20	972
N.S.	27,748	19,143	5,497	1,871	1,237	28,894
Male	23,436	16,891	4,293	1,325	927	24,815
Female	4,312	2,252	1,204	546	310	4,079
N.B.	28,196	20,038	5,717	1,557	884	26,790
Male	22,878	17,201	4,182	857	638	21,350
Female	5,318	2,837	1,535	700	246	5,440
Que.	144,373	95,280	32,386	10,690	6,017	166,217
Male	109,731	76,744	23,991	5,907	3,089	130,864
Female	34,642	18,536	8,395	4,783	2,928	35,353
Ont.	127,351	79,761	28,860	11,804	6,926	152,621
Male	83,521	56,548	17,565	5,737	3,671	109,606
Female	43,830	23,213	11,295	6,067	3,255	43,015
Man.	21,047	12,149	6,981	676	1,241	21,635
Male	15,751	10,249	4,677	258	567	17,204
Female	5,296	1,900	2,304	418	674	4,431
Sask.	15,621	10,645	4,077	542	357	16,561
Male	12,561	9,211	2,991	221	138	13,592
Female	3,060	1,434	1,086	321	219	2,969
Alta.	23,786	14,511	6,691	1,764	820	28,275
Male	18,525	12,543	4,692	838	452	22,573
Female	5,261	1,968	1,999	926	368	5,702
B.C.	57,315	39,052	12,075	3,725	2,463	57,353
Male	43,803	32,746	7,915	1,870	1,272	43,871
Female	13,512	6,306	4,160	1,855	1,191	13,482

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
<u>December 1964</u>							
Canada -	265,533	162,116	59,365	37,843	6,209	101,656	26,426
Nfld.	15,703	12,529	1,372	1,657	145	7,380	847
P.E.I.	3,615	3,028	298	257	32	1,084	138
N.S.	14,380	9,438	3,088	1,632	222	5,597	1,143
N.B.	15,351	11,147	2,238	1,772	194	5,836	1,121
Que.	77,672	45,170	19,057	11,412	2,033	33,131	9,760
Ont.	74,294	42,604	18,882	10,872	1,936	24,363	7,440
Man.	11,855	7,329	2,543	1,725	258	2,979	870
Sask.	9,487	5,944	1,941	1,421	181	3,498	756
Alta.	13,096	7,447	3,122	2,202	325	4,372	1,298
B.C.	30,080	17,480	6,824	4,893	883	13,416	3,053

<u>December 1963</u>							
Canada -	296,827	183,584	67,202	39,697	6,344	97,879	28,207
Nfld.	18,429	14,893	1,521	1,870	145	5,258	569
P.E.I.	3,999	3,320	341	317	21	882	129
N.S.	15,653	10,677	3,016	1,747	213	5,422	1,190
N.B.	14,976	10,950	2,149	1,692	185	4,593	957
Que.	88,101	52,257	22,243	11,673	1,928	36,451	10,234
Ont.	84,965	48,325	22,919	11,583	2,138	26,625	9,681
Man.	13,033	8,440	2,472	1,868	253	2,780	826
Sask.	10,264	6,495	1,998	1,552	219	3,660	778
Alta.	14,937	8,603	3,503	2,407	424	3,636	1,212
B.C.	32,470	19,624	7,040	4,988	818	8,572	2,631

(1) In addition 33,600 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 3,393 were special requests not granted and 1,584 were appeals by claimants. There were 9,826 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during December 1964 and 1963 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1964(1)	21,133	969	151	989	1,206	6,659	5,788	842	737	1,132	2,660
	1963	23,807	1,325	183	1,066	1,205	7,049	6,622	1,080	772	1,350	3,155
Claimants disqualified	1964	33,300	1,047	188	1,278	1,063	10,500	10,330	1,688	1,124	1,952	4,130
	1963	34,024	966	216	1,429	1,040	10,918	10,672	1,597	1,314	2,110	3,762
Not unemployed	1964	1,164	17	17	58	38	348	226	131	118	112	99
	1963	1,127	32	18	79	30	326	234	92	121	68	127
Not capable of and not available for work	1964	9,563	255	51	357	304	2,556	3,405	601	388	575	1,071
	1963	10,289	219	56	374	307	3,150	3,510	562	463	592	1,056
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1964	597	54	1	4	3	58	391	1	-	-	85
	1963	78	-	-	-	-	24	54	-	-	-	-
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1964	1,610	14	19	70	53	618	506	68	42	92	128
	1963	1,414	7	11	54	38	564	477	46	45	58	114
Discharged for misconduct	1964	1,668	32	1	55	40	612	516	51	36	110	215
	1963	1,779	25	7	76	42	651	558	73	42	115	190
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1964	8,468	197	45	340	345	2,556	2,347	437	312	599	1,290
	1963	8,639	258	55	298	263	2,603	2,661	416	352	616	1,117
Other reasons	1964	10,230	478	54	394	280	3,752	2,939	399	228	464	1,242
	1963	10,698	425	69	548	360	3,600	3,178	408	291	661	1,158
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim												
Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during December	1964	5,009	288	46	236	317	1,736	1,202	231	151	259	543

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1964 - December - 1963	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	236.9	293.8
Newfoundland	6.0	12.6
Prince Edward Island	1.4	2.3
Nova Scotia	10.1	15.1
New Brunswick	9.5	15.0
Quebec	77.3	87.1
Ontario	73.8	87.4
Manitoba	11.0	13.1
Saskatchewan	7.6	7.9
Alberta	14.1	18.5
British Columbia	26.1	34.7

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1964 - December - 1963			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	994,978	24,497,865	1,175,063	29,360,512
Nfld.	25,096	615,178	50,496	1,209,768
P.E.I.	5,826	137,770	9,357	203,447
N.S.	42,445	946,561	60,324	1,334,485
N.B.	40,075	911,790	60,015	1,319,635
Que.	324,551	8,044,413	348,222	8,839,688
Ont.	310,005	7,534,996	349,659	8,770,183
Man.	46,307	1,188,937	52,530	1,310,691
Sask.	31,859	798,461	31,757	795,057
Alta.	59,200	1,511,865	73,880	1,897,449
B.C.	109,614	2,807,894	138,823	3,680,109

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings
<u>December 1964</u>			
Canada -	913,329	81,649	59,520
Newfoundland	22,695	2,401	1,720
Prince Edward Island	5,305	521	402
Nova Scotia	37,406	5,039	4,130
New Brunswick	36,034	4,041	2,987
Quebec	296,208	28,343	19,970
Ontario	287,782	22,223	16,346
Manitoba	42,873	3,434	2,616
Saskatchewan	29,234	2,625	1,492
Alberta	55,021	4,179	3,104
British Columbia	100,771	8,843	6,753
<u>December 1963</u>			
Canada -	1,080,586	94,477	64,945
Newfoundland	46,164	4,332	3,511
Prince Edward Island	8,636	721	524
Nova Scotia	53,307	7,017	5,377
New Brunswick	54,181	5,834	4,137
Quebec	316,961	31,261	21,292
Ontario	327,946	21,713	13,104
Manitoba	48,293	4,237	2,710
Saskatchewan	29,259	2,498	1,605
Alberta	67,948	5,932	3,984
British Columbia	127,891	10,932	8,701

Seasonal Benefit, 1964-65 period

Provisions regulating the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 23, 1964 to mid-May 1965, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 7(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. As a result, claimants exhausting their rights to seasonal benefit and wishing to be re-considered for benefit during this interval would be tested under the regular provisions. However, since the minimum establishment is 12 weeks, (2) exhaustion of seasonal benefit will not occur before February 19.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, i.e. a minimum of 15 contribution weeks since March 31, 1964. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions during this period, i.e. since March 31, 1964. The authorization will be 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution (2).

Cases failing under class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 15, 1964. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate (3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen) (4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F.).

- (1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing November 30.
- (2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks) claims established subsequent to the week ending February 26, 1965 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and May 15.
- (3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- (4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

Table 3a. - Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province.

Province	1964 - December - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	71,159	55,602	15,557	80,913	64,620	16,293
Nfld.	10,412	10,032	380	11,772	11,450	322
P.E.I.	2,061	1,677	384	2,403	2,028	375
N.S.	5,825	5,048	777	6,720	5,975	745
N.B.	6,698	5,454	1,244	6,965	5,549	1,416
Que.	15,646	11,595	4,051	18,463	13,911	4,552
Ont.	14,546	9,120	5,426	16,681	11,329	5,352
Man.	2,834	2,178	656	3,034	2,565	469
Sask.	2,097	1,699	398	2,228	1,767	461
Alta.	2,644	2,159	485	3,139	2,466	673
B.C.	8,396	6,640	1,756	9,508	7,580	1,928

Table 3b. - Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a.

Province	1964 - December - 1963					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	16,069	15,960	109	18,511	18,436	75
Nfld.	6,778	6,776	2	8,060	8,060	-
P.E.I.	1,121	1,091	30	1,345	1,324	21
N.S.	2,226	2,222	4	2,504	2,499	5
N.B.	2,126	2,108	18	2,245	2,221	24
Que.	506	502	4	763	757	6
Ont.	330	325	5	435	433	2
Man.	48	48	-	91	91	-
Sask.	-	-	-	1	1	-
Alta.	14	14	-	12	12	-
B.C.	2,920	2,874	46	3,055	3,038	17

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and **no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



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**STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
JANUARY 1965**

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

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Labour Division

Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section

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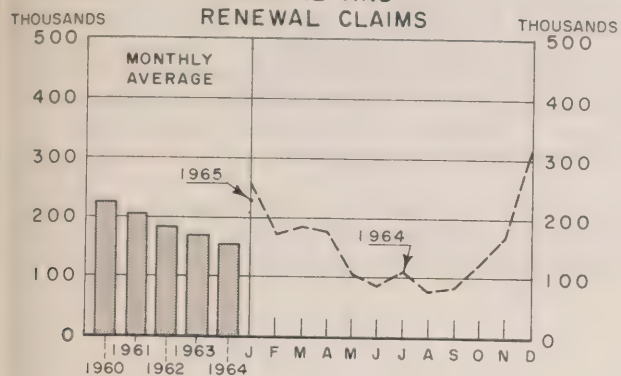
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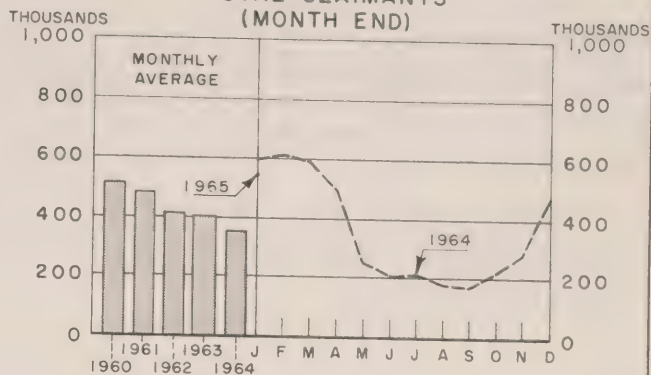
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

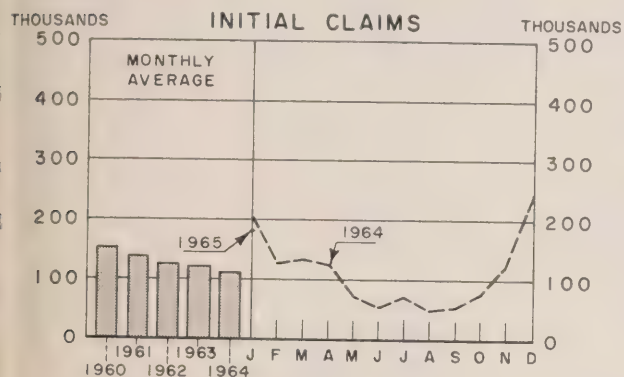
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



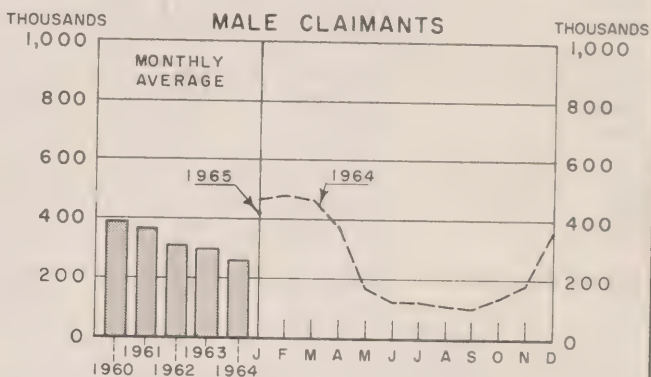
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



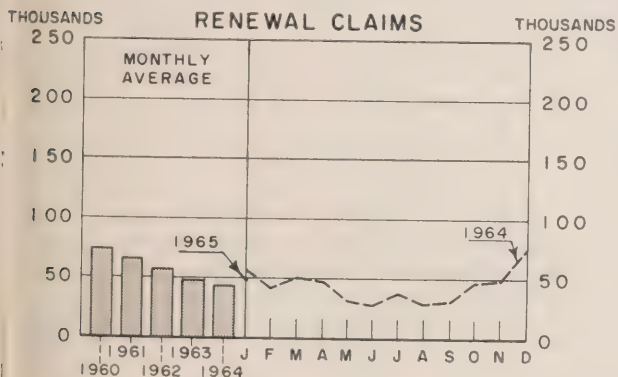
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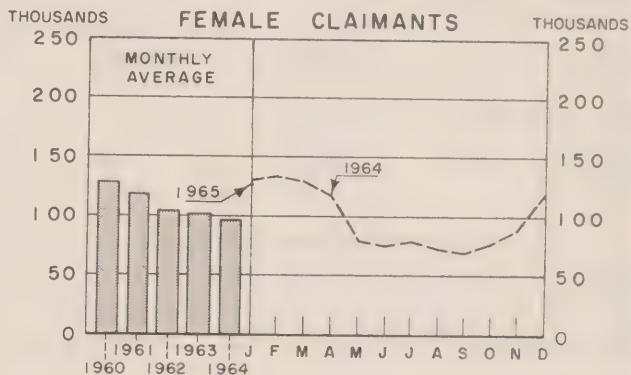
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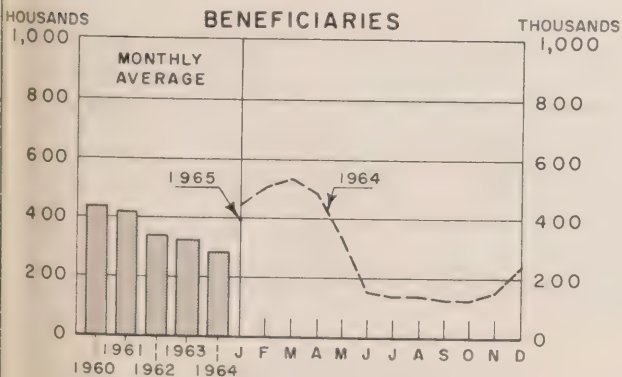
RENEWAL CLAIMS



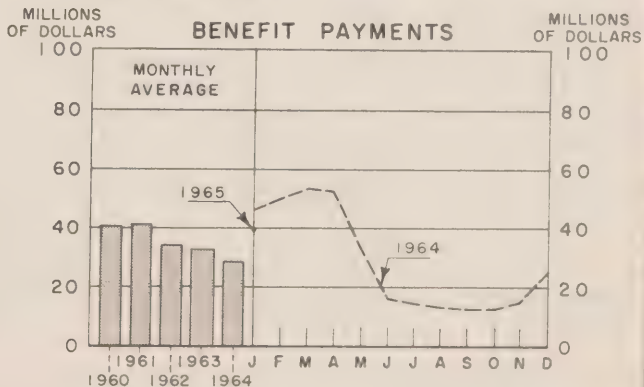
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

JANUARY 1965

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for Unemployment Insurance benefit on January 29 numbered 547,800 in comparison with 478,200 on December 31, and 598,600 on January 31, 1964. Males accounted for 85 per cent of the December-to-January increase and almost all the year-over-year decline. Examination of the following table illustrates the movements in the count of regular and seasonal benefit claimants by sex. Thus, regular benefit claimants increased by almost 20,000 from December 31 to January 29, while year-over-year, they declined by approximately 35,000. Seasonal benefit claimants increased by 50,000 from December 31 to January 29, but were between 15,000 and 20,000 fewer than one year ago.

Among the seasonal benefit claimants, females accounted for a substantial proportion, 20 per cent, of the December 31 to January 29 increase and their total at January 29 was only slightly below that of one year ago. Among regular benefit claimants, however, the count of females at these dates was virtually unchanged.

	Percentage change				
	Jan. 29 1965	Dec. 31 1964	Jan. 31 1964	Dec. 31, 1964 to Jan. 29, 1965	Jan. 31, 1964 to Jan. 29, 1965
All claimants	547,842	478,244	598,561	+ 15	- 8
Male	419,881	360,162	468,375	+ 17	- 10
Female	127,961	118,082	130,186	+ 8	- 2
Regular benefit(1)	425,878	407,085	459,765	+ 5	- 7
Male	323,725	304,560	356,483	+ 6	- 9
Female	102,153	102,525	103,282	-	- 1
Seasonal benefit	121,964	71,159	138,796	+ 71	- 12
Male	96,156	55,602	111,892	+ 73	- 14
Female	25,808	15,557	26,904	+ 66	- 4
Non-fishing seasonal benefit	96,366	55,090	110,589	+ 75	- 13
Male	70,680	39,642	83,804	+ 78	- 16
Female	25,686	15,448	26,785	+ 66	- 4
Fishing seasonal benefit	25,598	16,069	28,207	+ 59	- 9
Male	25,476	15,960	28,088	+ 60	- 9
Female	122	109	119	+ 12	+ 3

The significantly higher percentage increase in seasonal compared with regular benefit from December to January is influenced by two things: (1) the heaviest seasonal benefit claim load occurs in December and January and (2) due to the additional computations required on cases ineligible for regular benefit during this season, a significant proportion of the December 31 initial pending cases classed temporarily as regular doubtles finally qualified only for seasonal benefit (see footnote(1)).

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 230,200 initial and renewal claims were filed during January, 86,000 lower than December and more than 10 per cent below last year. Aproximately 85 per cent of the claims filed in January were in respect of persons separated from employment during the month. The current volume represents the lowest number of claims filed for the month of January since 1953.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average number of beneficiaries was estimated at 398,100 for January, 236,900 for December and 440,900 for January 1964. Benefit payments amounted to \$39.8 million in January, \$24.5 million in December and \$46.4 million in January 1964. The average weekly payment was \$25.02 in January, \$24.62 in December and \$25.07 in January 1964.

Provincial data

The month-end claimant count was lower than last year in all provinces except Manitoba and British Columbia where small increases were recorded and in New Brunswick where the total was unchanged.

(1) These totals include some cases not completely processed, at these dates, which on final determination were eligible for seasonal benefit only.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	December 31, 1964 to January 29, 1965			January 31, 1964 to January 29, 1965			December 31, 1963 to January 31, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 15	+ 17	+ 8	- 8	- 10	- 2	+ 12	+ 13	+ 11
Nfld.	+ 23	+ 24	+ 11	- 6	- 5	- 15	+ 27	+ 26	+ 34
P.E.I.	+ 26	+ 28	+ 19	- 7	- 10	+ 4	+ 30	+ 32	+ 22
N.S.	+ 22	+ 23	+ 18	- 10	- 10	- 4	+ 29	+ 29	+ 29
N.B.	+ 20	+ 19	+ 22	-	-	- 1	+ 27	+ 28	+ 20
Que.	+ 14	+ 19	- 3	- 8	- 10	- 3	+ 8	+ 11	- 2
Ont.	+ 8	+ 9	+ 7	- 17	- 23	- 2	+ 9	+ 8	+ 11
Man.	+ 26	+ 26	+ 28	+ 3	- 3	+ 22	+ 20	+ 18	+ 26
Sask.	+ 23	+ 24	+ 19	- 2	- 4	+ 2	+ 19	+ 19	+ 20
Alta.	+ 16	+ 15	+ 19	- 15	- 15	- 12	+ 14	+ 11	+ 25
B.C.	+ 12	+ 10	+ 19	+ 6	+ 9	- 1	+ 6	+ 1	+ 20

Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	December 1964 to January 1965			January 1964 to January 1965			December 1963 to January 1964		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 27	- 25	- 34	- 11	- 10	- 14	- 25	- 23	- 32
Nfld.	- 53	- 55	- 36	- 13	- 10	- 28	- 47	- 51	- 6
P.E.I.	- 54	- 55	- 39	- 18	- 17	- 21	- 47	- 49	- 27
N.S.	- 25	- 21	- 40	- 13	- 15	- 3	- 19	- 14	- 36
N.B.	- 37	- 38	- 31	- 15	- 17	- 5	- 21	- 20	- 23
Que.	- 26	- 24	- 31	- 12	- 13	- 9	- 27	- 25	- 34
Ont.	- 25	- 20	- 39	- 19	- 16	- 28	- 22	- 17	- 34
Man.	- 25	- 22	- 37	- 17	- 17	- 14	- 18	- 14	- 29
Sask.	- 31	- 27	- 46	- 5	- 5	- 2	- 33	- 30	- 47
Alta.	- 15	- 10	- 29	- 10	- 9	- 13	- 10	- 6	- 22
B.C.	- 20	- 18	- 26	+ 22	+ 26	+ 10	- 26	- 26	- 27

Industrial Classification of Persons Separated from Employment and
Filing Initial(1) Claims for Unemployment Insurance Benefit
during December 1964

During December some 166,700 persons separated from employment and filed initial claims. One year ago the total was 178,700.

At the national level, more than 50 per cent of the cases were from manufacturing and construction. Transportation and trade industries together accounted for another 20 per cent.

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

Table 1. Percentage distribution of claims(1) by Industry and Province
December 1964 and 1963

<u>Industry group</u>		<u>Canada</u>	<u>Nfld.</u>	<u>P.E.I.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
Total new cases (000's)	1964	166.7	10.6	2.3	9.8	11.4	51.8	42.3	6.5	5.6	6.8	19.6
	1963	178.7	10.9	2.6	10.8	10.5	59.6	49.4	6.6	6.2	6.5	15.4
Per cent distribution												
Forestry (mainly logging)	1964	7	10	3	9	19	9	1	1	-	1	16
	1963	7	7	(2)	7	17	10	2	1	-	1	17
Fishing(3) and trapping	1964	5	20	14	25	6	1	1	1	-	-	6
	1963	7	28	31	30	16	(2)	1	1	-	-	10
Mining	1964	1	1	(2)	1	1	1	1	3	3	4	2
	1963	2	1	(2)	2	1	4	2	1	3	2	1
Manufacturing	1964	27	11	19	17	20	31	36	24	12	15	21
	1963	24	10	17	19	18	24	34	23	13	22	24
Construction	1964	26	23	15	18	16	26	27	32	37	41	24
	1963	27	24	20	17	17	29	33	31	30	33	18
Transportation, communication and other utilities	1964	10	14	12	12	8	11	11	11	11	10	5
	1963	9	12	11	9	10	9	8	14	18	9	8
Trade	1964	10	10	19	10	7	8	9	14	16	12	13
	1963	9	8	11	7	8	8	7	13	16	11	12
Service	1964	7	4	4	4	4	5	10	9	7	10	8
	1963	7	6	4	4	5	7	9	6	8	10	7
Public administration and defence	1964	6	7	9	2	17	7	2	5	11	6	2
	1963	5	4	4	3	7	7	3	7	10	9	1
Other	1964	2	1	5	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3
	1963	3	1	2	4	2	2	3	3	3	3	1
All cases	1964	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1963	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credit are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

(2) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

(3) Persons whose reported occupation under covered employment was "fisherman" were coded to the fishing industry even though the nature of business of the most recent employer was other than fishing. This differs from the general coding practice of assigning a single code on the basis of the principal activity of the employer. However, fishermen report themselves usually as self-employed.

Seasonal variations in the industrial composition of the claims at quarterly intervals may be observed in Table 2.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of claims, by Industry, quarterly intervals

	1964				1963
	December	September	June	March	December
Total new cases (000's)	166.7	36.0	37.8	69.6	178.7
Per cent distribution					
Forestry (mainly logging)	7	2	3	20	7
Fishing and trapping	5	(1)	(1)	1	7
Mining	1	2	2	5	2
Manufacturing	27	35	41	23	24
Construction	26	13	12	18	27
Transportation, communication and other utilities	10	6	5	7	9
Trade	10	17	15	11	9
Service	7	16	15	9	7
Public administration and defence	6	4	4	4	5
Other	2	4	4	2	3
All cases	100	100	100	100	100

1) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

2) Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964	Jan. 1964	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				Dec. 1964	Jan. 1964	January to January		12 months ending January	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,567	4,334	..	..	..	4,334*	..	4,182*
Initial and renewal claims filed	230	316	259	- 27	- 11	230	259	1,832	1,977
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	548	478	599	+ 15	- 8	548*	599*	353*	393*
Regular	426	407	460	+ 5	- 7				
S.B.	122	71	139	+ 71	- 12				
S.B. Fishing	26	16	28	+ 59	- 9				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	398	237	441	+ 68	- 10	398*	441*	278*	316*
Weeks compensated	1,593	995	1,852	+ 60	- 14	1,593	1,852	13,758	15,612
Benefit paid	\$ 39,846	24,498	46,412	+ 63	- 14	39,846	46,412	337,824	382,015
Average weekly benefit	\$ 25.02	24.62	25.07	+ 2	-	25.02	25.07	24.56	24.47

Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1964 - December	4,567,000	4,088,800	478,200
November	4,369,000	4,094,500	274,500
October	4,298,000	4,083,500	214,500
September	4,304,000	4,130,400	173,600
August	4,330,000	4,148,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100
January	4,334,000	3,735,400	598,600
1963 - December	4,326,000	3,793,700	532,300

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province. (1)

Province	1965 - January - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada -	230,167	181,035	49,132	258,575	201,577	56,998
Nfld.	9,475	8,261	1,214	10,874	9,197	1,677
P.E.I.	1,823	1,589	234	2,211	1,913	298
N.S.	13,268	10,973	2,295	15,217	12,841	2,376
N.B.	11,727	9,706	2,021	13,814	11,680	2,134
Que.	70,740	53,566	17,174	80,570	61,779	18,791
Ont.	63,924	49,777	14,147	78,673	59,100	19,573
Man.	9,318	7,537	1,781	11,191	9,132	2,059
Sask.	7,338	6,148	1,190	7,685	6,472	1,213
Alta.	12,181	9,633	2,548	13,462	10,531	2,931
B.C.	30,373	23,845	6,528	24,878	18,932	5,946

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 46,483.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>January 29, 1965</u>				<u>January 31, 1964</u>
CANADA -	547,842	242,445	239,111	45,586	20,700	598,561
MALE	419,881	191,298	191,364	26,007	11,212	468,375
FEMALE	127,961	51,147	47,747	19,579	9,488	130,186
Nfld.	33,842	13,648	18,368	1,434	392	35,942
Male	31,812	12,877	17,539	1,108	288	33,551
Female	2,030	771	829	326	104	2,391
P.E.I.	6,740	2,241	4,280	188	31	7,284
Male	5,515	1,854	3,536	109	16	6,102
Female	1,225	387	744	79	15	1,182
N.S.	33,831	14,912	15,344	2,323	1,252	37,386
Male	28,753	12,952	13,307	1,583	911	32,104
Female	5,078	1,960	2,037	740	341	5,282
N.B.	33,785	13,021	17,800	2,220	744	33,915
Male	27,322	11,032	14,599	1,272	419	27,364
Female	6,463	1,989	3,201	948	325	6,551
Que.	164,245	76,012	67,746	13,910	6,577	179,451
Male	130,526	63,303	55,221	8,527	3,475	144,845
Female	33,719	12,709	12,525	5,383	3,102	34,606
Ont.	137,803	61,456	55,313	13,609	7,425	166,152
Male	91,106	42,225	38,054	6,920	3,907	118,461
Female	46,697	19,231	17,259	6,689	3,518	47,691
Man.	26,544	10,663	12,527	2,557	797	25,870
Male	19,771	7,843	10,168	1,356	404	20,305
Female	6,773	2,820	2,359	1,201	393	5,565
Sask.	19,275	8,211	9,432	1,316	316	19,760
Male	15,619	6,591	8,248	628	152	16,191
Female	3,656	1,620	1,184	688	164	3,569
Alta.	27,506	12,020	12,116	2,523	847	32,221
Male	21,247	9,325	10,187	1,301	434	25,111
Female	6,259	2,695	1,929	1,222	413	7,110
B.C.	64,271	30,261	26,185	5,506	2,319	60,580
Male	48,210	23,296	20,505	3,203	1,206	44,341
Female	16,061	6,965	5,680	2,303	1,113	16,239

1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

January 1965

Canada -	280,230	175,138	53,652	43,721	7,719	63,832	14,187
Nfld.	14,750	10,418	1,523	2,621	188	2,602	350
P.E.I.	2,549	1,935	278	304	32	434	62
N.S.	16,511	11,875	2,590	1,812	234	2,883	614
N.B.	15,423	10,725	2,359	2,100	239	2,717	544
Que.	85,456	49,713	18,530	14,124	3,089	22,860	5,315
Ont.	73,125	43,615	14,829	12,354	2,327	18,171	4,431
Man.	10,071	6,401	1,804	1,632	234	2,483	613
Sask.	9,507	6,451	1,525	1,388	143	1,807	278
Alta.	14,092	8,719	2,820	2,209	344	3,077	682
B.C.	38,746	25,286	7,394	5,177	889	6,798	1,298

January 1964

Canada -	314,609	199,926	64,711	43,532	6,440	55,998	14,054
Nfld.	14,131	9,799	1,757	2,390	185	2,266	304
P.E.I.	2,801	2,106	337	323	35	366	55
N.S.	19,293	14,004	2,919	2,115	255	2,144	392
N.B.	16,470	11,524	2,373	2,340	233	2,409	485
Que.	102,970	64,731	22,033	14,126	2,080	19,373	4,912
Ont.	93,761	56,755	22,299	12,477	2,230	16,493	4,725
Man.	11,882	7,715	2,100	1,832	235	2,365	550
Sask.	9,956	6,722	1,503	1,558	173	1,852	315
Alta.	14,143	8,672	2,933	2,222	316	3,273	894
B.C.	29,202	17,898	6,457	4,149	698	5,457	1,422

(1) In addition 43,416 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 4,457 were special requests not granted and 1,747 were appeals by claimants. There were 12,893 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1965(1)	21,319	1,490	174	1,039	1,284	6,616	5,565	752	670	1,029	2,700
	1964	24,330	1,483	176	1,318	1,526	8,172	6,435	982	732	1,168	2,338
Claimants disqualified	1965	41,419	1,723	233	1,494	1,556	14,600	12,404	1,619	1,186	2,168	4,436
	1964	39,823	1,674	262	1,691	1,624	12,658	12,859	1,672	1,462	2,059	3,862
Not unemployed	1965	1,926	44	25	67	47	786	432	134	173	110	108
	1964	1,668	39	23	60	57	736	323	78	150	101	101
Not capable of and not available for work	1965	9,801	398	64	400	427	2,466	3,504	436	396	704	1,006
	1964	11,288	341	52	398	444	3,082	4,208	579	557	541	1,086
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1965	317	32	-	-	-	33	246	-	-	2	4
	1964	67	3	-	2	-	22	28	4	-	-	8
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1965	1,748	13	9	151	104	667	468	57	56	109	114
	1964	1,689	82	7	101	98	561	559	50	41	71	119
Discharged for misconduct	1965	1,722	43	5	44	56	537	675	49	33	115	165
	1964	1,896	35	9	77	52	653	699	71	28	113	159
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1965	8,150	401	59	350	380	2,517	2,280	354	227	614	968
	1964	9,472	359	76	344	411	3,300	2,655	402	281	593	1,051
Other reasons	1965	17,755	792	71	482	542	7,594	4,799	589	301	514	2,071
	1964	13,743	815	95	709	562	4,304	4,387	488	405	640	1,338
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during January												
	1965	7,231	759	94	428	654	1,811	1,711	250	229	262	1,033

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - January - 1964	
	(in thousands)	
Canada -	398.1	440.9
Newfoundland	23.9	24.4
Prince Edward Island	5.4	5.6
Nova Scotia	22.5	24.1
New Brunswick	24.0	21.6
Quebec	118.2	136.6
Ontario	105.5	126.9
Manitoba	16.9	18.6
Saskatchewan	13.9	15.0
Alberta	20.5	23.1
British Columbia	47.3	45.0

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1965 - January - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada -	1,592,516	39,845,936	1,851,619	46,411,642
Nfld.	95,787	2,367,516	102,402	2,488,326
P.E.I.	21,500	490,071	23,426	521,545
N.S.	90,062	2,031,049	101,365	2,314,428
N.B.	96,022	2,197,059	90,833	2,036,133
Que.	472,905	11,990,421	573,572	14,552,081
Ont.	422,038	10,364,457	533,098	13,374,635
Man.	67,474	1,738,756	78,193	1,982,603
Sask.	55,719	1,447,461	62,902	1,614,398
Alta.	81,894	2,122,844	96,956	2,527,039
B.C.	189,115	5,096,302	188,872	5,000,454

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

January 1965

Canada -	1,485,059	107,457	75,902
Newfoundland	91,659	4,128	2,733
Prince Edward Island	20,376	1,124	855
Nova Scotia	81,604	8,458	6,759
New Brunswick	89,712	6,310	4,420
Quebec	437,434	35,471	23,748
Ontario	395,537	26,501	18,901
Manitoba	63,410	4,064	3,101
Saskatchewan	52,713	3,006	2,181
Alberta	76,641	5,253	4,069
British Columbia	175,973	13,142	9,135

January 1964

Canada -	1,719,185	132,434	91,904
Newfoundland	97,955	4,447	3,240
Prince Edward Island	22,404	1,022	771
Nova Scotia	93,229	8,136	6,031
New Brunswick	84,986	5,847	4,126
Quebec	530,743	42,829	27,739
Ontario	493,740	39,358	27,167
Manitoba	72,627	5,566	3,686
Saskatchewan	58,904	3,998	2,609
Alberta	89,612	7,344	5,185
British Columbia	174,985	13,887	11,350

Seasonal Benefit, 1964-65 period

Provisions regulating the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 23, 1964 to mid-May 1965, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 7(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. As a result, claimants exhausting their rights to seasonal benefit and wishing to be re-considered for benefit during this interval would be tested under the regular provisions. However, since the minimum establishment is 12 weeks,(2) exhaustion of seasonal benefit will not occur before February 19.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, i.e. a minimum of 15 contribution weeks since March 31, 1964. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions during this period, i.e. since March 31, 1964. The authorization will be 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution(2).

Cases failing under class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 15, 1964. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate(3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen) (4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F.).

- (1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing November 30.
- (2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks) claims established subsequent to the week ending February 26, 1965 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and May 15.
- (3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- (4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

Table 3a. - Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province.

Province	1965 - January - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	121,964	96,156	25,808	138,796	111,892	26,904
Nfld.	16,267	15,798	469	18,464	17,838	626
P.E.I.	3,221	2,694	527	3,736	3,231	505
N.S.	11,821	10,371	1,450	13,211	11,917	1,294
N.B.	11,958	9,836	2,122	12,720	10,467	2,253
Que.	28,617	22,304	6,313	34,599	27,841	6,758
Ont.	24,474	15,191	9,283	27,427	18,248	9,179
Man.	5,195	4,192	1,003	5,420	4,397	1,023
Sask.	3,665	2,946	719	4,251	3,319	932
Alta.	4,190	3,366	824	5,436	4,441	995
B.C.	12,556	9,458	3,098	13,532	10,193	3,339

Table 3b. - Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a.

Province	1965 - January - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada -	25,598	25,476	122	28,207	28,088	119
Nfld.	10,425	10,425	-	11,333	11,330	3
P.E.I.	1,675	1,641	34	1,834	1,800	34
N.S.	5,296	5,288	8	5,987	5,980	7
N.B.	3,474	3,446	28	3,887	3,853	34
Que.	757	734	23	1,069	1,059	10
Ont.	507	500	7	656	648	8
Man.	131	131	-	132	132	-
Sask.	2	2	-	1	1	-
Alta.	27	27	-	31	31	-
B.C.	3,304	3,282	22	3,277	3,254	23

Unemployment Insurance Activities Calendar Years 1964 and 1963

During 1964 the estimated insured population averaged 4,321,000, 3 per cent above the estimated average of 4,176,000 for 1963. The expansion occurred in the employed segment, the claimant portion having declined from 402,000 in 1963 to 357,000 (see Table 1) in the current year. Parallel movements were observed in the labour force(1), where a 4 per cent increment occurred in the non-agricultural paid worker segment and average unemployment declined.

The improved employment conditions were reflected in a lower claim volume for 1964, i.e., 1,860,000, almost 180,000 below 1963. There were 43 claims per 100 insured persons in 1964, versus 50 in 1963. Benefit payments, at \$344 million, were \$50 million less than in 1963. However, the average weekly payment moved up slightly, to \$24.57 from \$24.45. This doubtless reflects the trend to higher average weekly earnings(2) which was approximately \$3.00 in excess of 1963.

The charts shown below indicate the generally improved conditions in 1964, continuing the trend in evidence since 1961, for both the claims and claimant series. The higher benefit payments in 1961 over 1960 are in part associated with the higher benefit rates stemming from the amendments of 1959, of which the full impact was not felt until 1961. This is reflected also in the relatively larger increase in the average weekly payment in 1961 over 1960, subsequent annual increases being relatively small.

- (1) Source: The Labour Force, prepared in the Special Surveys Division, D.B.S., Catalogue No. 71-001.
 (2) Employment and Payrolls, prepared in the Labour Division, D.B.S., Catalogue No. 72-002.

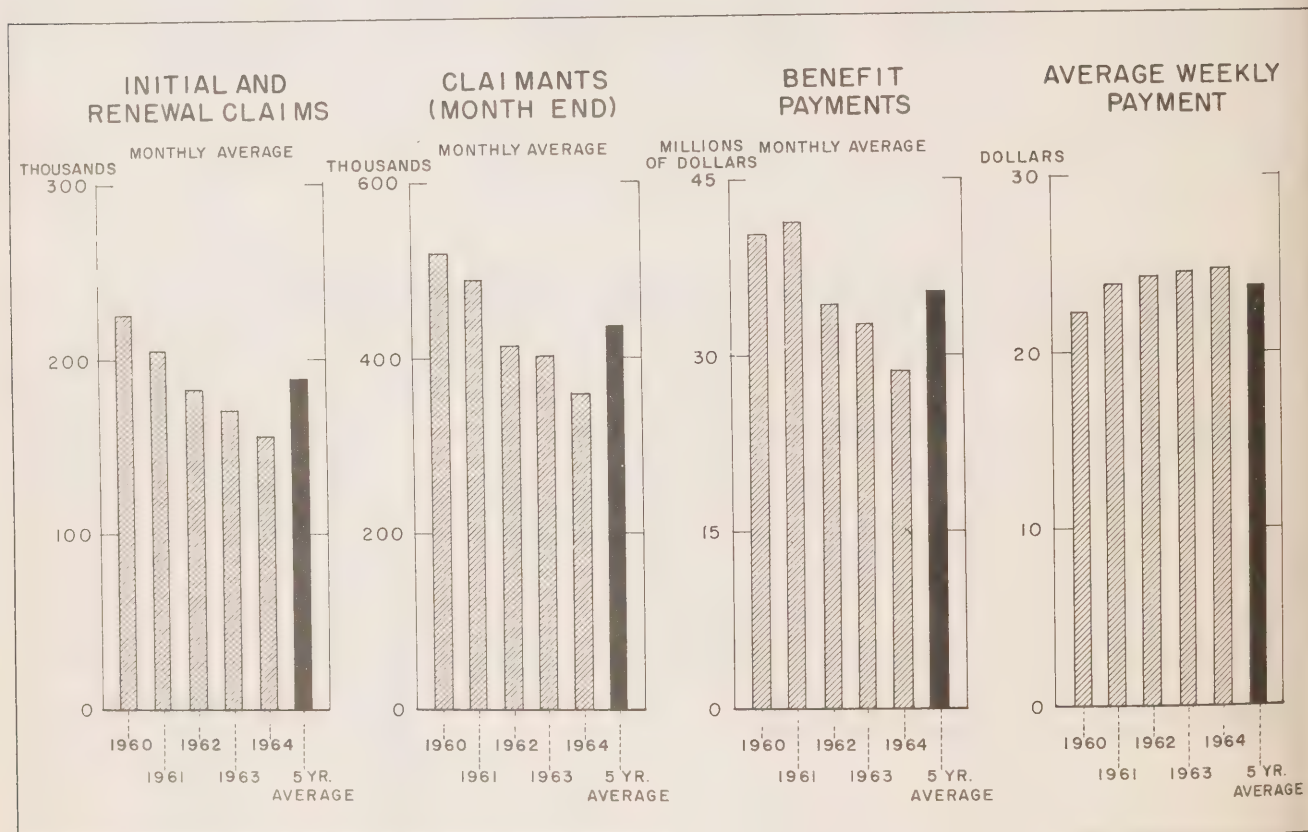


Table 1. - Estimates of Insured Population, Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed, Count of Claimants at month-end, by month, 1964 and 1963.

Month and year		Estimate of insured population at month-end	Initial and renewal claims filed			Count of claimants at month-end		
			Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Male	Female
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		thousands						
Calendar year -	1964	4,321 (1)	1,860	1,336	524	357 (1)	260 (1)	97 (1)
	1963	4,176 (1)	2,038	1,453	585	402 (1)	300 (1)	101 (1)
January	1964	4,334	259	202	57	599	468	130
	1963	4,259	319	246	74	704	558	145
February	1964	4,339	172	129	42	607	474	133
	1963	4,264	189	142	46	720	573	147
March	1964	4,348	182	133	50	597	468	130
	1963	4,242	196	144	52	685	548	137
April	1964	4,280	175	127	48	498	381	117
	1963	4,173	176	125	51	566	438	128
May	1964	4,173	105	73	32	250	171	79
	1963	4,113	123	86	37	271	186	85
June	1964	4,241	87	58	29	202	127	75
	1963	4,077	83	54	29	220	142	78
July	1964	4,271	109	71	38	205	127	78
	1963	4,086	113	72	41	219	141	78
August	1964	4,330	79	50	29	182	111	71
	1963	4,132	86	53	33	193	123	69
September	1964	4,304	86	55	30	174	105	69
	1963	4,122	93	58	35	186	117	69
October	1964	4,298	121	75	46	215	139	76
	1963	4,125	126	80	47	219	144	75
November	1964	4,369	169	120	49	275	187	88
	1963	4,192	189	133	57	303	217	86
December	1964	4,567 (2)	316	242	74	478	360	118
	1963	4,326	345	262	83	532	415	117

1) Average of month-end data.

2) Preliminary

Table ii. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Provinces, by Month, 1964. (1)

Province	Total 1964	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
thousands													
<u>Initial and renewal claims</u>													
Canada -	1,860	259	172	182	175	105	87	109	79	86	121	169	316
Nfld.	67	11	5	5	6	3	2	1	1	2	3	7	20
P.E.I.	13	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4
N.S.	90	15	7	11	9	5	3	4	3	4	4	8	18
N.B.	88	14	8	9	10	4	3	3	3	3	4	8	19
Que.	599	81	60	61	57	37	29	33	27	29	37	54	95
Ont.	590	79	54	55	49	30	31	52	30	29	48	49	85
Man.	71	11	7	8	8	4	3	2	2	3	4	8	12
Sask.	47	8	5	5	5	2	1	1	1	1	2	6	11
Alta.	96	13	10	10	11	6	4	4	3	5	5	10	14
B.C.	199	25	15	18	19	14	12	8	8	10	13	19	38

Initial claims

Canada -	1,336	202	129	133	127	73	58	71	50	55	75	120	242
Nfld.	57	9	4	5	5	3	1	1	1	1	2	6	18
P.E.I.	11	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4
N.S.	68	13	6	8	7	3	2	2	2	2	3	6	14
N.B.	69	12	7	7	7	3	2	2	2	2	3	6	16
Que.	419	62	45	44	40	25	19	21	16	18	23	37	70
Ont.	408	59	39	38	35	21	20	34	20	19	28	33	62
Man.	55	9	6	6	6	3	2	2	2	2	3	6	10
Sask.	38	6	4	4	4	1	1	1	1	1	2	4	8
Alta.	71	11	7	8	9	4	3	3	2	3	4	7	11
B.C.	141	19	11	12	13	9	8	5	5	7	9	14	29

Renewal claims

Canada -	524	57	42	50	48	32	29	38	29	30	46	49	74
Nfld.	10	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2
P.E.I.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
N.S.	22	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	4
N.B.	19	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
Que.	180	19	15	17	17	13	10	12	11	11	14	17	25
Ont.	182	20	15	16	14	10	11	18	10	10	20	16	23
Man.	16	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
Sask.	9	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Alta.	25	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	4
B.C.	59	6	4	6	6	4	4	3	3	4	4	5	9

(1) Comparable data for 1963 available in the January 1964 issue in this series.

Table 111. - Number of Claimants Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Province and Sex, during 1964(1).

Province	Monthly Ave.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
thousands													
<u>Total</u>													
Canada -	357	599	607	597	498	250	202	205	182	174	215	275	478
Nfld.	17	36	37	33	27	9	7	5	4	4	6	10	27
P.E.I.	3	7	7	7	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	5
N.S.	21	37	38	40	32	14	9	9	9	9	10	13	28
N.B.	19	34	37	37	32	12	8	8	7	7	8	13	28
Que.	111	179	186	187	159	81	65	64	58	57	67	88	144
Ont.	104	166	166	161	130	71	64	80	66	57	77	82	127
Man.	15	26	27	26	24	11	8	7	7	6	7	11	21
Sask.	10	20	20	20	14	5	4	3	3	4	4	8	16
Alta.	19	32	33	33	30	17	11	9	9	10	10	15	24
B.C.	37	61	56	53	46	30	26	19	18	19	24	32	57
<u>Male</u>													
Canada -	260	468	474	468	381	171	127	127	111	105	139	187	360
Nfld.	16	34	35	31	25	7	5	4	3	3	5	9	26
P.E.I.	3	6	6	6	4	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	4
N.S.	17	32	32	35	27	11	7	7	7	6	7	11	23
N.B.	15	27	30	30	27	9	6	5	4	5	6	9	23
Que.	84	145	152	154	127	59	44	41	38	37	45	63	110
Ont.	68	118	117	113	87	41	35	48	37	31	48	49	84
Man.	11	20	20	19	18	8	5	4	4	4	4	7	16
Sask.	8	16	16	16	11	4	2	2	2	2	2	6	13
Alta.	14	25	26	26	23	13	7	6	5	6	6	10	19
B.C.	25	44	39	37	31	20	17	11	11	11	15	21	44
<u>Female</u>													
Canada -	97	130	133	130	117	79	75	78	71	69	76	88	118
Nfld.	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
P.E.I.	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
N.S.	4	5	5	5	5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	4
N.B.	4	7	7	6	5	3	2	3	2	3	3	4	5
Que.	27	35	35	33	32	22	22	23	20	20	22	25	35
Ont.	36	48	48	48	43	29	29	32	28	26	29	32	44
Man.	4	6	6	6	5	4	3	3	3	3	3	4	5
Sask.	3	4	4	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Alta.	5	7	7	7	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
B.C.	12	16	17	16	15	10	9	8	8	8	9	10	14

1) Comparable data for 1963 available in January 1964 issue in this series.

Table iv. - Benefit Payments by Province and Month, 1964 and 1963.

Province	Total 12 months	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
thousands of dollars													
Canada - 1964	344,390	46,412	50,127	53,551	52,583	33,117	16,538	14,086	13,199	12,792	12,841	14,647	24,498
1963	394,163	58,560	58,742	61,287	57,583	41,147	15,987	15,506	14,007	12,528	13,989	15,467	29,361
Nfld.	17,911	2,488	3,753	3,788	3,085	1,994	611	354	284	282	302	355	615
1963	19,493	3,223	3,758	3,657	3,100	2,268	472	333	428	290	328	426	1,210
P.E.I.	3,013	522	599	653	579	245	56	50	47	44	35	47	138
1963	3,349	638	664	661	565	308	55	57	51	46	48	50	203
N.S.	18,225	2,314	3,153	3,110	3,157	1,672	742	665	570	634	602	658	947
1963	20,069	3,088	3,082	3,286	3,158	2,289	776	716	602	557	562	619	1,334
N.B.	16,732	2,036	2,602	2,883	3,197	1,891	659	558	498	493	444	560	912
1963	19,268	2,869	2,813	3,139	3,198	2,528	700	618	495	482	513	592	1,320
Que.	110,480	14,552	15,175	17,134	17,205	10,871	5,569	4,513	4,176	4,280	4,136	4,824	8,044
1963	124,865	17,545	17,798	19,686	19,051	13,456	5,254	5,131	4,348	4,113	4,641	5,003	8,840
Ont.	99,506	13,375	13,338	14,147	13,783	8,423	4,974	4,740	4,970	4,497	4,631	5,093	7,535
1963	114,319	16,456	16,324	16,976	15,524	10,648	5,000	5,285	5,259	4,462	4,727	4,888	8,770
Man.	14,951	1,983	2,304	2,265	2,672	1,602	637	411	507	441	435	506	1,189
1963	18,227	2,953	2,901	2,985	2,760	2,017	718	604	495	413	483	588	1,311
Sask.	10,046	1,614	1,691	1,819	1,694	848	331	250	232	228	240	299	798
1963	12,209	2,200	2,315	2,214	1,875	1,153	358	307	245	205	255	288	795
Alta.	18,839	2,527	2,652	2,799	3,023	2,021	963	805	612	603	637	685	1,512
1963	22,139	3,051	3,350	3,318	3,234	2,500	940	829	681	620	774	944	1,897
B.C.	34,686	5,000	4,860	4,952	4,188	3,548	1,995	1,741	1,304	1,289	1,380	1,620	2,808
1963	40,224	6,537	5,739	5,362	5,116	3,981	1,713	1,627	1,403	1,340	1,656	2,070	3,680

Province	12 month average	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
dollars													
Canada - 1964	24.57	25.07	24.89	24.90	24.66	24.33	24.17	23.67	23.66	23.75	24.03	24.33	24.62
1963	24.45	24.79	24.81	24.75	24.73	24.12	23.68	23.37	23.50	23.54	23.51	23.98	24.99
Nfld.	1964	24.42	24.30	24.39	24.43	24.92	26.11	22.44	21.78	22.30	21.99	23.11	24.51
1963	24.14	24.17	24.05	24.23	24.60	24.60	23.02	22.93	24.63	22.78	22.24	23.23	23.96
P.E.I.	1964	22.32	22.26	22.63	22.56	22.48	20.81	20.87	20.86	20.83	20.73	21.27	23.65
1963	21.86	22.12	22.21	22.12	22.14	21.68	19.94	19.75	20.09	19.47	19.53	20.87	21.74
N.S.	1964	22.67	22.83	23.22	22.96	22.55	22.08	22.21	22.17	22.79	22.78	22.51	22.30
1963	22.46	22.75	22.89	22.84	22.55	22.29	22.07	22.03	21.99	21.45	21.30	21.44	22.12
N.B.	1964	22.71	22.42	22.73	22.60	23.25	22.95	22.65	21.89	21.78	21.52	21.99	22.75
1963	22.45	22.31	22.35	22.51	22.93	22.90	22.64	22.15	21.76	22.33	21.50	21.57	21.99
Que.	1964	24.88	25.37	25.37	25.35	25.09	24.43	23.87	23.64	24.03	24.03	24.29	24.79
1963	24.80	25.03	25.20	25.29	25.10	24.58	24.21	23.66	23.47	23.81	23.77	24.17	25.39
Ont.	1964	24.57	25.09	24.86	25.22	24.54	23.75	23.52	24.06	23.88	24.62	24.87	24.31
1963	24.32	24.77	24.71	24.66	24.48	23.76	23.41	23.27	23.76	23.69	23.61	23.94	25.08
Man.	1964	24.64	25.36	24.98	24.81	25.34	22.99	22.13	22.98	23.16	23.51	24.07	25.68
1963	24.38	25.47	24.89	24.73	24.38	23.80	23.27	22.87	22.33	22.78	22.69	23.56	24.95
Sask.	1964	24.71	25.67	25.30	25.07	25.02	23.08	22.51	22.66	22.54	22.54	23.07	25.06
1963	24.27	23.99	25.26	25.04	24.73	23.55	22.79	22.10	21.61	21.34	21.91	22.98	25.04
Alta.	1964	25.44	26.06	25.60	25.58	25.47	25.18	24.98	24.87	24.44	24.34	24.84	25.54
1963	25.45	25.00	26.26	25.89	25.75	25.74	24.76	24.13	23.91	24.39	24.42	25.20	25.68
B.C.	1964	25.46	26.48	26.13	25.57	25.25	25.55	24.93	24.16	24.29	24.41	25.00	25.62
1963	25.87	27.15	26.26	25.77	27.04	24.92	24.21	24.22	24.46	24.26	24.56	25.28	26.51

(1) Including partial weeks.

Year	12 month average	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1943	-	12	16	16	12	7	5	4	5	1	1	2	6
1944	10	27	30	27	19	17	17	19	29	6	8	13	19
1945	41	146	162	155	124	99	82	69	62	48	62	85	113
1946	98	71	112	107	86	63	50	43	39	58	63	67	87
1947	71	106	112	107	86	63	50	43	39	58	63	67	87
1948	95	145	153	142	112	77	62	53	47	47	60	88	102
1949	149	203	216	198	150	115	95	94	94	95	115	172	151
1950 total	188	313	304	368	230	166	127	106	111	89	102	139	243
% S.B.				23									202
1951 total	167	256	253	236	149	101	101	100	101	109	128	187	288
% S.B.		11	14	18									3
1952 total	219	358	351	352	249	182	149	144	125	109	128	182	304
% S.B.		9	11	13									4
1953 total	253	376	389	379	240	165	142	134	134	143	185	283	452
% S.B.		11	14	17									4
1954 total	357	556	559	561	379	293	245	228	223	214	236	307	479
% S.B.		10	14	18									7
1955 total	319	587	620	605	354	241	186	168	153	145	163	220	388
% S.B.		14	21	26									12
1956 total	272	477	511	511	292	189	136	138	132	128	139	215	398
% S.B.		23	28	29									7
1957 total	380	546	572	559	374	250	205	206	209	227	268	403	744
% S.B.		13	18	19									12
1958 total	552	835	869	860	722	551	445	301	295	283	324	419	715
% S.B.		20	24	27	31	33	30						18
1959 total	454	785	796	767	611	279	221	226	210	202	251	418	686
% S.B.		26	31	34	37								17
1960 total	518	783	814	823	715	364	296	294	280	280	330	485	754
% S.B.		23	27	30	32								18
1961 total	487	847	873	838	713	341	267	255	229	229	269	386	601
% S.B.		24	29	32	35								18
1962 total	414	699	719	687	564	264	214	212	199	198	244	374	592
% S.B.		25	29	32	34								16
1963 total	402	704	720	685	566	271	220	219	193	186	219	303	532
% S.B.		23	27	30	33								15
1964 total	357	599	607	597	498	250	202	205	182	174	215	275	478
% S.B.		23	27	30	32								15

thousands

Table viii. - Amount of Benefit Paid(1), by Month, 1942 to 1964.

Year	12 month total	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
		millions of dollars											
1942	0.37	-	(2)	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04
1943	0.94	0.07	0.13	0.20	0.14	0.13	0.07	0.05	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.05
1944	3.29	0.13	0.30	0.76	0.36	0.47	0.25	0.14	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.18	0.34
1945	14.57	0.55	0.82	1.52	0.59	0.67	0.58	0.60	0.69	0.88	1.71	2.51	3.45
1946	51.08	4.49	5.90	7.21	7.01	5.22	4.47	3.30	2.86	3.40	2.46	2.24	2.51
1947	32.04	4.01	3.92	4.48	3.78	3.07	2.15	1.96	1.52	1.51	1.54	1.56	2.54
1948	40.27	3.92	5.02	6.63	5.18	3.67	2.60	2.08	1.84	1.69	1.76	2.28	3.59
1949	69.35	6.73	8.16	10.40	7.61	5.51	4.11	3.37	3.72	3.67	3.85	5.05	7.18
1950	98.98	11.78	13.61	16.64	13.71	10.50	6.66	4.76	4.41	3.84	3.57	4.18	5.31
1951	76.66	9.83	10.68	12.14	8.35	5.66	3.51	3.43	3.67	3.46	3.90	5.11	6.92
1952	118.83	13.98	15.57	16.89	13.95	10.39	6.73	6.29	6.24	5.71	5.71	6.44	10.93
1953	157.97	18.43	20.60	24.00	19.19	12.39	8.41	7.15	6.41	6.74	7.60	10.17	16.88
1954	241.11	25.15	29.68	37.19	29.84	21.13	15.72	12.72	12.06	12.40	11.78	14.02	19.43
1955	229.12	28.37	34.90	45.44	33.78	20.02	12.64	8.94	8.73	8.18	7.54	8.66	11.94
1956	210.33	24.63	32.19	38.17	33.20	19.16	9.93	7.93	8.17	7.09	8.07	9.28	12.53
1957	305.08	33.44	38.60	44.13	40.39	26.27	14.36	13.80	13.03	13.81	16.33	18.99	31.93
1958	492.90	60.76	63.31	72.38	66.68	51.65	36.99	26.82	19.49	19.85	20.27	21.14	33.56
1959	406.10	58.65	58.08	65.87	59.97	40.45	18.16	14.53	13.12	13.37	13.77	17.48	32.66
1960	481.84	54.35	62.59	74.85	61.77	52.21	26.84	19.70	21.36	21.19	20.65	26.58	39.77
1961	493.97	67.66	70.99	85.19	64.54	58.70	25.89	18.55	18.86	16.08	17.12	20.94	29.45
1962	409.21	57.80	57.99	68.83	51.65	45.41	18.71	14.51	15.88	12.66	15.75	18.93	31.09
1963	394.16	58.56	58.74	61.29	57.58	41.15	15.99	15.51	14.01	12.53	13.99	15.47	29.36
1964	344.39	46.41	50.13	53.55	52.58	33.12	16.54	14.09	13.20	12.79	12.84	14.65	24.50

(1) Benefit paid under the seasonal benefit provisions is included. The dates during which these provisions were operative, maximum weeks payable each period and amount of benefit paid are as follows:

February 28 to April 15, 1950 - 6 weeks - \$4.5 million.

January 1 to March 31, 1951 - 13 weeks - \$3.9 million.

January 1 to March 31, 1952 - 13 weeks - \$4.6 million.

January 1 to April 15, 1953 - 15 weeks - \$9.2 million.

January 1 to April 15, 1954 - 15 weeks - \$14.1 million.

January 1 to April 15, 1955 - 15 weeks - \$28.9 million.

January 1 to April 21, 1956 - 16 weeks - \$38.1 million.

January 1 to April 20, 1957 - 16 weeks - \$29.6 million.

December 1, 1957 to June 28, 1958 - 30 weeks - \$109.8 million.

December 1, 1958 to May 16, 1959 - 24 weeks - \$98.4 million.

November 30, 1959 to May 21, 1960 - 25 weeks - \$99.1 million.

November 28, 1960 to May 20, 1961 - 25 weeks - \$112.1 million.

November 27, 1961 to May 19, 1962 - 25 weeks - \$88.9 million.

November 19, 1962 to May 18, 1963 - 25 weeks - \$86.9 million.

November 19, 1963 to May 16, 1964 - 25 weeks - \$72.8 million (preliminary)

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and **no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



CANADA



STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT

(FEBRUARY 1965

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Labour Division

Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section

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8004-509

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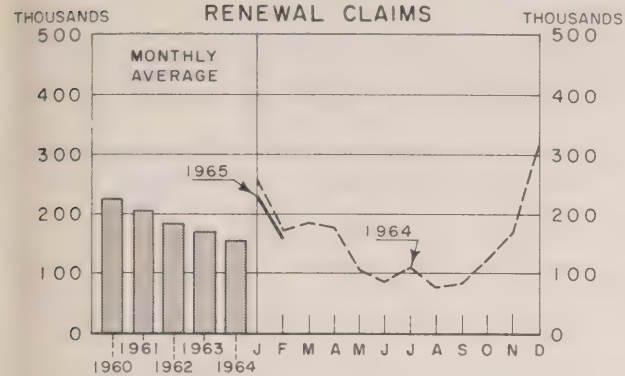
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

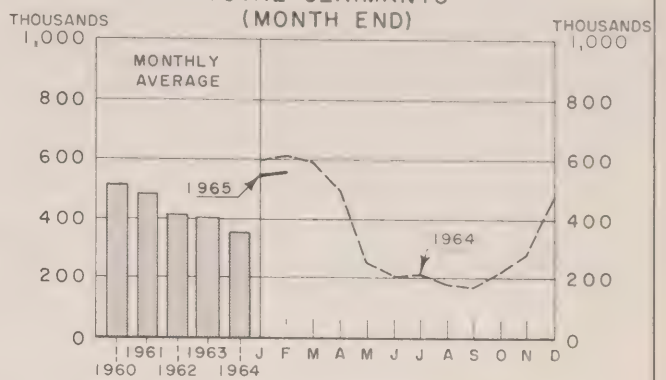
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

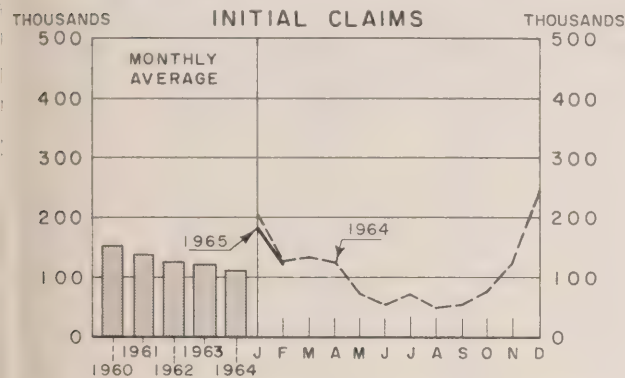
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



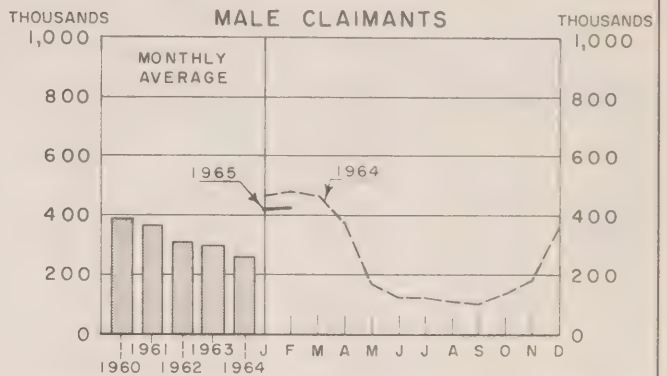
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



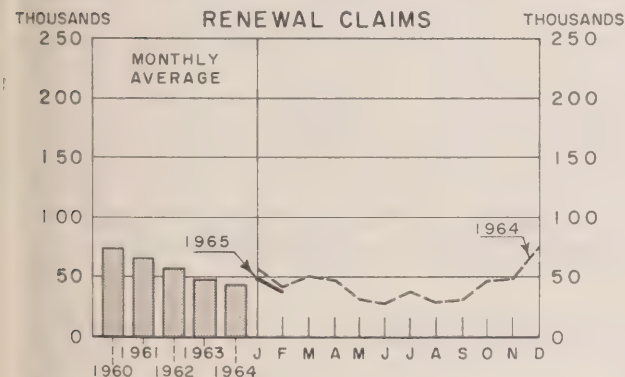
INITIAL CLAIMS



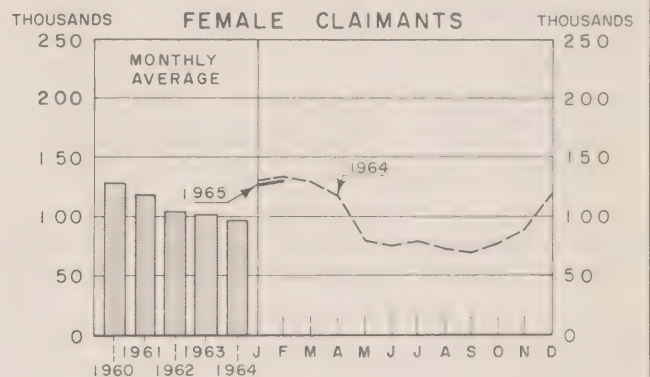
MALE CLAIMANTS



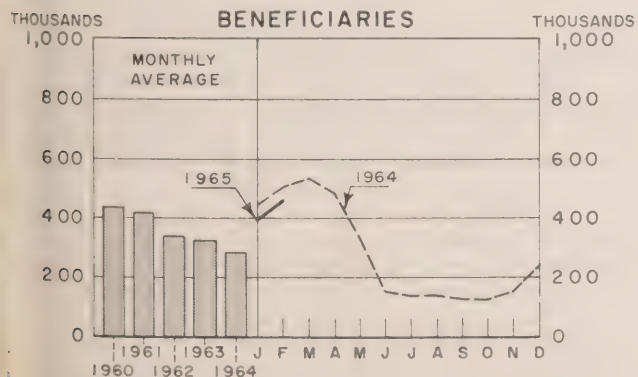
RENEWAL CLAIMS



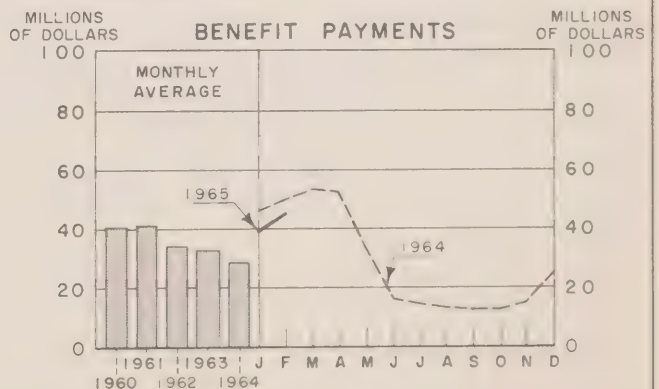
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

FEBRUARY 1965

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 559,200 on February 26, almost 50,000 below the total recorded on February 28, 1964. Males accounted for 95 per cent of the decline. Decreases occurred among both regular and seasonal benefit claimants.

The February 26 count was some 10,000 higher than that for January 29. The increase occurred entirely among claimants for seasonal benefit, both males and females sharing in the increase.

The following table illustrates the changes in the composition of the claimant group in comparison with one month and one year earlier.

	Feb. 26, 1965	Jan. 29, 1965	Feb. 28, 1964	Per cent change from		Per cent distribution of components		
				Jan. 29, 1965	Feb. 28, 1964	Feb. 26, 1965	Jan. 29, 1965	Feb. 28, 1964
Total claimants	559,234	547,842	607,144	+ 2	- 8	100	100	100
Male	428,871	419,881	473,781	+ 2	- 10	77	77	78
Female	130,363	127,961	133,363	+ 2	- 2	23	23	22
Regular benefit	411,112	425,878	443,101	- 4	- 7	74	78	73
Male	312,596	323,725	342,996	- 3	- 9	56	59	56
Female	98,516	102,153	100,105	- 4	- 2	18	19	17
Seasonal benefit	148,122	121,964	164,043	+ 21	- 10	26	22	27
Male	116,275	96,156	130,785	+ 21	- 11	21	18	22
Female	31,847	25,808	33,258	+ 23	- 4	5	4	5
Fishing seasonal	27,567	25,598	28,507	+ 8	- 3	5	5	5
Male	27,430	25,476	28,405	+ 8	- 3	5	5	5
Female	137	122	102	+ 12	+ 34	-	-	-
Non-fishing S.B.	120,555	96,366	135,536	+ 25	- 11	22	18	22
Male	88,845	70,680	102,380	+ 26	- 13	16	13	17
Female	31,710	25,686	33,156	+ 23	- 4	6	5	5

There were 45,000 fewer male claimants reporting on February 26 than on February 28, 1964. Seasonal benefit male claimants were down by 15,000, thus accounting for one-third of the decline. The count of female claimants was 3,000 below that for one year ago.

It is estimated that close to 100,000(1) persons withdrew from claimant status during the month, presumably to return to work.

Initial and renewal claims

Initial and renewal claims numbered 160,000 during February, down 30 per cent from the January total of 230,000 and about 12,000 fewer than for February 1964. Eighty per cent of the February claims represented separations from employment during the month, in comparison with 85 per cent in January. A decline in the relative importance of new cases is usual at this season of the year, as an increasing proportion of initial claims are in respect of persons exhausting regular benefit and requesting extension of credits under the seasonal benefit provisions.

- (1) This estimate is exclusive of those cases computed during the month and found to be ineligible for either regular or seasonal benefit. The number of persons exhausting seasonal benefit as at the end of February is virtually nil, while exhaustion of regular benefit automatically qualifies one for seasonal benefit. Hence, exhaustion of benefit would not be a factor in explaining the difference between the potential claimant count at February 26 and the actual count. The potential count is estimated as follows: The claimant count at the end of January was 547,800 and the new cases received during February was approximately 125,000. Failures during February totalled under 15,000. The potential count on February 26 was thus estimated at about 658,000.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 454,800 for February, almost 15 per cent higher than the estimate of 398,100 for January. One year ago, this figure was 503,500. Benefit payments amounted to \$45.3 million in February, in comparison with \$39.9 million in January and \$50.1 million in February 1964. The January-to-February increment in payment data, relatively larger than that occurring in the month-end claimant count, is due, in part, to the fact that payments are counted in the month in which a copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office. The average weekly payment was \$24.92 for February, \$25.02 for January and \$24.89 for February 1964.

Provincial data

Small increases were recorded in the claimant count on February 26 in all provinces except Manitoba and British Columbia where declines occurred. Lower claimant levels from one year ago was characteristic of all provinces except British Columbia where there was no change. The January-to-February movements this year were little changed from one year ago.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	January 29 to February 26, 1965			February 28, 1964 to February 26, 1965			January 31 to February 28, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 2	+ 2	+ 2	- 8	- 9	- 2	+ 1	+ 1	+ 2
Nfld.	+ 6	+ 5	+ 11	- 3	- 3	- 10	+ 3	+ 3	+ 5
P.E.I.	+ 2	+ 2	+ 1	- 3	- 5	+ 6	- 2	- 3	- 2
N.S.	+ 4	+ 3	+ 12	- 7	- 8	+ 4	+ 1	-	+ 3
N.B.	+ 5	+ 6	+ 1	- 4	- 5	- 3	+ 9	+ 11	+ 2
Que.	+ 6	+ 8	- 2	- 6	- 7	- 5	+ 4	+ 5	-
Ont.	+ 4	+ 3	+ 4	- 14	- 20	-	-	- 1	+ 1
Man.	- 6	- 4	- 15	- 8	- 7	- 11	+ 4	-	+ 16
Sask.	+ 4	+ 1	+ 17	- 1	- 3	+ 7	+ 3	+ 1	+ 12
Alta.	+ 2	+ 1	+ 5	- 15	- 17	- 9	+ 3	+ 3	+ 2
B.C.	- 13	- 18	+ 4	-	+ 1	- 1	- 8	- 12	+ 4

While seasonal benefit claimants constitute slightly more than a quarter of claimants reporting for benefit at the end of February, the proportion is much higher (45 per cent) in the Atlantic provinces. Elsewhere, between 20 and 25 per cent are classed as seasonal benefit. The higher percentage in the Atlantic area is due, in large part, to the concentration of fishing claimants who account for about 45 per cent of the seasonal benefit claimants in that area.

Month-to-month declines in the volume of claims filed at the provincial level were significant.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	January to February 1965			February 1964 to February 1965			January to February 1964		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 30	- 32	- 24	- 7	- 5	- 12	- 34	- 36	- 26
Nfld.	- 43	- 47	- 18	+ 4	-	+ 23	- 52	- 52	- 52
P.E.I.	- 50	- 51	- 44	+ 3	+ 3	+ 5	- 60	- 61	- 58
N.S.	- 43	- 48	- 19	+ 9	+ 1	+ 46	- 55	- 56	- 47
N.B.	- 38	- 39	- 34	- 12	- 12	- 12	- 40	- 42	- 28
Que.	- 21	- 22	- 18	- 6	- 6	- 7	- 26	- 28	- 20
Ont.	- 26	- 26	- 23	- 12	- 5	- 28	- 32	- 34	- 23
Man.	- 30	- 31	- 26	- 9	- 10	- 4	- 36	- 36	- 34
Sask.	- 40	- 39	- 46	- 5	- 1	- 20	- 40	- 42	- 34
Alta.	- 31	- 32	- 25	- 14	- 13	- 17	- 27	- 29	- 21
B.C.	- 47	- 50	- 37	+ 4	+ 5	+ 2	- 38	- 40	- 32

.. Figures not available

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Feb. 1964	% change from		Cumulative data			
				Jan. 1965	Feb. 1964	January to February		12 months ending February	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,439	4,339	..	..	..	4,337*	..	4,188*
Initial and renewal claims filed	160	230	172	- 30	- 7	390	430	1,820	1,960
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	559	548	607	+ 2	- 8	554*	603*	349*	383*
Regular	411	426	443	- 3	- 7				
S.B.	148	122	164	+ 21	- 10				
S.B. Fishing	28	26	29	+ 8	- 3				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	455	398	504	+ 14	- 10	427*	472*	274*	309
Weeks compensated	1,819	1,593	2,014	+ 14	- 10	3,412	3,865	13,563	15,258
Benefit paid	\$ 45,333	39,846	50,127	+ 14	- 10	85,179	96,539	333,030	373,401
Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.92	25.02	24.89	-	-	24.96	24.97	24.55	24.4

* Monthly average

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - January	4,439,000	3,891,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,475,000	3,996,800	478,200
November	4,369,000	4,094,500	274,500
October	4,298,000	4,083,500	214,500
September	4,304,000	4,130,400	173,600
August	4,330,000	4,148,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100
January	4,334,000	3,735,400	598,600

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province. (1)

Province	1965 - February - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	159,999	122,749	37,250	171,591	129,237	42,354
Nfld.	5,396	4,401	995	5,190	4,382	808
P.E.I.	905	774	131	879	754	125
N.S.	7,518	5,664	1,854	6,875	5,604	1,271
N.B.	7,253	5,911	1,342	8,267	6,736	1,531
Que.	55,867	41,758	14,109	59,623	44,514	15,109
Ont.	47,593	36,748	10,845	53,750	38,764	14,986
Man.	6,537	5,224	1,313	7,166	5,802	1,364
Sask.	4,368	3,724	644	4,577	3,773	804
Alta.	8,431	6,515	1,916	9,794	7,473	2,321
B.C.	16,131	12,030	4,101	15,470	11,435	4,035

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 44,951.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>February 26, 1965</u>				<u>February 28, 1964</u>
CANADA	559,234	169,305	301,901	64,526	23,502	607,144
MALE	428,871	130,861	243,554	41,409	13,047	473,781
FEMALE	130,363	38,444	58,347	23,117	10,455	133,363
Nfld.	35,804	6,860	25,603	2,834	507	37,058
Male	33,546	6,244	24,607	2,390	305	34,545
Female	2,258	616	996	444	202	2,513
P.E.I.	6,866	907	5,489	414	56	7,105
Male	5,630	710	4,576	308	36	5,941
Female	1,236	197	913	106	20	1,164
N.S.	35,149	8,566	22,003	3,204	1,376	37,611
Male	29,483	6,911	19,219	2,340	1,013	32,148
Female	5,666	1,655	2,784	864	363	5,463
N.B.	35,331	7,742	22,869	3,830	890	36,990
Male	28,832	6,561	19,370	2,416	485	30,301
Female	6,499	1,181	3,499	1,414	405	6,689
Que.	174,374	60,856	86,384	19,292	7,842	186,445
Male	141,413	51,466	72,506	13,343	4,098	151,747
Female	32,961	9,390	13,878	5,949	3,744	34,698
Ont.	142,636	46,403	69,703	18,103	8,427	165,567
Male	94,180	31,690	47,924	9,929	4,637	117,309
Female	48,456	14,713	21,779	8,174	3,790	48,258
Man.	24,825	7,068	13,669	3,607	481	26,859
Male	19,052	5,201	11,121	2,390	340	20,398
Female	5,773	1,867	2,548	1,217	141	6,461
Sask.	20,072	5,113	12,231	2,313	415	20,361
Male	15,797	3,826	10,328	1,450	193	16,353
Female	4,275	1,287	1,903	863	222	4,008
Alta.	28,119	8,632	14,159	4,193	1,135	33,122
Male	21,522	6,573	11,465	2,773	711	25,886
Female	6,597	2,059	2,694	1,420	424	7,236
B.C.	56,058	17,158	29,791	6,736	2,373	56,026
Male	39,416	11,679	22,438	4,070	1,229	39,153
Female	16,642	5,479	7,353	2,666	1,144	16,873

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
<u>February 1965</u>							
Canada	179,687	109,794	34,552	30,765	4,576	46,022	12,309
Nfld.	6,093	4,049	802	1,147	95	1,807	448
P.E.I.	1,163	846	142	160	15	202	36
N.S.	8,990	5,697	1,965	1,175	153	1,675	350
N.B.	7,918	5,307	1,315	1,160	136	2,161	435
Que.	61,919	37,705	13,081	9,703	1,430	17,210	4,913
Ont.	52,723	31,514	9,985	9,598	1,626	13,807	3,665
Man.	7,438	4,801	1,321	1,157	159	1,749	446
Sask.	5,146	3,400	672	998	76	1,133	174
Alta.	9,602	5,588	1,785	1,926	303	2,078	510
B.C.	18,695	10,887	3,484	3,741	583	4,200	1,332

<u>February 1964</u>							
Canada	183,784	111,965	37,734	29,130	4,955	44,140	13,719
Nfld.	5,853	4,193	678	881	101	1,574	333
P.E.I.	945	676	118	136	15	308	47
N.S.	7,416	5,113	1,139	1,009	155	1,626	369
N.B.	8,581	5,908	1,390	1,128	155	2,109	471
Que.	62,460	37,751	13,406	9,846	1,457	16,290	5,158
Ont.	56,797	32,479	13,264	9,274	1,780	13,504	4,667
Man.	8,004	5,325	1,317	1,198	164	1,644	433
Sask.	5,227	3,477	736	899	115	1,249	268
Alta.	10,734	6,424	2,100	1,842	368	2,480	747
B.C.	17,767	10,619	3,586	2,917	645	3,356	1,226

(1) In addition 46,188 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 4,606 were special requests not granted and 2,259 were appeals by claimants. There were 11,656 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during February 1965 and 1964 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1965(1)	13,985	583	64	521	640	4,950	3,994	441	358	800	1,634
	1964	12,454	422	72	426	532	4,708	3,680	462	316	668	1,168
Claimants disqualified	1965	34,936	1,113	202	1,372	1,231	11,140	11,117	1,549	1,080	2,099	4,033
	1964	38,017	1,116	195	1,426	1,447	12,502	12,253	1,607	1,245	2,408	3,818
Not unemployed	1965	1,348	27	14	51	53	556	295	110	89	64	89
	1964	1,325	46	13	40	29	641	229	74	81	99	73
Not capable of and not available for work	1965	10,062	292	62	324	363	2,483	3,838	571	375	682	1,072
	1964	10,340	239	30	326	370	2,848	3,861	553	485	654	974
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1965	356	8	-	2	1	19	147	1	-	5	173
	1964	246	1	-	-	-	28	95	-	-	-	122
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1965	2,241	25	14	144	143	960	569	79	60	96	151
	1964	2,112	43	13	154	190	783	556	44	77	76	176
Discharged for misconduct	1965	1,885	38	19	68	51	630	648	53	58	138	182
	1964	1,926	28	8	67	51	766	636	69	40	115	146
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1965	8,955	272	31	365	279	2,834	2,682	340	261	680	1,211
	1964	9,528	252	41	285	311	3,131	3,097	382	232	692	1,105
Other reasons	1965	10,089	451	62	418	341	3,658	2,938	395	237	434	1,155
	1964	12,540	507	90	554	496	4,305	3,779	485	330	772	1,222
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim			642	60	304	413	2,257	1,749	236	140	273	832

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - February - 1964	
	(in thousands)	
Canada	454.8	503.5
Newfoundland	35.1	38.5
Prince Edward Island	6.0	6.6
Nova Scotia	28.7	33.9
New Brunswick	27.1	28.6
Quebec	136.3	149.5
Ontario	116.6	134.1
Manitoba	20.0	23.1
Saskatchewan	16.2	16.7
Alberta	21.5	25.9
British Columbia	47.4	46.5

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1965 - February - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada	1,819,250	45,332,817	2,013,817	50,127,417
Nfld.	140,372	3,279,016	153,880	3,753,322
P.E.I.	24,146	552,332	26,449	598,668
N.S.	114,698	2,592,029	135,769	3,152,740
N.B.	108,258	2,523,553	114,448	2,601,779
Que.	545,144	13,983,115	598,106	15,174,880
Ont.	466,254	11,526,757	536,449	13,338,247
Man.	79,863	2,030,516	92,263	2,304,282
Sask.	64,789	1,640,872	66,825	1,690,760
Alta.	86,086	2,192,100	103,604	2,652,352
B.C.	189,640	5,012,527	186,024	4,860,387

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

February 1965

Canada	1,712,849	106,401	80,059
Newfoundland	134,824	5,548	4,235
Prince Edward Island	23,113	1,033	853
Nova Scotia	106,151	8,547	6,877
New Brunswick	102,330	5,928	4,506
Quebec	512,064	33,080	23,200
Ontario	441,101	25,153	19,235
Manitoba	75,263	4,600	3,483
Saskatchewan	60,497	4,292	2,947
Alberta	80,011	6,075	4,943
British Columbia	177,495	12,145	9,780

February 1964

Canada	1,893,630	120,187	88,518
Newfoundland	147,087	6,793	5,653
Prince Edward Island	25,417	1,032	857
Nova Scotia	126,406	9,363	7,550
New Brunswick	108,126	6,322	4,743
Quebec	563,227	34,879	23,612
Ontario	503,918	32,531	24,180
Manitoba	86,137	6,126	4,366
Saskatchewan	62,605	4,220	2,979
Alberta	96,654	6,950	5,232
British Columbia	174,053	11,971	9,346

Seasonal Benefit, 1964-65 period

Provisions regulating the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 23, 1964 to mid-May 1965, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 7(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. As a result, claimants exhausting their rights to seasonal benefit and wishing to be re-considered for benefit during this interval would be tested under the regular provisions. However, since the minimum establishment is 12 weeks,(2) exhaustion of seasonal benefit will not occur before February 19.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, i.e. a minimum of 15 contribution weeks since March 31, 1964. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions during this period, i.e. since March 31, 1964. The authorization will be 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution(2).

Cases failing under class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 15, 1964. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate(3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen) (4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F.).

- (1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing November 30.
- (2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks) claims established subsequent to the week ending February 26, 1965 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and May 15.
- (3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- (4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

Table 3a. - Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province.

Province	1965 - February - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	148,122	116,275	31,847	164,043	130,785	33,258
Nfld.	19,197	18,479	718	19,305	18,549	756
P.E.I.	3,589	3,024	565	3,653	3,129	524
N.S.	13,632	11,910	1,722	14,426	12,839	1,587
N.B.	14,175	11,682	2,493	15,652	12,973	2,679
Que.	38,790	30,926	7,864	43,950	35,690	8,260
Ont.	29,395	18,013	11,382	34,068	22,709	11,359
Man.	5,302	4,359	943	6,309	4,948	1,361
Sask.	4,431	3,473	958	4,452	3,449	1,003
Alta.	5,455	4,313	1,142	6,644	5,197	1,447
B.C.	14,156	10,096	4,060	15,584	11,302	4,282

Table 3b. - Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a.

Province	1965 - February - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	27,567	27,430	137	28,507	28,405	102
Nfld.	11,227	11,227	-	11,519	11,517	2
P.E.I.	1,758	1,722	36	1,744	1,712	32
N.S.	5,870	5,862	8	5,871	5,865	6
N.B.	3,767	3,736	31	4,069	4,043	26
Que.	842	810	32	1,115	1,104	11
Ont.	551	551	-	657	649	8
Man.	187	178	9	204	204	-
Sask.	-	-	-	2	2	-
Alta.	31	31	-	46	45	1
B.C.	3,334	3,313	21	3,280	3,264	16

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and no disqualification imposed and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



**STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
MARCH 1965**

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

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The Minister of Trade and Commerce

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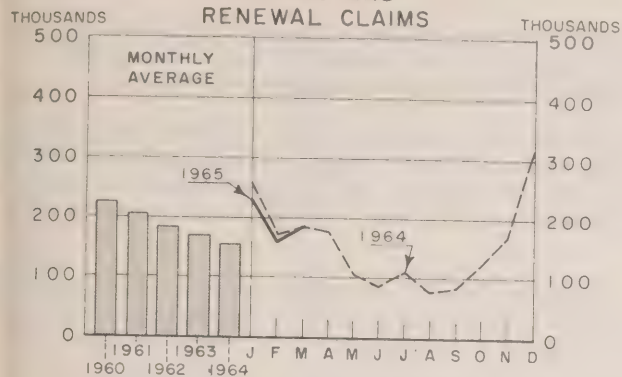
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

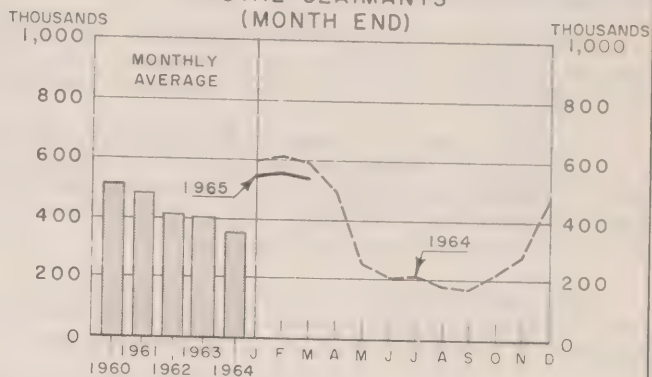
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

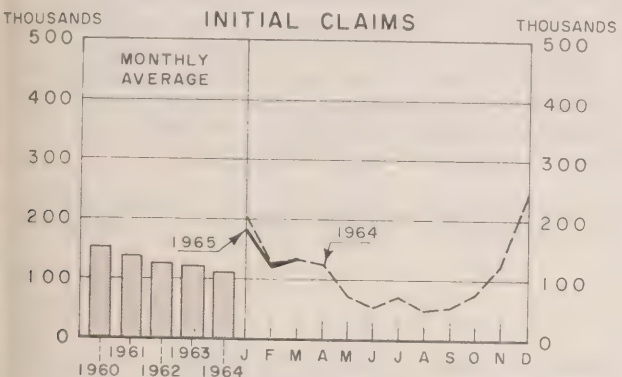
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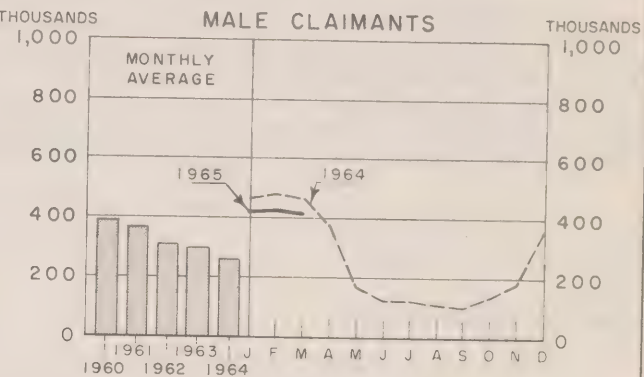
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



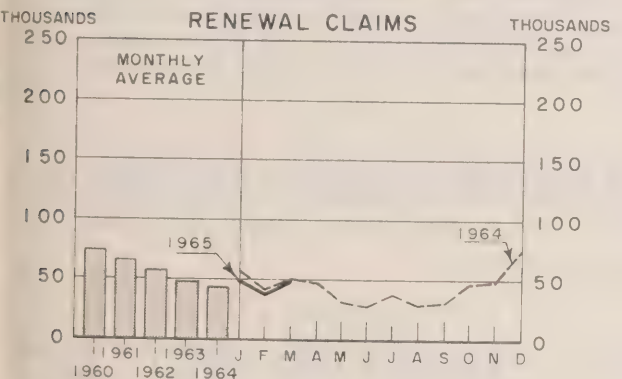
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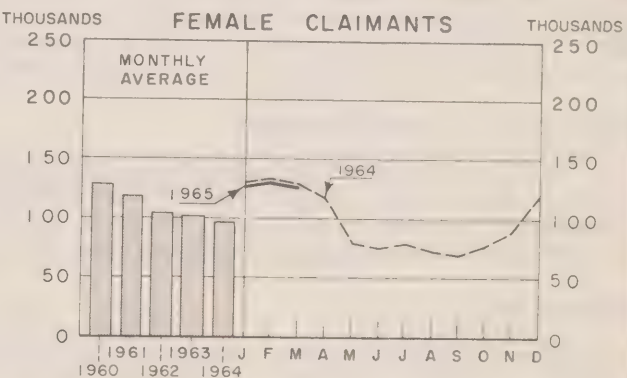
MALE CLAIMANTS



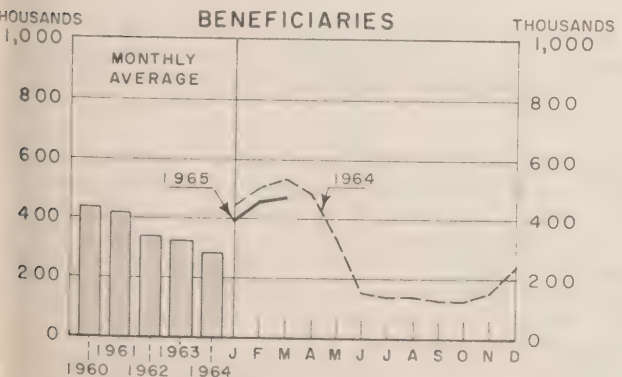
RENEWAL CLAIMS



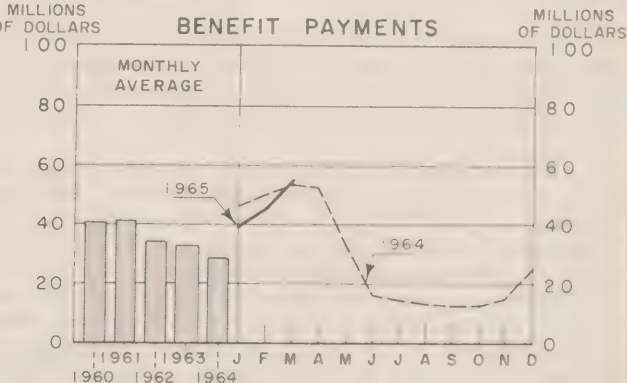
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

MARCH 1965

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for Unemployment Insurance benefit totalled 539,000 on March 31, approximately 60,000 below the 597,300 recorded one year previous. The current figure is the lowest for March since 1956 when 511,000 were recorded on claim. Most of the improvement was reported among male claimants.

Seasonal benefit claimants numbered 161,100 on March 31, in comparison with 176,800 one year ago. The year-over-year decline in the level of seasonal benefit claimants was completely accounted for by males. Claimants for regular benefit also declined, from 420,500 one year ago to approximately 378,000 on March 31 this year. A small decrease was shown in the number of females claiming regular benefit, while the male total was 40,000 lower.

The year-over-year reduction in both regular and seasonal benefit claimants reflect the generally higher level of activity prevailing throughout the past winter. This was particularly noticeable in segments of the economy, such as construction, which has provided a strong demand for male workers.

The March 31 total is 20,000 below that for February, both males and females contributing to the decline. The month-to-month decrease occurred among claimants for regular benefit for which the total was 33,000 below that for February. However, this was partly offset by an increase of 13,000 in the number identified as seasonal benefit. This increase in totals of seasonal benefit claimants is associated with the transition from regular to seasonal benefit as claimants exhaust the former and are re-considered for an extension of benefit under the seasonal benefit provisions. On March 31, 30 per cent of the claimants were classed as seasonal benefit.

It is estimated that approximately 150,000 persons withdrew from claimant status during the month. Of this total, exhaustion of benefit accounted for an estimated 30,000, while it is presumed the remainder were recalled to work or found new jobs.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 183,200 claims were received at local offices across Canada during March, unchanged from one year ago and some 23,000 in excess of the total for February. More than half the month-to-month increase in claim volume is due to higher totals of transitional claims, which numbered about 46,000 in March in comparison with 32,000 in February. About three-quarters of the March claims represented separations from employment during the month. In February, this figure was 80 per cent.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 470,700 for March, 454,800 for February and 537,800 for March 1964. Benefit payments amounted to \$55.6 million during March in comparison with \$45.3 million in February and \$53.6 million in March 1964. The average weekly payment was \$24.86 for March, \$24.92 for February and \$24.90 for March 1964.

Provincial data

March 31 claimant totals were down from February 26 in all provinces except Quebec and Manitoba where small increases occurred. In relation to one year ago, only Manitoba showed a slight advance.

Between 45 and 50 per cent of the claimants in the Atlantic Provinces were identified as seasonal benefit. In British Columbia the proportion was 30 per cent; elsewhere, it was 25 per cent. Higher ratios of seasonal benefit in the coastal regions are associated with the concentration of fishing seasonal benefit in those areas.

The sex composition of the claimant group varies substantially from province to province. This is, first of all, a reflection of basic differences in the industrial composition of the provincial economies and hence, in the characteristics of the labour force and of the persons claiming benefit. Seasonal reductions in economic activity during the winter months invariably bring about a sharp rise in the proportion of male claimants. The following table shows the per cent of March 31 claimants who are male, for each province. For purposes of comparison, similar data are provided for the end of September, approximating the period of peak employment. Males comprised only about two-thirds of the current claimants in Ontario and British Columbia, compared with three-quarters or more in other provinces. Also, the September-to-March gap in the percentage is substantially smaller in those two provinces than elsewhere. In Ontario, the proportion of males is considerably lower than for one year ago, whereas in other provinces, the proportion is virtually unchanged. These data suggest that the demand for labour from accelerated winter activity had varying impact across the country.

Male claimants as a per cent of total

	<u>March 31, 1965</u>	<u>September 30, 1964</u>	<u>March 31, 1964</u>	<u>September 30, 1963</u>
Canada	77	60	78	63
Nfld.	94	75	93	76
P.E.I.	82	64	85	59
N.S.	84	73	87	71
N.B.	83	64	83	70
Que.	82	65	82	67
Ont.	66	55	71	59
Man.	77	55	75	53
Sask.	78	45	81	45
Alta.	75	58	78	60
B.C.	67	59	69	63

Percentage changes in the month-end claimant count are as follows:

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	<u>February 26 to March 31, 1965</u>			<u>March 31, 1964 to March 31, 1965</u>			<u>February 28 to March 31, 1964</u>		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 4	- 4	- 3	- 10	- 12	- 3	- 2	- 1	- 3
Nfld.	- 11	- 11	- 17	- 4	- 3	- 15	- 11	- 11	- 12
P.E.I.	- 7	- 7	- 5	- 4	- 7	+ 16	- 7	- 5	- 12
N.S.	- 4	- 5	- 2	- 17	- 20	+ 3	+ 7	+ 9	- 1
N.B.	- 3	- 2	- 11	- 7	- 7	- 6	- 1	-	- 8
Que.	+ 3	+ 3	- 1	- 5	- 5	- 3	+ 1	+ 1	- 4
Ont.	- 6	- 7	- 4	- 17	- 22	- 2	- 3	- 3	- 1
Man.	+ 7	+ 8	+ 4	+ 4	+ 6	- 5	- 5	- 6	- 2
Sask.	- 6	- 7	- 4	- 5	- 9	+ 11	- 3	- 2	- 8
Alta.	- 3	- 5	+ 1	- 18	- 21	- 8	+ 1	+ 1	+ 1
B.C.	- 16	- 20	- 5	- 11	- 15	- 4	- 5	- 6	- 2

The February-to-March increase in the volume of claims was significantly greater this year than for one year ago, in all provinces except Nova Scotia(1) and British Columbia.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by province

	<u>February to March 1965</u>			<u>March 1964 to March 1965</u>			<u>February to March 1964</u>		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	+ 14	+ 10	+ 28	-	+ 2	- 4	+ 6	+ 3	+ 17
Nfld.	+ 21	+ 19	+ 32	+ 21	+ 13	+ 70	+ 4	+ 6	- 4
P.E.I.	+ 40	+ 32	+ 89	+ 27	+ 20	+ 67	+ 13	+ 12	+ 18
N.S.	+ 11	+ 12	+ 8	- 21	- 26	- 4	+ 54(1)	+ 52	+ 64
N.B.	+ 25	+ 24	+ 27	- 2	+ 1	- 13	+ 12	+ 8	+ 28
Que.	+ 19	+ 17	+ 27	+ 10	+ 11	+ 7	+ 2	- 1	+ 11
Ont.	+ 9	+ 4	+ 28	- 5	-	- 15	+ 2	- 1	+ 9
Man.	+ 15	+ 15	+ 15	- 2	-	- 8	+ 7	+ 3	+ 20
Sask.	+ 13	+ 12	+ 23	+ 3	+ 6	- 12	+ 5	+ 4	+ 12
Alta.	+ 18	+ 10	+ 46	- 5	- 7	+ 2	+ 7	+ 4	+ 18
B.C.	+ 4	- 7	+ 37	- 6	- 3	- 10	+ 15	+ 1	+ 55

(1) Associated with claims arising out of a labour dispute affecting miners.

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Mar. 1964	% change from		Cumulative data			
				Feb. 1965	Mar. 1964	January to March		12 months ending March	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,502	4,348	..	..	..	4,340*	..	4,197*
Initial and renewal claims filed	183	160	182	+ 14	-	573	612	1,821	1,947
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	539	559	597	- 4	- 10	549*	601*	344*	376*
Regular	378	411	420	- 8	- 10				
S.B.	161	148	177	+ 9	- 9				
S.B. Fishing	24	28	25	- 13	- 6				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	471	455	538	+ 3	- 12	441*	494*	269*	304*
Weeks compensated	2,236	1,819	2,151	+ 23	+ 4	5,648	6,016	13,648	14,932
Benefit paid	\$ 55,589	45,333	53,551	+ 23	+ 4	140,768	150,090	335,068	365,664
Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.86	24.92	24.90	-	-	24.92	24.95	24.55	24.49

* Monthly average

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - February	4,502,000	3,942,800	559,200
January	4,487,000	3,939,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,475,000	3,996,800	478,200
November	4,369,000	4,094,500	274,500
October	4,298,000	4,083,500	214,500
September	4,304,000	4,130,400	173,600
August	4,330,000	4,148,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300
February	4,339,000	3,731,900	607,100

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province. (1)

Province	1965 - March - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	183,166	135,353	47,813	182,291	132,686	49,605
Nfld.	6,555	5,238	1,317	5,402	4,629	773
P.E.I.	1,268	1,021	247	996	848	148
N.S.	8,319	6,324	1,995	10,576	8,497	2,079
N.B.	9,056	7,354	1,702	9,257	7,300	1,957
Que.	66,722	48,744	17,978	60,810	44,010	16,800
Ont.	52,086	38,217	13,869	54,561	38,240	16,321
Man.	7,499	5,984	1,515	7,646	6,003	1,643
Sask.	4,949	4,155	794	4,823	3,922	901
Alta.	9,948	7,157	2,791	10,473	7,735	2,738
B.C.	16,764	11,159	5,605	17,747	11,502	6,245

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 43,961.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
	<u>March 31, 1965</u>					<u>March 31, 1964</u>
CANADA	538,978	150,666	207,471	151,497	29,344	597,250
MALE	413,131	119,075	161,160	117,056	15,840	467,631
FEMALE	125,847	31,591	46,311	34,441	13,504	129,619
Nfld.	31,825	6,057	13,918	11,297	553	33,108
Male	29,952	5,625	13,304	10,693	330	30,893
Female	1,873	432	614	604	223	2,215
P.E.I.	6,402	776	2,288	3,203	135	6,640
Male	5,223	636	1,903	2,611	73	5,620
Female	1,179	140	385	592	62	1,020
N.S.	33,606	7,316	14,634	9,997	1,659	40,324
Male	28,048	6,088	12,401	8,507	1,052	34,923
Female	5,558	1,228	2,233	1,490	607	5,401
N.B.	34,143	7,524	12,786	12,553	1,280	36,551
Male	28,337	6,631	10,796	10,268	642	30,384
Female	5,806	893	1,990	2,285	638	6,167
Que.	178,791	57,297	70,274	41,281	9,939	187,461
Male	146,304	48,835	59,380	32,821	5,268	153,994
Female	32,487	8,462	10,894	8,460	4,671	33,467
Ont.	134,385	39,199	48,784	36,415	9,987	160,973
Male	88,012	26,570	31,806	24,284	5,352	113,417
Female	46,373	12,629	16,978	12,131	4,635	47,556
Man.	26,512	6,026	10,750	8,882	854	25,595
Male	20,516	4,719	8,101	7,133	563	19,272
Female	5,996	1,307	2,649	1,749	291	6,323
Sask.	18,779	4,232	7,179	6,656	712	19,796
Male	14,662	3,276	5,540	5,509	337	16,092
Female	4,117	956	1,639	1,147	375	3,704
Alta.	27,185	8,425	9,699	7,683	1,378	33,344
Male	20,495	6,649	7,154	5,928	764	26,049
Female	6,690	1,776	2,545	1,755	614	7,295
B.C.	47,350	13,814	17,159	13,530	2,847	53,458
Male	31,582	10,046	10,775	9,302	1,459	36,987
Female	15,768	3,768	6,384	4,228	1,388	16,471

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
<u>March 1965</u>							
Canada	180,583	108,315	40,700	26,361	5,207	46,699	14,215
Nfld.	6,727	4,481	1,333	769	144	1,795	288
P.E.I.	1,117	789	221	90	17	344	45
N.S.	8,006	5,268	1,655	883	200	1,848	490
N.B.	9,135	6,479	1,497	974	185	2,062	455
Que.	65,555	39,111	16,081	8,822	1,541	18,021	5,269
Ont.	51,810	29,847	11,504	8,639	1,820	13,538	4,210
Man.	7,520	4,990	1,303	1,066	161	1,677	497
Sask.	4,780	3,285	664	757	74	1,246	230
Alta.	8,852	5,179	1,981	1,417	275	2,639	1,045
B.C.	17,081	8,886	4,461	2,944	790	3,529	1,686
<u>March 1964</u>							
Canada	174,803	105,165	42,393	22,296	4,949	49,365	15,982
Nfld.	5,270	3,896	759	539	76	1,768	271
P.E.I.	990	749	131	90	20	317	44
N.S.	6,969	4,556	1,549	717	147	4,850	752
N.B.	8,567	5,976	1,559	901	131	2,532	738
Que.	61,010	36,840	15,135	7,543	1,492	15,917	5,331
Ont.	53,226	30,052	13,984	7,374	1,816	14,318	5,188
Man.	8,133	5,470	1,519	958	186	1,219	371
Sask.	4,468	3,082	732	555	99	1,534	338
Alta.	9,793	5,958	2,096	1,409	330	2,848	1,059
B.C.	16,377	8,586	4,929	2,210	652	4,062	1,890

(1) In addition 45,268 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 4,044 were special requests not granted and 2,639 were appeals by claimants. There were 10,349 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during March 1965 and 1964 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1965(1) 1964	9,779 8,075	370 229	37 35	296 251	447 471	3,885 3,106	2,777 2,306	336 347	224 181	413 407	994 742
Claimants disqualified	1965 1964	37,527 34,780	989 808	143 152	1,601 1,231	1,327 1,117	11,798 11,312	12,567 12,048	1,571 1,428	1,018 959	2,006 2,172	4,507 3,553
Not unemployed	1965 1964	1,399 1,132	74 38	6 7	55 48	46 31	616 529	310 222	84 56	73 62	51 67	84 72
Not capable of and not available for work	1965 1964	10,408 9,583	218 173	39 46	378 251	345 275	2,743 2,743	4,091 3,796	511 470	354 351	598 594	1,131 884
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1965 1964	253 175	1 -	- -	6 7	5 -	5 70	70 63	- 5	1 -	15 1	150 29
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1965 1964	2,383 1,905	52 45	13 15	178 112	87 79	770 681	851 601	100 41	58 62	102 84	172 185
Discharged for misconduct	1965 1964	2,015 1,892	26 25	8 6	73 62	105 39	736 682	681 654	57 78	49 42	100 119	180 185
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1965 1964	9,908 8,807	223 184	33 28	313 259	277 236	3,099 2,810	3,278 2,882	359 382	263 175	654 671	1,409 1,180
Other reasons	1965 1964	11,161 11,286	395 343	44 50	598 492	462 457	3,829 3,797	3,286 3,830	460 396	220 267	486 636	1,381 1,018
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during March												
	1965	4,835	266	36	137	210	2,023	1,320	158	91	182	412

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - March - 1964	
	(in thousands)	
Canada	470.7	537.8
Newfoundland	38.2	38.8
Prince Edward Island	7.3	7.2
Nova Scotia	32.1	33.9
New Brunswick	31.6	31.9
Quebec	143.1	169.0
Ontario	118.3	140.2
Manitoba	19.4	22.8
Saskatchewan	15.8	18.1
Alberta	21.5	27.4
British Columbia	43.3	48.4

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1965 - March - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada	2,235,905	55,589,404	2,151,052	53,550,598
Nfld.	181,664	4,508,246	155,069	3,788,111
P.E.I.	34,785	795,942	28,936	652,675
N.S.	152,674	3,549,703	135,489	3,110,284
N.B.	149,997	3,528,164	127,599	2,883,334
Que.	679,843	17,474,148	676,042	17,134,482
Ont.	561,817	13,747,293	560,977	14,146,734
Man.	91,992	2,390,510	91,308	2,264,976
Sask.	75,186	1,869,682	72,549	1,818,907
Alta.	102,192	2,490,942	109,429	2,798,903
B.C.	205,755	5,234,774	193,654	4,952,192

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

March 1965

Canada	2,106,003	129,902	99,363
Newfoundland	174,528	7,136	5,447
Prince Edward Island	33,367	1,418	1,113
Nova Scotia	140,935	11,739	9,944
New Brunswick	142,253	7,744	5,840
Quebec	640,308	39,535	27,912
Ontario	530,457	31,360	24,334
Manitoba	86,162	5,830	4,714
Saskatchewan	70,962	4,224	3,389
Alberta	95,419	6,773	5,089
British Columbia	191,612	14,143	11,581

March 1964

Canada	2,035,024	116,028	83,287
Newfoundland	148,487	6,582	5,235
Prince Edward Island	27,745	1,191	926
Nova Scotia	126,253	9,236	7,416
New Brunswick	120,121	7,478	5,558
Quebec	638,105	37,937	25,735
Ontario	536,858	24,119	15,753
Manitoba	85,554	5,754	4,218
Saskatchewan	68,056	4,493	3,302
Alberta	102,455	6,974	5,326
British Columbia	181,390	12,264	9,818

Seasonal Benefit, 1964-65 period

Provisions regulating the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 23, 1964 to mid-May 1965, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 7(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. As a result, claimants exhausting their rights to seasonal benefit and wishing to be re-considered for benefit during this interval would be tested under the regular provisions. However, since the minimum establishment is 12 weeks,(2) exhaustion of seasonal benefit will not occur before February 19.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, i.e. a minimum of 15 contribution weeks since March 31, 1964. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions during this period, i.e. since March 31, 1964. The authorization will be 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution(2).

Cases failing under class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 15, 1964. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate(3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen) (4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F.).

- (1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing November 30.
- (2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks) claims established subsequent to the week ending February 26, 1965 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and May 15.
- (3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- (4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

Table 3a. - Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province.

Province	1965 - March - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	161,097	126,284	34,813	176,784	141,905	34,879
Nfld.	17,205	16,599	606	18,498	17,499	999
P.E.I.	3,512	2,978	534	3,634	3,168	466
N.S.	13,615	11,766	1,849	14,914	13,229	1,685
N.B.	15,058	12,746	2,312	16,077	13,526	2,551
Que.	45,704	37,299	8,405	51,016	42,300	8,716
Ont.	33,149	20,325	12,824	35,857	24,505	11,352
Man.	6,774	5,564	1,210	7,795	6,147	1,648
Sask.	5,245	4,089	1,156	5,303	4,300	1,003
Alta.	6,630	5,172	1,458	8,300	6,546	1,754
B.C.	14,205	9,746	4,459	15,390	10,685	4,705

Table 3b. - Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a.

Province	1965 - March - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	23,913	23,821	92	25,461	25,391	70
Nfld.	9,221	9,220	1	10,336	10,336	-
P.E.I.	1,516	1,495	21	1,625	1,605	20
N.S.	5,374	5,370	4	5,278	5,273	5
N.B.	3,359	3,343	16	3,522	3,505	17
Que.	757	731	26	1,003	991	12
Ont.	480	473	7	469	462	7
Man.	338	335	3	504	504	-
Sask.	-	-	-	3	3	-
Alta.	37	37	-	47	47	-
B.C.	2,831	2,817	14	2,674	2,665	9

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and **no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
(APRIL 1965)

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

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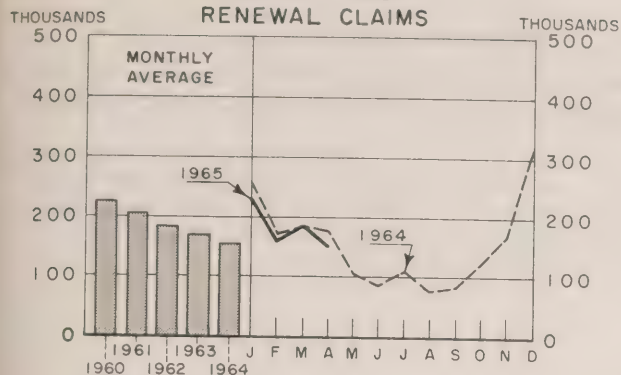
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

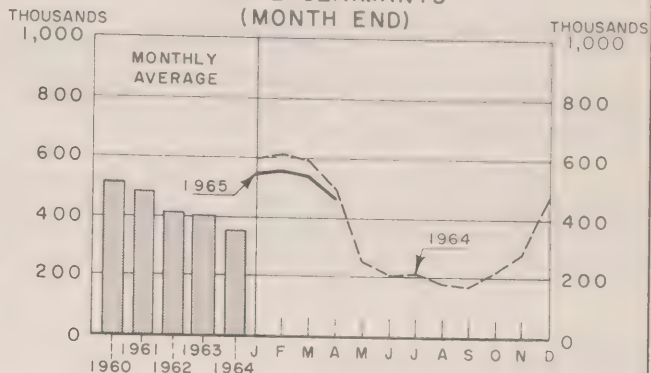
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

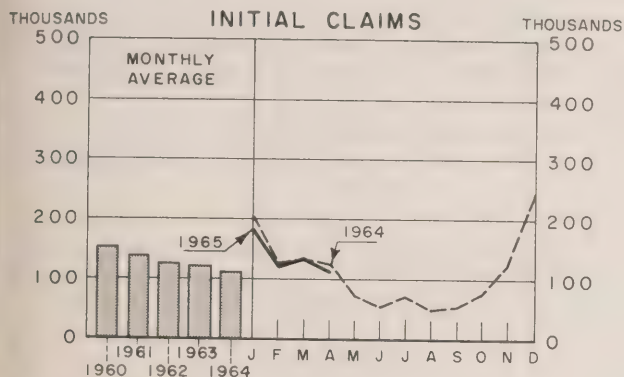
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



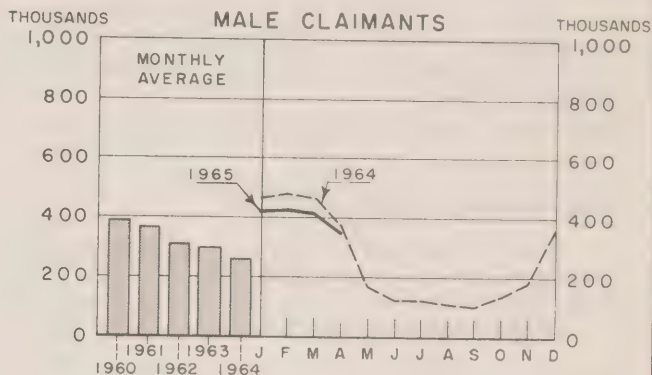
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



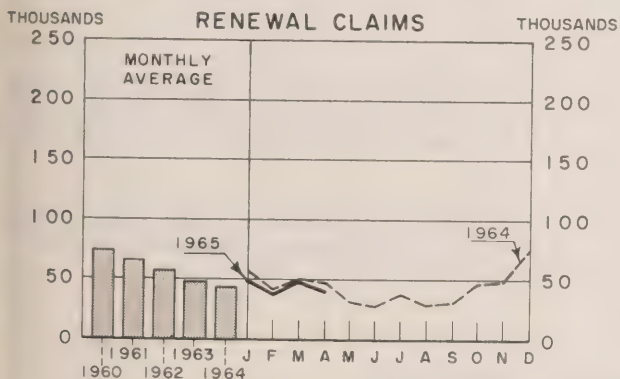
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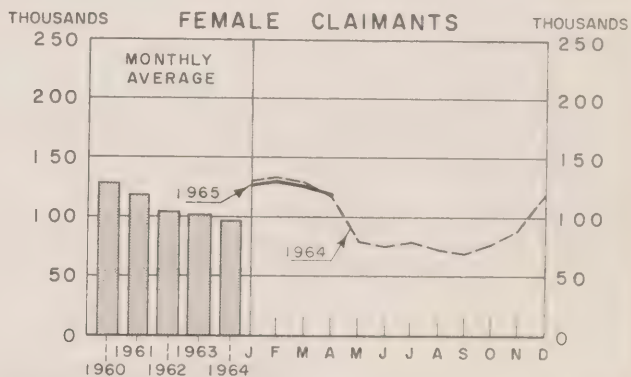
MALE CLAIMANTS



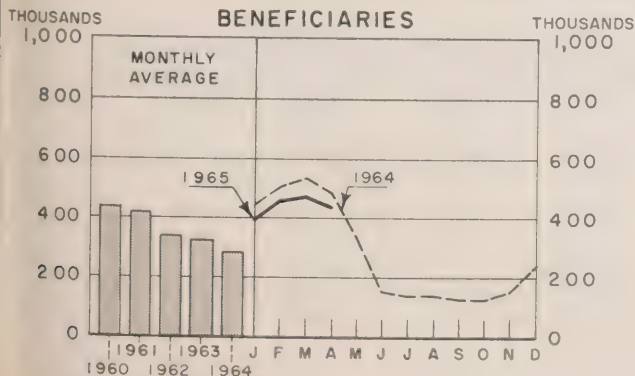
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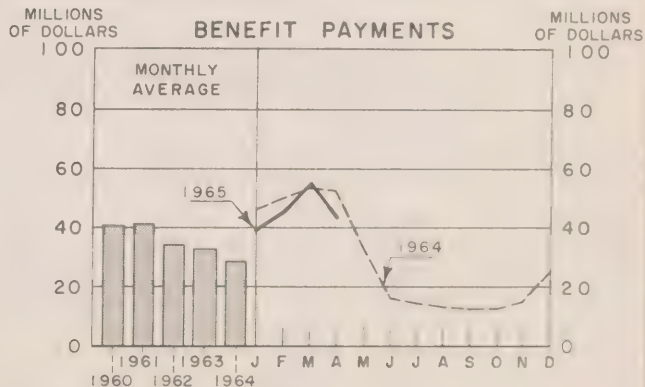
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

APRIL 1965

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for Unemployment Insurance benefit numbered 462,900 on April 30, a decline of 76,000 from the 539,000 recorded on March 31. Ninety per cent of the decline occurred among males. One year ago, the claimant count was 497,700.

Lower totals of both regular and seasonal benefit reflect exhaustion of seasonal benefit and seasonal improvement in the demand for workers. It is estimated that about 170,000 withdrew from claimant status during the month. About a third of this number would have exhausted seasonal(1) benefit, and the majority of the residual are presumed to have returned to work.

Initial and renewal claims

During April, 150,800 initial and renewal claims were filed in local offices across Canada, in comparison with 175,400 during April 1964. The March total was 183,200. About 70 per cent of the April total represented separations from employment during the month, in comparison with 75 per cent for March.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 435,300 for April, 470,700 for March and 484,600 for April 1964. Benefit payments amounted to \$43.3 million during April, in comparison with \$55.6 million in March and \$52.6 million during April 1964. The average weekly payment was \$24.87 for April, \$24.86 for March and \$24.66 for April 1964.

Provincial data

Variations in the rate of decline in the claimant count, from March 31 and from April 30, 1964, as between the provinces, are influenced partly by differences in employment opportunities. However, since seasonal benefit claimants are relatively more numerous in some provinces than others, exhaustion of seasonal benefit are also a factor.

- (1) Exhaustion of regular benefit would probably not have resulted in lower totals, since such persons would be eligible for seasonal benefit. Slightly in excess of 40,000 persons exhausted regular and were granted an extension under the seasonal benefit provisions during April.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	March 31 to April 30, 1965			April 30, 1964 to April 30, 1965			March 31 to April 30, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 14	- 16	- 6	- 7	- 9	+ 1	- 17	- 19	- 10
Nfld.	- 24	- 25	- 4	- 11	- 11	- 15	- 18	- 19	- 5
P.E.I.	- 29	- 29	- 27	- 1	- 4	+ 13	- 30	- 31	- 25
N.S.	- 19	- 20	- 13	- 15	- 17	- 4	- 20	- 22	- 7
N.B.	- 12	- 12	- 16	- 7	- 8	- 4	- 12	- 11	- 17
Que.	- 14	- 16	- 5	- 3	- 3	- 3	- 15	- 18	- 5
Ont.	- 11	- 15	- 4	- 8	- 14	+ 4	- 19	- 23	- 10
Man.	- 18	- 23	- 4	- 8	- 13	+ 9	- 8	- 5	- 16
Sask.	- 20	- 23	- 12	+ 5	+ 4	+ 9	- 28	- 32	- 11
Alta.	- 8	- 8	- 7	- 15	- 19	+ 2	- 12	- 10	- 17
B.C.	- 12	- 14	- 9	- 9	- 12	- 3	- 15	- 17	- 10

The proportion of seasonal benefit claimants, by province, is shown below:

Per cent of claimants identified as seasonal benefit

	<u>April 30, 1965</u>	<u>March 31, 1965</u>	<u>April 30, 1964</u>
Canada	31	30	32
Nfld.	51	54	55
P.E.I.	59	55	58
N.S.	41	41	40
N.B.	46	44	44
Que.	29	26	31
Ont.	26	25	25
Man.	29	26	33
Sask.	33	28	34
Alta.	25	24	25
B.C.	27	30	28

April totals of claims received were lower in all provinces, both from the previous month and from April 1964.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	<u>March to April 1965</u>			<u>April 1964 to April 1965</u>			<u>March to April 1964</u>		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 18	- 18	- 17	- 14	- 13	- 18	- 4	- 4	- 3
Nfld.	- 24	- 17	- 52	- 21	- 18	- 36	+ 17	+ 15	+ 29
P.E.I.	- 24	- 20	- 41	- 19	- 20	- 12	+ 20	+ 21	+ 12
N.S.	- 17	- 19	- 9	- 26	- 27	- 22	- 12	- 18	+ 12
N.B.	- 5	- 12	+ 26	- 10	- 11	- 7	+ 4	-	+ 18
Que.	- 24	- 25	- 21	- 11	- 9	- 16	- 6	- 9	+ 1
Ont.	- 19	- 19	- 19	- 13	- 10	- 20	- 11	- 9	- 14
Man.	- 13	- 14	- 8	- 14	- 10	- 27	-	- 5	+ 16
Sask.	- 14	- 16	- 2	- 8	- 11	+ 6	- 4	-	- 18
Alta.	- 7	- 1	- 23	- 19	- 19	- 22	+ 9	+ 13	+ 1
B.C.	- 5	- 2	- 11	- 17	- 18	- 16	+ 8	+ 16	- 5

Industrial Classification of Persons Separated from Employment and
Filing Initial(1) Claims for Unemployment Insurance Benefit
during March 1965

New cases of recorded unemployment totalled about 72,000 during March, virtually unchanged from one year ago. Manufacturing accounted for approximately one-quarter of the cases, construction one-fifth.

In the main, the industrial composition of the new cases for the provinces was little changed from one year ago. The most significant digression from the pattern of one year ago occurred in Nova Scotia where the March 1964 data included an unusually high proportion of claims from persons indirectly affected by a labour dispute in the mining industry.

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

Table 1. Percentage distribution of claims(1) by Industry and Province
March 1965 and 1964

<u>Industry group</u>		<u>Canada</u>	<u>Nfld.</u>	<u>P.E.I.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
Total new cases (000's)	1965	72.4	1.9	(2)	3.0	2.9	28.7	21.9	2.7	1.7	3.7	5.5
	1964	69.6	1.3	(2)	5.3	3.5	24.3	20.3	2.9	1.8	4.0	6.0
Per cent distribution												
Forestry (mainly logging)	1965	17	41		13	28	28	7	2	3	4	14
	1964	20	30		7	38	29	17	8	4	5	11
Fishing(4) and trapping	1965	1	-		2	1	-	(3)	9	(3)	-	1
	1964	1	5		1	1	(3)	(3)	11	-	(3)	5
Mining	1965	1	(3)		5	2	(3)	1	2	4	7	4
	1964	5	-		54	(3)	1	1	1	8	9	2
Manufacturing	1965	26	8		15	13	25	38	18	8	13	24
	1964	23	6		9	17	21	32	18	9	16	28
Construction	1965	19	20		18	19	15	21	26	32	32	13
	1964	18	22		8	16	15	20	24	31	29	13
Transportation, communication and other utilities	1965	6	5		22	13	4	4	8	12	8	7
	1964	7	8		9	9	7	6	7	10	6	5
Trade	1965	11	16		14	10	7	12	20	18	16	18
	1964	11	16		7	9	10	10	14	18	17	18
Service	1965	10	6		8	7	8	11	11	11	14	15
	1964	9	8		4	3	10	10	9	11	10	13
Public administration and defence	1965	7	1		2	5	12	4	3	9	5	2
	1964	4	6		1	4	5	2	4	6	6	3
Other	1965	2	1		2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3
	1964	2	1		1	3	3	2	4	2	2	2
All cases	1965	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1964	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credit are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

(2) Less than 500.

(3) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

(4) Persons whose reported occupation under covered employment was "fisherman" were coded to the fishing industry even though the nature of business of the most recent employer was other than fishing. This differs from the general coding practice of assigning a single code on the basis of the principal activity of the employer. However, fishermen report themselves usually as self-employed.

Seasonal variations in the industrial composition of claims are indicated by the quarterly data in Table 2.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - March	4,513,000	3,974,000	539,000
February	4,499,000	3,939,800	559,200
January	4,487,000	3,939,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,475,000	3,996,800	478,200
November	4,369,000	4,094,500	274,500
October	4,298,000	4,083,500	214,500
September	4,304,000	4,130,400	173,600
August	4,330,000	4,148,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700
March	4,348,000	3,750,700	597,300

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1965 - April - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	150,836	111,332	39,504	175,430	127,282	48,148
Nfld.	4,974	4,337	637	6,316	5,315	1,001
P.E.I.	963	817	146	1,192	1,026	166
N.S.	6,917	5,107	1,810	9,308	6,981	2,327
N.B.	8,638	6,489	2,149	9,619	7,318	2,301
Que.	51,028	36,785	14,243	57,233	40,243	16,990
Ont.	42,295	31,087	11,208	48,783	34,730	14,053
Man.	6,539	5,146	1,393	7,636	5,727	1,909
Sask.	4,268	3,491	777	4,641	3,905	736
Alta.	9,252	7,094	2,158	11,467	8,705	2,762
B.C.	15,962	10,979	4,983	19,235	13,332	5,903

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 34,751.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>April 30, 1965</u>				<u>April 30, 1964</u>
CANADA	462,929	130,773	150,286	146,322	35,548	497,745
MALE	345,050	101,283	114,302	109,898	19,567	380,643
FEMALE	117,879	29,490	35,984	36,424	15,981	117,102
Nfld.	24,208	5,001	7,878	10,393	936	27,229
Male	22,414	4,607	7,397	9,941	469	25,120
Female	1,794	394	481	452	467	2,109
P.E.I.	4,573	577	980	2,848	168	4,624
Male	3,713	460	799	2,350	104	3,863
Female	860	117	181	498	64	761
N.S.	27,180	5,802	8,529	11,053	1,796	32,109
Male	22,368	4,951	6,782	9,418	1,217	27,105
Female	4,812	851	1,747	1,635	579	5,004
N.B.	29,916	6,583	9,061	12,552	1,720	32,197
Male	25,013	5,804	7,803	10,482	924	27,073
Female	4,903	779	1,258	2,070	796	5,124
Que.	154,516	44,517	57,460	41,719	10,820	158,861
Male	123,541	36,305	48,325	32,822	6,089	126,956
Female	30,975	8,212	9,135	8,897	4,731	31,905
Ont.	119,340	36,729	35,335	34,955	12,321	129,831
Male	74,783	24,609	21,956	21,533	6,685	87,131
Female	44,557	12,120	13,379	13,422	5,636	42,700
Man.	21,649	5,060	7,095	8,039	1,455	23,533
Male	15,872	3,783	5,011	6,275	803	18,226
Female	5,777	1,277	2,084	1,764	652	5,307
Sask.	14,939	3,368	4,270	6,212	1,089	14,178
Male	11,334	2,725	3,165	4,904	540	10,884
Female	3,605	643	1,105	1,308	549	3,294
Alta.	25,098	8,668	7,212	7,322	1,896	29,502
Male	18,895	7,213	5,398	5,277	1,007	23,428
Female	6,203	1,455	1,814	2,045	889	6,074
B.C.	41,510	14,468	12,466	11,229	3,347	45,681
Male	27,117	10,826	7,666	6,896	1,729	30,857
Female	14,393	3,642	4,800	4,333	1,618	14,824

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

April 1965

Canada	164,611	96,833	37,865	24,887	5,026	36,311	10,828
Nfld.	5,337	3,953	613	674	97	1,505	215
P.E.I.	1,075	832	148	85	10	244	33
N.S.	7,703	4,916	1,739	873	175	1,166	386
N.B.	8,819	5,700	2,031	928	160	1,923	413
Que.	57,868	34,337	13,984	8,038	1,509	12,431	4,019
Ont.	47,192	26,562	10,587	8,361	1,682	9,702	3,149
Man.	6,941	4,378	1,400	996	167	1,449	323
Sask.	4,445	3,009	704	648	84	1,080	219
Alta.	9,586	5,344	2,257	1,666	319	2,723	627
B.C.	15,645	7,802	4,402	2,618	823	4,088	1,444

April 1964

Canada	197,150	118,568	46,323	26,308	5,951	31,771	11,856
Nfld.	6,447	4,850	820	646	131	1,587	321
P.E.I.	1,366	1,068	171	116	11	159	28
N.S.	13,175	9,282	2,490	1,188	215	1,361	374
N.B.	10,997	7,383	2,456	988	170	1,479	413
Que.	63,338	37,394	15,966	8,139	1,839	10,627	4,516
Ont.	56,117	31,926	13,698	8,441	2,052	8,681	3,491
Man.	7,854	4,924	1,766	982	182	1,040	332
Sask.	5,589	3,895	818	764	112	780	144
Alta.	12,043	7,078	2,604	1,913	448	2,562	769
B.C.	20,224	10,768	5,534	3,131	791	3,495	1,468

(1) In addition 36,390 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 3,249 were special requests not granted and 1,982 were appeals by claimants. There were 8,710 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table D. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during April 1965 and 1964 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1965(1)	10,951	380	43	402	585	3,856	3,099	475	306	721	1,084
	1964	11,556	291	65	534	552	3,956	3,162	462	311	823	1,400
Claimants disqualified	1965	32,569	759	152	1,181	1,038	10,569	11,302	1,235	824	1,888	3,621
	1964	37,217	1,021	140	1,480	1,272	11,992	12,588	1,419	1,020	2,375	3,910
Not unemployed	1965	976	27	4	28	38	442	197	62	66	61	51
	1964	935	34	6	29	29	376	178	62	57	99	65
Not capable of and not available for work	1965	9,098	179	36	291	282	2,568	3,617	440	267	544	874
	1964	10,558	206	24	346	302	3,180	4,037	452	355	648	1,008
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1965	127	1	-	2	-	44	35	3	-	1	41
	1964	335	-	1	110	17	32	159	6	-	1	9
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1965	2,146	23	44	95	85	719	776	85	77	74	168
	1964	2,251	92	24	93	66	750	790	68	90	71	207
Discharged for misconduct	1965	1,654	34	3	41	44	625	573	39	29	119	147
	1964	1,872	33	6	38	65	748	632	53	33	100	164
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1965	8,533	166	24	287	208	2,572	2,983	283	204	584	1,222
	1964	9,113	183	27	290	248	2,691	3,187	305	209	626	1,347
Other reasons	1965	10,035	329	41	437	381	3,599	3,121	323	181	505	1,118
	1964	12,153	473	52	574	545	4,215	3,605	473	276	830	1,110
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during April												
	1965	2,967	206	26	151	207	991	821	96	63	132	274

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - April - 1964	
	(in thousands)	
Canada	435.3	484.6
Newfoundland	23.8	28.1
Prince Edward Island	4.6	5.9
Nova Scotia	22.5	31.8
New Brunswick	24.3	31.3
Quebec	151.0	155.8
Ontario	115.7	127.6
Manitoba	20.5	24.0
Saskatchewan	15.5	15.4
Alberta	22.2	27.0
British Columbia	35.1	37.7

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1965 - April - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada	1,741,206	43,308,864	2,132,051	52,582,772
Nfld.	95,370	2,421,764	123,809	3,085,011
P.E.I.	18,393	421,662	25,742	578,609
N.S.	89,966	2,034,905	140,040	3,157,407
N.B.	97,232	2,291,334	137,514	3,196,757
Que.	603,923	15,422,415	685,639	17,204,815
Ont.	462,693	11,317,108	561,638	13,783,123
Man.	82,145	2,058,021	105,444	2,671,589
Sask.	62,144	1,541,441	67,703	1,694,262
Alta.	88,781	2,248,786	118,682	3,023,085
B.C.	140,559	3,551,428	165,840	4,188,114

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

April 1965

Canada	1,624,406	116,800	88,156
Newfoundland	90,858	4,512	3,424
Prince Edward Island	17,335	1,058	740
Nova Scotia	81,700	8,266	6,709
New Brunswick	91,101	6,131	4,412
Quebec	564,384	39,539	28,655
Ontario	432,733	29,960	22,747
Manitoba	76,019	6,126	4,871
Saskatchewan	57,868	4,276	3,253
Alberta	82,745	6,036	4,836
British Columbia	129,663	10,896	8,509

April 1964

Canada	1,987,026	145,025	106,200
Newfoundland	117,396	6,413	4,813
Prince Edward Island	24,318	1,424	921
Nova Scotia	126,220	13,820	9,286
New Brunswick	129,194	8,320	5,666
Quebec	640,858	44,781	32,086
Ontario	523,583	38,055	28,882
Manitoba	98,336	7,108	5,483
Saskatchewan	63,194	4,509	3,282
Alberta	109,887	8,795	6,635
British Columbia	154,040	11,800	9,146

Seasonal Benefit, 1964-65 period

Provisions regulating the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 23, 1964 to mid-May 1965, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 7(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. As a result, claimants exhausting their rights to seasonal benefit and wishing to be re-considered for benefit during this interval would be tested under the regular provisions. However, since the minimum establishment is 12 weeks,(2) exhaustion of seasonal benefit will not occur before February 19.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, i.e. a minimum of 15 contribution weeks since March 31, 1964. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions during this period, i.e. since March 31, 1964. The authorization will be 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution(2)

Cases failing under class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 15, 1964. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate(3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen) (4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F.).

- (1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing November 30.
- (2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks) claims established subsequent to the week ending February 26, 1965 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and May 15.
- (3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- (4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

Table 3a. - Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province.

Province	1965 - April - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	145,147	112,957	32,190	158,966	126,752	32,214
Nfld.	12,390	11,853	537	14,881	14,001	880
P.E.I.	2,694	2,266	428	2,682	2,290	392
N.S.	11,259	9,600	1,659	13,002	11,435	1,567
N.B.	13,657	11,574	2,083	14,317	12,037	2,280
Que.	44,616	36,393	8,223	49,100	40,675	8,425
Ont.	31,530	19,862	11,668	32,476	21,584	10,892
Man.	6,300	5,230	1,070	7,659	6,305	1,354
Sask.	4,906	3,931	975	4,847	3,878	969
Alta.	6,381	4,807	1,574	7,358	6,140	1,218
B.C.	11,414	7,441	3,973	12,644	8,407	4,237

Table 3b. - Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a.

Province	1965 - April - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	13,480	13,430	50	14,384	14,361	23
Nfld.	4,917	4,917	-	5,527	5,527	-
P.E.I.	809	801	8	774	768	6
N.S.	3,142	3,141	1	3,658	3,653	5
N.B.	2,153	2,147	6	1,904	1,898	6
Que.	521	498	23	627	626	1
Ont.	204	200	4	225	222	3
Man.	342	341	1	369	369	-
Sask.	-	-	-	3	3	-
Alta.	-	-	-	32	31	1
B.C.	1,392	1,385	7	1,265	1,264	1

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and **no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

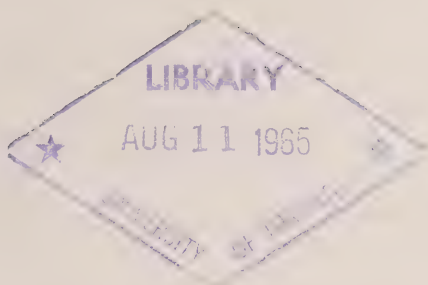
Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
(MAY 1965)

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

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Labour Division

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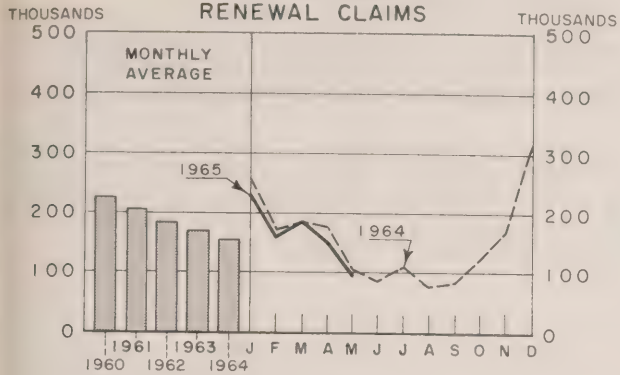
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

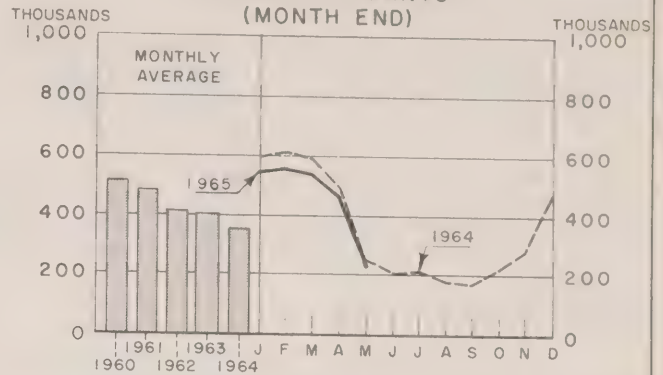
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

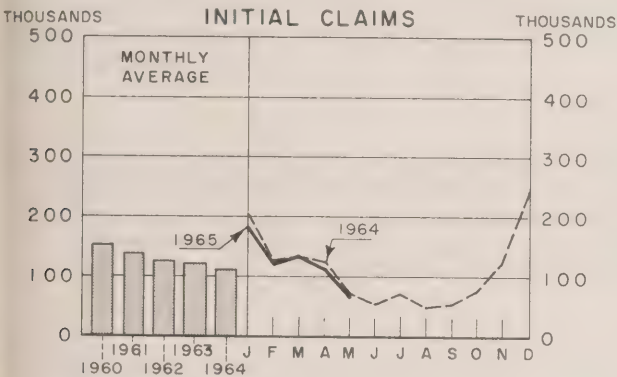
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



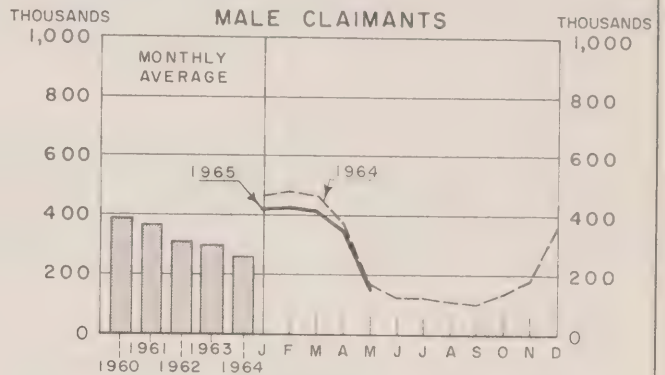
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



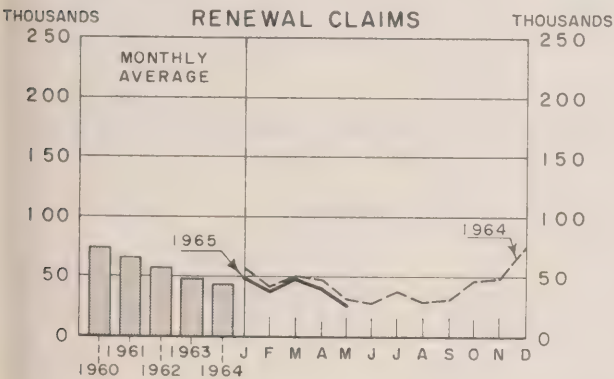
INITIAL CLAIMS



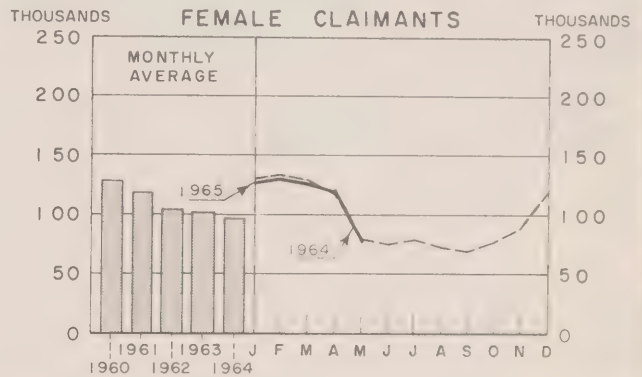
MALE CLAIMANTS



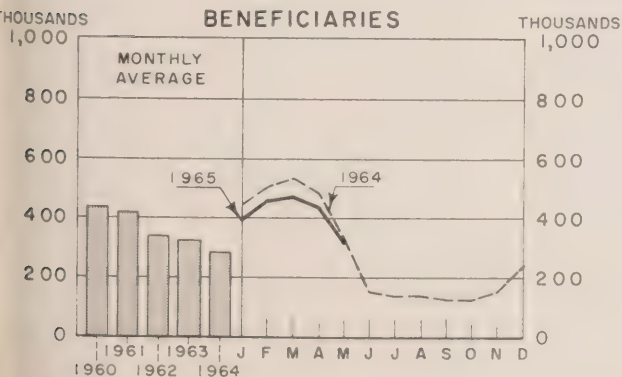
RENEWAL CLAIMS



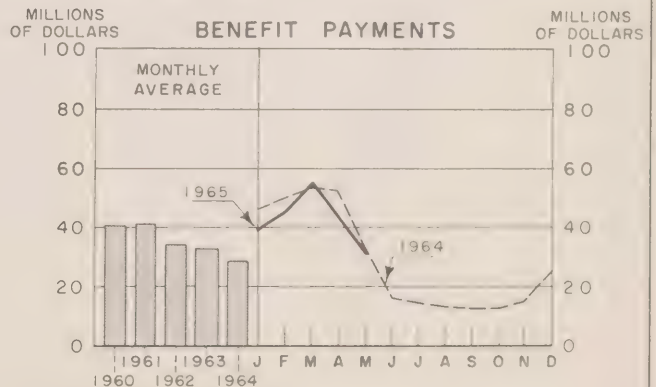
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

MAY 1965

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 229,500 on May 31, about 20,000 fewer than one year ago. The April 30 count was 462,900, of whom 145,100 were identified as "seasonal benefit". The end of May count represents regular claimants only, as seasonal benefit was not payable for recorded unemployment occurring after May 15.

Women accounted for one-third of the May 31 total, both this year and one year ago. This is in sharp contrast with the end of April when one-quarter of the claimants were women. The April-to-May decline in the proportion of men is associated with the seasonal upturn in sectors of the economy, such as construction, where the job opportunities are almost exclusively for men.

Initial and Renewal claims

A total of 93,300 initial and renewal claims were filed across Canada during May. One year ago the total was 105,200. The April claim volume was 150,800. The April-to-May decline is partly associated with the cessation of seasonal benefit payments in mid-May. About 75 per cent of the current month's claim intake was on behalf of separations from employment during the month, as against 70 per cent in April.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 324,300 for May, 435,300 for April and 340,300 for May 1964. Benefit payments, at \$31.7 million, were almost \$12 million below the \$43.3 million paid out in April. One year ago benefit payments amounted to \$33.1 million. Part of the April-to-May decline is associated with the termination of seasonal benefit on May 15(1). The average weekly benefit payment was \$24.40 for May, \$24.87 for April and \$24.33 for May 1964.

Provincial data

Variations in the relative importance of seasonal benefit, as between provinces, have their impact on the April-to-May changes in the month-end claimant count. For this reason, April-to-May changes are not provided, for claimants, by province. Year-over-year changes apply to regular claimants only.

(1) However, in order to compensate for recorded unemployment occurring prior to and including the week of May 9-15, seasonal benefit payments would have been made, as usual, during the week of May 16-22 and residual payments will continue to be made until all cases are cleared.

Percentage changes in month-end count of regular claimants

	May 29, 1964 to May 31, 1965			May 31, 1963 to May 29, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 8	- 12	- 1	- 8	- 8	- 7
Nfld.	+ 7	+ 9	- 7	+ 1	- 4	+ 41
P.E.I.	+ 32	+ 35	+ 24	- 17	- 14	- 23
N.S.	- 15	- 17	- 7	- 4	- 5	- 2
N.B.	- 2	- 6	+ 11	- 13	- 13	- 13
Que.	- 2	- 1	- 4	- 6	- 6	- 9
Ont.	- 12	- 20	-	- 13	- 18	- 6
Man.	- 12	- 20	+ 4	- 11	- 10	- 11
Sask.	+ 3	- 4	+ 15	- 11	- 8	- 16
Alta.	- 22	- 31	+ 2	-	- 6	- 15
B.C.	- 15	- 22	- 1	- 1	+ 2	- 5

The May volume of claims filed was substantially below that for April in all provinces, the smallest percentage declines showing for Quebec and British Columbia.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	April to May 1965			May 1964 to May 1965			April to May 1964		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 38	- 39	- 35	- 11	- 7	- 20	- 40	- 42	- 34
Nfld.	- 37	- 38	- 37	-	-	-	- 51	- 49	- 60
P.E.I.	- 59	- 63	- 37	- 10	- 14	+ 7	- 63	- 66	- 48
N.S.	- 37	- 39	- 30	- 10	- 5	- 20	- 48	- 53	- 32
N.B.	- 53	- 49	- 65	- 5	- 4	- 10	- 56	- 53	- 64
Que.	- 30	- 33	- 22	- 5	- 1	- 12	- 35	- 39	- 25
Ont.	- 41	- 41	- 40	- 18	- 12	- 30	- 38	- 40	- 32
Man.	- 53	- 52	- 54	- 19	- 18	- 24	- 50	- 48	- 56
Sask.	- 59	- 57	- 65	- 2	+ 2	- 21	- 61	- 63	- 54
Alta.	- 52	- 51	- 56	- 20	- 17	- 29	- 52	- 52	- 51
B.C.	- 28	- 26	- 33	- 15	- 13	- 20	- 29	- 30	- 29

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1964	% change from		Cumulative data			
				Apr. 1965	May 1964	January to May		12 months ending May	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,476	4,173	..	..	..	4,295*	..	4,211*
Initial and renewal claims filed	93	151	105	- 38	- 11	818	893	1,784	1,929
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	229	463	250	**	- 8	468*	510*	339*	369*
Regular	229	318	250	- 28	- 8				
S.B.	**	145	**	**	**				
S.B. Fishing	**	13	**	**	**				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	324	435	340	- 25	- 5	417*	461*	263*	292*
Weeks compensated	1,297	1,741	1,361	- 25	- 5	8,686	9,510	13,193	14,392
Benefit paid	\$ 31,660	43,309	33,117	- 27	- 4	215,737	235,790	324,338	352,635
Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.40	24.87	24.33	- 2	-	24.84	24.79	24.58	24.50

* Monthly average.

* Seasonal benefit is not payable in respect of unemployment occurring after May 15, hence, totals are not comparable.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - April	4,476,000	4,013,100	462,900
March	4,521,000	3,982,000	539,000
February	4,499,000	3,939,800	559,200
January	4,487,000	3,939,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,475,000	3,996,800	478,200
November	4,369,000	4,094,500	274,500
October	4,298,000	4,083,500	214,500
September	4,304,000	4,130,400	173,600
August	4,330,000	4,148,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100
April	4,280,000	3,782,300	497,700

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1965 - May - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	93,342	67,760	25,582	105,182	73,249	31,933
Nfld.	3,111	2,707	404	3,106	2,702	404
P.E.I.	396	304	92	438	352	86
N.S.	4,358	3,097	1,261	4,846	3,272	1,574
N.B.	4,042	3,289	753	4,251	3,413	838
Que.	35,648	24,517	11,131	37,421	24,709	12,712
Ont.	24,970	18,244	6,726	30,379	20,767	9,612
Man.	3,100	2,456	644	3,826	2,982	844
Sask.	1,762	1,492	270	1,802	1,460	342
Alta.	4,442	3,488	954	5,543	4,193	1,350
B.C.	11,513	8,166	3,347	13,570	9,399	4,171

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 31,992.

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>May 31, 1965</u>				<u>May 29, 1964</u>
CANADA	229,467	75,265	73,823	56,140	24,239	250,054
MALE	151,162	50,854	52,043	35,261	13,004	171,311
FEMALE	78,305	24,411	21,780	20,879	11,235	78,743
Nfld.	9,140	2,542	2,949	2,993	656	8,568
Male	7,953	2,221	2,714	2,597	421	7,289
Female	1,187	321	235	396	235	1,279
P.E.I.	1,206	266	345	478	117	916
Male	862	201	270	328	63	639
Female	344	65	75	150	54	277
N.S.	11,598	3,531	3,474	3,284	1,309	13,660
Male	8,750	2,870	2,652	2,415	813	10,600
Female	2,848	661	822	869	496	3,060
N.B.	11,541	2,759	4,091	3,307	1,384	11,790
Male	8,715	2,133	3,437	2,415	730	9,247
Female	2,826	626	654	892	654	2,543
Que.	79,378	27,622	27,420	17,504	6,832	80,794
Male	58,118	20,208	21,582	12,593	3,735	58,640
Female	21,260	7,414	5,838	4,911	3,097	22,154
Ont.	62,432	20,381	18,966	15,134	7,951	70,727
Male	32,960	10,836	10,434	7,518	4,172	41,287
Female	29,472	9,545	8,532	7,616	3,779	29,440
Man.	10,068	2,169	3,153	3,432	1,314	11,434
Male	6,140	1,549	1,877	2,043	671	7,650
Female	3,928	620	1,276	1,389	643	3,784
Sask.	5,619	1,503	1,418	1,948	750	5,468
Male	3,389	867	933	1,193	396	3,522
Female	2,230	636	485	755	354	1,946
Alta.	13,386	4,467	4,835	2,856	1,228	17,197
Male	8,892	3,054	3,566	1,630	642	12,797
Female	4,494	1,413	1,269	1,226	586	4,400
B.C.	25,099	10,025	7,172	5,204	2,698	29,500
Male	15,383	6,915	4,578	2,529	1,361	19,640
Female	9,716	3,110	2,594	2,675	1,337	9,860

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		

MAY 1965

Canada	110,312	57,123	25,052	23,898	4,239	23,050	7,119
Nfld.	3,900	2,653	452	734	61	825	106
P.E.I.	545	375	85	65	20	108	20
N.S.	4,818	2,446	1,254	939	179	878	214
N.B.	4,972	3,211	739	864	158	1,137	269
Que.	40,275	20,108	11,102	7,755	1,310	9,085	2,738
Ont.	29,321	14,709	6,352	6,884	1,376	6,353	2,147
Man.	4,072	2,488	654	808	122	609	191
Sask.	2,636	1,642	344	575	75	355	70
Alta.	6,441	3,493	1,039	1,700	209	1,018	333
B.C.	13,332	5,998	3,031	3,574	729	2,682	1,031

MAY 1964

Canada	116,078	57,979	30,479	22,855	4,765	24,186	8,545
Nfld.	4,006	2,670	501	716	119	903	105
P.E.I.	516	372	63	65	16	74	35
N.S.	5,363	2,904	1,491	850	118	879	339
N.B.	4,880	3,259	875	637	109	996	267
Que.	40,672	19,092	12,582	7,536	1,462	8,708	3,184
Ont.	32,884	15,383	8,736	7,117	1,648	6,948	2,719
Man.	4,219	2,447	787	819	166	756	223
Sask.	2,336	1,425	322	498	91	317	73
Alta.	7,318	3,988	1,416	1,592	322	1,175	381
B.C.	13,884	6,439	3,706	3,025	714	3,430	1,219

(1) In addition 32,709 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,675 were special requests not granted and 1,608 were appeals by claimants. There were 7,993 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during May 1965 and 1964 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1965(1) 1964	11,913 12,189	475 411	29 31	537 481	572 381	4,164 4,475	2,960 3,418	358 455	242 189	861 786	1,715 1,562
Claimants disqualified	1965 1964	29,345 29,620	606 754	133 146	1,124 1,067	905 830	9,712 9,724	9,247 9,823	1,137 1,162	833 795	1,731 1,910	3,917 3,409
Not unemployed	1965 1964	728 572	8 14	3 4	52 39	34 28	225 190	171 149	42 25	39 25	81 48	73 50
Not capable of and not available for work	1965 1964	8,426 8,520	113 126	28 37	255 258	197 192	2,424 2,659	3,178 3,115	417 419	299 314	523 580	992 820
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1965 1964	840 258	39 10	- -	4 3	- -	394 29	49 27	6 -	- -	- 1	348 188
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1965 1964	2,015 2,141	9 25	18 25	94 139	54 45	803 723	646 800	75 63	91 76	71 79	154 166
Discharged for misconduct	1965 1964	1,242 1,292	23 15	6 4	39 42	29 34	468 503	383 419	33 45	31 20	101 85	129 125
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1965 1964	7,082 6,843	163 148	30 16	262 196	209 166	2,023 2,018	2,292 2,273	260 244	189 162	501 525	1,153 1,095
Other reasons	1965 1964	9,012 9,994	251 416	48 60	418 390	382 365	3,375 3,602	2,528 3,040	304 366	184 198	454 592	1,068 965
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during May												
	1965	2,228	90	15	88	123	750	570	60	49	180	303

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - May - 1964	
	(in thousands)	
Canada	324.3	340.3
Newfoundland	20.9	19.8
Prince Edward Island	3.5	2.8
Nova Scotia	19.4	19.1
New Brunswick	21.1	20.4
Quebec	108.2	110.2
Ontario	82.9	87.2
Manitoba	14.1	16.6
Saskatchewan	8.9	8.8
Alberta	15.8	19.8
British Columbia	29.7	35.6

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1965 - May - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada	1,297,398	31,660,269	1,361,151	33,117,274
Nfld.	83,416	2,101,273	79,240	1,994,406
P.E.I.	13,814	306,507	11,260	244,859
N.S.	77,756	1,723,444	76,205	1,672,432
N.B.	84,492	1,989,051	81,574	1,891,493
Que.	432,700	10,903,768	440,973	10,870,868
Ont.	331,454	7,884,235	348,843	8,423,407
Man.	56,261	1,366,408	66,296	1,601,977
Sask.	35,693	862,293	35,326	848,430
Alta.	63,115	1,583,391	79,159	2,021,084
B.C.	118,697	2,939,899	142,275	3,548,318

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

May 1965

Canada	1,199,232	98,166	75,499
Newfoundland	78,080	5,336	3,903
Prince Edward Island	12,670	1,144	855
Nova Scotia	69,199	8,557	7,024
New Brunswick	77,453	7,039	5,362
Quebec	400,900	31,800	23,854
Ontario	308,517	22,937	17,711
Manitoba	51,519	4,742	3,842
Saskatchewan	33,152	2,541	2,011
Alberta	58,630	4,485	3,595
British Columbia	109,112	9,585	7,342

May 1964

Canada	1,253,356	107,795	84,032
Newfoundland	73,894	5,346	4,198
Prince Edward Island	10,228	1,032	839
Nova Scotia	67,174	9,031	7,396
New Brunswick	74,261	7,313	5,699
Quebec	406,409	34,564	26,227
Ontario	323,285	25,558	19,944
Manitoba	60,834	5,462	4,390
Saskatchewan	32,417	2,909	2,297
Alberta	72,899	6,260	4,963
British Columbia	131,955	10,320	8,079

Seasonal Benefit

Claims considered under the seasonal benefit provisions accounted for more than 40 per cent of the initial claims processed during the 1964-65 seasonal benefit period. From Table 1 it will be seen that the proportions ranged from a high of 65 per cent in Newfoundland to about 35 per cent in Ontario and Alberta.

Initial claims established under the seasonal benefit provisions totalled 284,300 this year, approximately 34,000 fewer than for one year ago. In about 10 per cent of the cases, eligibility was achieved by virtue of contributions in fishing, and for this group the number was virtually unchanged from one year ago, the decline from last year occurring mainly among persons eligible for non-fishing seasonal benefit.

Since seasonal benefit becomes operative at the time of year when climatic conditions bring about a reduction in employment, the December claim load tends to be the heaviest. Table 1 shows that almost 50 per cent of the December initial claims processed were considered under the seasonal benefit provisions. Table 11 indicates that 74,400 of the 284,300 seasonal benefit claims were set up in December and 59,500(1) in January.

It will be observed that in March and April the number of cases of seasonal benefit is on the increase (Table 11). Their relative importance in those months also rises (see Table 1). In the main, these claims are from persons who, having exhausted regular benefit, are being re-considered(2) under the seasonal provisions. The bulk of such claims do not constitute separations from employment during March and April. Lower percentages in May (Table 1) are partly due to the termination of the seasonal benefit period in the middle of the month.

The number of claimants reporting for seasonal benefit at the end of each month reached a peak of 161,100 in March. On April 30 close to one-third of reporting claimants were classified as seasonal benefit (Table V). This proportion is somewhat greater than in March and reflects a relatively larger decline in regular claimants either as they exhaust their benefit and transfer to seasonal or as they withdraw from claimant status and return to work.

Tables 11, 111 and VI provide information separately for those qualifying by virtue of fishing contributions. It will be seen that 90 per cent of fishing claims were established before February, in comparison with slightly over 40 per cent for non-fishing seasonal benefit.

Some 11,000 or almost 40 per cent of the 29,400 fishing claims were in Newfoundland.

Fishing seasonal benefit claimants reached a peak at the end of February, when the count was 27,600. The declines in March and April were due partly to exhaustion of benefit.

During the season just terminated preliminary estimates indicate that approximately \$64.6 million were paid under the seasonal benefit provisions. For the same period one year ago, the total was \$75.1 million.

- (1) A substantial proportion of this total would have been filed in December and would be retroactive to the date filed.
- (2) This statement is based upon the close relationship between the number of seasonal claims established and the number of continuing initials.

Table I - (S.B.) Initial Claims Considered under the Seasonal Benefit Provisions as a Percentage of Initial Claims Processed, 1964-65 and 1963-64 Periods.

Seasonal Benefit Period and Month	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
	per cent										
<u>1964-65 Period</u>											
December	41.1	64.5	64.3	50.4	55.0	39.7	35.6	38.7	39.8	35.9	38.1
January	47.7	76.7	70.5	60.3	61.2	43.1	40.7	38.3	37.7	39.7	50.8
February	36.9	60.4	55.7	52.8	52.2	34.5	32.7	31.7	31.4	31.5	29.3
March	38.6	52.0	49.9	44.5	49.6	39.8	34.1	32.6	34.6	36.5	38.5
April	41.7	55.0	66.4	43.1	54.3	41.7	35.9	45.1	48.6	37.9	41.6
May	44.6	67.6	74.2	51.3	59.7	43.5	38.9	49.5	55.7	39.8	39.1
	33.8	55.3	69.5	31.3	45.8	35.1	27.4	38.4	44.2	28.8	29.9
<u>1963-64 Period</u>											
December	42.3	65.2	64.2	48.2	56.1	40.8	36.7	41.5	40.5	37.1	41.9
January	49.5	77.7	70.5	60.5	64.0	43.3	43.6	43.5	39.6	40.2	54.1
February	38.0	55.5	54.4	52.4	54.3	36.1	31.7	35.2	31.8	35.2	37.2
March	38.9	49.4	49.4	41.3	50.1	40.6	34.8	35.6	34.1	35.4	39.8
April	41.6	59.7	63.1	45.2	54.7	41.4	35.3	47.1	48.8	39.3	40.8
May	44.8	67.5	75.0	36.1	55.7	46.0	40.9	50.8	55.5	39.8	38.2
	37.1	60.6	66.8	38.7	50.2	39.9	31.5	37.0	45.1	29.5	29.9

Table II - (S.B.) Number of Claims Established(1) under the Seasonal Benefit Provisions, by Month or by Province, 1964-65 and 1963-64 Periods.

Seasonal Benefit Period and Type of Benefit	Total for the Period(2)	Month											
		in thousands											
		December(3)	January	February	March	April	May(3)						
<u>1964-65 Period</u>													
Total	284.3	74.4	59.5	40.2	46.3	43.4	20.5						
Non-fishing	254.8	58.0	49.7	38.3	45.4	43.0	20.5						
Fishing	29.4	16.4	9.8	1.9	1.0	0.3	-						
<u>1963-64 Period</u>													
Total	318.2	87.2	68.1	42.5	44.9	53.4	22.1						
Non-fishing	287.1	68.1	58.7	41.0	44.1	53.1	22.1						
Fishing	31.2	19.1	9.4	1.4	0.8	0.3	-						
Province													
		Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.		
<u>1964-65 Period</u>													
Total	284.3	25.8	5.2	20.3	23.3	84.5	64.6	11.6	9.3	12.2	27.6		
Non-fishing	254.8	14.6	3.3	14.0	19.6	83.6	64.0	11.0	9.3	12.1	23.3		
Fishing	29.4	11.1	1.8	6.3	3.8	0.9	0.6	0.6	-	0.1	4.3		
<u>1963-64 Period</u>													
Total	318.2	27.5	5.5	22.4	25.0	95.1	74.7	13.8	10.1	14.4	29.8		
Non-fishing	287.1	15.6	3.6	16.1	21.0	93.7	74.0	13.2	10.1	14.3	25.5		
Fishing	31.2	11.9	1.9	6.3	4.0	1.4	0.7	0.6	-	0.1	4.2		

(1) The contribution requirement of 15 weeks since the preceding March 31 was proven or a regular benefit period had terminated since the Saturday following the week in which May 15 occurred.

(2) In each of those intervals, approximately 10,000 additional seasonal benefit periods were established on a re-computation. However, in an undetermined number of cases, re-computation would result in con-version of seasonal benefit to regular. Thus net additions to seasonal benefit would be somewhat under 10,000.

(3) Includes cases processed during November but excludes residual cases processed after May 31.

Table III - (S.B.) Seasonal Benefit Claimants Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, 1964-65 and 1963-64 Periods.

Type of Benefit and Sex	Average for the period	December	January	February	March	April
in thousands						
1964-65 Period:						
Total claimants	129.5	71.2	122.0	148.1	161.1	145.1
Male	101.5	55.6	96.2	116.3	126.3	113.0
Female	28.0	15.6	25.8	31.8	34.8	32.2
Non-fishing	108.2	55.1	96.4	120.6	137.2	131.7
Male	80.2	39.6	70.7	88.8	102.5	99.5
Female	27.9	15.4	25.7	31.7	34.7	32.1
Fishing	21.3	16.1	25.6	27.6	23.9	13.5
Male	21.2	16.0	25.5	27.4	23.8	13.4
Female	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1963-64 Period:						
Total claimants	143.9	80.9	138.8	164.0	176.8	159.0
Male	115.2	64.6	111.9	130.8	141.9	126.8
Female	28.7	16.3	26.9	33.3	34.9	32.2
Non-fishing	120.9	62.4	110.6	135.5	151.3	144.6
Male	92.3	46.2	83.8	102.4	116.5	112.4
Female	28.6	16.2	26.8	33.2	34.8	32.2
Fishing	23.0	18.5	28.2	28.5	25.5	14.4
Male	22.9	18.4	28.1	28.4	25.4	14.4
Female	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-

Table IV - (S.B.) Seasonal Benefit Claimants Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Province, 1964-65 and 1963-64 Periods.

Seasonal Benefit Period	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
in thousands											
<u>1964-65 Period</u>											
Average for the Period	129.5	15.1	3.2	11.2	12.3	34.7	26.6	5.3	4.1	5.1	12.1
December 31, 1964	71.2	10.4	2.1	5.8	6.7	15.6	14.5	2.8	2.1	2.6	8.4
January 29, 1965	122.0	16.3	3.2	11.8	12.0	28.6	24.5	5.2	3.7	4.2	12.6
February 26, 1965	148.1	19.2	3.6	13.6	14.2	38.8	29.4	5.3	4.4	5.5	14.2
March 31, 1965	161.1	17.2	3.5	13.6	15.1	45.7	33.1	6.8	5.2	6.6	14.2
April 30, 1965	145.1	12.4	2.7	11.3	13.7	44.6	31.5	6.3	4.9	6.4	11.4
<u>1963-64 Period</u>											
Average for the Period	143.9	16.6	3.2	12.5	13.1	39.4	29.3	6.0	4.2	6.2	13.3
December 31, 1963	80.9	11.8	2.4	6.7	7.0	18.5	16.7	3.0	2.2	3.1	9.5
January 31, 1964	138.8	18.5	3.7	13.2	12.7	34.6	27.4	5.4	4.3	5.4	13.5
February 28, 1964	164.0	19.3	3.7	14.4	15.7	44.0	34.1	6.3	4.5	6.6	15.6
March 31, 1964	176.8	18.5	3.6	14.9	16.1	51.0	35.9	7.8	5.3	8.3	15.4
April 30, 1964	159.0	14.9	2.7	13.0	14.3	49.1	32.5	7.7	4.8	7.4	12.6

Seasonal Benefit Period	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
	per cent										
<u>1964-65 Period</u>											
December 31, 1964	25.0	49.3	50.4	35.6	38.1	21.2	20.1	21.9	22.9	19.2	22.8
January 29, 1965	22.3	48.1	47.8	34.9	35.4	17.4	17.8	19.6	19.0	15.2	19.5
February 26, 1965	26.5	53.6	52.3	38.8	40.1	22.2	20.6	21.4	22.1	19.4	25.3
March 31, 1965	29.9	54.1	54.9	40.5	44.1	25.6	24.7	25.6	27.9	24.4	30.0
April 30, 1965	31.4	51.2	58.9	41.4	45.7	28.9	26.4	29.1	32.8	25.4	27.5
<u>1963-64 Period</u>											
December 31, 1963	25.4	51.3	51.6	35.3	39.5	22.4	18.9	24.5	23.3	19.7	24.4
January 31, 1964	23.2	51.4	51.3	35.3	37.5	19.2	16.5	21.0	21.5	16.9	22.3
February 28, 1964	27.0	52.1	51.4	38.4	42.3	23.6	20.6	23.5	21.9	20.1	27.8
March 31, 1964	29.6	55.9	54.7	37.0	44.0	27.2	22.3	30.5	26.8	24.9	28.8
April 30, 1964	31.9	54.7	58.0	40.5	44.5	30.9	25.0	32.5	34.2	24.9	27.7

Table VI - (S.B.) Seasonal Benefit Claimants, Non-fishing and Fishing, Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Province, 1964-65 Period.

Type of Seasonal Benefit Claimant and Month	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
in thousands											
1964-65 period (average):											
Non-fishing	108.2	6.6	1.6	6.8	9.3	34.0	26.2	5.1	4.1	5.0	9.4
Fishing	21.3	8.5	1.4	4.4	3.0	0.7	0.4	0.2	-	-	2.8
December:											
Non-fishing	55.1	3.6	0.9	3.6	4.6	15.1	14.2	2.8	2.1	2.6	5.5
Fishing	16.1	6.8	1.1	2.2	2.1	0.5	0.3	-	-	-	2.9
January:											
Non-fishing	96.4	5.8	1.5	6.5	8.5	27.9	24.0	5.1	3.7	4.2	9.3
Fishing	25.6	10.4	1.7	5.3	3.5	0.8	0.5	0.1	-	-	3.3
February:											
Non-fishing	120.6	8.0	1.8	7.8	10.4	37.9	28.8	5.1	4.4	5.4	10.8
Fishing	27.6	11.2	1.8	5.9	3.8	0.8	0.6	0.2	-	-	3.3
March:											
Non-fishing	137.2	8.0	2.0	8.2	11.7	44.9	32.7	6.4	5.2	6.6	11.4
Fishing	23.9	9.2	1.5	5.4	3.4	0.8	0.5	0.3	-	-	2.8
April:											
Non-fishing	131.7	7.5	1.9	8.1	11.5	44.1	31.3	6.0	4.9	6.4	10.0
Fishing	13.5	4.9	0.8	3.1	2.2	0.5	0.2	0.3	-	-	1.4

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established **and no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

MONTHLY

Canada. Statistics, Bureau of



STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
(JUNE 1965)

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

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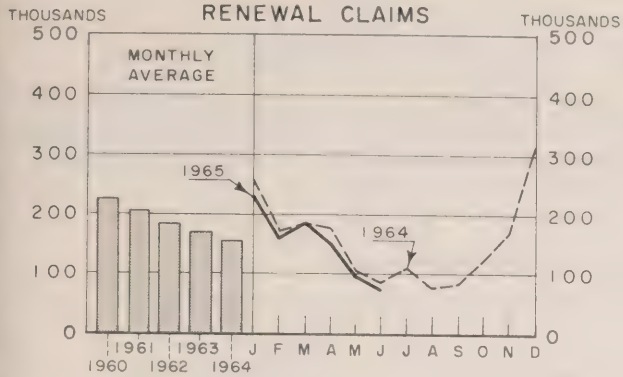
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

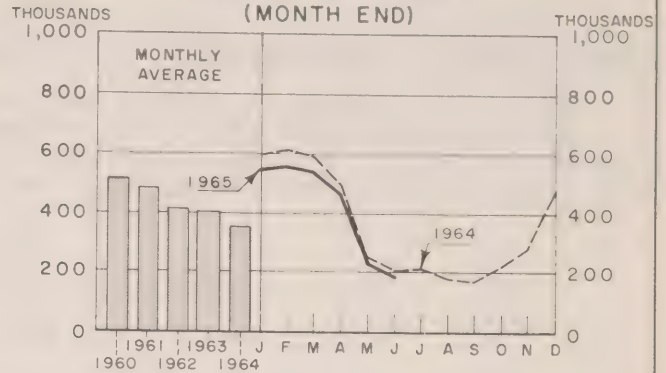
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

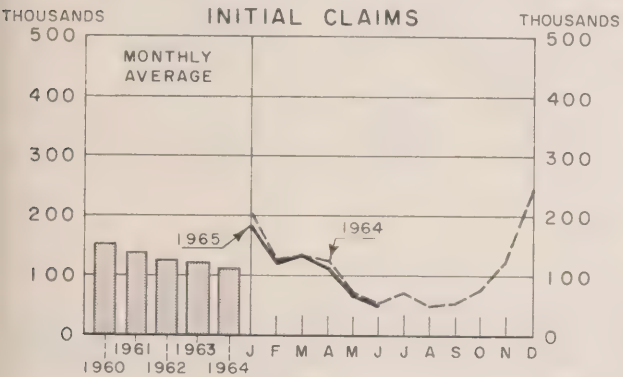
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



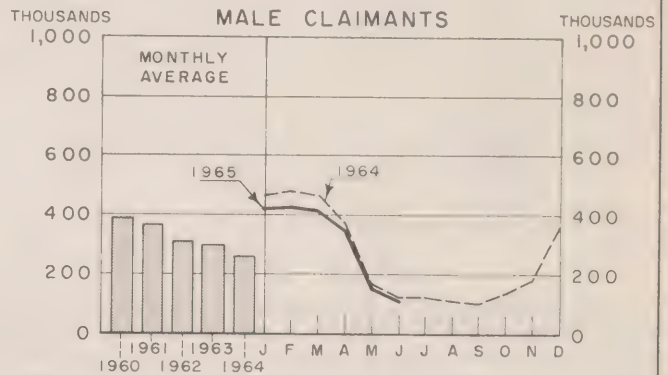
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



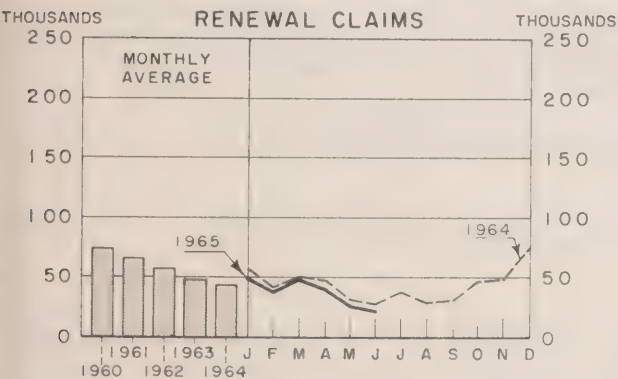
INITIAL CLAIMS



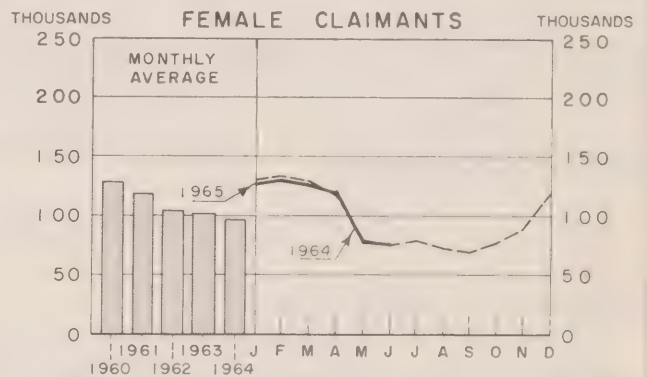
MALE CLAIMANTS



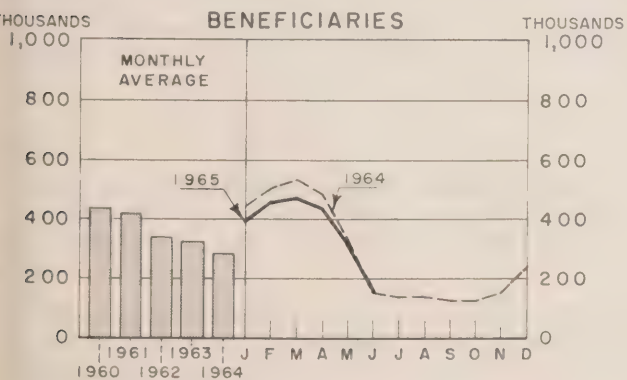
RENEWAL CLAIMS



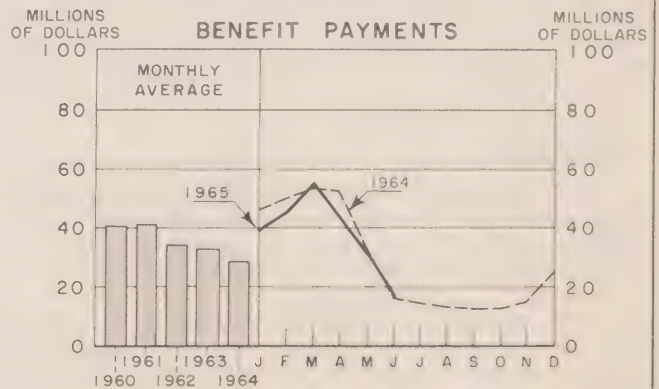
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

JUNE 1965

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 180,700 on June 30, almost 50,000 fewer than on May 31 and approximately 20,000 below the total for one year ago. The decline, both from May 31 this year and from June 30, 1964, was accounted for chiefly by a decrease in the volume and proportion of males. This is illustrated by the following comparisons:

	Month-end claimant count			
	1965		1964	
	June 30	May 31	June 30	May 29
	000's			
Both sexes	181	229	202	250
Male	106	151	127	171
Female	75	78	75	79
Per cent male	59	66	63	69

The number of male claimants on June 30, at 106,000, was 65,000 fewer than on May 29, 1964. However, the number of female claimants declined by only 4,000 in that same interval. This trend has become more marked during the past 18 months and reflects greater demand for male rather than female labour. Thus, for example, the durable goods segment of manufacturing(1) has expanded at a more rapid rate than the non-durable segment. Female employment has always been less affected by the winter reduction in jobs, and the gap between the winter high and the summer low is substantially less than that for males. With the current trend towards lower totals of male claimants the lack of significant change in the number of females becomes more noticeable.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 72,000 initial and renewal claims were received in local offices across Canada during June. This is compared with 93,300 for May and 86,800 for June 1964.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 152,800 for June, in comparison with 324,300 for May and 155,500 for June one year ago. Benefit payments amounted to \$16.2 million during June, versus \$31.7 million in May and \$16.5 million in June 1964. The sharp May-to-June decline in beneficiaries and payments is associated with the termination of benefit to claimants under the seasonal benefit provisions. The average weekly benefit payment was \$24.14 for June, \$24.40 for May, and \$24.17 for June, 1964.

Provincial data

All provinces shared in the May-to-June decline in the claimant count. Comparison of the percentages shown in columns 2 and 3 indicate the predominance of males in these declines. In Ontario, for example, the count of male claimants on June 30 was 15 per cent below that for May 31, but the number of female claimants was slightly higher.

In relation to one year ago, small increases in claimant totals were recorded for Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan. Column 5 indicates lower male claimants in all provinces. However, column 6 shows that higher totals of female claimants obtained in Prince Edward Island, Ontario and the Prairie Provinces.

(1) Employment and Payrolls, (72-002), Labour Division, D.B.S.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	May 31 to June 30, 1965			June 30, 1964 to June 30, 1965			May 29 to June 30, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 21	- 30	- 5	- 11	- 17	-	- 19	- 26	- 5
Nfld.	- 45	- 52	- 2	- 24	- 28	- 2	- 24	- 27	- 7
P.E.I.	- 41	- 47	- 24	+ 3	- 2	+ 14	- 24	- 27	- 18
N.S.	- 23	- 28	- 9	- 6	- 8	- 1	- 31	- 36	- 14
N.B.	- 35	- 38	- 26	- 10	- 8	- 15	- 30	- 37	- 3
Que.	- 24	- 31	- 4	- 7	- 8	- 6	- 19	- 26	- 1
Ont.	- 7	- 15	+ 1	- 9	- 20	+ 5	- 10	- 15	- 3
Man.	- 28	- 35	- 16	- 6	- 13	+ 3	- 32	- 41	- 16
Sask.	- 33	- 48	- 9	+ 6	- 5	+ 17	- 34	- 47	- 11
Alta.	- 32	- 42	- 11	- 15	- 24	+ 3	- 38	- 47	- 12
B.C.	- 21	- 29	- 9	- 23	- 35	- 1	- 12	- 14	- 9

Substantial percentage declines occurred in the June claim volume in all provinces except Ontario where a small increase occurred. Totals in all provinces were below those for one year ago.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	May to June 1965			June 1964 to June 1965			May to June 1964		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 23	- 25	- 18	- 17	- 13	- 26	- 17	- 20	- 10
Nfld.	- 56	- 57	- 44	- 15	- 13	- 26	- 48	- 51	- 24
P.E.I.	- 27	- 37	+ 7	- 1	- 6	+ 11	- 34	- 42	+ 2
N.S.	- 34	- 34	- 33	- 12	- 12	- 11	- 33	- 30	- 40
N.B.	- 40	- 47	- 10	- 13	- 9	- 20	- 35	- 44	+ 2
Que.	- 30	- 31	- 28	- 14	- 12	- 20	- 22	- 22	- 21
Ont.	+ 4	+ 2	+ 9	- 16	- 9	- 31	+ 2	- 2	+ 10
Man.	- 35	- 38	- 26	- 21	- 16	- 33	- 34	- 39	- 15
Sask.	- 39	- 44	- 12	- 3	- 2	- 5	- 39	- 41	- 27
Alta.	- 36	- 40	- 19	- 20	- 17	- 27	- 35	- 40	- 22
B.C.	- 29	- 30	- 28	- 29	- 25	- 37	- 15	- 18	- 9

. Not available.
- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	June 1965	May 1965	June 1964	% change from		Cumulative data			
				May 1965	June 1964	January to June		12 months ending June	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,373	4,241	..	..	..	4,286*	..	4,225*
Initial and renewal claims filed	72	93	87	- 23	- 17	890	980	1,770	1,933
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	181	229	202	- 21	- 11	420*	459*	337*	367*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	153	324	156	- 53	- 2	373*	410*	263*	291*
Weeks compensated	672	1,297	684	- 48	- 2	9,359	10,194	13,181	14,401
Benefit paid	\$ 16,229	31,660	16,538	- 49	- 2	231,967	252,327	324,029	353,186

Average weekly benefit	\$ 24.14	24.40	24.17	- 1	-	24.79	24.75	24.58	24.53
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* Monthly average

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - May	4,373,000	4,143,500	229,500
April	4,487,000	4,024,100	462,900
March	4,521,000	3,982,000	539,000
February	4,499,000	3,939,800	559,200
January	4,487,000	3,939,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,475,000	3,996,800	478,200
November	4,369,000	4,094,500	274,500
October	4,298,000	4,083,500	214,500
September	4,304,000	4,130,400	173,600
August	4,330,000	4,148,000	182,000
July	4,271,000	4,065,700	205,300
June	4,241,000	4,039,100	201,900
May	4,173,000	3,922,900	250,100

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province.(1)

Province	1965 - June - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	72,014	50,944	21,070	86,827	58,236	28,591
Nfld.	1,379	1,154	225	1,625	1,319	306
P.E.I.	289	191	98	291	203	88
N.S.	2,874	2,031	843	3,248	2,306	942
N.B.	2,416	1,736	680	2,767	1,912	855
Que.	24,976	16,978	7,998	29,205	19,214	9,991
Ont.	25,977	18,646	7,331	30,966	20,383	10,583
Man.	2,009	1,530	479	2,539	1,824	715
Sask.	1,079	842	237	1,107	857	250
Alta.	2,863	2,093	770	3,578	2,529	1,049
B.C.	8,152	5,743	2,409	11,501	7,689	3,812

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 29,313

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>June 30, 1965</u>				<u>June 30, 1964</u>
CANADA	180,690	64,325	52,846	40,598	22,921	201,919
MALE	106,056	39,641	32,087	21,933	12,395	127,241
FEMALE	74,634	24,684	20,759	18,665	10,526	74,678
Nfld.	4,988	1,453	1,616	1,352	567	6,528
Male	3,825	1,131	1,330	1,061	303	5,342
Female	1,163	322	286	291	264	1,186
P.E.I.	717	281	185	153	98	694
Male	457	168	125	106	58	466
Female	260	113	60	47	40	228
N.S.	8,888	2,676	2,884	2,129	1,199	9,467
Male	6,287	1,888	2,298	1,342	759	6,837
Female	2,601	788	586	787	440	2,630
N.B.	7,467	2,253	2,149	1,988	1,077	8,303
Male	5,362	1,714	1,621	1,412	615	5,834
Female	2,105	539	528	576	462	2,469
Que.	60,699	22,446	19,014	12,795	6,444	65,459
Male	40,237	15,192	13,179	8,280	3,586	43,605
Female	20,462	7,254	5,835	4,515	2,858	21,854
Ont.	57,908	22,833	14,998	12,483	7,594	63,598
Male	28,037	11,972	6,719	5,374	3,972	35,038
Female	29,871	10,861	8,279	7,109	3,622	28,560
Man.	7,264	1,716	2,052	2,252	1,244	7,726
Male	3,975	1,080	1,148	1,065	682	4,547
Female	3,289	636	904	1,187	562	3,179
Sask.	3,788	1,198	1,027	933	630	3,586
Male	1,765	570	491	412	292	1,850
Female	2,023	628	536	521	338	1,736
Alta.	9,135	2,651	3,124	2,156	1,204	10,691
Male	5,140	1,538	1,936	1,021	645	6,807
Female	3,995	1,113	1,188	1,135	559	3,884
B.C.	19,836	6,818	5,797	4,357	2,864	25,867
Male	10,971	4,388	3,240	1,860	1,483	16,915
Female	8,865	2,430	2,557	2,497	1,381	8,952

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
<u>June 1965</u>							
Canada	72,568	28,240	16,526	23,993	3,809	21,761	7,854
Nfld.	1,845	721	194	864	66	394	71
P.E.I.	305	143	71	83	8	73	39
N.S.	3,009	1,276	675	922	136	711	246
N.B.	3,070	1,352	608	991	119	530	222
Que.	25,952	10,091	6,449	8,197	1,215	7,775	3,072
Ont.	22,445	8,462	5,103	7,522	1,358	9,015	3,017
Man.	2,276	1,005	454	732	85	402	131
Sask.	1,166	515	181	422	48	260	78
Alta.	3,232	1,221	683	1,183	145	707	275
B.C.	9,268	3,454	2,108	3,077	629	1,894	703

<u>June 1964</u>							
Canada	84,723	32,856	22,584	25,073	4,210	24,493	10,342
Nfld.	2,123	936	262	869	56	417	93
P.E.I.	274	105	77	79	13	93	33
N.S.	3,270	1,458	784	874	154	853	343
N.B.	2,811	1,274	585	822	130	812	407
Que.	28,496	10,912	8,119	8,190	1,275	8,820	3,781
Ont.	27,475	10,380	8,197	7,558	1,340	9,393	3,765
Man.	2,708	1,247	576	768	117	565	245
Sask.	1,169	514	191	417	47	243	85
Alta.	3,815	1,628	814	1,174	199	902	417
B.C.	12,582	4,402	2,979	4,322	879	2,395	1,173

1) In addition 30,801 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,658 were special requests not granted and 1,470 were appeals by claimants. There were 6,505 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during June 1965 and 1964 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period 1965(1) not established 1964		13,319 14,020	649 616	42 39	546 494	679 535	4,897 5,157	3,704 4,230	353 426	214 216	563 610	1,672 1,697
Claimants disqualified 1965 1964		27,051 27,054	591 1,073	120 109	965 1,042	895 827	9,120 8,456	8,988 7,998	1,009 1,006	539 551	1,418 1,416	3,406 4,576
Not unemployed 1965 1964		704 626	36 66	3 6	69 91	42 48	219 170	176 127	35 20	19 11	54 35	51 52
Not capable of and not 1965 available for work 1964		8,244 7,446	125 117	39 26	206 241	213 196	2,451 2,370	3,147 2,629	450 419	214 256	516 492	883 700
Loss of work due to 1965 a labour dispute 1964		175 2,314	- 480	- -	3 1	- 18	63 40	107 85	- 2	- -	- 2	2 1,686
Refused offer of work 1965 and neglected opportu- 1964 nity to work		1,746 1,970	9 17	9 10	76 81	56 59	653 797	558 639	69 64	60 70	89 79	167 154
Discharged for 1965 misconduct 1964		1,133 1,194	16 26	5 11	36 42	42 34	507 471	325 362	23 40	8 18	43 43	128 147
Voluntarily left 1965 employment without 1964 just cause		6,496 6,384	150 104	22 19	253 228	221 188	2,013 1,975	2,069 2,138	178 199	116 94	369 401	1,105 1,038
Other reasons 1965 1964		8,553 7,120	255 263	42 37	322 358	321 284	3,214 2,633	2,606 2,018	254 262	122 102	347 364	1,070 799
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during June 1965		2,310	106	11	112	131	877	555	62	32	106	318

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - June - 1964	
	(in thousands)	
Canada	152.8	155.5
Newfoundland	7.6	5.3
Prince Edward Island	0.9	0.6
Nova Scotia	8.3	7.6
New Brunswick	7.3	6.5
Quebec	50.9	51.8
Ontario	44.6	47.6
Manitoba	6.5	6.3
Saskatchewan	3.6	3.3
Alberta	8.1	8.7
British Columbia	15.0	17.7

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1965 - June - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada	672,303	16,229,491	684,182	16,537,735
Nfld.	33,335	821,427	23,400	610,952
P.E.I.	3,772	79,788	2,699	56,176
N.S.	36,591	819,652	33,606	741,896
N.B.	32,137	759,027	28,720	659,116
Que.	223,910	5,585,707	227,993	5,569,379
Ont.	196,161	4,634,189	209,393	4,974,001
Man.	28,576	662,494	27,703	636,928
Sask.	15,983	366,286	14,342	331,064
Alta.	35,784	893,472	38,230	962,747
B.C.	66,054	1,607,449	78,096	1,995,476

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

June 1965

Canada	614,346	57,957	45,287
Newfoundland	29,932	3,403	2,654
Prince Edward Island	3,319	453	378
Nova Scotia	31,538	5,053	4,213
New Brunswick	28,308	3,829	3,131
Quebec	205,992	17,918	13,280
Ontario	182,104	14,057	10,579
Manitoba	25,503	3,073	2,557
Saskatchewan	14,517	1,466	1,209
Alberta	32,455	3,329	2,759
British Columbia	60,678	5,376	4,527

June 1964

Canada	625,620	58,562	42,566
Newfoundland	22,575	825	249
Prince Edward Island	2,411	288	233
Nova Scotia	28,996	4,610	3,786
New Brunswick	25,390	3,330	2,686
Quebec	209,338	18,655	13,588
Ontario	193,173	16,220	12,559
Manitoba	24,860	2,843	2,390
Saskatchewan	13,009	1,333	1,044
Alberta	35,046	3,184	2,558
British Columbia	70,822	7,274	3,473

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and no disqualification imposed and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



**STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
(JULY 1965)**

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)



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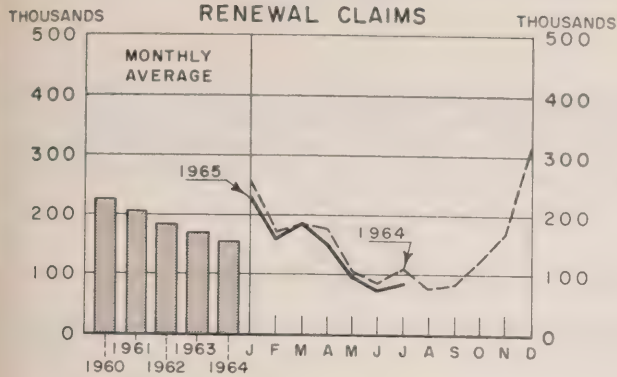
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

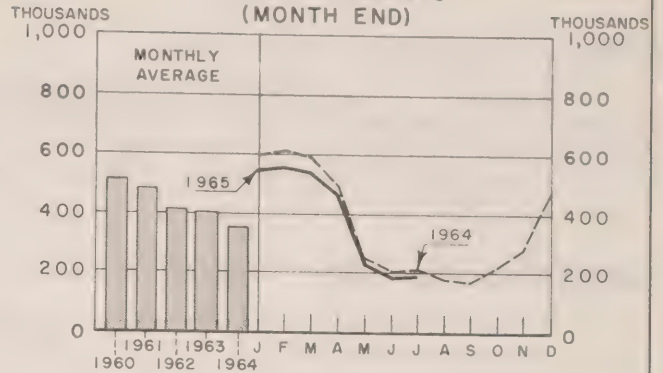
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", D.B.S. Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

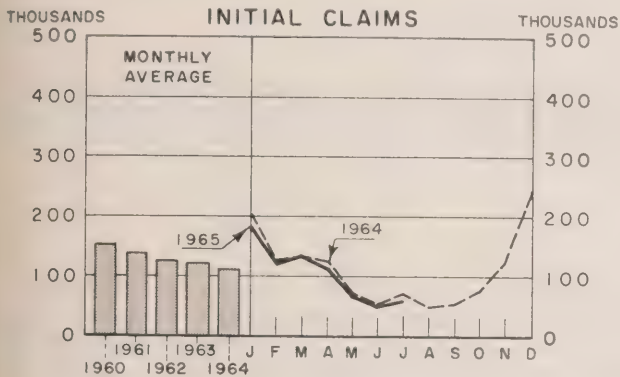
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



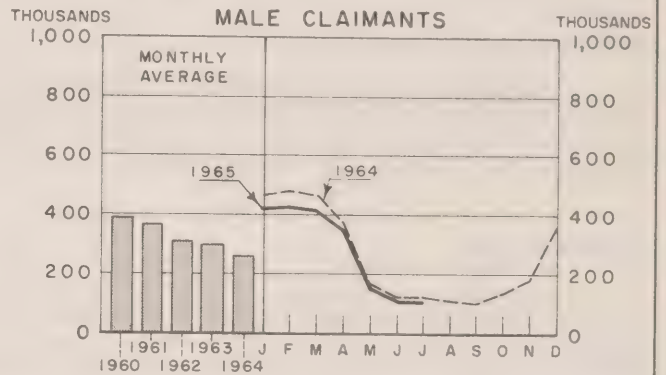
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



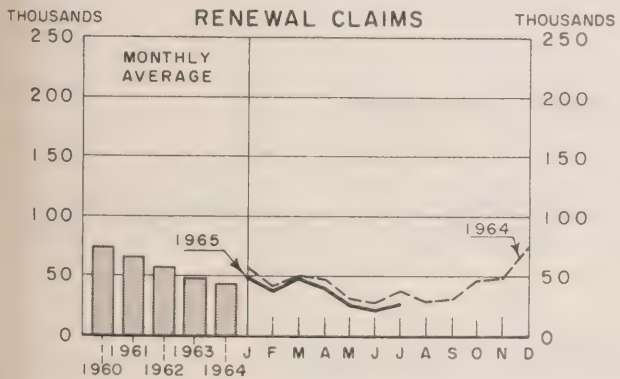
INITIAL CLAIMS



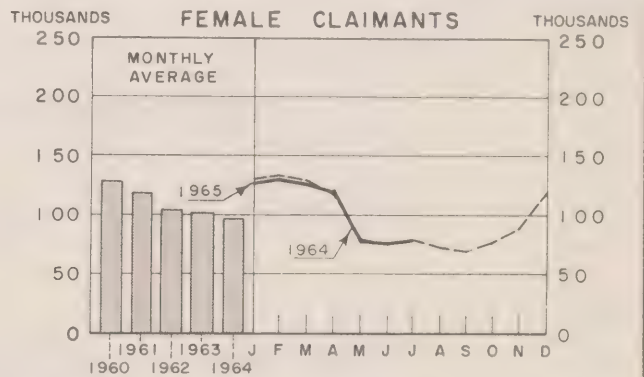
MALE CLAIMANTS



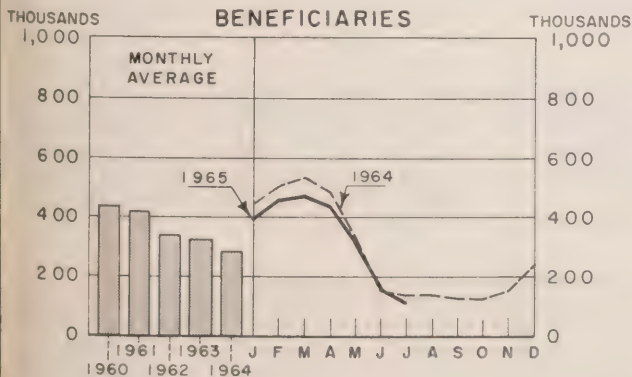
RENEWAL CLAIMS



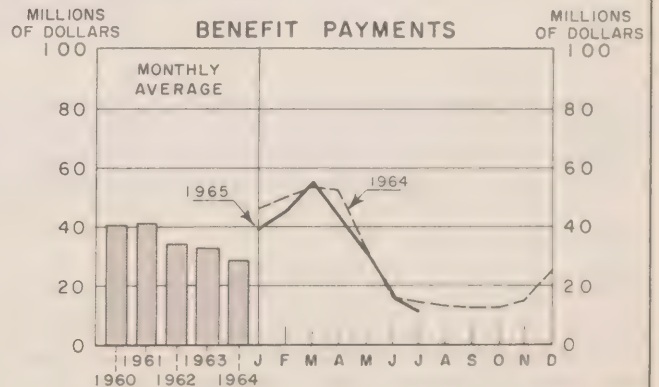
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

JULY 1965

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 184,400 on July 30, slightly higher than the 180,700 recorded on June 30, but approximately 20,000 fewer than on July 31, 1964. The June to July increment occurred among females while the reduction from one year ago was accounted for by males. Thus, males account for a substantially smaller proportion on July 30, 58 per cent, as against 63 per cent on the same date last year.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 86,100 initial and renewal claims were filed at local offices across Canada during July, in comparison with 72,000 in June and 108,900 in July 1964.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 118,200 for July, in comparison with 152,800 for June and 135,200 for July one year ago. Benefit payments amounted to \$11.8 million during July, versus \$16.2 million in June and \$14.1 million in July 1964. The average weekly benefit payment was \$23.83 for July, \$24.14 for June and \$23.67 for July 1964.

Provincial data

An increase of approximately 12,000 claimants recorded on July 30 over June 30 in Ontario was partially offset by declines elsewhere in Canada. The Ontario increase was associated, in part, with lay-offs in manufacturing, either for annual vacation or model changeover. In comparison with one year ago, claimant totals are lower this year in all provinces except Manitoba where there was a slight increase.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	June 30 to July 30, 1965			July 31, 1964 to July 30, 1965			June 30 to July 31, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 2	-	+ 5	- 10	- 17	-	+ 2	-	+ 5
Nfld.	- 18	- 24	+ 1	- 13	- 23	+ 27	- 28	- 30	- 22
P.E.I.	+ 3	+ 7	- 3	- 3	- 8	+ 8	+ 10	+ 14	+ 3
N.S.	- 8	- 11	-	- 11	- 16	-	- 3	- 3	- 1
N.B.	- 7	- 13	+ 9	- 13	- 13	- 14	- 3	- 7	+ 7
Que.	- 3	- 8	+ 6	- 9	- 11	- 5	- 2	- 5	+ 5
Ont.	+ 21	+ 33	+ 10	- 12	- 22	+ 2	+ 26	+ 36	+ 13
Man.	- 7	- 14	+ 1	+ 2	- 6	+ 11	- 14	- 20	- 6
Sask.	- 11	- 19	- 4	- 1	- 13	+ 10	- 5	- 11	+ 1
Alta.	- 19	- 27	- 8	- 21	- 33	- 3	- 13	- 18	- 3
B.C.	- 9	- 12	- 6	- 5	- 12	+ 5	- 27	- 35	- 12

While the higher claim volume in July was mainly concentrated in Ontario, significant percentage increases were shown in the Maritime provinces, Quebec and Manitoba. Elsewhere, the July claim load was below that for June. All provinces shared in the decline from one year ago.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	<u>June to</u> <u>July 1965</u>			<u>July 1964 to</u> <u>July 1965</u>			<u>June to</u> <u>July 1964</u>		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	+ 20	+ 17	+ 25	- 21	- 16	- 31	+ 25	+ 22	+ 33
Nfld.	- 24	- 28	- 2	- 25	- 18	- 43	- 14	- 23	+ 26
P.E.I.	+ 9	+ 28	- 27	- 19	- 7	- 44	+ 34	+ 29	+ 45
N.S.	+ 22	+ 31	-	- 5	+ 20	- 43	+ 14	- 4	+ 57
N.B.	+ 5	+ 6	+ 3	- 26	- 25	- 29	+ 24	+ 28	+ 15
Que.	+ 9	+ 4	+ 21	- 17	- 14	- 21	+ 12	+ 7	+ 22
Ont.	+ 45	+ 45	+ 45	- 27	- 20	- 40	+ 67	+ 66	+ 68
Man.	+ 14	+ 17	+ 3	- 5	+ 4	- 27	- 6	- 6	- 5
Sask.	- 13	- 14	- 11	- 24	- 19	- 36	+ 11	+ 5	+ 32
Alta.	- 4	- 3	- 6	- 24	- 20	- 28	- 1	-	- 3
B.C.	- 3	- 10	+ 13	- 7	- 6	- 9	- 26	- 29	- 21

Industrial Classification of Persons Separated from Employment and
Filing Initial(1) Claims for Unemployment Insurance Benefit
during June 1965

Some 32,800 persons separated from employment and filed initial claims for benefit during June. In comparison with 37,800 during the same month one year ago. In the main, the industrial composition is virtually unchanged from one year ago. Three-quarters of the current cases were concentrated in Quebec and Ontario, where claims from persons separated from manufacturing accounted for approximately a third of the national claim total.

Table 1, following, presents information on the industrial composition of new claims by province, while quarterly data at the national level are shown in Table 2.

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

Table 1. Percentage distribution of claims(1) by Industry and Province
June 1965 and 1964

<u>Industry group</u>		<u>Canada</u>	<u>Nfld.</u>	<u>P.E.I.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
Total new cases(000's)	1965	32.8	0.5	(2)	1.1	0.9	11.0	13.1	0.9	0.5	1.2	3.5
	1964	37.8	0.6	(2)	1.3	1.2	12.8	13.7	1.0	0.5	1.4	5.2
Per cent distribution												
Forestry (mainly logging)	1965	1	3		1	2	2	(3)	1	(3)	1	3
	1964	3	5		1	2	2	1	-	(3)	(3)	14
Fishing(4) and trapping	1965	(3)	3		2	1	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
	1964	(3)	1		2	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
Mining	1965	1	5		2	4	(3)	1	1	3	7	1
	1964	2	1		1	3	1	2	1	1	7	2
Manufacturing	1965	38	13		19	28	38	48	24	8	18	24
	1964	41	18		21	31	40	54	30	17	19	31
Construction	1965	13	17		9	11	16	11	8	16	13	15
	1964	12	23		14	14	15	9	13	9	12	11
Transportation, communication and other utilities	1965	6	12		18	10	5	4	6	6	5	8
	1964	5	6		11	10	5	3	6	6	6	7
Trade	1965	17	18		19	21	16	14	28	28	24	19
	1964	15	20		17	16	15	12	23	31	22	14
Service	1965	17	19		21	15	15	16	17	29	22	17
	1964	15	12		18	14	15	15	16	20	20	15
Public administration - and defence	1965	4	9		8	5	4	3	8	4	4	8
	1964	4	10		12	7	2	3	6	9	6	3
Other	1965	4	3		2	4	3	3	9	5	6	5
	1964	4	4		3	3	5	3	5	8	7	3
All cases	1965	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1964	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

- (1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.
- (2) Less than 500.
- (3) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.
- (4) Persons whose reported occupation under covered employment was "fisherman" were coded to the fishing industry even though the nature of business of the most recent employer was other than fishing. This differs from the general coding practice of assigning a single code on the basis of the principal activity of the employer. However, fishermen report themselves usually as self-employed.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of claims, by industry, quarterly intervals

	1965		1964		
	June	March	December	September	June
Total new cases (000's)	32.8	72.4	166.7	36.0	37.8
Per cent distribution					
Forestry (mainly logging)	1	17	7	2	3
Fishing and trapping	(1)	1	5	(1)	(1)
Mining	1	1	1	2	2
Manufacturing	38	26	27	35	41
Construction	13	19	26	13	12
Transportation, communication and other utilities	6	6	10	6	5
Trade	17	11	10	17	15
Service	17	10	7	16	15
Public administration and defence	4	7	6	4	4
Other	4	2	2	4	4
All cases	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary table

Activity	July 1965	June 1965	July 1964	% Change from		Cumulative data			
				June 1965	July 1964	January to July		12 months ending July	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	(Thousands)					(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Insured population as at month-end	..	4,606	4,406	..	..	..	4,321*	..	4,262*
Initial and renewal claims filed	86	72	109	+ 20	- 21	976	1,089	1,747	1,929
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	184	181	205	+ 2	- 10	386*	423*	336*	366*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	118	153	135	- 23	- 13	336*	371*	261*	290*
Weeks compensated	496	672	595	- 26	- 17	9,855	10,789	13,083	14,332
Benefit paid	\$ 11,829	16,229	14,086	- 27	- 16	243,796	266,413	321,772	351,765

Average weekly benefit \$ 23.83 24.14 23.67 - 1 + 1 . 24.74 24.69 24.60 24.54

Monthly average.

Table 1. - Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act.
(Revised) (1)

End of:	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - June	4,606,000	4,425,300	180,700
May	4,514,000	4,284,500	229,500
April	4,594,000	4,131,100	462,900
March	4,626,000	4,087,000	539,000
February	4,605,000	4,045,800	559,200
January	4,592,000	4,044,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,582,000	4,103,800	478,200
November	4,491,000	4,216,500	274,500
October	4,432,000	4,217,500	214,500
September	4,437,000	4,263,400	173,600
August	4,463,000	4,281,000	182,000
July	4,406,000	4,200,700	205,300
June	4,373,000	4,171,100	201,900
May	4,169,840	4,025,140	144,700 (2)

(1) May 1964 to April 1965 revised on the basis of book renewal at June 1, 1964.

(2) The number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal. For other months, the claimants are as shown in Table 3.

Table 2. - Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in each Province. (1)

Province	1965 - July - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	86,109	59,840	26,269	108,939	70,922	38,017
Nfld.	1,050	829	221	1,397	1,011	386
P.E.I.	316	244	72	389	261	128
N.S.	3,495	2,656	839	3,695	2,215	1,480
N.B.	2,543	1,843	700	3,434	2,452	982
Que.	27,285	17,600	9,685	32,779	20,562	12,217
Ont.	37,570	26,970	10,600	51,601	33,792	17,809
Man.	2,284	1,792	492	2,399	1,722	677
Sask.	938	727	211	1,233	903	330
Alta.	2,760	2,033	727	3,545	2,531	1,014
B.C.	7,868	5,146	2,722	8,467	5,473	2,994

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 24,698

Table 3. - Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex.

(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and Sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		<u>July 30, 1965</u>				<u>July 31, 1964</u>
CANADA	184,426	84,153	45,754	32,681	21,838	205,326
MALE	106,205	52,887	24,747	17,082	11,489	127,243
FEMALE	78,221	31,266	21,007	15,599	10,349	78,083
Nfld.	4,073	1,304	1,043	1,138	588	4,687
Male	2,901	942	768	798	393	3,764
Female	1,172	362	275	340	195	923
P.E.I.	740	323	185	113	119	766
Male	487	223	109	78	77	531
Female	253	100	76	35	42	235
N.S.	8,171	2,828	2,438	1,759	1,146	9,227
Male	5,571	2,016	1,671	1,149	735	6,619
Female	2,600	812	767	610	411	2,608
N.B.	6,970	2,713	1,669	1,690	898	8,054
Male	4,682	1,949	1,067	1,142	524	5,401
Female	2,288	764	602	548	374	2,653
Que.	58,643	25,988	16,526	9,917	6,212	64,252
Male	36,981	16,988	10,517	6,014	3,462	41,346
Female	21,662	9,000	6,009	3,903	2,750	22,906
Ont.	70,320	37,614	14,575	10,708	7,423	80,062
Male	37,320	23,028	6,042	4,477	3,773	47,751
Female	33,000	14,586	8,533	6,231	3,650	32,311
Man.	6,759	2,097	1,700	1,735	1,227	6,628
Male	3,423	1,218	809	751	645	3,628
Female	3,336	879	891	984	582	3,000
Sask.	3,357	1,049	974	678	656	3,401
Male	1,425	421	432	281	291	1,643
Female	1,932	628	542	397	365	1,758
Alta.	7,419	2,471	2,087	1,854	1,007	9,334
Male	3,749	1,367	957	1,005	420	5,561
Female	3,670	1,104	1,130	849	587	3,773
B.C.	17,974	7,766	4,557	3,089	2,562	18,915
Male	9,666	4,735	2,375	1,387	1,169	10,999
Female	8,308	3,031	2,182	1,702	1,393	7,916

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

Table 4. - Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by province.(1)

Province	A d j u d i c a t e d					P e n d i n g	
	Total	Entitled to Benefit		Not Entitled to Benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
<u>July 1965</u>							
Canada	72,263	24,597	16,174	25,258	6,234	31,746	11,715
Nfld.	1,018	380	151	436	51	407	90
P.E.I.	334	147	79	97	11	73	21
N.S.	3,349	1,640	639	891	179	836	267
N.B.	2,401	941	603	776	81	656	238
Que.	23,055	7,592	5,594	7,547	2,322	10,236	4,841
Ont.	29,225	8,994	6,084	11,365	2,782	15,626	4,751
Man.	1,996	898	313	661	124	635	186
Sask.	938	422	179	294	43	271	67
Alta.	2,654	1,027	584	904	139	809	279
B.C.	7,293	2,556	1,948	2,287	502	2,197	975

July 1964

Canada	102,495	40,990	32,864	24,052	4,589	30,373	10,906
Nfld.	1,195	459	213	461	62	508	204
P.E.I.	407	172	115	111	9	71	37
N.S.	3,783	1,421	1,357	849	156	798	310
N.B.	3,411	1,427	929	903	152	934	308
Que.	32,216	11,775	10,294	8,561	1,586	9,046	4,118
Ont.	45,033	19,372	15,672	8,372	1,617	15,441	4,285
Man.	2,480	1,060	612	696	112	531	198
Sask.	1,149	477	254	362	56	307	105
Alta.	3,575	1,409	852	1,106	208	918	371
B.C.	9,246	3,418	2,566	2,631	631	1,819	970

(1) In addition 24,219 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,078 were special requests not granted and 1,268 were appeals by claimants. There were 6,984 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

Table 5. - Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in each Province during July 1965 and 1964 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement.

Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement	Year	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established	1965(1) 1964	10,244 13,005	253 282	46 63	429 439	367 561	3,664 4,777	3,669 4,502	271 344	124 151	398 513	1,023 1,373
Claimants disqualified	1965 1964	31,429 25,707	495 446	126 108	1,074 1,027	791 863	9,572 8,959	13,873 8,462	918 994	464 558	1,106 1,468	3,010 2,822
Not unemployed	1965 1964	602 591	31 58	6 7	61 37	40 16	198 127	165 260	20 25	12 14	24 18	45 29
Not capable of and not available for work	1965 1964	7,311 7,560	131 108	43 27	275 252	198 261	1,945 2,373	2,971 2,652	333 385	205 236	388 518	822 748
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1965 1964	1,106 1,032	- 5	- -	2 1	3 12	34 748	1,064 199	- -	- 1	- 25	3 41
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1965 1964	1,052 1,480	6 6	13 14	59 61	27 46	383 598	302 489	35 35	27 30	67 67	133 134
Discharged for misconduct	1965 1964	1,120 1,253	16 23	4 4	42 48	33 40	453 528	420 423	21 25	18 8	32 44	81 110
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1965 1964	5,736 6,678	120 87	29 26	238 266	164 207	1,673 2,145	2,060 2,239	157 206	82 106	326 384	887 1,012
Other reasons	1965 1964	14,502 7,113	191 159	31 30	397 362	326 281	4,886 2,440	6,891 2,200	352 318	120 163	269 412	1,039 748
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during July 1965												
		1,850	50	6	82	69	797	530	57	19	67	173

Table 6. - Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province.

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - July - 1964	
	(in thousands)	
Canada	118.2	135.2
Newfoundland	2.6	3.6
Prince Edward Island	0.5	0.5
Nova Scotia	5.6	6.8
New Brunswick	4.7	5.6
Quebec	38.5	43.0
Ontario	39.7	45.8
Manitoba	4.5	4.2
Saskatchewan	2.5	2.5
Alberta	5.8	7.3
British Columbia	13.8	15.9

Table 7. - Benefit Payments, by Province.

Province	1965 - July - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)	Weeks	Amount (in dollars)
Canada	496,284	11,828,778	595,007	14,085,931
Nfld.	10,826	264,418	15,771	353,951
P.E.I.	2,307	47,366	2,376	49,590
N.S.	23,677	535,229	29,946	665,228
N.B.	19,600	446,087	24,627	557,781
Que.	161,664	3,922,928	189,065	4,512,695
Ont.	166,645	3,996,350	201,501	4,740,166
Man.	18,772	427,854	18,564	410,834
Sask.	10,479	222,776	11,114	250,140
Alta.	24,174	573,845	32,228	805,043
B.C.	58,140	1,391,925	69,815	1,740,503

Table 8. - Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province.

Province	Complete Weeks	Partial Weeks	
		T o t a l	Due to Excess Earnings

July 1965

Canada	457,196	39,088	28,032
Newfoundland	9,827	999	743
Prince Edward Island	2,087	220	175
Nova Scotia	20,739	2,938	2,411
New Brunswick	17,438	2,162	1,730
Quebec	149,260	12,404	8,354
Ontario	155,924	10,721	7,174
Manitoba	16,971	1,801	1,386
Saskatchewan	9,688	791	599
Alberta	22,185	1,989	1,523
British Columbia	53,077	5,063	3,937

July 1964

Canada	540,231	54,776	39,267
Newfoundland	13,717	2,054	1,713
Prince Edward Island	2,153	223	178
Nova Scotia	25,676	4,270	3,520
New Brunswick	21,959	2,668	2,056
Quebec	173,569	15,496	10,321
Ontario	184,420	17,081	11,792
Manitoba	16,623	1,941	1,571
Saskatchewan	10,225	889	656
Alberta	29,475	2,753	2,120
British Columbia	62,414	7,401	5,340

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and **no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the number of payment documents, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

MONTHLY

Canada. Statistics, Bureau of



CANADA

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
AUGUST 1965

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Labour Division

Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section

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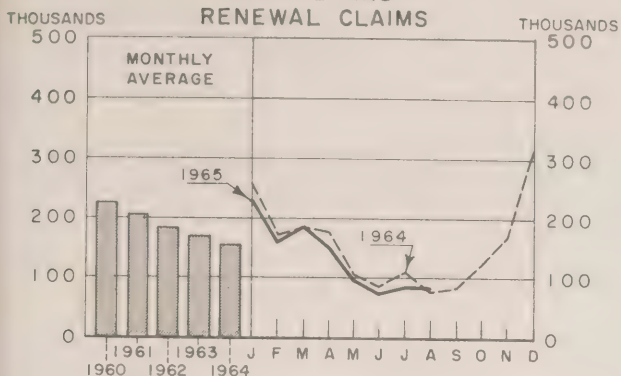
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

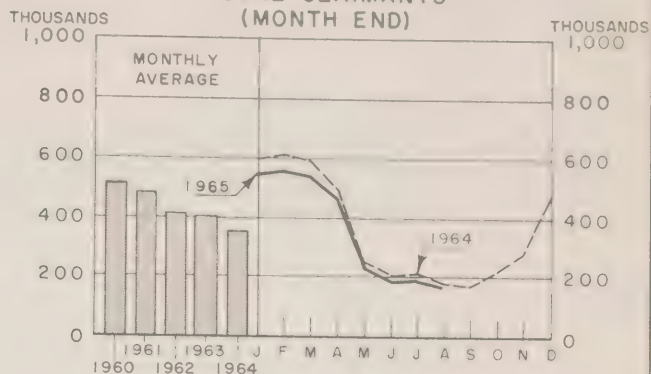
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", DBS Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

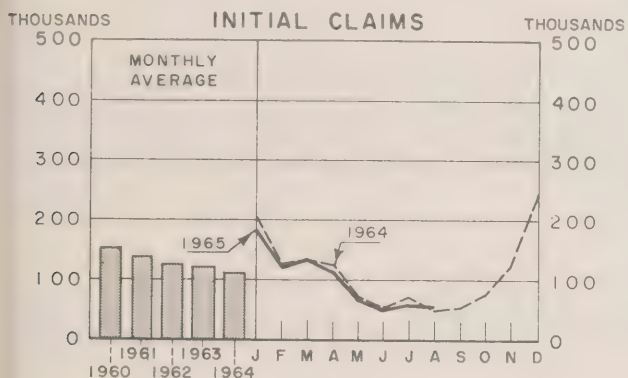
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



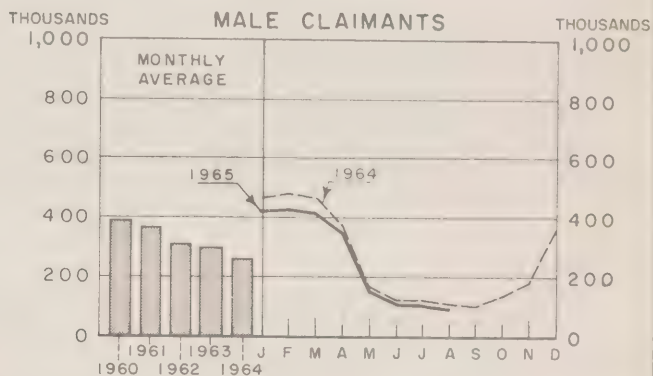
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



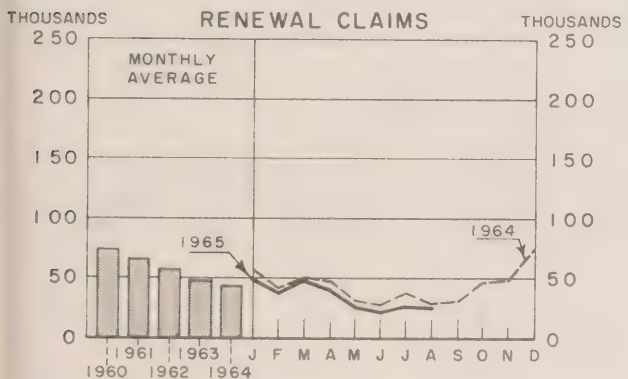
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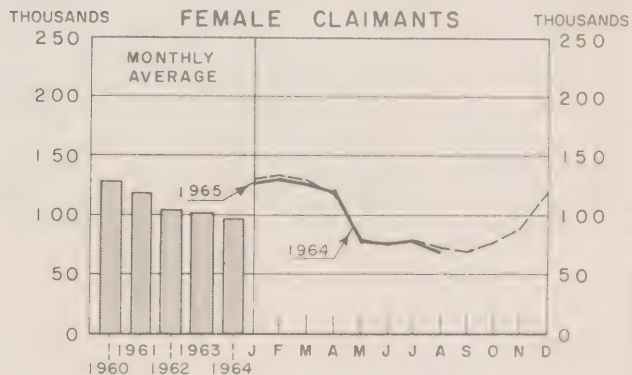
MALE CLAIMANTS



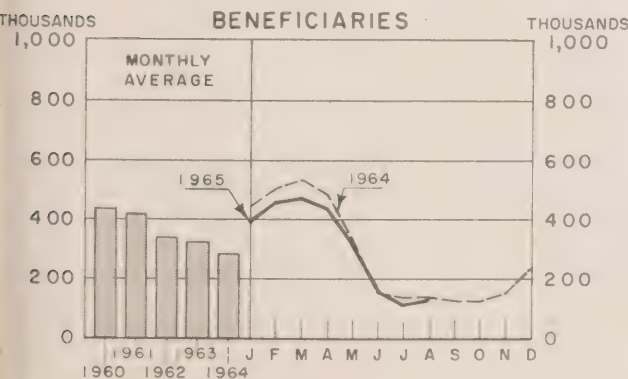
RENEWAL CLAIMS



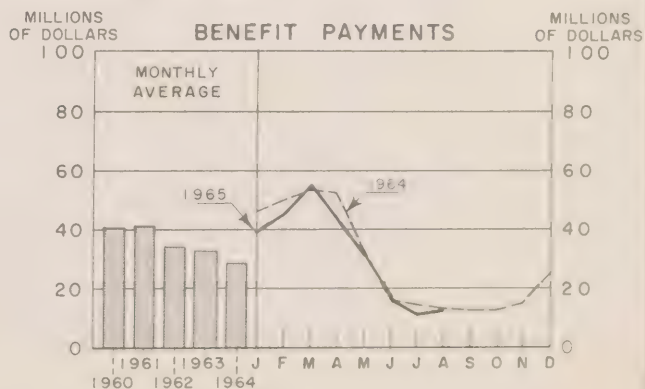
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

AUGUST 1965

Claimants at month-end: volume and type

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 172,500 on August 31, down from the 184,400 recorded on July 30. One year ago, the total was 182,000. Females accounted for almost two-thirds of the July 30 to August 31 decline; however, 90 per cent of the year-over-year decrease reflected lower totals for males.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 83,900 initial and renewal claims were filed during August, in comparison with 86,100 in July and 79,000 in August one year ago.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 130,200 for August, in comparison with 118,200 for July and 139,400 for August 1964. Benefit payments amounted to \$12.8 million in August, \$11.8 million in July and \$13.2 million one year ago. The average weekly benefit payment was \$23.39 for August, \$23.83 for July and \$23.66 for August 1964.

Provincial data

All provinces shared in the July 30 to August 31 decline in the claimant count. In comparison with one year ago, lower totals were recorded this year in all provinces except Prince Edward Island and Ontario where small increases occurred.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	July 30 to August 31, 1965			August 31, 1964 to August 31, 1965			July 31 to August 31, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 6	- 3	- 11	- 5	- 8	- 1	- 11	- 12	- 10
Nfld.	- 14	- 17	- 7	- 19	- 29	+ 20	- 8	- 10	- 1
P.E.I.	- 5	- 12	+ 7	+ 4	- 8	+ 29	- 12	- 12	- 11
N.S.	- 3	- 2	- 7	- 14	- 18	- 2	-	+ 2	- 5
N.B.	- 7	- 7	- 6	- 5	- 3	- 10	- 15	- 17	- 10
Que.	- 11	- 11	- 12	- 10	- 13	- 5	- 10	- 9	- 12
Ont.	- 2	+ 8	- 14	+ 5	+ 8	+ 1	- 18	- 22	- 13
Man.	- 9	- 11	- 7	- 11	- 22	+ 3	+ 5	+ 8	+ 1
Sask.	- 9	- 16	- 3	- 12	- 24	- 2	+ 2	- 5	+ 9
Alta.	- 12	- 17	- 7	- 27	- 41	- 8	- 4	- 6	- 2
B.C.	- 4	- 2	- 6	- 5	- 10	+ 2	- 4	- 4	- 3

The monthly claim volume was generally lower in August, the exceptions being Nova Scotia, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. The substantial increase in Nova Scotia was associated chiefly with reduced production in mining, due partly to annual vacation. The bulk of the year-over-year increase occurred in Nova Scotia and Ontario. In Ontario, in the automotive and parts industries, heavy demand for 1965 models resulted in an extension of the production runs with consequent delay in certain plant shut downs for holiday and re-tooling. However, there was also some cut back in production as the result of an industrial dispute.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	July to August 1965			August 1964 to August 1965			July to August 1964		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	- 3	- 2	- 4	+ 6	+ 16	- 12	- 27	- 29	- 25
Nfld.	- 1	- 7	+ 23	- 16	- 11	- 29	- 11	- 14	- 1
P.E.I.	- 21	- 23	- 14	+ 11	+ 40	- 31	- 42	- 49	- 30
N.S.	+ 54	+ 48	+ 72	+ 70	+ 106	+ 15	- 14	- 14	- 15
N.B.	- 12	- 17	- 1	- 11	- 6	- 21	- 27	- 34	- 11
Que.	- 12	- 11	- 14	- 10	- 2	- 22	- 19	- 23	- 13
Ont.	- 3	- 1	- 10	+ 19	+ 32	- 6	- 41	- 40	- 43
Man.	- 23	- 25	- 12	- 20	- 18	- 25	- 8	- 6	- 14
Sask.	+ 4	+ 7	- 7	- 21	- 13	- 42	-	- 1	+ 3
Alta.	- 18	- 17	- 18	- 33	- 26	- 47	- 4	- 11	+ 11
B.C.	+ 25	+ 18	+ 37	+ 22	+ 22	+ 22	- 5	- 9	+ 2

There was a substantial increase in the incidence of disqualifications imposed on claims adjudicated during August, most of which occurred in Ontario. This is probably due to the circumstance where benefit was claimed for a week in which the earnings were such as to preclude eligibility for benefit that particular week. For example, a claimant unemployed during a week by virtue of a plant holiday may claim benefit, but holiday pay is considered earnings and is taken into account in determining the amount of benefit payable. If the amount of excess earnings is equal to or greater than a claimant's weekly benefit rate, the claimant is not entitled to benefit for that week.

.. Not available.

- Nil.

Summary Table

Activity	Aug. 1965	July 1965	Aug. 1964	% change from		Cumulative data			
				July 1965	Aug. 1964	January to August		12 months ending August	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	thousands					thousands			
Insured population as at month-end .....	..	4,715	4,463	..	..	..	4,339*	..	4,290*
Initial and renewal claims filed:									
Total	84	86	79	- 3	+ 6	1,059	1,168	1,752	1,922
Initial	59	60	50	- 2	+ 16	788	844	1,280	1,376
Renewal	25	26	29	- 4	+ 12	272	324	472	546
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	172	184	182	- 6	- 5	360*	393*	335*	365*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	130	118	139	+ 10	- 7	311*	342*	261*	290*
Weeks compensated	547	496	558	+ 10	- 2	10,402	11,347	13,072	14,294
Benefit paid \$	12,791	11,829	13,199	+ 8	- 3	256,586	279,612	321,365	350,957
Average weekly benefit \$	23.39	23.83	23.66	- 2	- 1	24.67	24.64	24.58	24.55

* Monthly average.

TABLE 1. Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act

End of	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - July	4,715,000	4,530,600	184,400
June	4,601,000	4,420,300	180,700
May	4,514,000	4,284,500	229,500
April	4,594,000	4,131,100	462,900
March	4,626,000	4,087,000	539,000
February	4,605,000	4,045,800	559,200
January	4,592,000	4,044,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,582,000	4,103,800	478,200
November	4,491,000	4,216,500	274,500
October	4,432,000	4,217,500	214,500
September	4,437,000	4,263,400	173,600
August	4,463,000	4,281,000	182,000
July	4,406,000	4,200,700	205,300

TABLE 2. Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in Each Province(1)

Province	1965 - August - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
CANADA	83,866	58,592	25,274	79,016	50,458	28,558
Newfoundland	1,042	770	272	1,246	865	381
Prince Edward Island	249	187	62	224	134	90
Nova Scotia	5,366	3,927	1,439	3,164	1,910	1,254
New Brunswick	2,230	1,535	695	2,505	1,630	875
Quebec	23,904	15,619	8,285	26,587	15,917	10,670
Ontario	36,257	26,687	9,570	30,463	20,273	10,190
Manitoba	1,770	1,338	432	2,202	1,623	579
Saskatchewan	975	779	196	1,232	892	340
Alberta	2,275	1,679	596	3,386	2,256	1,130
British Columbia	9,798	6,071	3,727	8,007	4,958	3,049

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 27,366.

TABLE 3. Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex
(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
	August 31, 1965					August 31, 1964
CANADA	172,451	73,976	46,406	30,927	21,142	182,029
Male	102,756	50,354	25,244	16,338	10,820	111,497
Female	69,695	23,622	21,162	14,589	10,322	70,532
Newfoundland	3,500	1,163	1,015	866	456	4,298
Male	2,407	812	713	604	278	3,388
Female	1,093	351	302	262	178	910
Prince Edward Island	700	278	237	92	93	676
Male	430	168	143	59	60	467
Female	270	110	94	33	33	209
Nova Scotia	7,903	2,588	2,364	1,854	1,097	9,192
Male	5,483	1,885	1,610	1,305	683	6,726
Female	2,420	703	754	549	414	2,466
New Brunswick	6,516	2,441	1,660	1,506	909	6,874
Male	4,365	1,763	1,104	1,012	486	4,488
Female	2,151	678	556	494	423	2,386
Quebec	51,900	21,237	15,082	9,799	5,782	57,826
Male	32,846	14,804	8,966	5,902	3,174	37,710
Female	19,054	6,433	6,116	3,897	2,608	20,116
Ontario	68,883	34,024	17,351	10,168	7,340	65,573
Male	40,379	23,697	8,723	4,394	3,565	37,424
Female	28,504	10,327	8,628	5,774	3,775	28,149
Manitoba	6,158	1,868	1,473	1,531	1,286	6,942
Male	3,042	958	675	745	664	3,923
Female	3,116	910	798	786	622	3,019
Saskatchewan	3,070	905	889	701	575	3,486
Male	1,197	344	355	257	241	1,568
Female	1,873	561	534	444	334	1,918
Alberta	6,515	2,177	1,673	1,486	1,179	8,915
Male	3,097	1,051	699	715	632	5,213
Female	3,418	1,126	974	771	547	3,702
British Columbia	17,306	7,295	4,662	2,924	2,425	18,247
Male	9,510	4,872	2,256	1,345	1,037	10,590
Female	7,796	2,423	2,406	1,579	1,388	7,657

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

TABLE 4. Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending
at the End of the Month, by Province(1)

Province	Adjudicated					Pending			
	Total	Entitled to benefit		Not entitled to benefit		Initial	Renewal		
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal				
CANADA	August 1965								
	97,993	29,547	21,070	38,938	8,438	21,853	7,481		
	Newfoundland	1,124	426	224	432	42	319	96	
	Prince Edward Island	244	103	53	77	11	80	19	
	Nova Scotia	4,280	1,905	1,195	976	204	1,882	307	
	New Brunswick	2,229	817	559	748	105	626	269	
	Quebec	29,499	9,893	7,801	9,281	2,524	6,681	2,801	
	Ontario	45,523	11,000	7,176	22,804	4,543	8,509	2,602	
	Manitoba	1,955	824	353	671	107	478	158	
	Saskatchewan	948	456	141	309	42	285	80	
	Alberta	2,523	999	507	866	151	623	217	
	British Columbia	9,668	3,124	3,061	2,774	709	2,370	932	
	CANADA	August 1964							
		89,451	37,817	25,347	22,162	4,125	20,852	9,992	
		Newfoundland	1,248	444	306	424	74	505	205
		Prince Edward Island	252	94	81	62	15	49	31
		Nova Scotia	3,085	1,223	971	728	163	757	430
		New Brunswick	2,776	1,079	771	817	109	668	303
		Quebec	28,659	10,603	9,762	6,954	1,340	7,406	3,686
		Ontario	38,986	19,240	9,399	8,807	1,540	7,667	3,536
Manitoba		2,115	872	480	667	96	615	201	
Saskatchewan		1,182	470	245	404	63	325	137	
Alberta		3,231	1,200	847	1,014	170	960	484	
British Columbia		7,917	2,592	2,485	2,285	555	1,900	979	

(1) In addition 26,324 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,270 were special requests not granted and 1,052 were appeals by claimants. There were 8,026 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

TABLE 5. Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in Each Province during August 1965 and 1964
with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement

Chief reasons for non-entitlement	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established 1965(1) 1964	11,342 11,600	219 224	37 31	436 365	434 525	4,109 4,096	4,207 4,208	241 323	101 176	316 459	1,242 1,193
Claimants disqualified 1965 1964	47,327 24,548	458 576	100 85	1,104 1,108	754 714	11,482 7,315	26,903 9,224	991 863	541 552	1,289 1,400	3,705 2,711
Not unemployed 1965 1964	1,072 596	15 28	1 3	55 25	20 14	168 104	723 328	29 13	15 23	14 15	32 43
Not capable of and not available for work 1965 1964	8,226 7,742	104 107	23 28	229 267	189 238	2,386 2,214	3,296 3,023	372 359	254 230	448 503	925 773
Loss of work due to a labour dispute 1965 1964	753 754	- 1	- -	1 14	- 5	130 95	527 633	- -	- -	- -	95 6
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work 1965 1964	1,144 1,259	11 11	11 10	53 46	35 36	396 486	373 385	42 54	20 47	52 70	151 114
Discharged for misconduct 1965 1964	1,169 1,118	24 14	8 4	44 33	30 35	476 429	388 415	26 30	14 5	39 45	120 108
Voluntarily left employment without just cause 1965 1964	6,717 6,317	125 118	19 21	273 246	180 200	2,136 1,924	2,268 2,243	176 188	104 136	348 351	1,088 890
Other reasons 1965 1964	28,246 6,762	179 297	38 19	449 477	300 186	5,790 2,063	19,328 2,197	346 219	134 111	388 416	1,294 777
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during August	2,288	56	15	96	100	916	838	33	18	35	181

TABLE 6. Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - August - 1964	
	thousands	
CANADA	130.2	139.4
Newfoundland	2.8	3.3
Prince Edward Island	0.5	0.6
Nova Scotia	6.0	6.4
New Brunswick	4.3	5.7
Quebec	43.3	44.2
Ontario	49.3	51.6
Manitoba	4.6	5.5
Saskatchewan	2.5	2.6
Alberta	5.2	6.2
British Columbia	11.7	13.5

TABLE 7. Benefit Payments, by Province

Province	1965 - August - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount	Weeks	Amount
	number	dollars	number	dollars
CANADA	546,764	12,790,935	557,793	13,198,559
Newfoundland	11,655	245,966	13,020	283,520
Prince Edward Island	2,210	46,742	2,251	46,952
Nova Scotia	25,221	554,179	25,694	569,608
New Brunswick	18,030	400,702	22,732	497,601
Quebec	181,918	4,221,436	176,645	4,175,753
Ontario	207,056	4,942,360	206,569	4,970,220
Manitoba	19,190	440,812	22,076	507,366
Saskatchewan	10,303	236,123	10,239	231,987
Alberta	21,847	511,724	24,602	611,774
British Columbia	49,334	1,190,891	53,965	1,303,778

TABLE 8. Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province

Province	Complete weeks	Partial weeks	
		Total	Due to excess earnings
	August 1965		
CANADA	503,447	43,317	28,922
Newfoundland	10,535	1,120	925
Prince Edward Island	2,033	177	137
Nova Scotia	22,166	3,055	2,519
New Brunswick	16,150	1,880	1,455
Quebec	168,394	13,524	8,678
Ontario	191,274	15,782	9,327
Manitoba	17,716	1,474	1,078
Saskatchewan	9,576	727	492
Alberta	20,218	1,629	1,193
British Columbia	45,385	3,949	3,118
	August 1964		
CANADA	510,865	46,928	32,024
Newfoundland	11,267	1,753	1,463
Prince Edward Island	2,077	174	135
Nova Scotia	22,618	3,076	2,494
New Brunswick	20,375	2,357	1,801
Quebec	162,980	13,665	8,648
Ontario	190,362	16,207	10,638
Manitoba	20,252	1,824	1,378
Saskatchewan	9,487	752	515
Alberta	22,690	1,912	1,327
British Columbia	48,757	5,208	3,625

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and no disqualification imposed and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the total number of payment documents for the month, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

MONTHLY

Canada. Statistics, Bureau of
(1)

STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
SEPTEMBER 1965



(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

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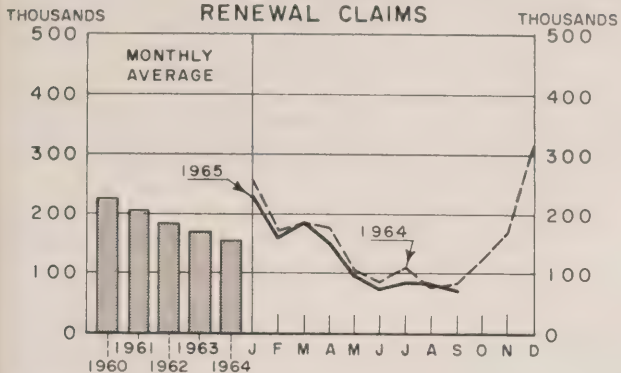
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

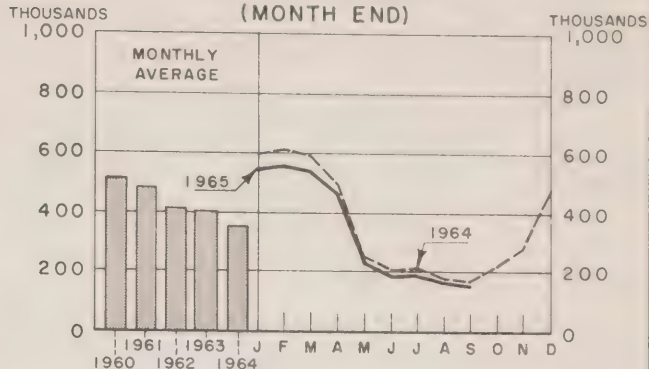
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", DBS Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

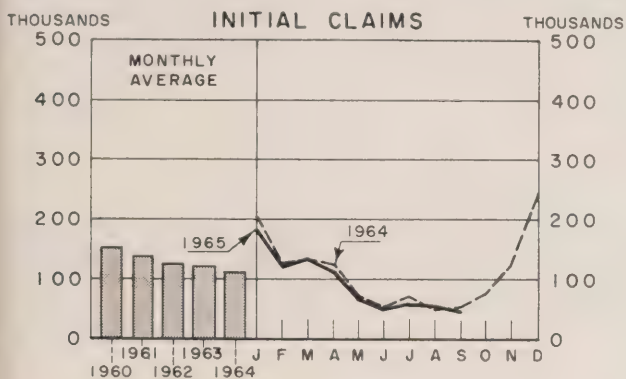
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



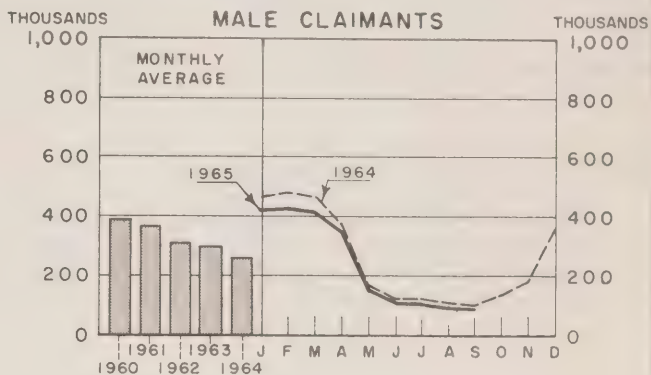
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



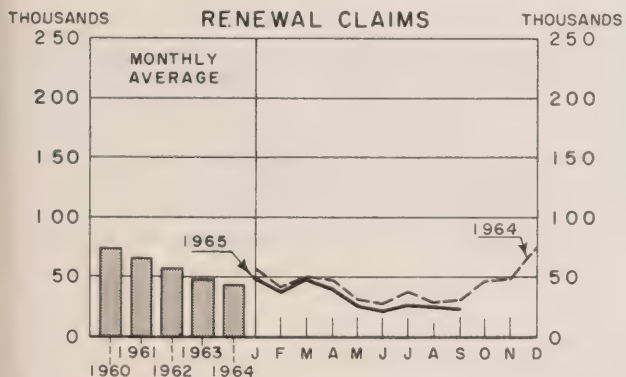
INITIAL CLAIMS



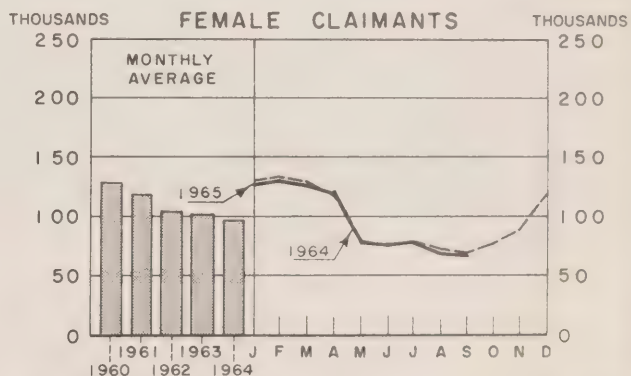
MALE CLAIMANTS



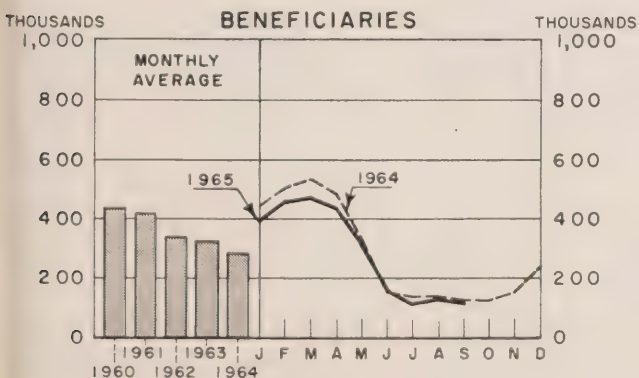
RENEWAL CLAIMS



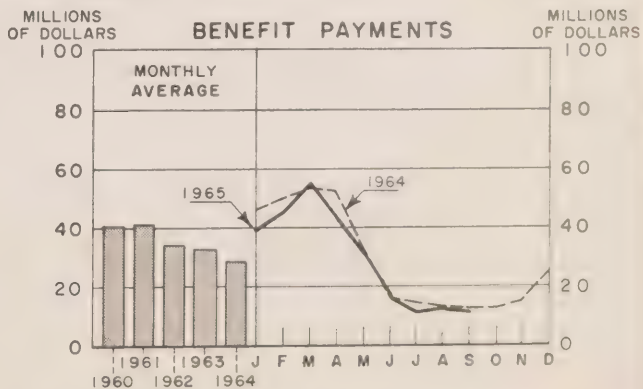
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

SEPTEMBER 1965

Claimants at month-end

Claimants for Unemployment Insurance benefit numbered 157,300 on September 30, a decline of about 10 per cent from both the August 31 total of 172,500 and the 173,600 recorded on September 30, 1964. The decline in both cases was predominantly among men.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 71,800 claims were filed during September, some 12,000 fewer than in August and 14,000 below the total for September 1964. Declines in the September total of claims filed represent a reversal in the usual pattern of an increase in claims for this month. Part of the explanation lies in the level of the August claims which, while slightly lower than July, exceeded the year earlier level. The September decline implies that the circumstances giving rise to some of the August claim volume were of a temporary nature and limited in scope.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 116,300 for September, in comparison with 130,200 in August and 128,200 in September 1964. Benefit payments amounted to \$11.5 million in September, \$12.8 million in August and \$12.8 million in September 1964. The average weekly benefit payment was \$23.55 for September, \$23.39 for August and \$23.75 for September 1964.

Provincial data

A large part of the August to September decline in the month-end claimant count occurred among male claimants in Ontario who numbered about 30,000 on September 30 in comparison with 40,000 on August 31. Information on the industrial composition of the month-end claimant group is not available; however, it is probable that lower totals on September 30 in Ontario reflect, in part, a return to work of employees in the automotive industry. Offsetting the Ontario decline was a significant rise of 1,700 in the number of male claimants in Nova Scotia. This is undoubtedly associated with temporary dislocation of workers in the mining industry, referred to in the August issue in this series. All provinces indicated lower claimant totals from a year ago except Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia.

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	August 31 to September 30, 1965			September 30, 1964 to September 30, 1965			August 31 to September 30, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	- 9	- 12	- 4	- 9	- 14	- 3	- 5	- 6	- 2
Nfld.	+ 1	- 1	+ 4	- 21	- 29	+ 4	+ 4	- 1	+ 21
P.E.I.	- 16	- 29	+ 6	+ 2	- 18	+ 37	- 14	- 21	-
N.S.	+ 22	+ 31	-	+ 9	+ 11	+ 2	- 4	- 4	- 4
N.B.	- 5	- 6	- 4	- 15	- 12	- 20	+ 6	+ 4	+ 8
Que.	- 6	- 7	- 4	- 14	- 17	- 8	- 1	- 2	- 1
Ont.	- 19	- 28	- 6	- 2	- 6	+ 3	- 13	- 17	- 8
Man.	- 11	- 9	- 12	- 14	- 21	- 5	- 8	- 10	- 5
Sask.	+ 3	-	+ 4	- 12	- 26	-	+ 2	+ 3	+ 2
Alta.	+ 3	+ 4	+ 1	- 31	- 42	- 15	+ 8	+ 6	+ 11
B.C.	-	+ 1	- 1	- 8	- 14	+ 1	+ 3	+ 5	-

The sex composition of the claimant group varies significantly by province. Whereas on September 30, at the national level, men accounted for 58 per cent of the total claimants, the proportion was substantially higher than this in the Atlantic region and Quebec, while the reverse obtained in Ontario and the Provinces to the West. In addition there has been a declining trend in these percentages, since 1962, characteristic of all provinces, as indicated below:

Male claimants as a per cent of total, at the end of September, 1962-1965

<u>End of September</u>	<u>Canada</u>	<u>Nfld.</u>	<u>P.E.I.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
	per cent male										
1962	64	83	60	78	75	67	59	59	48	60	63
1963	63	76	59	71	70	67	59	53	45	60	63
1964	60	75	64	73	64	65	55	55	45	58	59
1965	58	68	52	75	66	63	52	50	38	48	55

The lower claim volume in September was completely accounted for by Ontario where the total, at 23,000, constituted a decline of 13,000. The significance of the percentage increases in Newfoundland, New Brunswick and the three Prairie Provinces should be viewed in the light of the relatively small numbers involved. The overall decline in Nova Scotia from August is a combination of a sizeable decrease in initial claims almost completely offset by a substantial rise in renewals. This has been commented on in paragraph 4.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	<u>August to</u> <u>September 1965</u>			<u>September 1964 to</u> <u>September 1965</u>			<u>August to</u> <u>September 1964</u>		
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Renewal</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Renewal</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Renewal</u>
Canada	- 14	- 18	- 7	- 16	- 13	- 22	+ 9	+ 10	+ 6
Nfld.	+ 31	+ 31	+ 29	- 27	- 20	- 42	+ 50	+ 45	+ 60
P.E.I.	- 20	- 28	+ 3	- 25	- 27	- 20	+ 18	+ 38	- 11
N.S.	- 3	- 37	+ 89	+ 42	+ 2	+ 117	+ 16	+ 27	-
N.B.	+ 9	+ 10	+ 7	- 25	- 19	- 36	+ 29	+ 27	+ 33
Que.	-	- 2	+ 3	- 17	- 14	- 22	+ 8	+ 12	+ 2
Ont.	- 37	- 39	- 32	- 21	- 13	- 35	- 6	- 8	- 1
Man.	+ 11	+ 11	+ 13	- 22	- 20	- 29	+ 15	+ 14	+ 17
Sask.	+ 23	+ 19	+ 37	- 22	- 21	- 25	+ 24	+ 32	+ 5
Alta.	+ 40	+ 36	+ 52	- 35	- 31	- 42	+ 45	+ 47	+ 39
B.C.	- 2	+ 9	- 21	- 7	+ 1	- 20	+ 28	+ 33	+ 20

.. Not available.

- Nil.

Summary Table

Activity	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1964	% change from		Cumulative data			
				Aug. 1965	Sept. 1964	January to September		12 months ending September	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	thousands					thousands			
Insured population as at month-end .....	..	4,639	4,437	..	..	..	4,350*	..	4,316*
Initial and renewal claims filed:									
Total	72	84	86	- 14	- 16	1,131	1,254	1,738	1,915
Initial	48	59	55	- 18	- 13	836	899	1,272	1,373
Renewal	24	25	30	- 7	- 22	295	355	465	541
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	157	172	174	- 9	- 9	337*	368*	333*	364*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	116	130	128	- 11	- 9	289*	318*	260*	289*
Weeks compensated	488	547	539	- 11	- 9	10,890	11,885	13,021	14,300
Benefit paid \$	11,501	12,791	12,792	- 10	- 10	268,088	292,404	320,074	351,221
Average weekly benefit \$	23.55	23.39	23.75	+ 1	- 1	24.62	24.60	24.58	24.56

* Monthly average.

TABLE 1. Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act

End of	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - August	4,639,000	4,466,500	172,500
July	4,650,000	4,465,600	184,400
June	4,601,000	4,420,300	180,700
May	4,514,000	4,284,500	229,500
April	4,594,000	4,131,100	462,900
March	4,626,000	4,087,000	539,000
February	4,605,000	4,045,800	559,200
January	4,592,000	4,044,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,582,000	4,103,800	478,200
November	4,491,000	4,216,500	274,500
October	4,432,000	4,217,500	214,500
September	4,437,000	4,263,400	173,600
August	4,463,000	4,281,000	182,000

TABLE 2. Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in Each Province(1)

Province	1965 - September - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
CANADA	71,837	48,294	23,543	85,842	55,467	30,375
Newfoundland	1,362	1,011	351	1,867	1,257	610
Prince Edward Island	199	135	64	265	185	80
Nova Scotia	5,189	2,475	2,714	3,665	2,417	1,248
New Brunswick	2,426	1,682	744	3,238	2,070	1,168
Quebec	23,873	15,342	8,531	28,817	17,896	10,921
Ontario	22,837	16,312	6,525	28,773	18,707	10,066
Manitoba	1,968	1,482	486	2,528	1,848	680
Saskatchewan	1,195	927	268	1,531	1,174	357
Alberta	3,193	2,285	908	4,893	3,322	1,571
British Columbia	9,595	6,643	2,952	10,265	6,591	3,674

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 26,096.

TABLE 3. Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex
(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
	September 30, 1965					September 30, 1964
CANADA	157,323	70,888	39,666	28,099	18,670	173,645
Male	90,556	45,029	21,699	14,307	9,521	104,858
Female	66,767	25,859	17,967	13,792	9,149	68,787
Newfoundland	3,536	1,345	1,028	762	401	4,458
Male	2,394	997	691	471	235	3,356
Female	1,142	348	337	291	166	1,102
Prince Edward Island	590	244	206	84	56	579
Male	305	120	120	30	35	371
Female	285	124	86	54	21	208
Nova Scotia	9,619	4,925	1,781	1,848	1,065	8,835
Male	7,196	4,111	1,202	1,272	611	6,468
Female	2,423	814	579	576	454	2,367
New Brunswick	6,178	2,653	1,481	1,338	706	7,260
Male	4,105	1,828	958	954	365	4,674
Female	2,073	825	523	384	341	2,586
Quebec	48,846	22,615	12,621	8,414	5,196	56,980
Male	30,540	15,954	7,248	4,506	2,832	36,985
Female	18,306	6,661	5,373	3,908	2,364	19,995
Ontario	55,953	23,559	15,483	9,993	6,918	57,185
Male	29,269	13,096	8,321	4,507	3,345	31,238
Female	26,684	10,463	7,162	5,486	3,573	25,947
Manitoba	5,491	2,113	1,266	1,073	1,039	6,394
Male	2,764	1,087	561	601	515	3,519
Female	2,727	1,026	705	472	524	2,875
Saskatchewan	3,148	1,274	754	643	477	3,567
Male	1,202	478	268	228	228	1,620
Female	1,946	796	486	415	249	1,947
Alberta	6,683	3,129	1,431	1,275	848	9,647
Male	3,215	1,618	549	527	521	5,546
Female	3,468	1,511	882	748	327	4,101
British Columbia	17,279	9,031	3,615	2,669	1,964	18,740
Male	9,566	5,740	1,781	1,211	834	11,081
Female	7,713	3,291	1,834	1,458	1,130	7,659

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

TABLE 4. Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by Province(1)

Province	Adjudicated					Pending	
	Total	Entitled to benefit		Not entitled to benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
	September 1965						
CANADA	74,034	27,770	19,110	23,120	4,034	19,257	7,880
Newfoundland	1,192	385	240	494	73	451	134
Prince Edward Island	230	92	54	70	14	53	15
Nova Scotia	5,822	2,253	2,437	958	174	1,146	410
New Brunswick	2,425	846	606	845	128	617	279
Quebec	23,893	8,809	7,007	6,780	1,297	6,434	3,028
Ontario	24,658	9,197	5,117	8,878	1,466	6,746	2,544
Manitoba	2,060	870	391	689	110	401	143
Saskatchewan	1,158	463	202	443	50	306	96
Alberta	2,875	1,098	697	946	134	864	294
British Columbia	9,721	3,757	2,359	3,017	588	2,239	937
	September 1964						
CANADA	83,763	30,249	25,510	23,500	4,504	22,570	10,353
Newfoundland	1,740	574	472	594	100	594	243
Prince Edward Island	246	93	71	68	14	73	26
Nova Scotia	3,618	1,404	1,050	957	207	813	421
New Brunswick	2,924	1,060	921	780	163	898	387
Quebec	28,226	9,992	9,422	7,424	1,388	7,886	3,797
Ontario	28,896	10,692	8,623	8,038	1,543	7,644	3,436
Manitoba	2,679	1,084	569	879	147	500	165
Saskatchewan	1,497	560	332	547	58	392	104
Alberta	4,509	1,676	1,266	1,301	266	1,305	523
British Columbia	9,428	3,114	2,784	2,912	618	2,465	1,251

(1) In addition 28,277 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,425 were special requests not granted and 1,470 were appeals by claimants. There were 5,845 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

TABLE 5. Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in Each Province during September 1965 and 1964 with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement

Chief reasons for non-entitlement	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established 1965(1) 1964	9,874 12,375	235 350	24 38	467 496	467 455	3,442 4,344	2,995 3,954	263 359	184 255	385 579	1,412 1,545
Claimants disqualified 1965 1964	28,892 26,530	537 598	117 109	1,058 1,115	842 899	8,570 8,176	11,620 9,303	962 1,164	562 613	1,251 1,593	3,373 2,960
Not unemployed 1965 1964	755 540	20 17	1 5	25 102	27 13	153 132	447 169	20 20	11 15	20 28	31 39
Not capable of and not available for work 1965 1964	9,043 8,881	183 182	29 28	328 312	315 318	2,434 2,559	3,422 3,196	497 506	284 284	495 551	1,056 945
Loss of work due to a labour dispute 1965 1964	710 244	- 1	- -	11 2	1 -	74 105	589 90	3 26	12 2	- 5	20 13
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work 1965 1964	1,364 1,585	3 9	21 25	54 63	54 81	423 559	525 548	51 51	43 39	55 62	135 148
Discharged for misconduct 1965 1964	1,164 1,296	21 33	1 3	31 47	33 37	485 564	440 418	10 30	8 14	26 47	109 103
Voluntarily left employment without just cause 1965 1964	6,659 6,924	138 130	27 17	312 283	215 205	2,110 2,047	2,109 2,392	190 232	115 131	311 451	1,132 1,036
Other reasons 1965 1964	9,197 7,060	172 226	38 31	297 306	197 245	2,891 2,210	4,088 2,490	191 299	89 128	344 449	890 676
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during September 1965	1,769	48	10	98	117	737	490	30	17	58	164

TABLE 6. Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - September - 1964	
	thousands	
CANADA	116.3	128.2
Newfoundland	2.2	3.0
Prince Edward Island	0.5	0.5
Nova Scotia	5.9	6.6
New Brunswick	4.3	5.4
Quebec	37.2	42.4
Ontario	43.3	44.8
Manitoba	3.9	4.5
Saskatchewan	2.2	2.4
Alberta	4.7	5.9
British Columbia	12.0	12.6

TABLE 7. Benefit Payments, by Province

Province	1965 - September - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount	Weeks	Amount
	number	dollars	number	dollars
CANADA	488,365	11,501,411	538,557	12,791,963
Newfoundland	9,334	204,125	12,626	281,507
Prince Edward Island	2,192	45,121	2,122	44,197
Nova Scotia	24,699	549,187	27,839	634,439
New Brunswick	17,863	391,240	22,632	492,868
Quebec	156,416	3,643,017	178,108	4,280,292
Ontario	181,891	4,401,141	188,300	4,497,126
Manitoba	16,315	374,601	19,041	440,954
Saskatchewan	9,228	202,577	10,129	228,319
Alberta	19,878	464,269	24,684	603,206
British Columbia	50,549	1,226,133	53,076	1,289,055

TABLE 8. Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province

Province	Complete weeks	Partial weeks	
		Total	Due to excess earnings
	September - 1965		
CANADA	446,735	41,630	31,014
Newfoundland	8,408	926	783
Prince Edward Island	1,972	220	176
Nova Scotia	20,534	4,165	3,249
New Brunswick	15,469	2,394	1,895
Quebec	144,212	12,204	8,453
Ontario	167,901	13,990	10,398
Manitoba	14,826	1,489	1,158
Saskatchewan	8,505	723	523
Alberta	18,311	1,567	1,146
British Columbia	46,597	3,952	3,233
	September - 1964		
CANADA	490,785	47,772	34,520
Newfoundland	10,953	1,673	1,401
Prince Edward Island	1,897	225	179
Nova Scotia	24,333	3,506	2,784
New Brunswick	19,873	2,759	2,179
Quebec	163,593	14,515	10,044
Ontario	172,175	16,125	11,249
Manitoba	17,425	1,616	1,215
Saskatchewan	9,504	625	460
Alberta	22,768	1,916	1,445
British Columbia	48,264	4,812	3,564

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and no disqualification imposed and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the total number of payment documents for the month, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

MONTHLY

Canada. Statistics, Bureau of



STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
OCTOBER 1965

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

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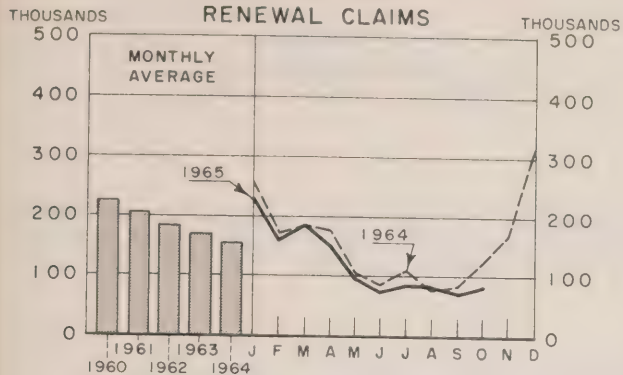
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

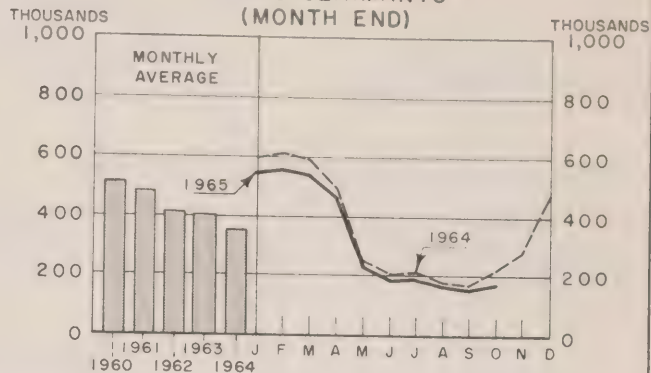
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", DBS Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

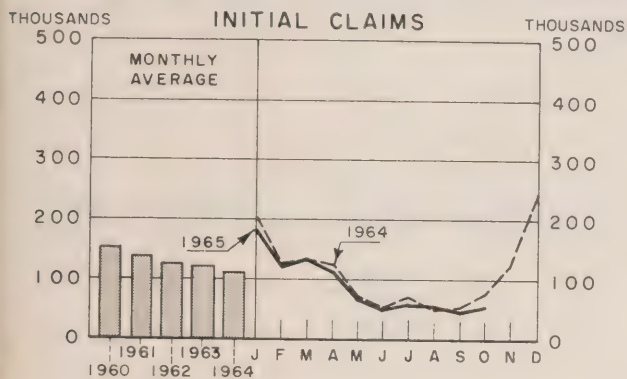
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



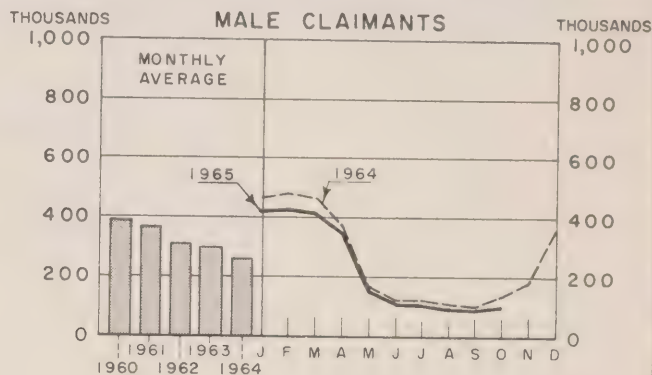
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



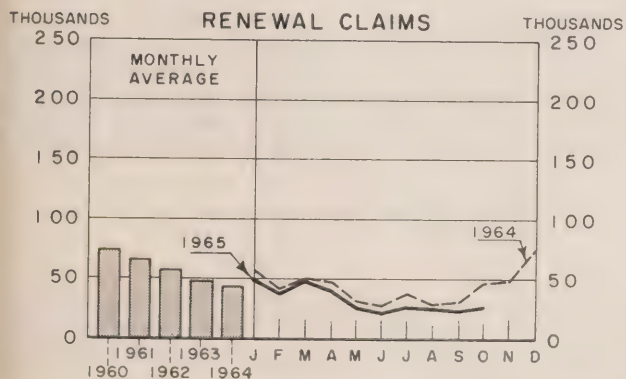
INITIAL CLAIMS



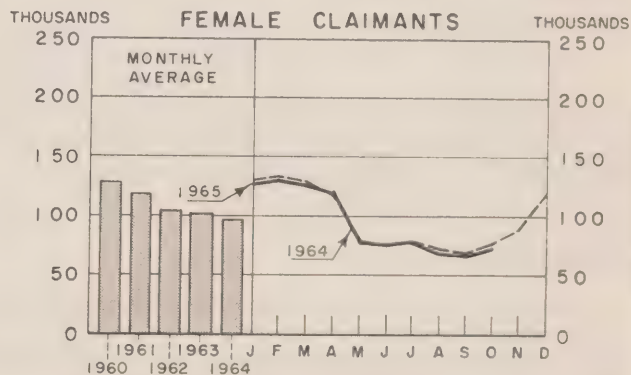
MALE CLAIMANTS



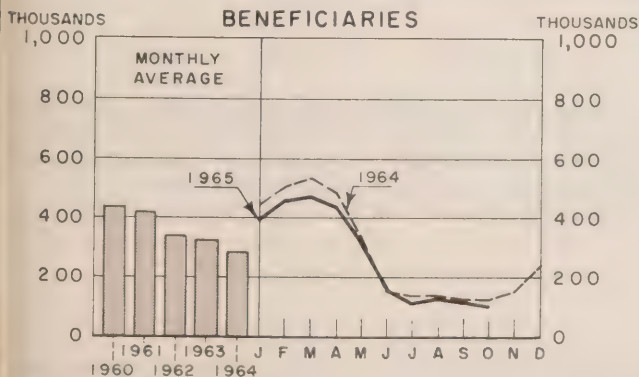
RENEWAL CLAIMS



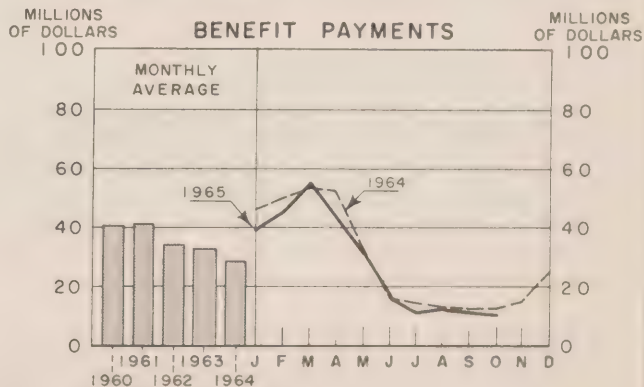
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

OCTOBER 1965

Claimants at month-end: volume and composition

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 170,400 on October 29, 44,000 or 20 per cent fewer than on the same date in 1964. On September 30 the count was 157,300. Ninety per cent of the year-over-year decline occurred among males, whereas the September-to-October increase was shared almost equally by males and females.

Males numbered 98,400 and accounted for 58 per cent of the total claimants reporting on October 29. One year ago, males numbered 138,800 and comprised 65 per cent of the total. This sharp decline in the representation of males, from one year ago, is evident both in the group recently coming on claim as well as others, as the following table will illustrate:

Per cent distribution of claimants

	<u>October 29, 1965</u>			<u>September 30, 1965</u>			<u>October 30, 1964</u>		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total claimants	100	58	42	100	58	42	100	65	35
1-4 weeks on claim	100	64	36	100	64	36	100	72	28
5 weeks or more on claim	100	51	49	100	53	47	100	56	44

The decline in the proportion of male claimants from one year ago represents continuation of a trend in evidence since 1961 when, on October 31, male claimants numbered 185,500, comprising 69 per cent of all claimants. This trend is associated with recent developments which have created a tight labour market for certain occupational skills.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 83,100 claims were filed for unemployment insurance benefit during October, approximately 12,000 or 15 per cent above the September total of 71,800 but almost 40,000 or 30 per cent below that for October 1964. Lower totals for October from one year ago reflect the improved levels of employment prevailing during 1965.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 107,800 for October 1965, 116,300 for September 1965 and 127,300 for October 1964. Benefit payments amounted to \$10 million in October 1965, as against \$11.5 million in September 1965 and \$12.8 million in October 1964. The average weekly benefit payment was \$23.70 for October 1965, \$23.55 for September 1965 and \$24.03 for October 1964. Lower average weekly payments from one year ago are undoubtedly associated with lower proportions of male claimants.

Provincial data

All provinces shared in the September 30 to October 29 increase in claimants reporting except Nova Scotia and Ontario where there were declines. The number of claimants in each province was substantially lower than last year in all provinces, the largest percentage decreases occurring in Ontario (29 per cent), Alberta (28 per cent) and Newfoundland (25 per cent).

Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	September 30 to October 29, 1965			October 30, 1964 to October 29, 1965			September 30 to October 30, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Canada	+ 8	+ 9	+ 8	- 21	- 29	- 5	+ 24	+ 32	+ 10
Nfld.	+ 28	+ 41	+ 2	- 25	- 30	- 8	+ 36	+ 43	+ 15
P.E.I.	+ 6	+ 4	+ 8	- 2	- 20	+ 29	+ 10	+ 7	+ 15
N.S.	- 12	- 19	+ 9	- 14	- 19	-	+ 12	+ 12	+ 11
N.B.	+ 21	+ 15	+ 31	- 12	- 15	- 7	+ 17	+ 19	+ 13
Que.	+ 18	+ 21	+ 13	- 14	- 19	- 5	+ 18	+ 23	+ 9
Ont.	- 3	- 8	+ 3	- 29	- 44	- 4	+ 35	+ 55	+ 10
Man.	+ 6	+ 12	-	- 22	- 30	- 10	+ 16	+ 25	+ 5
Sask.	+ 11	+ 21	+ 5	- 18	- 36	+ 1	+ 20	+ 40	+ 4
Alta.	+ 5	-	+ 9	- 28	- 42	- 10	+ 1	-	+ 3
B.C.	+ 21	+ 29	+ 11	- 11	- 16	- 4	+ 26	+ 33	+ 16

The number and proportion of males on October 29 were lower than for one year ago in all provinces. The following figures indicate that lower proportions of male claimants obtained both for new claimants (i.e., those 1-4 weeks on claim) and others:

	October 29, 1965			October 30, 1964		
	All claimants	1-4 weeks on claim	5 weeks or more	All claimants	1-4 weeks on claim	5 weeks or more
Per cent male						
Canada	58	64	51	65	72	56
Nfld.	74	82	64	79	86	73
P.E.I.	51	55	47	62	74	53
N.S.	69	73	66	73	77	70
N.B.	64	64	63	66	69	62
Que.	64	72	54	68	75	59
Ont.	50	55	45	63	72	51
Man.	53	56	51	59	66	55
Sask.	42	44	39	53	62	44
Alta.	46	48	44	57	61	52
B.C.	59	67	50	62	70	53

Claim volumes were generally higher during October reflecting the seasonal rise usually in evidence for this month. Exceptions were Nova Scotia* where they were down by a third and Alberta where there was virtually no change. Comparison of columns (1) and (7) in the following table illustrates substantial variations in the rate of increase from September to October this year compared with one year ago. Claims increased at a higher rate this year in the Atlantic provinces (excluding Nova Scotia) but elsewhere the reverse was true.

Declines from October 1964 were relatively larger for Ontario and all provinces to the west than for the Atlantic provinces and Quebec.

* The August and September issues in this series contain references to circumstances surrounding higher claim volumes in Nova Scotia.

Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	September to October 1965			October 1964 to October 1965			September to October 1964		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
Canada	+ 16	+ 17	+ 12	- 31	- 25	- 42	+ 41	+ 35	+ 51
Nfld.	+ 74	+ 69	+ 89	- 7	- 7	- 7	+ 37	+ 47	+ 16
P.E.I.	+ 31	+ 47	- 3	- 18	- 7	- 42	+ 20	+ 15	+ 33
N.S.	- 31	- 1	- 59	- 18	- 11	- 30	+ 19	+ 14	+ 28
N.B.	+ 39	+ 33	+ 52	- 17	- 17	- 17	+ 25	+ 30	+ 16
Que.	+ 27	- 26	+ 29	- 18	- 16	- 21	+ 28	+ 29	+ 28
Ont.	+ 8	+ 8	+ 7	- 49	- 37	- 66	+ 68	+ 49	+ 103
Man.	+ 17	+ 14	+ 25	- 37	- 33	- 47	+ 45	+ 37	+ 68
Sask.	+ 16	+ 14	+ 22	- 37	- 37	- 40	+ 44	+ 42	+ 52
Alta.	- 1	+ 4	- 15	- 38	- 35	- 48	+ 4	+ 9	- 6
B.C.	+ 22	+ 19	+ 28	- 12	- 11	- 14	+ 29	+ 35	+ 20

Industrial Classification of Persons Separated from Employment and Filing Initial(1)
Claims for Unemployment Insurance Benefit during September 1965

Initial claims filed by persons separated from employment during September numbered approximately 31,000, a decline of about 15 per cent from the same period last year. Reductions in new cases were fairly widespread throughout the provinces; however, Ontario and Quebec, comprising about two-thirds of the total, accounted for roughly 80 per cent of the decline in new cases recorded.

At the national level, employees from the manufacturing industry formed almost one-third of all cases, while the trade and service industries each accounted for 17 per cent. The bulk of the remainder was concentrated in construction.

In Nova Scotia, although the total number of new cases remained unchanged from September 1964, there was a notable shift between the manufacturing and mining industries. Claims from manufacturing showed a sharp decline whereas the reverse occurred in mining. Increases in claims from the mining industry are associated with reduced employment, partly as a result of an industrial dispute.

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credit are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

Table 1. Percentage distribution of claims(1) by Industry and Province
September 1965 and 1964

<u>Industry Group</u>		<u>Canada</u>	<u>Nfld.</u>	<u>P.E.I.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
Total new cases(000's)	1965	30.8	0.6	(2)	1.7	1.1	10.4	9.8	0.9	0.5	1.4	4.3
	1964	36.0	0.7	(2)	1.7	1.2	12.6	11.7	1.1	0.7	1.9	4.3
Per cent distribution												
Forestry (mainly logging)	1965	3	2		2	15	5	1	1	-	1	2
	1964	2	9		2	11	2	1	1	(3)	1	4
Fishing(4) and trapping	1965	1	2		7	1	(3)	-	(3)	-	(3)	1
	1964	(3)	1		3	(3)	-	-	(3)	-	(3)	2
Mining	1965	3	7		28	2	1	1	3	2	7	2
	1964	2	4		2	2	2	2	1	2	7	1
Manufacturing	1965	31	19		14	22	31	42	31	16	17	22
	1964	35	20		41	38	34	44	28	12	21	28
Construction	1965	13	16		8	14	19	9	5	8	11	10
	1964	13	16		12	8	16	11	11	14	9	10
Transportation, communication and other utilities	1965	7	17		12	13	6	4	9	9	6	8
	1964	6	11		12	8	5	4	5	6	9	12
Trade	1965	17	22		13	15	15	18	21	24	22	14
	1964	17	21		12	15	18	15	22	26	20	15
Service	1965	17	8		8	12	13	16	20	24	23	32
	1964	16	9		8	10	15	15	19	24	23	20
Public administration and defence	1965	5	6		4	4	5	4	5	9	8	5
	1964	4	7		4	4	4	3	8	9	6	5
Other	1965	5	2		3	4	5	5	6	9	6	5
	1964	4	2		5	3	4	4	6	7	5	5
All cases	1965	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1964	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Initial claims taken on behalf of persons exhausting benefit and seeking re-establishment of credits are excluded. Excluded also are persons separating from employment and filing renewal claims.

(2) Less than 500.

(3) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

(4) Persons whose reported occupation under covered employment was "fisherman" were coded to the fishing industry even though the nature of business of the most recent employer was other than fishing. This differs from the general coding practice of assigning a single code on the basis of the principal activity of the employer. However, fishermen report themselves usually as self-employed.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of claims, by industry, quarterly intervals

	1965			1964	
	September	June	March	December	September
Total new cases (000's)	30.8	32.8	72.4	166.7	36.0
Per cent distribution					
Forestry (mainly logging)	3	1	17	7	2
Fishing and trapping	1	(1)	1	5	(1)
Mining	3	1	1	1	2
Manufacturing	31	38	26	27	35
Construction	13	13	19	26	13
Transportation, communication and other utilities	7	6	6	10	6
Trade	17	17	11	10	17
Service	17	17	10	7	16
Public administration and defence	5	4	7	6	4
Other	5	4	2	2	4
All cases	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Less than 1/2 of 1 per cent.

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary Table

Activity	Oct. 1965	Sept. 1965	Oct. 1964	% change from		Cumulative data			
				Sept. 1965	Oct. 1964	January to October		12 months ending October	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	thousands					thousands			
Insured population as at month-end .....	..	4,531	4,432	..	..	..	4,358*	..	4,342*
Initial and renewal claims filed:									
Total	83	72	121	+ 16	- 31	1,214	1,375	1,700	1,909
Initial	57	48	75	+ 17	- 25	893	974	1,254	1,369
Renewal	26	24	46	+ 12	- 42	322	400	446	541
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	170	157	215	+ 8	- 21	320*	353*	330*	364*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	108	116	127	- 7	- 15	271*	299*	258*	287*
Weeks compensated	431	488	534	- 12	- 19	11,321	12,420	12,918	14,240
Benefit paid \$	10,223	11,501	12,841	- 11	- 20	278,311	305,245	317,456	350,073
Average weekly benefit \$	23.70	23.55	24.03	+ 1	- 1	24.58	24.58	24.57	24.58

* Monthly average.

TABLE 1. Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act

End of	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - September	4,531,000	4,373,700	157,300
August	4,696,000	4,523,500	172,500
July	4,650,000	4,465,600	184,400
June	4,601,000	4,420,300	180,700
May	4,514,000	4,284,500	229,500
April	4,594,000	4,131,100	462,900
March	4,626,000	4,087,000	539,000
February	4,605,000	4,045,800	559,200
January	4,592,000	4,044,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,582,000	4,103,800	478,200
November	4,491,000	4,216,500	274,500
October	4,432,000	4,217,500	214,500
September	4,437,000	4,263,400	173,600

TABLE 2. Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in Each Province(1)

Province	1965 - October - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
CANADA	83,126	56,692	26,434	120,886	75,121	45,765
Newfoundland	2,375	1,713	662	2,560	1,851	709
Prince Edward Island	260	198	62	318	212	106
Nova Scotia	3,571	2,461	1,110	4,363	2,767	1,596
New Brunswick	3,369	2,236	1,133	4,057	2,698	1,359
Quebec	30,415	19,398	11,017	37,008	23,028	13,980
Ontario	24,599	17,641	6,958	48,316	27,880	20,436
Manitoba	2,300	1,692	608	3,667	2,528	1,139
Saskatchewan	1,381	1,055	326	2,208	1,664	544
Alberta	3,148	2,376	772	5,112	3,628	1,484
British Columbia	11,708	7,922	3,786	13,277	8,865	4,412

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 24,983.

TABLE 3. Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex
(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
		October 29, 1965				October 30, 1964
CANADA	170,408	85,644	39,290	26,967	18,507	214,544
Male	98,384	55,146	21,101	12,525	9,612	138,803
Female	72,024	30,498	18,189	14,442	8,895	75,741
Newfoundland	4,533	2,544	954	645	390	6,074
Male	3,366	2,094	663	379	230	4,812
Female	1,167	450	291	266	160	1,262
Prince Edward Island	627	322	170	77	58	637
Male	318	176	73	35	34	397
Female	309	146	97	42	24	240
Nova Scotia	8,475	3,741	1,878	1,724	1,132	9,858
Male	5,841	2,729	1,216	1,173	723	7,224
Female	2,634	1,012	662	551	409	2,634
New Brunswick	7,449	3,979	1,493	1,046	931	8,465
Male	4,735	2,551	928	633	623	5,549
Female	2,714	1,428	565	413	308	2,916
Quebec	57,705	31,089	13,161	8,273	5,182	67,335
Male	36,963	22,487	7,758	3,898	2,820	45,463
Female	20,742	8,602	5,403	4,375	2,362	21,872
Ontario	54,441	25,207	12,978	9,580	6,676	77,136
Male	27,059	13,780	6,191	3,931	3,157	48,475
Female	27,382	11,427	6,787	5,649	3,519	28,661
Manitoba	5,813	2,559	1,448	923	883	7,445
Male	3,099	1,433	685	467	514	4,414
Female	2,714	1,126	763	456	369	3,031
Saskatchewan	3,489	1,503	915	679	392	4,280
Male	1,450	667	354	261	168	2,260
Female	2,039	836	561	418	224	2,020
Alberta	7,015	3,329	1,680	1,195	811	9,746
Male	3,218	1,612	716	426	464	5,526
Female	3,797	1,717	964	769	347	4,220
British Columbia	20,861	11,371	4,613	2,825	2,052	23,568
Male	12,335	7,617	2,517	1,322	879	14,683
Female	8,526	3,754	2,096	1,503	1,173	8,885

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

TABLE 4. Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending
at the End of the Month, by Province(1)

Province	Adjudicated					Pending	
	Total	Entitled to benefit		Not entitled to benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
	October 1965						
CANADA	79,874	29,822	21,621	24,048	4,383	22,079	8,310
Newfoundland	2,075	761	502	716	96	687	198
Prince Edward Island	244	115	48	74	7	62	22
Nova Scotia	4,062	1,799	1,017	1,055	191	753	312
New Brunswick	2,950	1,107	899	827	117	919	396
Quebec	28,372	10,207	9,016	7,495	1,654	8,130	3,375
Ontario	24,788	9,309	5,897	8,177	1,405	6,901	2,200
Manitoba	2,094	815	506	697	76	581	169
Saskatchewan	1,365	551	253	497	64	313	105
Alberta	3,201	1,272	647	1,130	152	838	267
British Columbia	10,723	3,886	2,836	3,380	621	2,895	1,266
	October 1964						
CANADA	112,226	38,549	37,894	29,831	5,952	29,311	12,272
Newfoundland	2,176	808	562	707	99	930	291
Prince Edward Island	291	113	82	79	17	93	33
Nova Scotia	4,262	1,577	1,375	1,095	215	908	427
New Brunswick	3,773	1,446	1,075	1,072	180	1,078	491
Quebec	34,513	12,191	11,640	9,000	1,682	9,723	4,455
Ontario	45,569	14,389	17,464	11,119	2,597	10,016	3,811
Manitoba	2,918	1,196	687	908	127	924	490
Saskatchewan	1,933	779	381	703	70	574	197
Alberta	4,823	1,813	1,132	1,617	261	1,503	614
British Columbia	11,968	4,237	3,496	3,531	704	3,562	1,463

(1) In addition 24,664 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,271 were special requests not granted and 1,324 were appeals by claimants. There were 6,164 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

TABLE 5. Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in Each Province during October 1965 and 1964
with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement

Chief reasons for non-entitlement	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established 1965(1) 1964	12,751 16,735	449 451	43 36	608 670	526 735	4,347 5,773	3,876 5,214	320 493	249 371	503 833	1,830 2,159
Claimants disqualified 1965 1964	24,789 28,892	591 555	95 121	977 1,014	695 828	7,813 8,347	9,126 11,776	824 905	507 677	1,181 1,635	2,980 3,034
Not unemployed 1965 1964	440 516	17 12	2 2	22 25	22 23	131 139	156 175	22 36	13 36	19 30	36 38
Not capable of and not available for work 1965 1964	8,012 8,206	201 195	32 33	282 257	237 262	2,160 2,350	3,156 3,014	391 381	249 295	466 562	838 857
Loss of work due to a labour dispute 1965 1964	463 108	- -	- -	11 1	8 -	82 32	350 69	- -	3 -	1 -	8 6
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work 1965 1964	1,150 1,397	9 14	25 27	71 51	44 50	317 443	430 538	38 41	31 43	64 89	121 101
Discharged for misconduct 1965 1964	1,027 1,280	27 21	3 3	33 46	35 54	458 545	297 395	11 28	9 13	43 54	111 121
Voluntarily left employment without just cause 1965 1964	6,523 7,080	141 135	13 23	289 285	197 211	2,051 2,139	2,129 2,397	175 196	108 141	343 478	1,077 1,075
Other reasons 1965 1964	7,174 10,305	196 178	20 33	269 349	152 228	2,614 2,699	2,608 5,188	187 223	94 149	245 422	789 836
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during October 1965	1,647	65	2	91	103	618	471	38	19	67	173

TABLE 6. Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - October - 1964	
	thousands	
CANADA	107.8	127.3
Newfoundland	2.8	3.3
Prince Edward Island	0.5	0.4
Nova Scotia	5.6	6.3
New Brunswick	4.0	4.9
Quebec	35.6	41.0
Ontario	36.2	44.8
Manitoba	3.7	4.4
Saskatchewan	2.2	2.5
Alberta	4.5	6.2
British Columbia	12.8	13.5

TABLE 7. Benefit Payments, by Province

Province	1965 - October - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount	Weeks	Amount
	number	dollars	number	dollars
CANADA	431,282	10,223,036	534,485	12,841,420
Newfoundland	11,172	245,579	13,752	302,347
Prince Edward Island	1,803	37,675	1,676	34,743
Nova Scotia	22,486	516,265	26,417	601,656
New Brunswick	16,044	358,201	20,608	443,513
Quebec	142,252	3,330,058	172,098	4,136,281
Ontario	144,970	3,493,038	188,091	4,631,096
Manitoba	14,735	350,781	18,481	434,562
Saskatchewan	8,821	195,899	10,637	239,766
Alberta	17,804	421,453	26,169	637,037
British Columbia	51,195	1,274,087	56,556	1,380,419

TABLE 8. Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province

Province	Complete weeks	Partial weeks	
		Total	Due to excess earnings
	October 1965		
CANADA	395,052	36,230	26,929
Newfoundland	9,889	1,283	1,002
Prince Edward Island	1,648	155	125
Nova Scotia	18,934	3,552	2,673
New Brunswick	13,811	2,233	1,792
Quebec	130,665	11,587	8,144
Ontario	134,798	10,172	7,310
Manitoba	13,452	1,283	985
Saskatchewan	8,174	647	497
Alberta	16,320	1,484	1,091
British Columbia	47,361	3,834	3,310
	October 1964		
CANADA	479,732	54,753	41,699
Newfoundland	11,758	1,994	1,638
Prince Edward Island	1,521	155	122
Nova Scotia	22,653	3,764	3,060
New Brunswick	17,815	2,793	2,182
Quebec	156,921	15,177	10,705
Ontario	166,849	21,242	16,804
Manitoba	16,938	1,543	1,179
Saskatchewan	9,774	863	633
Alberta	24,008	2,161	1,629
British Columbia	51,495	5,061	3,747

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and no disqualification imposed and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the total number of payment documents for the month, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

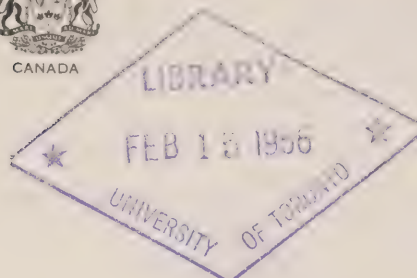
Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

CATALOGUE No.

73-001

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STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
NOVEMBER 1965

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

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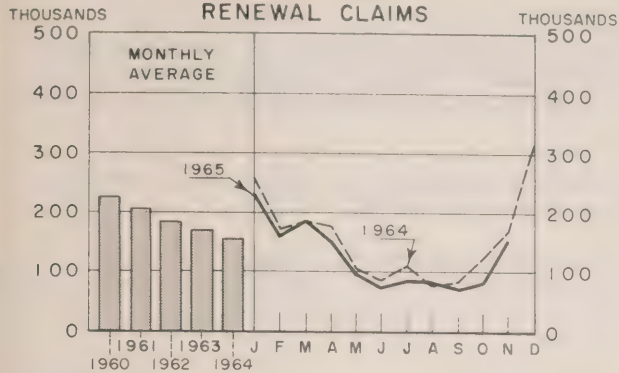
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

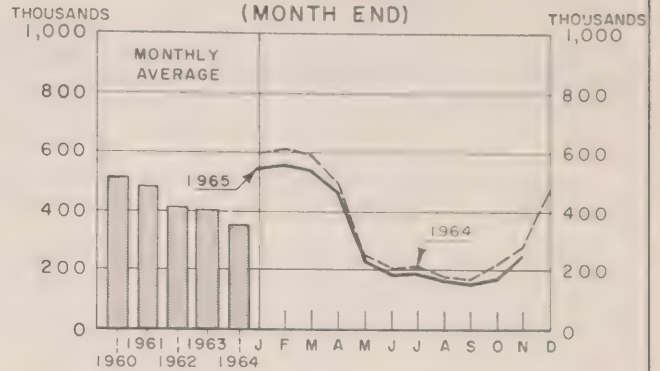
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", DBS Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

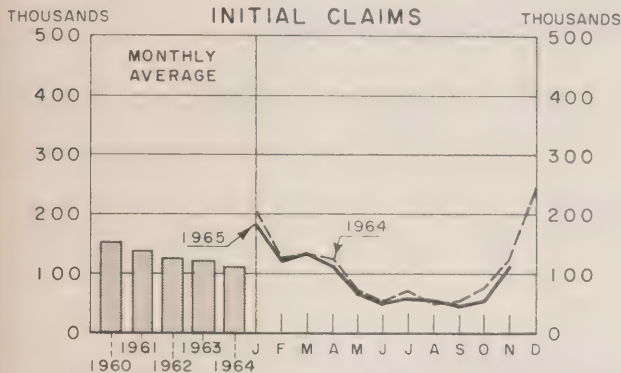
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



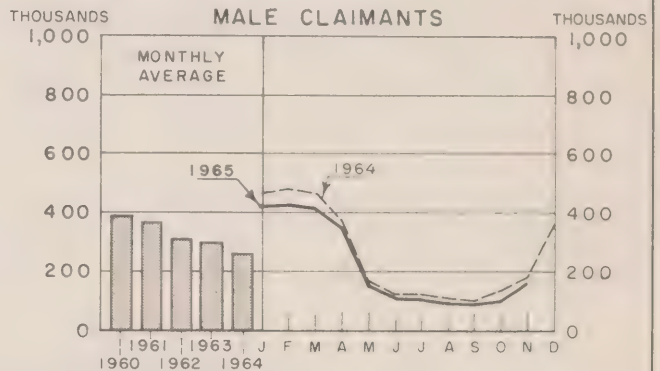
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



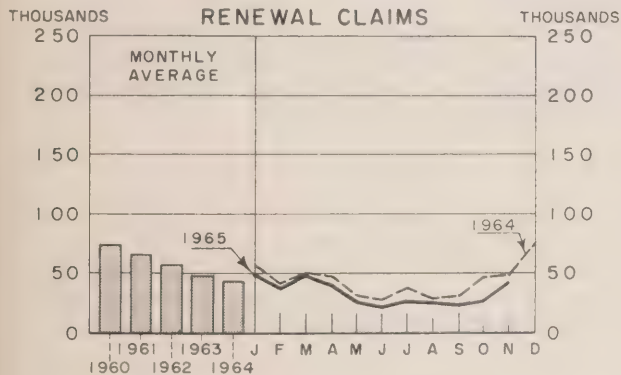
INITIAL CLAIMS



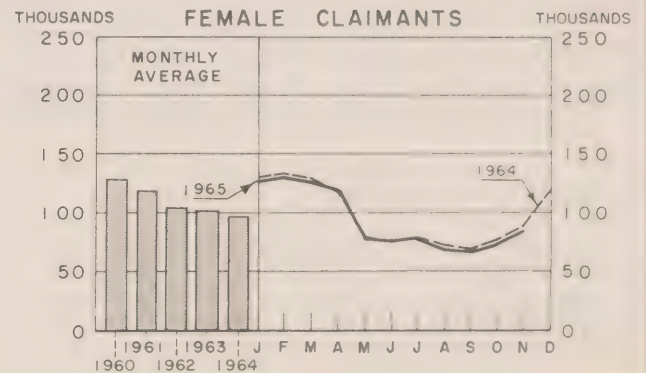
MALE CLAIMANTS



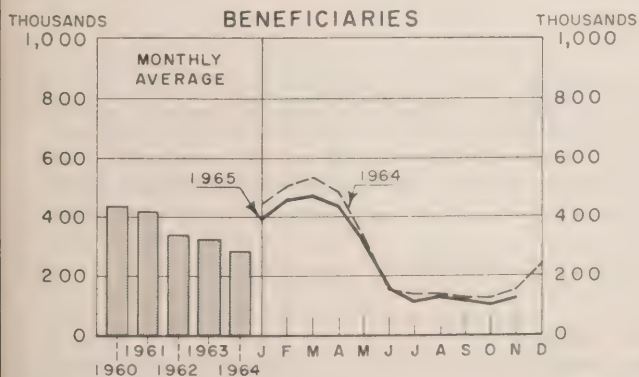
RENEWAL CLAIMS



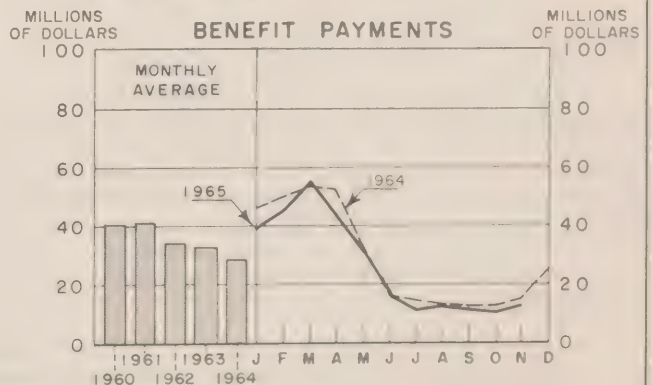
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

NOVEMBER 1965

Claimants at month-end

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 244,600 on November 30, approximately 75,000 more than the 170,400 recorded on October 29. On November 30, 1964, the count was 274,500. More than 80 per cent of the October 29 to November 30 increment was accounted for by men. Despite this, the decline from one year earlier was predominantly male.

The end of November count includes some 4,000 claimants identified as having qualified for seasonal benefit. On November 30, 1964, this total was approximately 3,000.

Males, as a percentage of all claimants, increased significantly from October 29 when it was 58 per cent to 66 per cent on November 30, reflecting the usually heavy male content of the November claims. However, their proportion declined, in comparison with the same date in 1964, continuing a trend in evidence since 1960, as the following table illustrates:

TABLE I. Sex composition of month-end claimants, November

	<u>1965</u>		<u>1964</u>		<u>1963</u>		<u>1962</u>		<u>1961</u>		<u>1960</u>	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
	per cent											
Total claims	66	34	68	32	72	28	74	26	74	26	75	25
1-4 weeks on claim	74	26	76	24	79	21	79	21	80	20	81	19
5 or more weeks on claim	53	47	58	42	61	39	65	35	65	35	67	33

Examination of the data, separately for new cases (those 1-4 weeks on claim at the month-end) and others, indicate similar trends, though the decline is relatively greater for those on claim 5 weeks or more. Whereas men accounted for two-thirds of the latter group on November 30, 1960, the proportion was only slightly more than half on November 30, 1965. These phenomena are undoubtedly associated with the somewhat tight labour situation characteristic of certain areas and in certain trades at the present time. Within that 5-year interval, labour force participation rates for men (mainly those under 25) have declined whereas the reverse has occurred for women.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 151,500 initial and renewal claims for benefit were received in local offices across Canada during November, an increase of more than 80 per cent over the October volume of 83,100. For November 1964 the claim load was 169,000. In assessing the increase in claims filed as between October and November 1965 it should be noted that the October 1965 claim volume was only 83,000 compared with 121,000 in October 1964.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 126,300 for November 1965, 107,800 for October 1965 and 150,500 for November 1964. Benefit payments at \$12.6 million were 14 per cent lower than one year ago (\$14.6 million) but were up 23 per cent from the \$10.2 million paid out in October 1965. The average weekly payment was \$23.77 for November 1965, \$23.70 for October 1965 and \$24.33 for November 1964. Lower average weekly payments from one year ago undoubtedly reflect lower proportions of male claimants.

Provincial data

All provinces shared in the October to November increase in the claimant count. The three provinces with the lowest percentage increases, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia, accounted for almost two-thirds of the seasonal rise. In comparison with one year ago, the claimant count was lower this year in all provinces except Prince Edward Island where a slight decline in the number of males was more than offset by an increase in the number of women claimants.

TABLE II. Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	October 29 to November 30, 1965			November 30, 1964, to November 30, 1965			October 30 to November 30, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
CANADA	+ 44	+ 63	+ 17	- 11	- 14	- 4	+ 28	+ 35	+ 16
Nfld.	+ 115	+ 147	+ 25	- 5	- 6	+ 3	+ 69	+ 84	+ 12
P.E.I.	+ 220(1)	+ 336(1)	+ 100(1)	+ 2	- 3	+ 14	+ 208(1)	+ 259(1)	+ 125(1)
N.S.	+ 50	+ 62	+ 23	- 6	- 11	+ 12	+ 37	+ 46	+ 10
N.B.	+ 67	+ 82	+ 41	- 7	- 8	- 2	+ 58	+ 70	+ 34
Que.	+ 42	+ 53	+ 23	- 6	- 10	+ 1	+ 30	+ 38	+ 15
Ont.	+ 26	+ 40	+ 12	- 16	- 23	- 6	+ 6	+ 1	+ 13
Man.	+ 47	+ 85	+ 3	- 25	- 22	- 28	+ 52	+ 67	+ 29
Sask.	+ 92	+ 202	+ 13	- 20	- 25	- 9	+ 96	+ 159	+ 25
Alta.	+ 73	+ 147	+ 10	- 19	- 24	- 7	+ 53	+ 89	+ 6
B.C.	+ 42	+ 62	+ 13	- 6	- 6	- 6	+ 34	+ 44	+ 16

(1) Numbers involved are relatively small.

The trend to declining proportions of male claimants stands out more sharply in certain areas than others.

TABLE III. Percent male claimants
End of November

	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
1965 ...	66	85	69	75	69	69	55	67	66	66	67
1960 ...	75	91	78	85	80	72	71	78	78	77	78

Compared with 1960, the widest gap occurred in Ontario, where the decline was 16 percentage points. Differences in the percentages reflect variations in the demand for labour as between the provinces.

The November claim volume was significantly higher in all provinces. The three provinces of Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia, accounting for 70 per cent of the national claim load, reported percentage increases considerably lower than elsewhere, and thus accounted for only 60 per cent of the October-to-November increase. Only Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island reported heavier claim loads than November 1964.

Comparison of columns (1) and (7) in Table IV indicates that increases for the month of November are relatively heavier this year in all provinces. For example, the monthly claim load for Ontario in November constituted about a 60 per cent rise over October (column 1), whereas one year ago, there was virtually no change (column 7). This variation is largely associated with the lower level of claims in October 1965 where the total of claims filed, at 25,000 was only half that for one year ago(1), and constituted a larger decline than elsewhere.

(1) An automotive workers' strike in the United States affecting plants manufacturing automobiles and parts in Canada gave rise to a significant volume of claims in Ontario, October 1964.

TABLE IV. Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	October to November 1965			November 1964 to November 1965			October to November 1964		
	Total (1)	Initial (2)	Renewal (3)	Total (4)	Initial (5)	Renewal (6)	Total (7)	Initial (8)	Renewal (9)
CANADA	+ 82	+ 95	+ 54	- 10	- 7	- 18	+ 40	+ 59	+ 8
Nfld.	+ 203	+ 258	+ 59	+ 5	+ 9	- 14	+ 168	+ 205	+ 71
P.E.I.	+ 529(1)	+ 613(1)	+ 261(1)	+ 6	+ 9	- 13	+ 387(1)	+ 510(1)	+ 142
N.S.	+ 102	+ 119	+ 65	- 5	- 5	- 7	+ 75	+ 105	+ 23
N.B.	+ 135	+ 175	+ 54	-	-	+ 1	+ 94	+ 128	+ 27
Que.	+ 63	+ 78	+ 38	- 8	- 6	- 10	+ 45	+ 60	+ 21
Ont.	+ 59	+ 63	+ 50	- 20	- 13	- 33	+ 1	+ 19	- 23
Man.	+ 190	+ 196	+ 172	- 14	- 12	- 17	+ 110	+ 126	+ 76
Sask.	+ 250	+ 254	+ 235	- 15	- 13	- 20	+ 156	+ 158	+ 151
Alta.	+ 171	+ 168	+ 183	- 15	- 12	- 23	+ 96	+ 98	+ 92
B.C.	+ 60	+ 68	+ 41	- 2	- 2	- 2	+ 44	+ 53	+ 24

(1) Numbers involved are relatively small.

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary Table

Activity	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Nov. 1964	% change from		Cumulative data			
				Oct. 1965	Nov. 1964	January to November		12 months ending November	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
	thousands					thousands			
Insured population as at month-end .....	..	4,703	4,491	..	..	..	4,370*	..	4,367*
Initial and renewal claims filed:									
Total	152	83	169	+ 82	- 10	1,366	1,544	1,682	1,889
Initial	111	57	120	+ 95	- 8	1,003	1,094	1,245	1,356
Renewal	41	26	49	+ 54	- 18	363	450	437	533
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	245	170	275	+ 44	- 11	313*	346*	327*	361*
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	126	108	151	+ 17	- 16	258*	286*	256*	286*
Weeks compensated	531	431	602	+ 23	- 12	11,852	13,022	12,847	14,197
Benefit paid \$	12,615	10,223	14,647	+ 23	- 14	290,926	319,892	315,424	349,253
Average weekly benefit \$	23.77	23.70	24.33	-	- 2	24.55	24.57	24.55	24.60

* Monthly average.

TABLE 1. Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act

End of	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - October	4,703,000	4,532,600	170,400
September	4,678,000	4,520,700	157,300
August	4,696,000	4,523,500	172,500
July	4,650,000	4,465,600	184,400
June	4,601,000	4,420,300	180,700
May	4,514,000	4,284,500	229,500
April	4,594,000	4,131,100	462,900
March	4,626,000	4,087,000	539,000
February	4,605,000	4,045,800	559,200
January	4,592,000	4,044,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,582,000	4,103,800	478,200
November	4,491,000	4,216,500	274,500
October	4,432,000	4,217,500	214,500

TABLE 2. Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in Each Province(1)

Province	1965 - November - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
CANADA	151,540	110,792	40,748	168,958	119,545	49,413
Newfoundland	7,186	6,136	1,050	6,854	5,640	1,214
Prince Edward Island	1,636	1,412	224	1,550	1,293	257
Nova Scotia	7,218	5,384	1,834	7,635	5,670	1,965
New Brunswick	7,905	6,155	1,750	7,888	6,160	1,728
Quebec	49,673	34,522	15,151	53,734	36,876	16,858
Ontario	39,208	28,742	10,466	48,823	33,123	15,700
Manitoba	6,662	5,008	1,654	7,704	5,701	2,003
Saskatchewan	4,827	3,736	1,091	5,659	4,294	1,365
Alberta	8,544	6,356	2,188	10,043	7,191	2,852
British Columbia	18,681	13,341	5,340	19,068	13,597	5,471

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 29,143.

TABLE 3. Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex
(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
	November 30, 1965					November 30, 1964
CANADA	244,617	149,112	49,416	27,356	18,733	274,532
Male	160,353	109,698	27,945	12,820	9,890	186,853
Female	84,264	39,414	21,471	14,536	8,843	87,679
Newfoundland	9,757	6,960	1,590	781	426	10,253
Male	8,300	6,351	1,209	468	272	8,835
Female	1,457	609	381	313	154	1,418
Prince Edward Island	2,004	1,659	196	110	39	1,965
Male	1,386	1,176	135	50	25	1,425
Female	618	483	61	60	14	540
Nova Scotia	12,698	7,059	2,654	1,618	1,367	13,465
Male	9,460	5,619	1,870	1,065	906	10,570
Female	3,238	1,440	784	553	461	2,895
New Brunswick	12,458	7,997	2,440	1,033	988	13,342
Male	8,635	5,944	1,364	651	676	9,425
Female	3,823	2,053	1,076	382	312	3,917
Quebec	82,095	51,218	17,064	8,733	5,080	87,782
Male	56,605	39,128	10,588	4,159	2,730	62,590
Female	25,490	12,090	6,476	4,574	2,350	25,192
Ontario	68,630	37,999	14,316	9,715	6,600	81,586
Male	37,960	24,041	6,740	4,095	3,084	49,123
Female	30,670	13,958	7,576	5,620	3,516	32,463
Manitoba	8,530	5,291	1,491	886	862	11,301
Male	5,730	3,918	829	419	564	7,388
Female	2,800	1,373	662	467	298	3,913
Saskatchewan	6,686	4,506	1,200	612	368	8,383
Male	4,377	3,504	508	205	160	5,852
Female	2,309	1,002	692	407	208	2,531
Alberta	12,132	8,276	2,059	1,102	695	14,921
Male	7,941	6,186	945	391	419	10,436
Female	4,191	2,090	1,114	711	276	4,485
British Columbia	29,627	18,147	6,406	2,766	2,308	31,534
Male	19,959	13,831	3,757	1,317	1,054	21,209
Female	9,668	4,316	2,649	1,449	1,254	10,325

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

TABLE 4. Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending at the End of the Month, by Province(1)

Province	Adjudicated					Pending	
	Total	Entitled to benefit		Not entitled to benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
	November 1965						
CANADA	116,672	51,982	30,718	29,142	4,830	51,747	13,510
Newfoundland	4,602	2,818	781	915	88	3,090	379
Prince Edward Island	964	619	164	164	17	691	65
Nova Scotia	5,387	2,525	1,406	1,256	200	2,356	540
New Brunswick	5,616	2,862	1,403	1,205	146	3,007	597
Quebec	39,748	16,915	12,026	9,073	1,734	16,664	4,766
Ontario	31,909	14,001	7,782	8,713	1,413	12,929	3,471
Manitoba	4,690	2,181	1,077	1,273	159	2,135	587
Saskatchewan	2,760	1,351	558	777	74	1,921	564
Alberta	5,946	2,717	1,435	1,585	209	2,892	811
British Columbia	15,050	5,993	4,086	4,181	790	6,062	1,730
	November 1964						
CANADA	133,306	57,445	39,108	31,694	5,059	59,717	17,518
Newfoundland	4,413	2,394	907	984	128	3,192	470
Prince Edward Island	767	424	188	138	17	824	85
Nova Scotia	5,656	2,563	1,579	1,324	190	2,691	623
New Brunswick	5,733	2,822	1,420	1,320	171	3,096	628
Quebec	42,671	17,866	13,808	9,471	1,526	19,262	5,979
Ontario	41,640	17,680	12,663	9,588	1,709	15,871	5,139
Manitoba	5,893	2,755	1,465	1,479	194	2,391	834
Saskatchewan	3,367	1,579	787	896	105	2,393	670
Alberta	7,662	3,341	2,075	1,988	258	3,365	1,133
British Columbia	15,504	6,021	4,216	4,506	761	6,632	1,957

(1) In addition 28,226 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 2,883 were special requests not granted and 1,709 were appeals by claimants. There were 7,081 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

TABLE 5. Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in Each Province during November 1965 and 1964
with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement

Chief reasons for non-entitlement	Canada	Nfld.	P. E. I.	N. S.	N. B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B. C.
Benefit period not established	1965(1) 1964	572 695	112 92	772 907	877 970	5,658 6,346	4,518 5,636	725 944	463 570	939 1,188	2,480 3,006
Claimants disqualified	1965 1964	637 939	130 100	1,030 980	778 810	8,209 7,693	8,889 8,924	1,086 1,124	604 647	1,331 1,613	3,412 3,211
Not unemployed	1965 1964	19 22	5 6	31 43	29 32	190 162	141 187	53 55	40 38	42 55	61 66
Not capable of and not available for work	1965 1964	163 155	39 31	298 247	249 247	2,050 1,949	2,955 2,950	443 438	278 258	482 535	880 845
Loss of work due to a labour dispute	1965 1964	1 342	1 -	4 -	5 -	175 76	118 43	43 -	4 -	2 -	27 9
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work	1965 1964	8 11	17 7	73 53	44 36	328 413	392 477	37 46	19 35	60 67	96 89
Discharged for misconduct	1965 1964	33 11	3 7	56 43	30 36	460 552	373 397	24 31	16 23	39 49	149 160
Voluntarily left employment without just cause	1965 1964	220 179	27 27	338 259	225 247	2,116 2,102	2,179 2,231	263 276	152 168	408 506	1,255 1,165
Other reasons	1965 1964	193 219	38 22	230 335	196 212	2,890 2,439	2,731 2,639	223 278	95 125	298 401	944 877
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during November	1965	117	13	117	170	1,106	682	98	52	106	337

TABLE 6. Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - November - 1964	
	thousands	
CANADA	126.3	150.5
Newfoundland	3.8	3.8
Prince Edward Island	0.5	0.6
Nova Scotia	6.4	7.3
New Brunswick	5.8	6.4
Quebec	42.1	49.7
Ontario	41.3	51.2
Manitoba	4.6	5.3
Saskatchewan	2.7	3.2
Alberta	5.2	6.9
British Columbia	14.0	16.2

TABLE 7. Benefit Payments, by Province

Province	1965 - November - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount	Weeks	Amount
	number	dollars	number	dollars
CANADA	530,607	12,614,802	602,005	14,646,798
Newfoundland	15,813	366,204	15,352	354,724
Prince Edward Island	2,247	48,520	2,202	46,826
Nova Scotia	26,776	594,041	29,233	658,116
New Brunswick	24,560	540,739	25,470	560,184
Quebec	176,695	4,150,375	198,611	4,824,076
Ontario	173,436	4,196,258	204,774	5,092,602
Manitoba	19,251	468,282	21,034	506,203
Saskatchewan	11,136	253,122	12,972	299,308
Alberta	21,769	525,970	27,583	685,185
British Columbia	58,924	1,471,291	64,774	1,619,574

TABLE 8. Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province

Province	Complete weeks	Partial weeks	
		Total	Due to excess earnings
	November 1965		
CANADA	485,871	44,736	33,783
Newfoundland	14,075	1,738	1,363
Prince Edward Island	2,055	192	146
Nova Scotia	22,855	3,921	3,294
New Brunswick	21,232	3,328	2,673
Quebec	161,543	15,152	11,142
Ontario	161,979	11,457	8,278
Manitoba	17,773	1,478	1,106
Saskatchewan	10,304	832	595
Alberta	19,945	1,824	1,257
British Columbia	54,110	4,814	3,929
	November 1964		
CANADA	547,857	54,148	39,629
Newfoundland	13,511	1,841	1,477
Prince Edward Island	1,981	221	177
Nova Scotia	25,091	4,142	3,424
New Brunswick	22,201	3,269	2,610
Quebec	180,821	17,790	12,552
Ontario	188,092	16,682	11,581
Manitoba	19,279	1,755	1,363
Saskatchewan	11,997	975	711
Alberta	25,526	2,057	1,570
British Columbia	59,358	5,416	4,164

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established and no disqualification imposed and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the total number of payment documents for the month, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

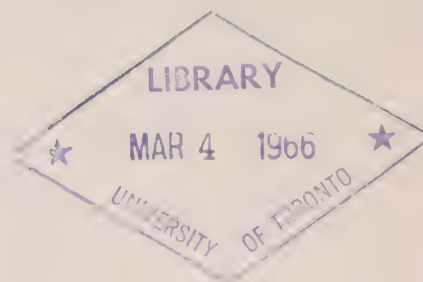
Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.



STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF
THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT
| DECEMBER 1965 |

(Compiled from material supplied by the Unemployment Insurance Commission)

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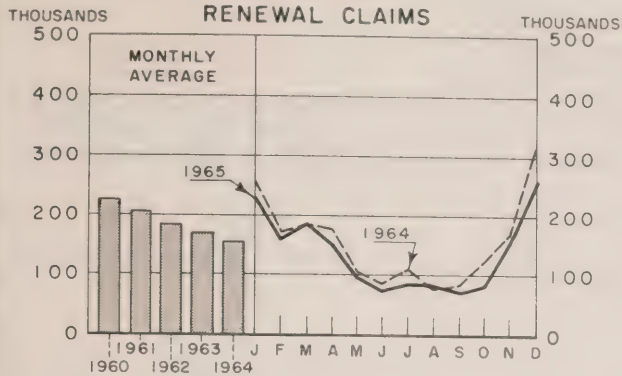
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Historical data since 1941 are contained in the July 1961 issue in this series, while annual data for the calendar years 1964 and 1963 are included in the January 1965 issue in this series.

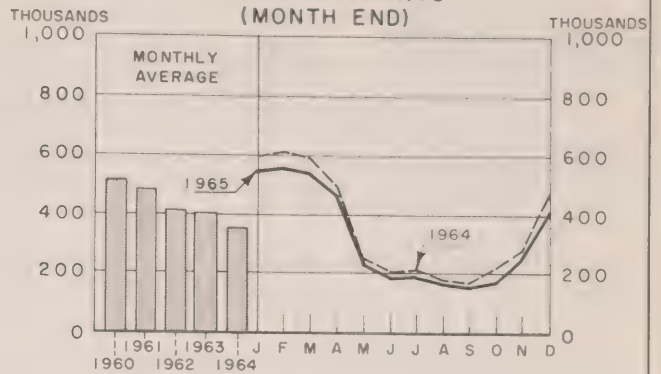
For information regarding the personal characteristics, occupational and industrial status of both the insured population and persons establishing benefit periods, see the "Annual Report on Benefit Periods Established and Terminated under the Unemployment Insurance Act", DBS Labour Division, Unemployment Insurance and Pensions Section.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

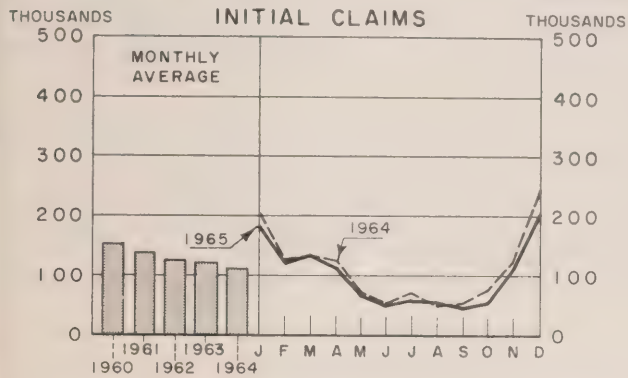
INITIAL AND RENEWAL CLAIMS



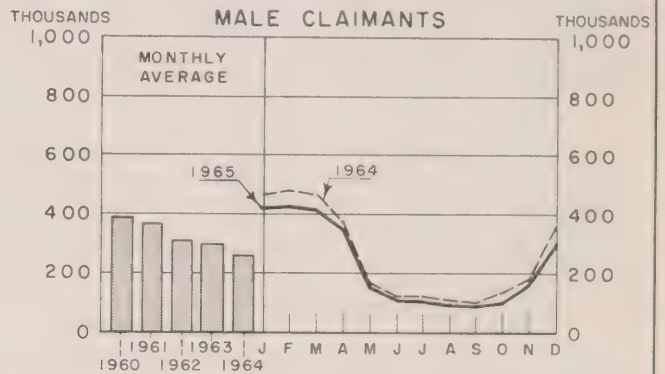
TOTAL CLAIMANTS (MONTH END)



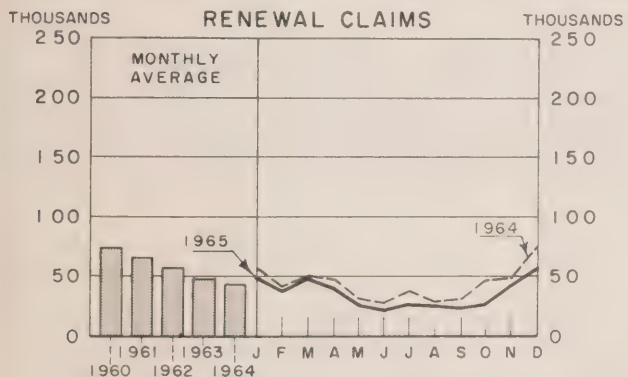
INITIAL CLAIMS



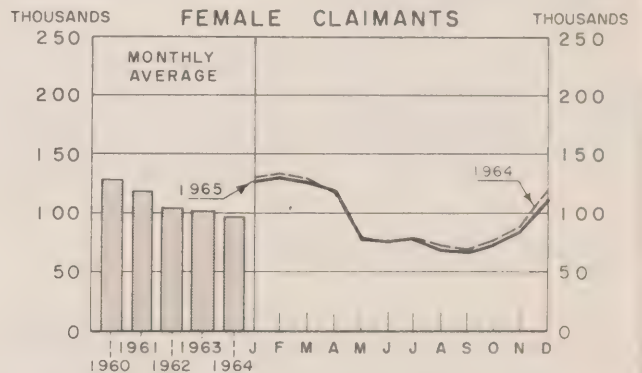
MALE CLAIMANTS



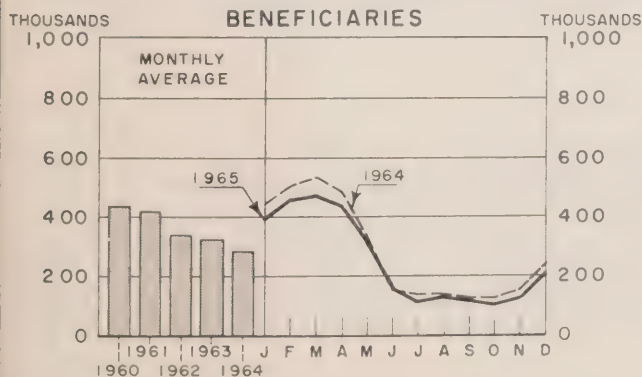
RENEWAL CLAIMS



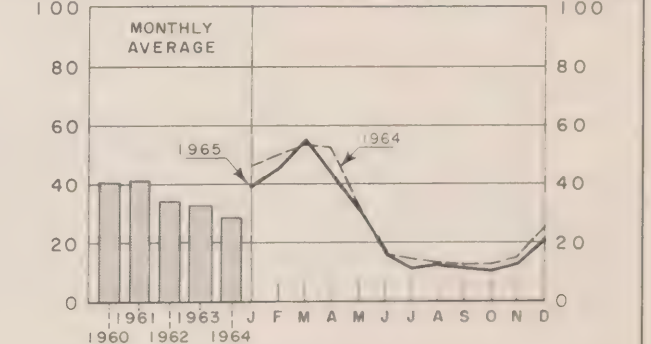
FEMALE CLAIMANTS



BENEFICIARIES



BENEFIT PAYMENTS



CLAIMS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

DECEMBER 1965

Claimants at month-end

Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 418,000 on December 31, 1965 in comparison with 244,600 on November 30. On December 31, 1964 the total was 478,200. Men accounted for more than 80 per cent of the month-to-month increase, which was normal for this season of the year; nevertheless, the decline from one year ago was predominantly among men.

Some 67,000 of the December 31 count were identified as seasonal benefit claimants in comparison with 71,000 for December 31, 1964. The November 30 figure was 4,000.

The proportion of males rose sharply from about 65 per cent at the end of November to 75 per cent on December 31. Examination of table 3 reveals an inverse relationship between the proportion of male claimants and the number of weeks on claim. The category 1-4 weeks on claim has a ratio of 4 men to 1 woman, whereas those on claim 5 to 13 weeks show a ratio of 2 to 1. For the longer term category, i.e., more than 3 months, the relationship is virtually in balance.

While the majority, i.e., approximately three-quarters or more, of the initial and renewal claims are filed in person, all subsequent reports on weekly unemployment may be made by mail. The document used by the claimant provides for a two-week history and the claimant is instructed to mail it immediately following the period covered by the report. While, in general, the document should arrive in the local office on the Monday following the last week for which the report is made, some flexibility is permitted, and an interval of 8 days may still be considered as "on time". Most claimants report on a two-week schedule.

Initial and renewal claims

A total of 262,200 initial and renewal claims for unemployment insurance benefit were filed in local offices across Canada during December. This represents an increase of some 110,000 over the November total of 151,500 but is 54,000 fewer than for December 1964. During the seasonal benefit period all initial claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered under the seasonal benefit terms of the Act. Virtually one-half of the December initial claims would be in this category.

Beneficiaries and benefit payments

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 216,500 in December 1965, in comparison with 126,300 in November 1965 and 236,900 one year ago. Benefit payments amounted to \$21.2 million in December 1965, \$12.6 million in November 1965 and \$24.5 million in December 1964. The average weekly benefit payment was \$24.46 for December 1965, \$23.77 for November 1965 and \$24.62 for December 1964.

Provincial data

All provinces reported a substantial increment in the claimant count as of December 31. As the following Table A illustrates, the percentage increases were somewhat larger in the Atlantic provinces than elsewhere. This is associated with the fact that seasonal benefit claimants are relatively more numerous in that area where they account for more than a quarter of the total, in contrast with approximately 15 per cent at the national level. From Table 3b it will be seen that the majority of fishing claimants are concentrated in the Atlantic region where they comprise between 45 and 50 per cent of the seasonal benefit claimants.

The Atlantic provinces participated only slightly in the year-over-year decline which was more marked in other areas.

TABLE A. Percentage changes in month-end claimant count

	November 30 to December 31, 1965			December 31, 1964 to December 31, 1965			November 30 to December 31, 1964		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
CANADA	+ 71	+ 90	+ 34	- 13	- 15	- 4	+ 74	+ 93	+ 35
Nfld.	+ 172	+ 199	+ 18	- 3	- 3	- 6	+ 168	+ 190	+ 29
P.E.I.	+ 156	+ 198	+ 61	- 4	- 4	- 3	+ 172	+ 203	+ 90
N.S.	+ 99	+ 122	+ 29	- 9	- 10	- 3	+ 106	+ 122	+ 49
N.B.	+ 107	+ 134	+ 48	- 8	- 12	+ 6	+ 111	+ 143	+ 36
Que.	+ 62	+ 73	+ 36	- 8	- 11	-	+ 64	+ 75	+ 38
Ont.	+ 56	+ 76	+ 32	- 16	- 20	- 8	+ 56	+ 70	+ 35
Man.	+ 100	+ 113	+ 75	- 19	- 22	- 8	+ 86	+ 113	+ 35
Sask.	+ 88	+ 118	+ 31	- 20	- 24	- 1	+ 86	+ 115	+ 21
Alta.	+ 43	+ 61	+ 10	- 27	- 31	- 13	+ 59	+ 78	+ 17
B.C.	+ 64	+ 79	+ 32	- 15	- 18	- 5	+ 82	+ 107	+ 31

The December increase in claims filed was significant for all provinces, but, as noted above, was relatively greater in the Atlantic provinces.

TABLE B. Percentage changes in claims filed, by Province

	November to December 1965			December 1964 to December 1965			November to December 1964		
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
CANADA	+ 73	+ 85	+ 41	- 17	- 15	- 23	+ 87	+ 102	+ 51
Nfld.	+ 183	+ 201	+ 76	-	+ 1	- 2	+ 196	+ 226	+ 56
P.E.I.	+ 115	+ 127	+ 39	- 10	- 10	- 19	+ 153	+ 174	+ 49
N.S.	+ 134	+ 156	+ 68	- 5	- 1	- 20	+ 133	+ 146	+ 95
N.B.	+ 119	+ 138	+ 50	- 7	- 6	- 10	+ 136	+ 154	+ 69
Que.	+ 62	+ 73	+ 38	- 16	- 15	- 16	+ 77	+ 91	+ 48
Ont.	+ 67	+ 72	+ 54	- 23	- 20	- 30	+ 74	+ 87	+ 47
Man.	+ 49	+ 58	+ 20	- 20	- 18	- 30	+ 62	+ 69	+ 42
Sask.	+ 64	+ 74	+ 32	- 26	- 23	- 35	+ 89	+ 97	+ 62
Alta.	+ 13	+ 19	- 6	- 32	- 29	- 43	+ 42	+ 48	+ 27
B.C.	+ 64	+ 77	+ 32	- 19	- 19	- 20	+ 99	+ 114	+ 61

The significance of seasonal benefit claims in the Atlantic area is indicated in Table C following:

TABLE C. Per cent of initial claims processed under the
seasonal benefit provisions, December 1965

	Canada	Atlantic Region	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	Pacific Region
Per cent	47	64	42	41	37	49

.. Figures not available.

- Nil.

Summary Table

Activity	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	% change from		Cumulative data			
				Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	January to December		12 months ending December	
						1965	1964	1965	1964
						thousands			
Insured population as at month-end .....	..	4,785	4,582	..	..	..	4,388*	..	4,388*
Initial and renewal claims filed:									
Total	262	152	316	+ 73	- 17	1,628	1,860	1,628	1,860
Initial	205	111	242	+ 85	- 15	1,208	1,336	1,208	1,336
Renewal	57	41	74	+ 41	- 23	420	524	420	524
Claimants currently reporting to local offices	418	245	478	+ 71	- 13	322*	357*	322*	357*
Regular	351	241	407	+ 46**	- 14				
S.B.	67	4	71	**	- 6				
S.B. Fishing	15	-	16	**	- 7				
Beneficiaries (weekly average)	217	126	237	+ 71	- 9	254*	282*	254*	282*
Weeks compensated	866	531	995	+ 63	- 13	12,718	14,017	12,718	14,017
Benefit paid \$	21,184	12,615	24,498	+ 68	- 14	312,110	344,390	312,110	344,390

Average weekly
benefit \$ 24.46 23.77 24.62 + 3 - 1 24.54 24.57 24.54 - 24.57

* Monthly average.

** November to December comparisons affected by commencement of seasonal benefit period on November 28.

TABLE 1. Estimates of the Insured Population under the Unemployment Insurance Act

End of	Total	Employed	Claimants
1965 - November	4,785,000	4,540,400	244,600
October	4,680,000	4,509,600	170,400
September	4,678,000	4,520,700	157,300
August	4,696,000	4,523,500	172,500
July	4,650,000	4,465,600	184,400
June	4,601,000	4,420,300	180,700
May	4,514,000	4,284,500	229,500
April	4,594,000	4,131,100	462,900
March	4,626,000	4,087,000	539,000
February	4,605,000	4,045,800	559,200
January	4,592,000	4,044,200	547,800
1964 - December	4,582,000	4,103,800	478,200
November	4,491,000	4,216,500	274,500

TABLE 2. Number of Initial and Renewal Claims Filed in Local Offices in Each Province(1)

Province	1965 - December - 1964					
	Total	Initial	Renewal	Total	Initial	Renewal
CANADA	262,174	204,755	57,419	316,380	241,898	74,482
Newfoundland	20,334	18,481	1,853	20,268	18,374	1,894
Prince Edward Island	3,516	3,205	311	3,928	3,545	383
Nova Scotia	16,887	13,805	3,082	17,806	13,976	3,830
New Brunswick	17,288	14,660	2,628	18,584	15,659	2,925
Quebec	80,496	59,564	20,932	95,322	70,451	24,871
Ontario	65,458	49,364	16,094	85,087	61,968	23,119
Manitoba	9,921	7,932	1,989	12,479	9,642	2,837
Saskatchewan	7,935	6,493	1,442	10,678	8,470	2,208
Alberta	9,635	7,587	2,048	14,268	10,656	3,612
British Columbia	30,704	23,664	7,040	37,960	29,157	8,803

(1) In addition, revised claims received numbered 35,834.

TABLE 3. Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices by Number of Weeks on Claim, Province and Sex
(Counted on last working day of the month)

Province and sex	Total claimants	Number of weeks on claim (based on 20 per cent sample)				Total claimants
		1-4	5-13	14-26	27 or more(1)	
	December 31, 1965					December 31, 1964
CANADA	417,970	281,674	83,701	33,073	19,522	478,244
Male	304,996	223,536	55,375	15,941	10,144	360,162
Female	112,974	58,138	28,326	17,132	9,378	118,082
Newfoundland	26,540	21,757	3,507	944	332	27,465
Male	24,824	20,914	3,119	591	200	25,641
Female	1,716	843	388	353	132	1,824
Prince Edward Island	5,132	4,353	619	131	29	5,342
Male	4,135	3,633	444	53	5	4,315
Female	997	720	175	78	24	1,027
Nova Scotia	25,224	17,547	4,560	1,750	1,367	27,748
Male	21,046	15,439	3,568	1,140	899	23,436
Female	4,178	2,108	992	610	468	4,312
New Brunswick	25,827	19,267	4,327	1,234	999	28,196
Male	20,188	16,019	2,773	735	661	22,878
Female	5,639	3,248	1,554	499	338	5,318
Quebec	132,668	87,194	29,946	10,280	5,248	144,373
Male	97,899	68,853	21,151	5,195	2,700	109,731
Female	34,769	18,341	8,795	5,085	2,548	34,642
Ontario	106,985	67,929	20,534	11,209	7,313	127,351
Male	66,629	46,956	11,244	4,909	3,520	83,521
Female	40,356	20,973	9,290	6,300	3,793	43,830
Manitoba	17,095	10,939	3,815	1,433	908	21,047
Male	12,208	8,578	2,511	637	482	15,751
Female	4,887	2,361	1,304	796	426	5,296
Saskatchewan	12,573	8,804	2,555	806	408	15,621
Male	9,537	7,392	1,665	318	162	12,561
Female	3,036	1,412	890	488	246	3,060
Alberta	17,355	11,462	4,045	1,170	678	23,786
Male	12,757	9,214	2,699	411	433	18,525
Female	4,598	2,248	1,346	759	245	5,261
British Columbia	48,571	32,422	9,793	4,116	2,240	57,315
Male	35,773	26,538	6,201	1,952	1,082	43,803
Female	12,798	5,884	3,592	2,164	1,158	13,512

(1) The bulk of the cases in this group were on claim from 27-39 weeks.

Note: Values less than 50 subject to relatively large sampling variability.

TABLE 4. Disposition of Initial and Renewal Claims and Claims Pending
at the End of the Month, by Province(1)

Province	Adjudicated					Pending	
	Total	Entitled to benefit		Not entitled to benefit		Initial	Renewal
		Initial	Renewal	Initial	Renewal		
	December 1965						
CANADA	225,456	138,913	43,264	37,179	6,100	80,410	21,565
Newfoundland	17,768	13,943	1,436	2,262	127	5,366	669
Prince Edward Island	3,207	2,675	267	242	23	979	86
Nova Scotia	13,436	9,108	2,438	1,694	196	5,359	988
New Brunswick	15,156	10,999	1,998	1,862	297	4,806	930
Quebec	66,341	37,567	15,296	11,362	2,116	27,299	8,286
Ontario	55,877	32,838	11,491	9,930	1,618	19,525	6,456
Manitoba	10,012	6,237	1,806	1,750	219	2,080	551
Saskatchewan	7,302	4,466	1,292	1,359	185	2,589	529
Alberta	10,005	5,860	1,856	2,001	288	2,618	715
British Columbia	26,352	15,220	5,384	4,717	1,031	9,789	2,355
	December 1964						
CANADA	265,533	162,116	59,365	37,843	6,209	101,656	26,426
Newfoundland	15,703	12,529	1,372	1,657	145	7,380	847
Prince Edward Island	3,615	3,028	298	257	32	1,084	138
Nova Scotia	14,380	9,438	3,088	1,632	222	5,597	1,143
New Brunswick	15,351	11,147	2,238	1,772	194	5,836	1,121
Quebec	77,672	45,170	19,057	11,412	2,033	33,131	9,760
Ontario	74,294	42,604	18,882	10,872	1,936	24,363	7,440
Manitoba	11,855	7,329	2,543	1,725	258	2,979	870
Saskatchewan	9,487	5,944	1,941	1,421	181	3,498	756
Alberta	13,096	7,447	3,122	2,202	325	4,372	1,298
British Columbia	30,080	17,480	6,824	4,893	883	13,416	3,053

(1) In addition 34,240 revised claims were disposed of. Of these, 3,299 were special requests not granted and 1,626 were appeals by claimants. There were 8,675 revised claims pending at the end of the month.

TABLE 5. Number of Claimants Not Entitled to Benefit in Each Province during December 1965 and 1964
with Chief Reasons for Non-entitlement

Chief reasons for non-entitlement	Canada	Nfid.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
Benefit period not established 1965(1) 1964	19,427 21,133	1,460 969	130 151	946 989	1,201 1,206	6,109 6,659	4,763 5,788	822 842	670 737	950 1,132	2,376 2,660
Claimants disqualified 1965 1964	33,855 33,300	1,258 1,047	155 188	1,340 1,278	1,315 1,063	10,638 10,500	10,002 10,330	1,601 1,688	1,163 1,124	1,879 1,952	4,504 4,130
Not unemployed 1965 1964	1,050 1,164	40 17	6 17	44 58	43 38	361 348	152 226	155 131	118 118	67 112	64 99
Not capable of and not available for work 1965 1964	9,594 9,563	330 255	61 51	407 357	401 304	2,467 2,556	3,290 3,405	536 601	380 388	586 575	1,136 1,071
Loss of work due to a labour dispute 1965 1964	483 597	- 54	- 1	67 4	1 3	52 58	346 391	3 1	2 -	- -	12 85
Refused offer of work and neglected opportunity to work 1965 1964	1,274 1,610	16 14	7 19	74 70	34 53	381 618	473 506	47 68	45 42	62 92	135 128
Discharged for misconduct 1965 1964	1,645 1,668	48 32	5 1	55 55	62 40	512 612	533 516	40 51	45 36	76 110	269 215
Voluntarily left employment without just cause 1965 1964	9,385 8,468	444 197	44 45	392 340	395 345	2,595 2,556	2,495 2,347	391 437	341 312	678 599	1,610 1,290
Other reasons 1965 1964	10,424 10,230	380 478	32 54	301 394	379 280	4,270 3,752	2,713 2,939	429 399	232 228	410 464	1,278 1,242
(1) Previously failed on initial claim but subsequently established on revised claim during December 1965	4,873	420	48	254	419	1,463	1,100	204	180	246	539

TABLE 6. Estimates of the Number of Beneficiaries, by Province

Province	Average per week	
	1965 - December - 1964	
	thousands	
CANADA	216.5	236.9
Newfoundland	12.3	6.0
Prince Edward Island	2.4	1.4
Nova Scotia	11.3	10.1
New Brunswick	12.3	9.5
Quebec	72.3	77.3
Ontario	59.2	73.8
Manitoba	9.1	11.0
Saskatchewan	6.3	7.6
Alberta	9.6	14.1
British Columbia	21.6	26.1

TABLE 7. Benefit Payments, by Province

Province	1965 - December - 1964			
	Weeks	Amount	Weeks	Amount
	number	dollars	number	dollars
CANADA	865,852	21,183,762	994,978	24,497,865
Newfoundland	49,115	1,193,872	25,096	615,178
Prince Edward Island	9,782	224,637	5,826	137,770
Nova Scotia	45,124	1,017,228	42,445	946,561
New Brunswick	49,310	1,145,273	40,075	911,790
Quebec	289,075	6,965,434	324,551	8,044,413
Ontario	236,987	5,731,062	310,005	7,534,996
Manitoba	36,210	933,881	46,307	1,188,937
Saskatchewan	25,248	648,549	31,859	798,461
Alberta	38,413	1,003,928	59,200	1,511,865
British Columbia	86,588	2,319,898	109,614	2,807,894

TABLE 8. Number of Weeks of Benefit, by Province

Province	Complete weeks	Partial weeks	
		Total	Due to excess earnings
	December 1965		
CANADA	799,060	66,792	48,487
Newfoundland	45,860	3,255	2,274
Prince Edward Island	8,966	816	673
Nova Scotia	39,868	5,256	4,166
New Brunswick	43,866	5,444	4,194
Quebec	265,954	23,121	16,322
Ontario	220,033	16,954	11,693
Manitoba	33,450	2,760	1,894
Saskatchewan	24,576	672	465
Alberta	36,971	1,442	928
British Columbia	79,516	7,072	5,878
	December 1964		
CANADA	913,329	81,649	59,520
Newfoundland	22,695	2,401	1,720
Prince Edward Island	5,305	521	402
Nova Scotia	37,406	5,039	4,130
New Brunswick	36,034	4,041	2,987
Quebec	296,208	28,343	19,970
Ontario	287,782	22,223	16,346
Manitoba	42,873	3,434	2,616
Saskatchewan	29,234	2,625	1,492
Alberta	55,021	4,179	3,104
British Columbia	100,771	8,843	6,753

Seasonal Benefit, 1965-66 period

Provisions governing the operation of seasonal benefit are unchanged from last year. Effective November 21, 1965 to mid-May 1966, claims failing the regular contribution requirements are considered for seasonal benefit. Benefit is not payable under these terms for unemployment occurring before December 5(1). Only one seasonal benefit period may be established by a claimant during this period. The minimum duration is for 12 weeks, (2) hence exhaustion of seasonal benefit will not occur before February 19.

In testing for seasonal benefit, claims failing the regular requirements are considered first under class A, for which the minimum requirement is 15 contribution weeks subsequent to the week containing March 31, 1965. Total entitlement for claimants qualifying in this class is based entirely on contributions since that date. The benefit formula provides 5 full weeks of benefit for every 6 weeks of contribution(2).

Cases failing the contribution requirement for class A are then examined for possible qualification under class B which represents an extension of benefit for those for whom a regular benefit period terminated during the interval since May 15, 1965. The authorization will be that shown on the preceding regular benefit period, or the number of weeks which remain in the seasonal benefit period, whichever is the lesser. The weekly rate(3) will be that of the preceding claim, adjusted, if necessary, for any change in dependency status. Claims established subsequent to April 2, 1966 are exclusively class B.

Claimants for seasonal benefit (except fishermen)(4) must comply with all the provisions of the Act and Regulations, except where mentioned above.

Fishing Claimants

Table 3b, Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants, includes those seasonal benefit claimants whose claim documents carry the identification F, for fishing. This indicates that the person is eligible for seasonal benefit by virtue of fishing contributions, i.e. his countable contributions for the 15 weeks included at least one week of fishing contributions (or his preceding regular benefit period was also designated as F).

- (1) A claimant eligible to have the waiting period waived could draw seasonal benefit for the week commencing November 28.
- (2) While the minimum entitlement on SBA claims is 13 weeks (SBB, 12 weeks), claims established subsequent to the week ending February 26, 1966 provide entitlement only for the number of weeks remaining between the date of establishment and the end of the seasonal benefit period.
- (3) Section 47 (2a) of the Act is not applicable to seasonal benefit claims. This section was added in September 1959 in order to minimize the impact of short-term employment on the weekly rate for subsequent regular claims filed within a two-year period.
- (4) During the seasonal benefit period, claimants classed as fishermen will be considered available and unemployed in respect to any activity in commercial fishing or in the repair of fishing gear, equipment or boat. However, income from fishing or any other activity during a week is taken into consideration in determining the amount of benefit payable.

TABLE 3a. Seasonal Benefit Claimants Currently Reporting to Local Offices on the Last Working Day of the Month, by Sex and Province

Province	1965 - December - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
CANADA	66,808	51,182	15,626	71,159	55,602	15,557
Newfoundland	10,208	9,886	322	10,412	10,032	380
Prince Edward Island	2,087	1,764	323	2,061	1,677	384
Nova Scotia	5,490	4,724	766	5,825	5,048	777
New Brunswick	6,581	5,193	1,388	6,698	5,454	1,244
Quebec	14,401	10,299	4,102	15,646	11,595	4,051
Ontario	14,619	8,703	5,916	14,546	9,120	5,426
Manitoba	2,214	1,779	435	2,834	2,178	656
Saskatchewan	1,738	1,414	324	2,097	1,699	398
Alberta	1,882	1,438	444	2,644	2,159	485
British Columbia	7,588	5,982	1,606	8,396	6,640	1,756

TABLE 3b. Fishing Seasonal Benefit Claimants included in Table 3a

Province	1965 - December - 1964					
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
CANADA	14,934	14,839	95	16,069	15,960	109
Newfoundland	5,590	5,590	-	6,778	6,776	2
Prince Edward Island	1,219	1,180	39	1,121	1,091	30
Nova Scotia	2,304	2,298	6	2,226	2,222	4
New Brunswick	2,232	2,216	16	2,126	2,108	18
Quebec	535	529	6	506	502	4
Ontario	259	251	8	330	325	5
Manitoba	64	63	1	48	48	-
Saskatchewan	1	1	-	-	-	-
Alberta	15	14	1	14	14	-
British Columbia	2,715	2,697	18	2,920	2,874	46

Glossary of Terms

Insured population: For purposes of this report, the insured population is defined as the number of persons estimated as currently in contact with the Unemployment Insurance Commission either as contributors or as claimants. The estimates are revised once a year when data from the book renewal are available.

Employed population: The number of persons estimated as currently contributing under the scheme. Estimates are based on a 10 per cent sample and hence are subject to sampling variability.

Claimant population: The count of persons currently reporting to the local offices as at the end of the month. An exception occurs in the month which serves as a benchmark, i.e., May or June, when the claimant count represents the number of persons reporting to local offices as claimants during the first two weeks of book renewal.

Initial claim: An application for benefit from a person for whom there is no benefit period in existence. This category includes both regular and seasonal claims, since it is impossible to determine, at the time of filing a claim, the type of benefit for which the claimant will subsequently qualify. On an initial claim the contribution history for the two years preceding the claim is examined. This is required in order to test attachment to insured employment and thus determine the type of benefit for which the claimant is eligible, if at all. In cases of eligibility, the record of the qualifying period is used to calculate the weekly rate of benefit and maximum entitlement for the benefit period. Only one initial claim is required for each benefit period.

Benefit period: A period commencing with the week in which the initial claim is made, provided the qualifying conditions are fulfilled. The maximum length of the benefit period is 52 weeks, in the case of claimants qualifying under the regular terms of the Act. Seasonal benefit periods may be established only from December 1 to mid-May, with a maximum length of 24 weeks. In either case, however, the benefit period terminates with exhaustion of benefit.

Renewal claim: An application for benefit from an insured person during the currency of a benefit period. As in the case of initial claims, this category includes renewal claims from all classes of claimants, i.e., regular, seasonal and fishing.

Initial and renewal claims filed: An approximation of the number of new cases of recorded unemployment among insured persons during a period. However, an initial claim representing a request for re-establishment of a benefit period with no actual interruption in the period on claim would not constitute a new case of unemployment. To the extent that such claims are filed in any month, the total overstates the number of new cases.

Revised claims: Those, other than initial or renewal, which must be considered by an insurance officer, e.g., involving dependency, extension of qualifying period, etc. A revised claim is thus an administrative device to initiate action for reconsideration of an existing initial or renewal claim.

Claimants currently reporting to local offices: All persons currently reporting to local offices to claim unemployment insurance benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing. Under the Unemployment Insurance Act a person may claim benefit for any week during which he did not work a full working week.

Number of weeks on claim: The cumulative number of weeks during which a claimant has reported to prove unemployment during the current period on claim. The count commences with the week in which the initial (or renewal) claim is filed and continues unbroken so long as the claimant continues to report as directed. Cases occur in which a spell of unemployment extends beyond the termination of a benefit period and a new benefit period is immediately established with no actual interruption of the period on claim. In such cases the cumulative number of weeks is transferred from the previous claim document to that covering the subsequent benefit period and the count continued. This procedure applies also for contiguous periods on regular and seasonal benefit. Excluded from the count are any weeks for which a claimant reported "non-availability" during a complete week.

Entitled to benefit: For purposes of this report, this category comprises those adjudications arising from initial claims on which a benefit period (regular, seasonal or fishing) is shown as established **and no disqualification imposed** and adjudications indicating "approval" on renewal claims, either regular, seasonal or fishing.

Not entitled to benefit: Claimants disqualified on initial and renewal claims, and those for whom the adjudication on an initial claim was to the effect that the claimant was ineligible to establish either a regular, seasonal or fishing benefit period.

Benefit period not established: The minimum contribution requirements for any type of benefit have not been met. This figure thus represents the net total of persons with insufficient contributions to establish a benefit period under either the regular, seasonal or fishing benefit provisions, based on decisions arising from initial claims only. Subsequent decisions arising from a revised claim and constituting a reversal of the initial adjudication are not taken into account, but such decisions would reduce the number of benefit periods not established.

Disqualification: A disqualification is imposed because of circumstances surrounding the claim which render the claimant ineligible for the receipt of benefit either for a stated period or so long as the condition causing the disqualification continues.

Where it is established that loss of employment was voluntary and without just cause on the part of the claimant, i.e., he left employment of his own volition or was dismissed because of misconduct, the maximum disqualification is six weeks; claimants participating in a labour dispute in which they are directly interested are disqualified for the duration of the work stoppage. In assessing the number of cases of disqualification, no distinction is made as to the type of claim, hence disqualifications arising from revised claims are included. The cases mentioned here serve as examples only and do not constitute a complete summary of conditions under which a disqualification may be imposed. Sections 59-66 of the Act contain a description of these conditions.

Weeks compensated: Calendar weeks in respect of which some benefit, either regular, seasonal or fishing, was paid. A compensated week is counted in the month in which the copy of the payment voucher is received in the District Treasury Office, which is not necessarily the month in which the week of unemployment occurred.

Amount of benefit: The sum of all benefit payments made during the month. This comprises regular, seasonal or fishing benefit.

Complete week: A week in respect of which a claimant received the full weekly rate of benefit authorized on that benefit period.

Partial week: A week for which a claimant received less than the full weekly rate authorized. A partial week may be due to excess earnings resulting in a reduced payment in direct proportion to the amount of such earnings. If a claimant was "not available for work" on any day or days during a week, a reduction will be made in the weekly rate proportionate to the number of days of "non-availability". A reduction will occur also if a portion of a week was designated as part of the prescribed waiting period.

Excess earnings: Earnings during a week in excess of the allowable earnings for a claimant's weekly benefit rate. As an example, a claimant whose weekly rate is \$30.00 may earn up to \$15.00 in a week without suffering a reduction in benefit; however, in a week where he earns \$17.00 his benefit will be reduced to \$28.00.

Beneficiaries: Persons who received one or more benefit payments. The estimate, based on the total number of payment documents for the month, represents the average weekly number of beneficiaries.

Seasonal benefit: Benefit payable during the period commencing with the Sunday prior to December 1 and ending with the Saturday after May 15, to

certain classes of claimants unable to fulfil the requirements under the regular benefit provisions of the Act. Claimants in Class A must prove 15 contributions since the Saturday preceding the 31st day of March immediately prior to the date of claim, while qualification under class B is contingent upon a regular benefit period having terminated since the Saturday following the 15th day of May immediately prior to the claim.

Fishermen: For purposes of regular benefit, a fisherman is a claimant showing five or more fishing contribution weeks during the last 52 weeks. For purposes of seasonal benefit, however, any claimant whose qualifying contributions include even one fishing contribution week is classed as a fishing claimant.

Fishing contribution week: Any week for which a fishing contribution is recorded, whether or not a contribution was also made in respect of other insured employment. Specially designed stamps are used to record insured employment in fishing and employers using the bulk pay method must report employee's fishing contributions separately from those relating to other insurable employment.

Industrial Classification of persons filing new claims for Unemployment Insurance: This information is based on a sample of documents in respect of initial claims filed in local offices during a month. To ensure that all such claims have an equal chance of being included in the study, the documents are accumulated until the end of the third week following the month in which the claim was filed.

The sampling ratio varies from one hundred per cent in the Atlantic provinces (during the period of low claim) to five per cent in Ontario. The sample embraces all new initial claims without regard to benefit status, i.e. failures as well as disqualifications are included. However, it excludes initial claims classed as transitional, i.e., those taken on behalf of persons terminating one benefit period and seeking re-establishment of credits, since such claims are not new cases of separation from employment.

At the present time only the new separations requiring an **initial** claim are included in this study, as these are the only documents forwarded to the Bureau for analysis. The ratio of initial to renewal claims fluctuates with the claim load, so that during the months of heavy claim, it is approximately 3:1.

Geographical classification: The provinces as defined in this bulletin are administrative entities. Hence, Ontario excludes Sioux Lookout for which data are included with Manitoba; British Columbia includes Whitehorse; Quebec excludes Magdalen Islands for which data are included in New Brunswick.

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